

BRITISH AGAIN BOMB KARLSRUHE

Over Ton of Projectiles Dropped On For City.

Many Hun Planes Downed—Other Good Work.

London, Cable.—Another air raid on Karlsruhe has been made by British air squadrons, according to the official statement on aerial operations, which reads:

"Our airplanes and balloons again carried out much successful work yesterday. During the morning our long-distance bombing machines crossed the Rhine and in spite of strong opposition from enemy aircraft dropped bombs on the stations and workshops at Karlsruhe. One machine engaged in the raid failed to return.

"Another group of our airplanes have dropped a ton of bombs on the railway triangle of Metz-Sablons with good effect and without losses. During the course of the day 21 tons of bombs were dropped on different targets behind the enemy lines.

"Twenty German machines were destroyed by air fighting and six were driven down out of control. One other hostile machine was shot down by anti-aircraft fire. One of our machines is missing.

"During last night 16 tons of bombs were dropped by us on targets in enemy territory. Six tons were dropped on the Bruges rocks and on the Zeelandbrug-Bruges Canal. In addition four tons were dropped on railway junctions and the stations at Metz-Sablons, Karlsruhe and Thionville. All our night-bombing machines returned. One German light bombing airplane was brought down in flames behind our lines."

Attacked by Asthma. The first fearful sensation is of suffocation, which hour by hour becomes more desperate and hopeless. To such a case the relief afforded by Dr. J. D. Kellogg's Asthma Remedy seems nothing less than miraculous. Its help is quickly apparent and soon the dreadful attack is mastered. The asthmatic who has found out the dependability of this sterling remedy will never be without it. It is sold everywhere.

SHORT ITEMS OF THE NEWS OF THE DAY

High Grade Anthracite Coal Said to Have Been Found Near Toronto.

PENNY POSTAGE ENDS

Hundred Tons of White Sugar Destroyed in Leaky Ship.

Lieut.-Col. R. W. Patterson has been promoted Brigadier, with command of the Fort Garry Cavalry Brigade.

Capt. Elias Casey, for more than fifty years a captain on the Great Lakes, died at Coburg, aged ninety-one.

Penny postage in Great Britain was ceased after a life of seventy years. Three half pence is now charged for ordinary letters.

A mission from the United States investigating the vocational training of returned soldiers was welcomed to Toronto at a civic luncheon.

Lieut.-Col. H. C. S. Elliott, C.A.M.C., of Toronto, has been appointed, it is

SKIN TROUBLE FOR 25 YEARS

On Hands and Fingers. Could Not Work. Cuticura Healed.

"After vaccination I was affected with skin trouble on my left arm and later it set in on both hands and my fingers. I suffered so much I was unable to do any kind of work, and it used to keep me awake at night. I suffered an awful itching and burning, and my fingers were swollen."

"I had the trouble over twenty-five years when I used of Cuticura Soap and Ointment. I tried it with success so I bought more, and now my hands are healed." (Signed) Miss A. Cadieux, Chambly, Canton, Que., Mar. 25, '17. Use these super-creamy emollients for every-day toilet purposes and prevent these distressing troubles.

For Free Sample Each by Mail address post-card: "Cuticura, Dept. A, Boston, U. S. A." Sold everywhere.

stated, to command No. 13 Canadian General Hospital, in France.

Eleven-year-old William Ablett, of Toronto, was drowned in the Don just north of the Bloor street viaduct, and another boy was saved by Harry Drake, aged fifteen.

The steamship Faith, the largest concrete ocean-going vessel in the world, of 5,000 tons capacity, has reached a Canadian Pacific port on her maiden trip from San Francisco.

Major J. H. Chabell, M.C., of the 22nd (French-Canadian) Battalion, recently returned from the front, has been promoted to Lieutenant-Colonel and given command of the Canadian Garrison Battalion at Quebec.

Trent Valley Canal was formally opened by Hon. Dr. Reid, Minister of Railways and Canals, who, accompanied by a party of engineers, Parliamentarians and prominent Trenton citizens, left Trenton by steamer for Lake Simcoe.

Police Magistrate Miers, of Waukegan, received official notification from the Attorney-General of his appointment to succeed the late Magistrate Leggett at Windsor.

Because they drank a bottle of native wine they were taking home, H. Youdon and Garnet Tenbrook, two Toronto youths, were fined \$200 each.

Harry J. Webster, student flyer, from Grand Rapids, Mich., was burned to death in mid-air, at Fort Worth, Texas, when his plane caught fire after a collision.

Murray Currie and Morgan Williams, aged 12 years, were drowned in the Otter River at Eden, three miles from Tillsonburg, while fishing.

The Manitoba Bridge and Iron Works have purchased the plant and undertaking of the Manitoba Rolling Mills Company. The latter plant will operate without any change in the administration.

The body of four-year-old Geo. Colson, Montreal, missing for the past two days, was recovered in a disused quarry, in which he had been drowned. His father is a soldier at the front.

Anthracite coal equal in quality and much nearer to Toronto than the Pennsylvania mines is thought to have been discovered in Canada by Mr. H. A. Harrison and T. D. Dunlop, of Toronto.

One hundred tons of white sugar was destroyed by water leaking into the hold of the steamer Oakland, which arrived at Fort William, from Montreal. The sugar was consigned to Western dealers.

A despatch to the Havas Agency from Havre says Baron Charles de Broqueville, Belgian Minister of Foreign Affairs, has resigned and that M. Coreman, former president of the Belgian House of Representatives, has been entrusted with the direction of the Foreign Office.

Spare the children from suffering from worms by using Miller's Worm Powders, the most effective vermifuge that can be got with which to combat these insidious foes of the young and helpless. There is nothing that excels this preparation as a worm destroyer, and when its qualities become known in a household no other will be used. The medicine acts by itself, requiring no purgative to assist it, and so thoroughly that nothing more is desired.

HOSPITALS ARE AGAIN RAIDED

Huns Attack Institutions Bombed May 19.

Several Were Hit, and Some Lives Lost.

With the British Army in France, Cable.—British Red Cross hospitals have again come under the German bombing scourge. This latest attack began at 10.30 o'clock Sunday night, and the hostile airplanes took the same group of hospitals which suffered on May 19. Several hospitals were hit, and the casualties among patients and workers is considerable.

One hospital was almost demolished when an enemy aviator dropped an explosive on it after getting his bearings by letting fall a brilliant flare which lighted up the whole district. One sister was killed at this place and several others wounded, one of the latter probably fatally.

The raid lasted two hours, but, thanks to the fact that most of the hospitals were not crowded, the casualties were much lighter than in the previous bombardment. One hospital, which had a large number of wounded men in it, was bombed, but owing to lucky circumstances comparatively few were killed or wounded, the precautions taken saved a heavy loss of life. One hospital had one ward destroyed and two more wards damaged. Several attendants were killed in this place, and there were other casualties.

The operating theatre of still another hospital was wrecked.

Poor tea that can be sold at a low price is most extravagant in use. A little good tea, like Salada, makes many more cups, hence its real economy.

THE BLACK SEA GIVES UP DEAD

Mass of Bolshevik's Victims Washed Up.

Reads Like Tales of Reign of Terror.

Amsterdam, June 3.—Mass burial of corpses washed up by the Black Sea are described by Edmond Zechlin, the Lokai Anzeiger's correspondent in Ukraine. Many of the bodies were horribly mutilated and their hands and feet were tied together.

These were the victims of the Bolsheviks at Empatoria, Crimea. They were sentenced to death, taken out to the Black Sea in barges and drowned in a manner recalling the horrors of the French revolution.

One woman named Njemitz, a member of the Bolshevik committee, was arrested by the Germans. Whenever the death sentence seemed to hang in the balance she cast the deciding vote with a shout, "The revolution must see blood!"

The correspondent tells of a Russian Lieutenant, who, after three years of hard campaigning, stood in the front of the ruins of his parental home waiting for the waves to cast up the corpses of his father and mother.

A Pill that Proves its Value. These of weak stomach will find strength in Parmelee's Vegetable Pills, because they serve to maintain the healthful action of the stomach and the liver, regularities in which are most distressing. Dyspeptics are well acquainted with them and value them at their proper worth. They have afforded relief when other preparations have failed, and have effected cures in ailments of long standing where other medicines were found unavailing.

BRITISH SMASH AT AVELUY WOOD

Win New Footing in Bad Place for Foe.

Many German Raids, but All Fail.

With the British Army in France, Cable.—The British made a minor attack against a portion of Aveluy Wood early this morning. The attack gave them additional footing in that wooded tract beside the Ancre River.

The Germans have very little room for maneuvering west of the river opposite the old Somme battlefield, and the loss of any ground, however slight, adds to their discomfort and adds to the disadvantage of an attack westward up the slope towards Amiens.

By attempting raids and maintaining a harassing artillery fire the enemy is keeping up at any rate a formal activity on the front between Flanders and Montdidier in order to keep the allied forces occupied.

Every German raid has been appraised at its true value. In most instances prisoners have been left in the British lines and none have been taken away. Some prisoners taken recently indicate that the recent relief opposite the British front have brought poor troops into the line in place of exhausted divisions. It is not easy to believe, however, that this practice is widespread, or that it means an indefinite continuance of the present lull. The new railways and roads which the enemy is steadily improving enable him to concentrate assaulting troops rapidly.

The activity maintained opposite the main British forces during the thrust towards Paris includes the systematic bombardment of communications along the rear of the British line. Long-range guns are very busy night and day.

British troops last night successfully raided German trenches south-east of Arras, south-east of Lens and north of Bethune, the British War Office announced today.

This morning the German artillery became more pronounced at various sectors along the front in Flanders and Belgium.

The text of the statement reads: "London troops carried out a successful raid last night south-east of Arras and captured twenty-seven prisoners and a machine gun. A successful raid was carried out by us also south-east of Lens and north of Bethune. We captured a few prisoners in each case."

"Hostile artillery developed considerable activity early this morning in the Villers-Bretonneux sector, and it also has been active along our front between Albert and Arras and in the Ypres sector."

"The total number of prisoners taken by us in the recent fighting in Aveluy Wood was 72."

Sunday night's report said: "Except for artillery activity on both sides in the different sectors, there is nothing to report from the British front."

Field Marshal Haig's report from British Headquarters in France Saturday night says:

"In the course of the fighting in the neighborhood of Aveluy wood, reported this morning, our troops advanced their line by successful local attacks and captured over thirty prisoners."

"On the remainder of the British front there is nothing to report beyond the usual artillery activity on both sides."

"The number of German prisoners captured by us during the month of May is 1,158, including 20 officers."

An Oil Without Alcohol.—Some oils and many medicines have alcohol as a prominent ingredient. A judicious mingling of six essential oils compose the famous Dr. Thomas Electric Oil, and there is no alcohol in it, so that its effects are lasting. There is no medicinal oil compounded that can equal this oil in its preventive and healing power.

FOR ARCHAEOLOGY.

Britain Plans Excavations in Ancient Lands.

London, June 3.—For purposes of scientific excavation and archaeological study in Palestine and Mesopotamia after the war, a number of prominent British scientists have organized a committee to found a "school of archaeology" at Jerusalem. The members include Sir Frederick G. Kenyon, president of the British Academy; Very Rev. Sir George Adam Smith, president of Aberdeen University; the Archbishop of Canterbury, Viscount Bryce and Rev. Canon Norman Golman, professor of Hebrew, University College, London.

Two gifts of £1,000 each have already been received.

The school will devote itself to excavations and surveys on notable historical sites, and the workers will be drawn from all parts of the British Empire and the United States. The work heretofore done by the "Palestine Exploration Fund" will henceforth be conducted in co-operation with the new institution, and further funds for excavations will be made available from funds of the British Academy.

NOT EXPECTING FULL VICTORY

German Captives' Views of Their Drive.

Ready to Switch to North If It Failed.

With the British Army in France, June 3.—German prisoners captured by the British in the battle of the Aisne declare they do not believe that Von Hindenburg will achieve a decisive victory in his new drive, but that the situation will stabilize, as it did in the north. These prisoners attribute much of the success attained by their troops thus far to their intimate knowledge of the ground over which they have been fighting.

Whether these statements reflect the opinion of the enemy higher command is, of course, problematical, but it seems probable, according to the opinion held here, that when Von Hindenburg began his assault in the Aisne region he was prepared to abandon it abruptly, if it showed signs of failure, and strike again for Amiens or elsewhere in a big push on the British front.

Everything was in readiness at that time for offensive operations in the latter zone, and there still seems a possibility that were the Germans to be held up immediately in the present attack they would switch to the north.

Continuance of their progress on the French front, however, might mean that their success would be exploited to the full, and that the troops which were intended for the Amiens drive would be used in the bid for Paris.

Expert observers on the British front had been looking for an enemy feint for the purpose of drawing troops from that front, and the opinion still exists that the German attack on the Aisne was originally intended in part as a feint, although the enemy had the hope that he might accomplish in a measure what he has already done.

Every day that the fighting continues on the Aisne battlefield from now on will detract from the power of the enemy to recuperate for a drive further north, and the conflict has already reached a stage which would greatly lessen the force of any blow which the Germans might deliver on the British front.

Wise mothers who know the virtues of Mother Graves' Worm Exterminator always have it at hand, because it proves its value.

AIM TO DESTROY ALLIES' FORCES

Rotterdam, June 3.—"The events in the west," so boasts a German semi-official message today, "have brought the German army leadership nearer its goal—the destruction of the enemy's fighting forces and the fighting means." It is believed in German circles that such is really Ludendorff's aim in the new great manoeuvre. The whole effort, it is thought, will miss its intended mark unless it achieved the rolling up at any rate, of a large section of the allied front. The anticipation is that it is the enemy's immediate idea to halt on the Marne and try to carry out a concentric movement directly westward from that river and southward from the Noyon front over the plateau of Carlepoint.

FLIERS' GOOD DAY.

British Down 22 Planes—Drop Many Bombs.

London, June 3.—The official report on aerial operations to-night says:

"Yesterday our airplanes carried out a good deal of observation for the artillery and took many photographs. Eighteen tons of bombs were dropped by our airplanes and heavy machine gun fire from the air was directed upon a great variety of targets."

"Eight German machines were destroyed in air fighting and fourteen were driven down out of control. Three of our machines are missing."

"On Sunday night we bombed Le Cateau, St. Quentin and Valenciennes railway stations and dropped eight tons of bombs. All our night flying machines returned."

When Holloway's Corn Cure is applied to a corn or wart it kills the roots and the callosity comes out without injury to the flesh.

Gained Fame While Dying.

Antoine Watteau, one of France's foremost artists, painted his celebrated decorative panels while dying of the white man's scourge. He sprang from humble and poverty-stricken surroundings, and was forced to work on the brink of starvation for the greater part of his thirty-seven years. Just as his fame rose to national proportions his tubercular condition became worse and he worked desperately during his last few years to complete as much work as possible before he died.

A nickel-in-the-slot machine flags the trolley car and issues a five-cent ticket in a Kansas City suburban line.



Convenience

The AutoStrop Safety Razor is always ready for use—the edge is uniformly keen and it is a simple matter to keep it so.

It strops, shaves and is cleaned without taking apart.

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