CANADA'S TRADE 1922-23 SHOWS SUBSTANTIAL INCREASE

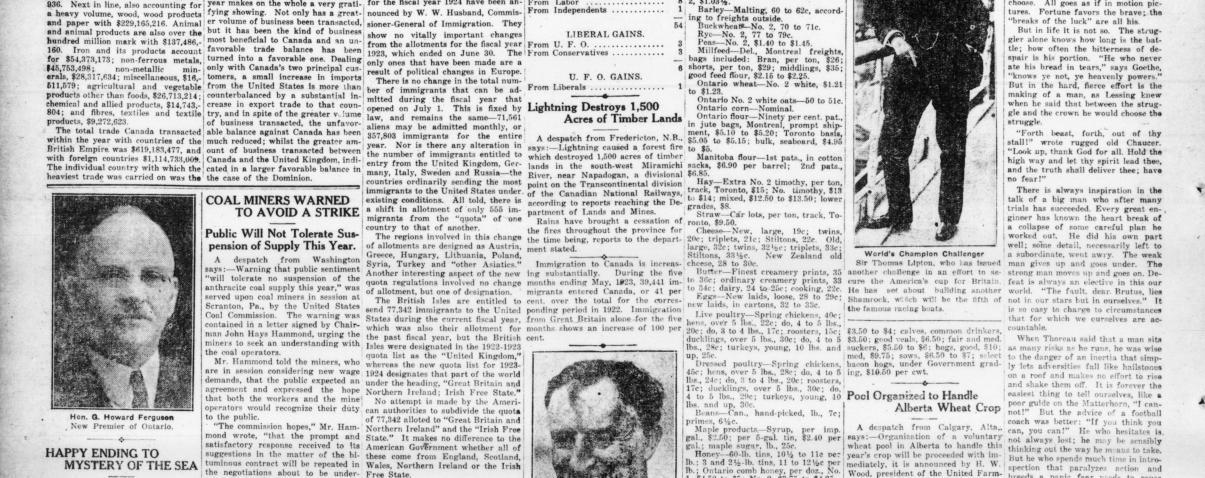
The trade report for the fiscal year, ending March 31st, 1923, shows Can-ada's business to be considerably high-er than for the previous year. For the year figures show a favorable with France amounted to \$226,238,953; trade balance of \$129,772,400 as against an adverse trade balance of \$1,748,539,880 in comparison with an adverse trade balance of \$17,48,539,880 in comparison with an adverse trade balance of \$50,961,-with British East Indies, \$15,246,819; and with Germany, \$11,517,884.

Canada's total trade in the year just ended amounted to \$1,734,686,486 in comparison with \$1,488,033,664 in the previous year, an increase of \$246,683,422. Of this total \$802,457. 043 was accounted for by imports as against \$747,762,984 in the previous year, an increase of \$54,694,059, and \$932,229,443 by exports as compared with \$740,240,680, an increase for the year of \$191,983,763. Exported for-eign merchandise to the extent of \$13.-844,394 brought the grand total of \$7,748,539,880 in comparison with \$1,501,689,998. Leading in the list of Canada's im-

\$1,501,689,998. Leading in the list of Canada's im-ports for the year were fibres, textiles and textile products to the extent of \$170,146,958. Iron and iron products accounted for \$148,241,455; non-France from \$1,900,627 to \$5,125,697; to accounted for \$148,241,455; non-France from \$1,900,627 to \$5,125,697; to accounted for \$148,241,455; non-France from \$1,900,627 to \$5,125,697; to and to Germany from \$1,500,517 to and to Germany from \$1,5 France from \$8,208,228 to \$14,118,577; accounted for \$148,241,455; non-metallic minerals, \$139,919,012; agri-cultural and vegetable products, main-ly foods, \$108,701,762; agricultural and vegetable products other than foods, \$52,940,022; animals and ani-mal products, \$46,787,774; miscellan-rous, \$46,136,811; non-ferrous metals, to be represented by the r sous, \$46,136,811; non-ferrous metals, gentina, Belgium, Greece, Nether \$37,492,604; and chemicals and allied lands, Roumania, Sweden and Switzerland. The only decreases in export-trade recorded were in trade with products, \$25,793,101.

products, \$25,798,101. AGRICULTURAL PRODUCTS HEAD EXPORT LIST. The work of the small extent, with Japan.

ly food, which accounts for \$384,226, 936. Next in line, also accounting for a heavy volume, wood, wood products are also over the hundred million mark with \$137,486, 160. Iron and its products account 160. Iron and its products account 167 \$54,373,173; non-ferrous metalls 167, \$54,373,173; non-ferrous metalls 167, \$54,373,173; agricultural and vegetable 167, \$154,373,173; agricultural and vegetable 167, \$154,373,173; agricultural and vegetable 157,573,498; agricultural and vegetable 157,579; agricultural and ve The export list is headed by agri-



HAPPY ENDING TO MYSTERY OF THE SEA

Captain Foster of British Ship



Standing of Parties MAY SETTLE IN U.S. CONSERVATIVES 77 IBERALS F. O. ABOR Immigration "Quotas" IBERALS

for 1924 Announced by INDEPENDENT Washington.

to the public. "The commission hopes," Mr. Ham-mod wrote, "that the prompt and satisfactory response received to its American Government whether all of suggestions in the matter of the bi-tuminous contract will be repeated in the negotiations about to be under-taken in the making of an anthracite contract.

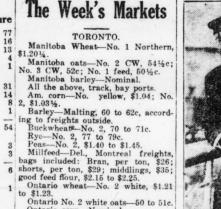
Dominion News in Brief

Vancouver, B.C.—Sockeye salmon fishing has commenced and many hun-dreds of boats and thousands of fish-ermen have left for the fishing areas, extending from the international boun-tion to Alaska Vancouver, B.C.-Sockeye salmon sold 417 cars daily, a total of 10,000

etc. They have a factory in China and also in the United States, and are

and also in the United States, and are and also in the United States, and are and also in the United States, and are and also in the United States, and are importing goods from both countries. Guebec, Que.—The advance guard of the Buckeye Fishing Club of Colturns field with the provincial secretary's office. At least this is the quantity upon which the Government tax of two cents a gallon will be collected from gasoline dealers. The provincial treasury is therefore enriched to the extent of \$20,000 for the month.
Regina, Sask.—The Saskatchewan Co-operative Creameries, Ltd., the biggest dairying organization in the province, has just completed arrangements whereby all of its exportable butter output during the summer months in several parts of the southern portion of the result in the sibility province, although it has been the custmer months will be shipped to Great Britom to cut the logs and haul them during the summer months in several parts of the southern portion of the province although it has been the custmant of this year the Ford Motor Car Co.

put during the month of May was the highest in the history of the company. During May, the Ford Motor Car Co. the summer. But the summer description of the company of the summer description of the sum



Natural Resources Bulletin

The Natural Resources Intelligence Service of the Depart-ment of the Interior at Ottawa, says:

Some of the structural ma-terials of Ontario, among them lime, brick and building stone, while not approaching the val-ues of the gold and silver out-put of the province, yield quite large returns, and occupy a very important position in the building industry. During 1922 there were sold

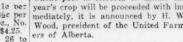
or used in the construction, chemical and other industries in Ontario, 3,611,022 bushels of quicklime, valued at \$1,265,775: quicklime, valued at \$1,265,775; 37,094 tons of hydrated lime, valued at \$482,543, and 172,-881,000 bricks, valued at \$3,-218,126. Stone for building and other purposes valued at \$4,710,056 was quarried in the province, consisting principally of limestone, granite and sand-stone. stone.

Move Up and Go On.

Most biographies are less than in-

not care to record what went amiss. He does not like the picture of a man In perplexity, knowing not whither he shall turn, calling in vain (as it might seem) on his God, his friends and the resources in himself.

In the standard pattern of the conventional life-story a man goes from strength to strength. He seems a darling of the gods, a minion of fortune. The world passes him a silver salver and invites him to pick and choose. All goes as if in motion pictures. Fortune favors the brave; the "breaks of the luck" are all his. But in life it is not so. The strug-





 A despatch from London says:—A
 contract.
 "The public," the letter adds, "ex-pects an agreement and we have full confidence that both miners and op-erators will recognize their duty to the bublic and will be able to effect a Barry, received an unsigned cable
 The mew designation for the British Isles is understood to have been made so as to conform with that of the British Government.

tons, was on a voyage from Australia to England, when, on May 28, a wire less message from her was picked up saying that she was sinking, and that the crew had taken to the boats. The wireless call was received by the Tre-vean, owned by the same company, which vessel at that time was but 300 miles from the position given by the travessa. The Trevean hastened to the scene, and searched for the sur-vivors until June 7, when she reported from Sydney that she had found only wreckage and an overturned boat. Coming on the heels of the message to Mrs. Foster was a cablegram from the vessel's owners, filed by Captain

to aris. Foster was a cablegram from the vessel's owners, filed by Captain Foster from the Island of Rodriguez, in which he reported that he had ar-rived there with 16 members of his crew, and believed the boat containing the others would turn up.

The miners are informed that the aged by the United Hotels of America,

ILL STOPL CRYIN' AND WONT MAKE ANY NOISE AT ALL IF YOU LET ME BEAT

MY DRUM

MOM



in the New Legislature

CONSERVATIVE GAINS.

· Gene Byrnes

Ibs. and up, 30c.
Beans—Can, hand-picked, lb., 7c; primes, 6½c.
Maple products—Syrup, per imp. gal., \$2.50; per 5-gal. tin, \$2.40 per gal.; maple sugar, lb., 25c.
Honey—60-lb. tins, 11 to 12½c per lb.; 3 and 2½-lb tins, 11 to 12½c per lb.; 3 and 2½-lb tins, 11 to 12½c per lb.; 3 and 2½-lb tins, 11 to 12½c per lb.; 0 ntario comb honey, per doz., No. 1, \$4.50 to \$5; No. 2, \$3.75 to \$4.25.
Smoked meats—Hams, med., 26 to 28c; cooked hams, 41 to 44c; smoked rolls, 25 to 28c; cootage rolls, 25 to 28c; breakfast bacon, 30 to 34c; spe-cial brand breakfast bacon, 30 to 34c; spe-cial brand breakfast bacon, 30 to 34c; spe-tial brand breakfast bacon, 50 to 70 lbs., \$18; 70 to 20 lbs., \$17.50; lightweight rolls, in barrels, \$36; heavyweight rolls, in barrels, \$36; heavyweight rolls, is 33.
Lard—Pure tierces, 15¼ to 15½c;
Lard—Pure tierces, 15¼ to 15½c;
Cured meats—Long clear bacon, 50 the consumption of fish in Canada; it was proposed that a publicity cam-pain be conducted as soon as possible.
Lard—Pure tierces, 15¼ to 165½c;
Measuring grain by grain, And hair by bair.

Barry, received an unsigned cable message from the Island of Mauritius, in the Indian Ocean, reading: "Safe, excellent health." Mrs. Foster is the wife of Captain which was given up for lost in the prostrated with grief. The Trevessa, a vessel of 5,000 tons, was on a voyage from Australia to 16c; tubs, 15 to 15/2c; palls, 15/2
to 16c; prints, 17 to 17/2c.
Choice heavy steers, \$8.35 to \$8.75; butcher steers, choice, \$7.75 to \$8; do, good, \$7 to \$7.50; do, med., \$6.50 to \$7; do, com., \$6 to \$6.25; butcher heifers, choice, \$7 to \$7.50; do, med., \$6.50 to \$7; do, com., \$6 to \$6.50; butcher cows, choice, \$5 to \$5.50; do, med., \$4 to \$5; canners and cutters, \$1.50 to \$2; butcher bulls, good, \$4.50 to \$5.50; do, com., \$3 to \$4; feeding steers, good, \$7 to \$7.50; do, fair, \$6 to \$6.75; stockers, good, \$5 to \$6; do, fair, \$5 to \$5.50; milkers, springers, each, \$60 to \$80; calves, choice, \$8.50 to \$9.50; do, med., \$6.50 to \$8; do, com. \$4.50 to \$6; lambs, spring, \$14 to \$15; sheep, choice, light, \$8 to \$6.50; do, choire, heavy, \$4 to \$4.50; do, culls and bucks, \$2.75 to \$3.50; hogs, fed and watered, \$8.35; do, f.o.b., \$7.76; do, country points, \$7.50.

MONTREAL. Corn. Am. No. 2 yellow, 95c. Oats No. 2 CW, 60½ to 61c; No. 3 CW, 58 to 59c; extra No. 1 feed, 57% to 58c; No. 2 local white, 56c. Flour, Man. spring wheat pats, 15t, \$620; 2nds, \$6.40; strong bakers, \$6.20; win-ter pats., choice, \$6.05 to \$6.15. Rolled onts, 90-16, bag; \$3.06 to \$5.15. Brand, 2, per ton, car lots, \$13 to \$15. Cheese, finest centerns, 16¼ to 16½c. Butter, choicest creamery, 30%; c. Eggs, selected, 32c. Cows, canners, \$2; better quality, \$3.75; best gradge, \$4.50 to \$5; bulls,

And points that I defend, You'll find I've served you well In the end.

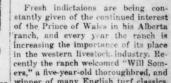
> Better, perhaps, that one Who, loving you. Asks you to give and give, As lovers do!

--Louise Driscoll.

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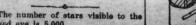
Farmers in Southern Alberta are again interested in sugar beets. A number of trial plots are being grown this year in the vicinity of Cardston and Raymond. If the crops turn out and Raymond. If the crops turn out satisfactorily, and further tests show %the sugar content of the beets to be sufficiently high, it is expected that a sugar factory will be put up and the growing of beets become a regular inductor industry.



winner of many English turf classics, which arrived to head the stud, ac-companied by four superb mares. In the the same week an animal from the at ranch won the championship in the re- Shorthorn class at the Calgary show

of beef and dairy cattle.





MONTREAL.