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ANOTHER VICTIM OF PRIZE RING

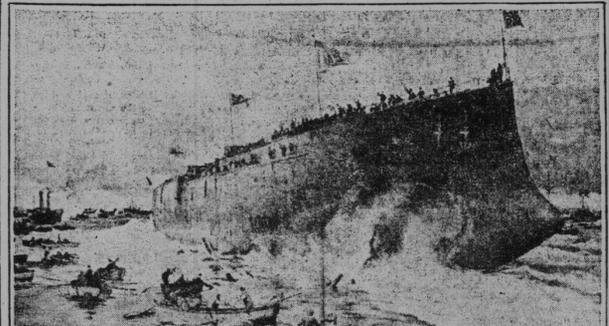
Harry Tenney Dead from "Dope" and Brutal Punishment

Victim Succumbed from Knockout at Hands of Frank Neil of 'Frisco for Bantam Championship--Doctors Find Strychnine and Other Drugs Had Been Given Him--Many Arrests Made, But Only Small Bail is Asked.

San Francisco, March 1--Harry Tenney, who was knocked out last night by Frankie Neil, the bantam champion pugilist, died today. After making an autopsy Surgeon Cusack announced that Tenney's death was due to cerebral hemorrhage, probably caused by a blow. It was discovered that strychnine and possibly other drugs were given Tenney during the fight. Physicians who remained at the bedside realized the desperate condition and gave warning that death might be expected if the fighter could not be resuscitated within a short time. Some unconsciousness was felt last night by persons connected with the contest, when the condition of Tenney after the knockout was noted. He went down before Neil's hard left hand blow during the fourteenth round, falling near the center of the ring. The timekeeper counted him out but in the noise of the shouting, Reeves Nichol did not hear the completion of the count and when Tenney staggered to his feet allowed the fight to proceed. A word of decision greeted the referee's ruling but it was soon ended, for Neil went at his opponent like a madman and hammered him in his weakened condition. The ropes, which were literally being beaten to the floor by Neil and Tenney, were broken. Tenney's head struck the ropes, his head sank on his chest and his arms dropped to his sides. In this position Tenney was literally beaten to the floor by Neil and Tenney, who was carried out by the referee. He was revived an hour later but complained of pains in his body which he ascribed to the terrific blows with which Neil had reached his stomach. Later the deceased man was removed to the bath house, where he grew worse until death came in his suffering.

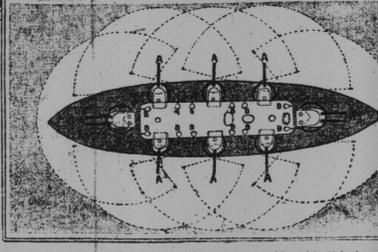
Tenney Poisoned, Too
Mark Shaughnessy attended Tenney at the bath. The beaten pugilist complained of terrible pains in his stomach and head. At 4 o'clock this morning he fell asleep and the physician left, saying that all danger was over. At 7:30 o'clock Shaughnessy was awakened by a cry from Tenney. The pugilist's body was doubled up in agony and a hurry call was sent in for the central emergency ambulance. Before it arrived Tenney was dead. After he was taken to the bath, Dr. McGinnity was summoned. Tenney's heart action was very weak and the pulse dropped to forty. Strong stimulants were administered and this morning Dr. McGinnity pronounced him out of danger. "How do you feel, Harry?" asked Shaughnessy. "I'm awful sick. My stomach and head hurt awfully," answered Tenney. Shortly afterward he dropped asleep. No physician was in attendance from that time until he died. The news of Tenney's death spread quickly over the city. Orders were at once given at police headquarters to arrest all persons connected with the fight. Neil soon surrendered himself, as also did James Coffroth, Eddie Graney, Willis Britt, Morris Leary and Mark Shaughnessy. All were charged with manslaughter. They promptly made arrangements for release on bail, and each was released from custody on depositing \$500 cash. It is said that two days ago Tenney had an epileptic fit. After making an autopsy Coroner's Surgeon Cusack announced that Tenney's death was due to cerebral hemorrhage caused probably by a blow. It was discovered that strychnine, and possibly other drugs, were given Tenney during the fight. This sensational charge is denied by Neil and others connected with the fight. The mother of the dead boy, Mrs. Isabel Tennah, the being his real name, asserts that he was poisoned. A brother, James Tennah, charges that the little fighter was "doped" before entering the ring. This sensational charge is denied by Neil and others connected with the fight. Mark Shaughnessy, one of his seconds, says that he fell in a fit after leaving the ring.

When the Dreadnought Took the Water



The Dreadnought Taking the Water from the Sphere

The battleship Dreadnought, according to the Naval and Military Review of Plymouth (Eng.), marks an important advance on any war ship afloat. It is curiously named in some respects she recalls her namesake, launched in 1875, since both are remarkable as having the special characteristics of carrying an armament composed entirely of guns of the largest calibre, and a curiously heavier and more extensive than any of their respective predecessors. The difference is that the Dreadnought will give her a fighting value which no other war ship afloat possesses. The superiority resulting from the embodiment of a concentration of heavy guns is best attested by comparing the Dreadnought's uniform armament of 12-inch guns with ships fitted with a mixed armament. The maximum practical range for fighting an action with batteries of 6-inch and 12-inch guns is 7,000 yards, the range being increased to about 8,000 yards if the armament be composed of 12-inch and 6-inch guns. As against these fighting distances a ship with 12-inch guns only can be effective at 10,000 yards, and assuming that nothing occurred to prevent her remaining at that range, she would be able to crush an opponent without herself being brought within the zone of fire of the less powerful guns of an enemy. Another advantage derived from the Dreadnought is that the damage from the projectile of a 12-inch weapon is relatively, as well as actually, very much greater than that of a smaller shot at the same range. This arises from the fact that the large return retains its velocity much longer than the smaller one does.



THREE BROKE QUARANTINE

Left Kings County Camp, But Were Caught in Chatham

Officials Say They Know of No More Cases--Stricter Quarantine on Lumber Camp Ordered by Joint Meeting of Provincial and Local Health Boards--Situation in Kings County and Grand Falls Districts.

Three men have broken quarantine placed on a Kings county lumber camp and made their way to their homes in Chatham and there are again under watch. The following special despatch was received by the Telegraph from Chatham last night: "The chairman of the Chatham Board of Health received a telegram from Dr. Fisher, of Fredericton, this morning at 10:45, saying that three men had broken quarantine from a lumber camp in Kings county, and left for their homes in Chatham. The men were located and their homes quarantined before noon." Concerning the report that six new cases of smallpox had appeared in the lumber camps near Westfield, Hon. James Holly, of the provincial board, when asked about the matter last evening, said that he was inclined to discredit the report. He said that had there been such a marked advance in the number of cases he and his colleagues would have doubtless been aware of it but three cases of which I know anything about," he said, "two being in the isolation hospital, here, and one near the Kings county camp, where the case is reported to be still in progress." Mr. Holly, speaking of the three men who broke quarantine, said he understood that they had been located. Since yesterday's meeting of the local and provincial boards the quarantine on the camps in Kings county would be made much more strict. **Joint Meeting Here.** As a result of the meeting yesterday afternoon between the local and provincial boards of health it is announced that there will be a more strict quarantine on the lumber camps near Westfield affected by the smallpox case. Hon. James Holly, of the provincial board, was chairman of the joint meeting and Thomas Burns acted as secretary. Other members of the provincial board present were Judge J. H. Barry, of Fredericton; Dr. Stevens, of Moncton; and Dr. E. B. Fisher, of Marysville, secretary. Of the local board there were present Dr. J. W. Daniel, John Kelly, James Ready and Dr. Chas. M. Pratt. Others who were there were Dr. Wetmore, of Hampton, chairman of the Kings county board of health, and J. R. Armstrong, the local board's counsel. There was a general discussion of the smallpox situation, special attention being given the question of making more strict the quarantine on the camp at Westfield. Dr. Wetmore was instructed to see that guards are placed about the Kings county camp, and to have investigated all persons in the county where there was a suspicion of the disease. Dr. Wetmore outlined what had been done since the appearance of smallpox among the lumbermen. The cook at the Kennedy camp, who contracted the disease a few days ago, has been removed to a house near the Nerepis. Through precautions were taken, and the best possible treatment was being given. A nurse had been engaged. There was also discussion relative to compulsory vaccination and such a course, it was announced, was not considered necessary. Dr. Fisher, speaking to a Telegraph reporter, said: "I think that there has been a great deal of unnecessary concern over the few smallpox cases which have appeared. Because of a mole hill, I believe, when an epidemic threatens, that compulsory vaccination is right, but at the present time there is no justification whatever for recommending that vaccination be compulsory." **The Kennedy Camp Situation.** Hampton, N. B., March 1--(Special)--Any existing cases of smallpox in the camp at St. John and Queens are of men who left Kennedy's camp at Westfield on or before Feb. 13th, and previous to the time when the local authorities were made aware of the existing conditions and took charge. Only one case has developed in the camp since that time, that of the cook, who has been removed to a dwelling house, the family living in which has been moved, leaving the premises to the physician in charge. His patient is recovering. This temporary hospital is situated about two miles from Nerepis Station and some six or eight miles from Westfield Beach. It was decided to remove the cook to the Kennedy's and instructions were given the medical officers to that effect, as well as to provide new quarters for the men at the camp. No justification whatever for recommending that vaccination be compulsory. **Henry Moffat, of Millard, one of those who left was traced, and Dr. Fokians, of Norton, went to his place today, to disinfect him and quarantine the premises. Helley Belyer, of Brown's Flat, is another man who left, and Dr. Gilchrist was communicated with and notified to attempt to locate him in the same way. Instructions have also been issued to enforce the law in regard to the vaccination of all pupils attending school in the Westfield district, and as well, to vaccinate free of charge all adults willing to submit to the operation. All of which shows that the King County Board of Health is vigorously and systematically pursuing all practical methods for stamping out the disease within its own sphere of operation.**

No New Cases at Grand Falls. Grand Falls, N. B., March 1--(Special)--No new cases of smallpox have been discovered and since all cases are isolated, no further trouble is anticipated. The people manifest an excitement here and business goes on as usual. The closing of the schools and churches were precautionary measures, and there is nothing in the situation at present to alarm the public.

Quebec's New Mayor. Quebec, March 1--(Special)--At the first meeting of the new city council today J. George Garneau was chosen mayor for the ensuing two-year term. Mr. Garneau was chosen by the anti-parent party.

J. B. Hattie, of Halifax, Dead. Halifax, March 1--The death occurred here early this morning of J. B. Hattie, of the wholesale drug firm of Hattie & Mylius, aged 48. His death was sudden, from neuralgia of the heart.

DR. PUGSLEY FULLY ANSWERS CRITICS

Took Up Opposition Charges in Detail and Refuted Them

Attorney General Declares That Law Suits of the Province Don't Pay Him Nearly So Well as His Private Practice--Alludes to the Central Railway and Predicts a Glowing Future for It--Quotes Prices of Provincial Debentures to Prove Financiers Do Not Share Opposition's Views.

Fredericton, N. B., March 1--The house met at 3 o'clock. Bill No. 25 an act to incorporate the St. Croix Water Power Company, the bill in further amendment of the liquor license act and the bill relating to sewerage in Lancaster parish, St. John county, were read a second time. Mr. King, from the corporations committee, reported that the committee had decided not to recommend the Fredericton Boom bill to the favorable consideration of the house. He said that Mr. Blais had appeared before the committee at his own request and made the statement that in using the expression as attributed to him yesterday he was merely using a quotation and had no intention to hurt the feelings of any individual or nationality. He had not used the expression in the sense in which it seemed to have been interpreted by Mr. Leger and perhaps some others. If he had thought such interpretation would have been given to his remarks he certainly would not have used them. Hon. Mr. LaBelle, in reply to Mr. Hazen's inquiry, said six tenders were received for repairs to the Bathurst Basin bridge, as follows: Albert E. Smye, \$6,484; George C. Sutherland and W. R. Johnston, \$7,800; J. D. McLaughlin, \$9,400; Simeon McGregor, \$9,500; W. Brewer, \$10,300; Alex. Fitzgerald, \$17,250. The tender of Albert E. Smye was accepted, with Mariner M. Tingley and Caleb S. Dowling as sureties. The amount paid for repairs on the bridge was \$131,200. The contractor claimed \$2,968.14 above the amount of his contract. The work was performed according to contract with the addition of an extra triangular truss span and further improvements to the sidewalk, etc. It being apparent that the contractor had taken the work at too low a figure and had lost money thereby the matter was submitted to E. Brydon Jack as arbitrator, who found \$9,226 to be a fair remuneration for the contract. This award was accepted by order of council, Dec. 7th, 1904. Mr. Hill presented the position of Charlotte county council in support of a bill to postpone the county assessment for another year, also a petition for the levying of rates and taxes in St. Stephen. Hon. Mr. LaBelle introduced a bill relating to the town of Campbellton. Mr. Copp introduced a bill to amend chapter 166 of the Consolidated Statutes relating to the city of Moncton. Hon. Mr. Jones a bill to amend the acts relating to the incorporation of Chatham. Hon. Mr. Jones presented a petition of the Bath Village fire and water commissioners in support of a bill to amend the acts relating to the house from that place. Mr. Leger, before the order of the day was called, said he was completely satisfied with the explanation made by Mr. Blais before the corporations committee and now felt that gentleman had not intended the expression he quoted in any offensive manner. **Wants to Know About Central Offer.** Mr. Hazen gave notice of inquiry as to what persons or corporations made an offer to lease the N. B. Coal & Railway Company with terms and conditions attached. Replying to Mr. Hazen's inquiry 42 Surveyor General Sweeney said James Robinson, Jr., of Newcastle, is chief ranger with a salary of \$800 and reasonable expense. Last year he was paid \$67,076 and since the close of the fiscal year 1905 on account of salary and \$118,822 expenses. The chief ranger appoints no wardens, but he recommends Edward Menzies for Northumberland; Geo. McKay for Northumberland and Gloucester and Wm. Gray for Gloucester county. They have been appointed. Menzies as fire and game warden got \$400 annually and no expenses allowance and McKay and Gray at \$125 per day without expense. The latter two reports that Mr. Fish may be asked to resign the presidency of the company in the event of the overthrow of the present regime are said to be without foundation. D. C. Calkin, Herrick, who was one of the counsel to the Trusteale committee until Mr. Fish withdrew, will be retained as one of the legal advisers to the International committee. Samuel Upmeyer will be associated with him and other eminent counsel will be engaged. Mr. Fish replied to Lord Northcliffe's telegram as follows: "Lord Northcliffe, Carmelite House, London: "Cable received. Having become satisfied through investigation from inside and later from board. The committee's four counsel also resigned. Am invited to join policyholders' movement for investigation and reform. What would you suggest? Would you also join in the policyholders' committee and provide suitable French and German representatives for whom you can vouch?" (Signed) "FISH."

After Control of Mutual Life
Harmsworth and Stuyvesant Fish May Join Hands for Policyholders Directors Split

Offer on Methods of Reform and Re-sign Office--The McCurdy, Fisher and Son, Sued for Large Sums They Are Alleged to Have Illegally Taken from the Company.

New York, March 1--Stuyvesant Fish, president of the Illinois Central Railway, and until recently a trustee of the Mutual Life Insurance Company and a member of the Mutual's investigating committee, probably will head a policyholders' movement in that company for investigation and reform. It was practically settled today that Mr. Fish will lead a committee of policyholders of the Mutual in the United States and Europe. Invitations to a number of prominent policyholders in all parts of the United States were mailed today and a great number of acceptances are expected by those in charge of the movement. The proposed committee will work independently of the so-called governing and law-enforcement committees. It is planned to demand a thorough investigation of the company. Reports that Mr. Fish may be asked to resign the presidency of the company in the event of the overthrow of the present regime are said to be without foundation. D. C. Calkin, Herrick, who was one of the counsel to the Trusteale committee until Mr. Fish withdrew, will be retained as one of the legal advisers to the International committee. Samuel Upmeyer will be associated with him and other eminent counsel will be engaged. Mr. Fish replied to Lord Northcliffe's telegram as follows: "Lord Northcliffe, Carmelite House, London: "Cable received. Having become satisfied through investigation from inside and later from board. The committee's four counsel also resigned. Am invited to join policyholders' movement for investigation and reform. What would you suggest? Would you also join in the policyholders' committee and provide suitable French and German representatives for whom you can vouch?" (Signed) "FISH."

MORE DETAILS OF THE NANCHANG MASSACRE

House of Missionary Burned and Eight Were Killed by a Mob--Methodists Rescued Their School Children and Two Other Women--French Catholic Priest Caused the Trouble.

Shanghai, March 1--The following account of the recent attack on foreign missionaries at Nanchang has been received: Fifteen Methodist and twelve English Protestant and fourteen French Catholic missionaries were in the city last Thursday when the French Catholics had a quarrel with an official over a suit for the possession of property. Great excitement prevailed on Friday. A mass meeting was held on Saturday and was followed on Sunday by a riot during which the property of the Catholics was burned. The Protestants took refuge in the adjacent house of Mr. Kingman. The house was burned and six priests and two members of the Kingman family were killed. The Chinese governor attempted to check the riot and rescue the missionaries. The men of the Methodist mission, aided by Chinese soldiers, took their school girls to Chinese homes in the city and brought Miss Hoyt and Miss Kahn from a hospital. All took refuge in makeshift huts. The Chinese soldiers brought the remaining missionaries at daylight on Monday. The launch reached Kiukiang on Tuesday. The wounded Kingman girl died on the way. Chinese could have blocked the passage of the launch during the 12 hours' journey down the river, but they were friendly. Rev. A. P. Quimby, a Methodist, remained at Nanchang to care for the property. He is under the protection of the governor and is probably safe. Rev. Spencer Lewis wired Consul-General Rodgers at Shanghai on Sunday morning that the location of every American missionary in the Yangtze valley. After consultation on Monday, Captain Fletcher ordered the gunboat E. Cano from Nanchang to meet the fugitives at Kiukiang or Poyang lake. They were met at Kiukiang. The cause of the riot was local. Serious blame attaches to the French Catholics. Chinese, friendly to the missionaries, subject to priests exercising civil functions. There is much discussion throughout China, but there is no indication of a general uprising against foreign agents.

TO INVESTIGATE PERMANENT FORCE

Minister of Militia Orders Thorough Inquiry in View of Charges of Inefficiency.

Ottawa, March 1--(Special)--Sir Frederick Borden has decided to make a thorough investigation into the permanent force in Canada. This is an outcome of the charges made at yesterday's military meeting and the reply to the minister. Sir Frederick has not only decided to investigate the condition and standing of the artillery, but will include the entire permanent corps. It is said that although the permanent corps has been in existence for many years, qualified officers cannot be turned out to meet the requirements of the militia. A board will be appointed to make a thorough investigation. Col. Pinaut, deputy minister of militia, and General Lake will be members of the board. There will be another officer, a prominent member of a rural corps, who has not yet been selected. The inquiry will commence at once. Sitings will be held at Kingston, and the inquiry will be extended to the cavalry at Winnipeg and Toronto, the artillery schools at Quebec, and the infantry schools at London, Toronto, St. Johns (Que.), Halifax and Ottawa.

FRANCE THINKS SHE CAN OUTDOE GERMANY

Plan is to Force a Division of Algerias Conference on Police Proposal.

St. Petersburg, March 1--It is learned from an indisputable source that France feels assured of the support on the question of policing Morocco of a majority of the delegates to the Algerias conference and her present plan is to force a vote in the conference in order to demonstrate the ability of Germany's contention that France represents only the minority view.

BOOTH EULOGIZES SALVATION EMIGRANTS

"Sending Finest Blood of the Country to Canada," He Said, as He Farewelled 1400 That Started for New Home Thursday--British War Office Wants to Make Colonial Farmers Out of Discharged Soldiers.

Montreal, March 1--(Special)--A special London cable says: General Booth today addressed 1,400 emigrants at Euston station prior to their entraining for Liverpool. General Booth said: "We are sending the finest blood of the country to Canada." And he hoped Canada would be a suitable home for her emigrants. There were no war-ships being sent. If Canada tried out she did not want to see emigrants there were other colonies to send them to. W. T. R. Preston today had an interview with the war office. He explained what was necessary to do to it discharged soldiers for agricultural life in Canada. Sir Edward Ward said they were anxious to provide work for Britain's discharged soldiers, sending them to the colonies so that they would be kept in the empire.

COL. C. W. DRURY GOING TO ENGLAND

Command of Maritime Provinces Will Devolve on Col. Irving During His Absence.

Ottawa, March 1--(Special)--Colonel C. W. Drury, commanding in the maritime provinces, will proceed to England on duty on the 26th inst. During his absence the command of the maritime provinces, other than that of the permanent force at Halifax, will be exercised by Lieut.-Colonel and brevet Colonel J. D. Irving, chief staff officer of the maritime provinces command. The sale of the Quebec Southern railway to the Delaware & Hudson was confirmed by the supreme court today.

ALLEGED HAMILTON BUCKET SHOPS RAIDED BY POLICE

Hamilton, March 1--(Special)--Acting on the instructions of the attorney-general's department the local police directed by Provincial Detective Green, made a raid on the alleged bucket shops here at 11 o'clock. The raids were made simultaneously and caused much consternation among those present in the offices. The police seized the books and took the names of those present in the offices of Holsen & Co., A. Carpenter, and Featherston & Co., who advertise themselves as stock brokers. The police say they will be charged with keeping a gambling house. It is thought the raid is the result of the Hemming disclosures. H. P. Hemming, stock broker, filled recently with liabilities or more than \$60,000 due to backing the market with customers' margins, it is claimed. He is now out on bail on a charge of fraud.

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