"THE LAST OF THESE."

ELLEN B. CHASE.

She had little of earthly beauty,
She had less of earthly lore;
She climbed by a path so narrow,
Such wearisome burdens bore!
And she came with heart a-tremble,
To the warder at Heaven's door.

She said, "There were hearts of heroes,"
She said, "There were hands of might;
I had only my little children,
That called to me day and night;
I could only soothe their sorrows,
Their childish hearts make light."

And she bowed her head in silence,
She hid her face in shame;
When, out from the blaze of glory,
A form majestic came;
And, sweeter than all heaven's music,
Lo, some one called her name!

"Dear heart, that hath self forgotten,
That never its own hath sought,
Who keepeth the weak from falling,
To the King hath jewels brought
Lo, what thou hast done for the children,
For the Lord himself hath wrought!"

—*Woman's Journal.*

THE HOME

House Cleaning.

How shall all this necessary work be accomplished without overtaxing the mental and physical strength? No housekeeper should, if she can possibly avoid it, let her labors, even in this important business of house cleaning, use up her store of vital force. No amount of cleanliness will atone for this loss. She should always bear in mind that there should be no conflict of duties, that good housekeeping requires that she should keep her health unimpaired, and be able to preside over her home with cheerful equanimity. She should never undertake to accomplish more in one day than can be done with ease and pleasure. I have no sympathy with that foolish rivalry of trying to see which, in a neighborhood, shall first finish house cleaning. I have heard some women boast that on the first week in March their houses were all in order. No woman should indulge the thought that what she is doing is drudgery, but that, like her great exemplar, Nature, she is performing a refining and elevating process.

The sun, the air, the budding trees, the gentle rain, the sweet wild flowers are all teaching us lessons in obedience not to one alone, but to all laws; that violation of physical decrees, even in necessary work, will certainly be followed by the penalty affixed. The glad summer should find us strong in body and mind to enjoy all the rich feast of the charms of nature which are spread so lavishly before us.

A young friend said to me, while the white mantle of winter still covered the ground, "Oh, I begin, as spring approaches, to worry about my house cleaning!" This. I answered, is wrong; in this you should try to practice the art of *forgetting*. Enjoy and make good use of your present opportunities, that, when the proper time comes, you will have the strength to take up this work with pleasure.

It is a great mistake to upset many or all of the rooms at once. It is this which has caused the men of the homes in which this is the practice to regard *cleaning house* as a dreaded visitation. Only what work can be finished in the forenoon should be attempted. For the remainder of the day let the subject be tabooed, and the power, according to one of our great authors, "the grandest of which human nature is capable," be exercised of putting it aside, and reserving a fund of strength for the emergencies of the coming day.

Every one should have an interest in something entirely away from the line of the morning's work, which will prove a quiet and interesting retreat of rest,—reading, culture, of flowers, topics of general interest, anything which will lead the thoughts into an entirely different channel. Without such refuge one will always be in danger of becoming a *mere housekeeper* and nothing else. Such a woman will lose all freshness and vitality, and will soon be known as a tiresome woman, never talking of aught else but her work, kitchen and servant. We should guard against becoming bores in anything.—*Good Housekeeping.*

Happy Children.

"I know now," said a lady not long ago, "that my mother loved me tenderly, but during all my childhood I doubted it. If I were really dear to her, I queried, why did she never tell me so? Why did she never caress me and assure me of her love? She thought her actions spoke loudly enough without words, and so they did, but I could not comprehend the language they spoke. I could not understand them as I can now, and how I longed to hear her call me lovingnames and to have her lap me in the sweet embrace of a mother's love."

Many a little heart aches as did this lady's for the spontaneous utterances of maternal affection. These can make it happier than gifts of beads, or dolls or fine clothes, or costly toys. As house plants cannot flourish without sunshine, so children cannot thrive and be happy without love.

Children who grow up in this constant atmosphere of love are rarely mischievous, never vicious. The mightiest of all agencies to lead the young in paths of virtue is in the hands of parents, and to command this agency they need but give expression to the natural overflow of their hearts. Children to be happy need encouragement and praise. Let us give to these darlings of our hearts the sunniest, warmest spot in the household, and we shall see them grow up in symmetry to be fair women and brave men.—*New York Christian Advocate.*

SURG. GEN. WOODWARD, U. S. Army, says of the results of chronic malarial poisoning: "Disorder of the kidneys frequently complicates the condition under consideration. Scanty, more or less albuminous urine is often observed, and those cases not infrequently terminate in chronic Bright's disease, with confirmed albuminuria, oedema or general anæmia." What at first is recognized as malaria is subsequently found to be Bright's disease, which Warner's Safe Cure Cures.

THE FARM.

— Charcoal should be fed to hogs and poultry. Experiment has demonstrated that the same feed will produce a far greater amount of flesh and fat when fed with plenty of charcoal.

— Although many remedies have been suggested for killing borers in trees, such as forcing salt in the holes, etc., the surest method is to kill the borer by inserting a piece of wire into the opening as it cannot escape if the wire is thrust in as far as the borer has penetrated.

— The farmer who thinks there can be nothing new in agriculture should remember that thirty or forty years ago his grandfather thought the same way. It is a fact that agriculture has made more advancement during the past ten years than in any other ten years of the world's history.

— Bone meal and potash in some form, especially in muriate of kainit, are staple fertilizers for all the small fruits. The muriate can be applied in the fall with advantage, and bone meal also, if somewhat coarse. The application of a very fine bone flour had better be put off until early spring.

— By tying a small corn-cob to one leg, allowing it to dangle at a distance of about six inches, a Maine poultry fancier is said to succeed in keeping her chickens at home. "The fowl can scratch and get about with perfect ease, but will not attempt to fly over pailings or squeeze through cracks."

— Feeding a young cow well for some time previous to dropping her first calf, suspending the food materially just before calving, for fear of inflammation of the udder, having her rapidly and thoroughly milked three times a day after the birth of the calf, and resuming the high feed gradually, as soon as all tendency to hardening and inflaming of the udder is passed, will tend to make her a good milker.

— It sometimes seems like a waste to dispose of the inferior animals at the small price they will sell for, but better far to destroy them outright and without return, than to keep them when they do not pay their way and are only a tax on the owner. With every animal on the farm, a good one of its kind, and if cared for and fed in conformity with the best practices of the day, there is no trouble about the profits. Young farmer, if you are in debt and desire to make the farm pay, see to it that no inferior animal is fed at your expense. Weed them out.

— SOIL FOR STRAWBERRIES.—If the land will grow a fair crop of potatoes or corn, it is not necessary to put on any fertilizers to secure a good crop of strawberries from the plants next season, as the compost or phosphate can be put on late in the fall or the next spring; in fact we would prefer to get the land in good tilth, set the plants and give them good cultivation, and as time can be had after they are set, scatter a little phosphate around each plant, and in the Fall put what fine manure you can get around them. If the land is very poor, plough furrows where the plants are to come, and scatter in the bottom of these furrows, the phosphate, say a pint or a quart to a rod, and over this set the plants.

— SEED POTATOES.—The very largest, smoothest, and most perfectly formed is the "only true seed. "Like produces like," and large potatoes produce large potatoes, and in this way the yield of the general crop can be increased. Small and indifferent seed potatoes will produce a small yield of inferior quality. The cause of potatoes "running out" is using small ones for seed, and it is known that when potatoes begin to "run out" that the quality is inferior. "High breeding" in the potatoe is as fruitful of desirable results as high breeding" is in live stock. When farmers begin to appreciate the principles that apply to the production of the best grown vegetables, their profits will be very largely increased. Why should it be thought for a moment that small potatoes are suitable for seed? Farmers do not select the smallest ears of corn for seed. Why should the potato crop be so neglected? After selecting the best for seed, they should be put into sacks of one bushel each and kept in a dry cellar. If the cellar is not perfectly dry make a platform of boards raised one to two feet from the floor of the cellar, and place the sacks on this platform, and ventilate the cellar during the winter as frequently as practicable.

TEMPERANCE.

The Combat Deepens.

One of the most hopeful signs of the times is the wide-spread agitation of the temperance question. Those who think it is a local fight or a temporary wave of fanaticism, have no knowledge of the forces at work, or the depth and width of the government. In all the countries of Europe, where the curse of intemperance is felt, there the agitation is going on, and with an ever-increasing earnestness and intensity. In this country the fight is confined to no State, and to no class or classes of people. All classes of citizens and all grades of society are at work. Rich and poor, black and white, old and young, are enlisted for the struggle. The battle is as hot in the country as in the town. In the village and hamlets, and in the largest cities, the strife is alike unending. Perhaps nothing points more clearly to the early downfall of the gigantic evil that now destroys and blights the land, than the presence of this agitation among the workmen of almost every handicraft. Temperance is made a prerequisite to membership in a number of labor associations. Mr. Powderly, the Grand master-workman of the Knights of Labor, made the following sensible remarks: 'I know that, in refusing even to touch a drop of strong drink, I was and am right. In refusing to treat another to that which I do not believe to be good for myself to drink, I know I am right. In refusing to associate with men who get drunk, I know I am right. In not allowing a rumseller to gain admittance in the order of Knights of Labor, I know I am right. In advising our associates not to rent halls or meeting-rooms over drinking-places, I know I am right. I have done this from the day my voice was first heard in the council halls of our order. My position on the temperance question is right. I am determined to maintain it, and will not alter it one jot or tittle."—*Cumberland Presbyterian.*

Temperance Items.

The Louisville *Courier Journal* thus speaks of the traffic in intoxicating drinks.

It is a business which is opposed to every clergyman in the country.

It is a business which every merchant and business man hates and detests.

It is a business which is the standing dread of every mother.

It is a business which makes 90 per cent. of the pauperism for which the taxpayer has to pay.

It is a business which makes 90 per cent. of the business of the criminal courts.

It is a business which keeps employed an army of policemen in the cities.

It is a business which puts out the fire on the hearth and condemns wives and children to hunger, cold and rags.

It is a business which fosters vice for profit and educates in wickedness for gain.

Drunkenness comprises all other vices. It is the dictionary of vice, for it includes every vice.

Drunkenness means peculation, theft, robbery, arson, forgery, murder; for it leads to all these crimes.

In the city of Chicago there is one baker for each 470 families; one butcher for each 205 families; one grocer for each 89 families; and one liquor saloon for each 35 families. And Chicago is not the most saloon cursed city in the world. When will the great Christian majority of our population arise to a sense of its duty?

According to statistics compiled by a New York charity association it appears that Third avenue has 379 liquor shops with bars—exclusive of restaurants and grocery stores—where liquor or beer is sold. Not counting the vacant or partly vacant blocks, it has the equivalent of 223 full-built blocks, giving five saloons to every three. Twenty-one per cent. of all the occupied house lots have liquor shops on them. The estimated annual sales of Third Avenue liquor shops is $3,750,000.

There is one liquor saloon for every fifty men. Nine times as much is paid by the people of Boston for liquor as is paid in salaries to school-teachers; more than $3,000,000 more is expended in liquor than for the churches and ministers. Put all the liquor saloons in Boston in a row, allowing fifteen feet front to each, and they will make a line nine miles long.

— The most wonderful era of prosperity, of material, moral, and intellectual development, of growth in country, cities, and towns, ever witnessed on the American continent has been illustrated in Kansas during the six years since the temperance amendment to our constitution was adopted, and especially during the last two years, the period of its most energetic and complete enforcement.—*Gov. Martin.*

Why Russians Do Not Emigrate.

I have been asked many times by friends in America why intelligent and liberty-loving Russians do not get out of such a country. Many answers might be given to this question, but perhaps the most comprehensive and cogent of them will be found in sections 325–328 of the Russian Penal code, which are as follows: "Section 325—Whoever leaves the fatherland and enters the service of a foreign government without permission of his own government, or becomes a subject of a foreign power, such person, for violation of his allegiance and oath, shall be deprived of all civil rights and expelled from the limits of the empire forever. If he returns he shall be exiled to Siberia for life. Section 326—Whoever leaves the fatherland and does not return at the summons of the government shall for this disobedience be deprived of all civil rights and expelled from the limits of the empire forever, unless, within a period to be fixed at the discretion of a court, he shows that his disobedience was due to causes which were beyond his control or which mitigate his guilt. Until he shall make such proof, he shall be regarded as missing, and his property shall be controlled by the Bureau of Guardianship. Section 327—Any person who, without permission of the government and without adequate reason, lives abroad beyond the period fixed by law for persons of his station shall also be regarded as missing, (literally, absent without news,) and his property shall be taken in charge by the Bureau of Guardianship. Section 328—Any person who persuades a subject of the empire to emigrate to another country shall be punished with penal servitude in a convict company for not less than twelve nor more than eighteen months, or be banished to Siberia for life. Under one of the above quoted sections (328) Turgenieff, while living in Paris in 1863, was summoned to St. Petersburg to answer before the Directing Senate for something that he had written or said. One can see from his letters to a friend, P. V. Annenkoff, how humiliating and exasperating obedience was to him, but—he obeyed. The government does not recognize the right of its subjects to go abroad or to live abroad without its permission, and if, therefore, a Russian takes refuge from oppression in a freer country, he must face the prospect of expatriation, outlawry, the loss of all the property left behind him, and exile to Siberia if he ever returns. Few people are willing to separate themselves for life in this way from friends, relatives, home, country, and all that a man naturally holds dear. What alternative, then, is left to the oppressed when oppression becomes intolerable? They must either submit or fight, and if they are not willing to submit, and are not able, under the provisions of this code, to oppose tyranny by peaceful collective action, they will inevitably resort to violence and fight, singly or in small groups, as they are now fighting, until they go to Siberia in leg fetters or perish on the scaffold."—*The Century.*

"After a varied experience with many so-called cathartic remedies, I am convinced that Ayer's Pills give the most satisfactory results. I rely exclusively on these Pills for the cure of liver and stomach complaints."—John B. Bell, Sr., Abilene, Texas.

TO THE DEAF.—A person cured of Deafness and noises in the head of 23 years' standing by a simple remedy, will send a description of it free to any Person who applies to NICHOLSON, 177 McDougall Street, New York.

$93 Sewing-Machine FREE To at once establish trade in all parts, by placing our machines and goods where the people can see them, we will send Free to one person in each locality the very best sewing-machine made in the world, with all the attachments. We will also send Free a complete line of our costly and valuable art samples. In return we ask that you show what we send, to those who may call at your home, and after 3 months all shall become your own property. This grand machine is made after the Singer patents, which have run out; before patents run out it sold for $[illegible], with the attachments, and now sells for $25. Best, strongest, most useful machine in the world. All is free. No capital required. Plain, brief instructions given. Those who write to us at once can receive free the best sewing-machine in the world, and the finest line of works of high art ever shown together in America. TRUE & Co., Box 746, Augusta, Maine.

BOVINE LIQUID FOOD.

The rapidity with which LIQUID FOOD is absorbed by the stomach, by which organ it is disposed of without requiring the aid of the intestines, renders it peculiarly adaptable to cases of Cholera Infantum, Diphtheria, Scarlet and Typhoid Fever, and kindred diseases, where it is most essential to sustain the patient's strength through the crisis of the disease.

It is retained by the weakest stomach, and builds up the system with wonderful rapidity.

IN DIPHTHERIA.

GIBSON, N. B.

I have used your food with splendid results in cases of great prostration following attacks of Typhoid and other Fevers. I have now under treatment one of the worst forms of Diphtheria—a young woman who is taking prescribed doses of BOVINE LIQUID FOOD. She is doing well, and will ultimately recover. I have tried LIQUID FOOD in six or seven cases of Diphtheria previous to this during last month, with good results in every case.

J. H. GIBSON, M. D.

BOVINE LIQUID FOOD

is retained by the most irritable stomachs. It is the only nutriment that will permanently cure

Nervous Prostration and Debility.

Creates New, Rich Blood faster than any other preparation. It is daily saving life in cases of Consumption, Typhoid and Relapsing Fever, Diphtheria, Bright's Disease, Pneumonia, and all diseases of children.

IN WASTING DISEASES

YARMOUTH, N. S., Jan. 28, 1888.

Gentlemen:—My experience with BOVINE LIQUID FOOD as a nourishing stimulant for convalescents leads me to speak highly of it. I find it especially adapted to cases recovering from fever, and wasting diseases generally.

Yours, etc., I. M. LOVITT, M. D.

BOVINE LIQUID FOOD,

6 oz. Bottle 50c. 12 oz. Bottle $1.00.

$100 ONE $100

Hundred Dollars Cash

— FOR —

ONE HUNDRED FAMILIES

IN NEW BRUNSWICK, who send (until 31st May) the largest number of Woodill's German Baking Powder (blue) Wrappers, as follows:

$50 To the 25 families each sending ONE Wrappers representing not less value than $1.00.

$25 To the 25 families each sending HUNDRED Wrappers representing not less value than 50 cents.

$25 To the 50 families each sending DOLLARS Wrappers representing not less value than 25 cents.

Your Grocer can sell you WOODILL'S GERMAN BAKING POWDER, in paper packages, at 5, 10 and 20 cents, and if he will not keep it in stock, send amount to address, and the package WILL BE MAILED FREE.

The $5.00 offered last month will be divided between the TWO YOUNG LADIES who first sent correct answers before 15th March.

Address orders to

W. M. D. PEARMAN, Halifax, N. S.

TO WILLIAM H. BLATCHFORD, of the City of Portland, in the City and County of Saint John and Province of New Brunswick, Builder, and ANNA JANE, his wife, and all others whom it may concern:

IN pursuance of a certain proviso or power of sale contained in a certain Indenture of Mortgage, bearing date the fifteenth day of July, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and eighty-six, and made between William H. Blatchford, of the City of Portland, in the City and County of Saint John and Province of New Brunswick, Builder, and Anna Jane Blatchford, his wife, in her own right, of the one part, and the undersigned Bela R. Lawrence, of the City of Saint John in the province aforesaid, Gentleman, of the other part, and duly recorded in the office of the Registrar of Deeds in and for the City and County of Saint John, in Libro XXI. of the Records, pages 171, 172, 173, 174 and 175,

I, Bela R. Lawrence, do hereby give you and each of you notice that I will on SATURDAY, the eighteenth day of MAY next, at twelve o'clock noon, at Chubb's Corner (so-called), in the said City of Saint John, for default in payment of interest and ground rent, secured and made payable in and by the said Indenture of Mortgage, sell or cause to be sold at public auction the Lease, Lands and Premises mentioned and described in the said Indenture of Mortgage as follows, namely: "All that certain lot, piece or parcel of Land situated, lying and being in the Town (now City) of Portland aforesaid, and bounded and described as follows: Beginning at the eastern side of a reserved road leading northerly from the Great Marsh Road, and at right angles thereto at the northwest corner of a lot of land now under lease to one Jeremiah Carey, which corner is distant one hundred and ninety-two feet from the northern side line of the Great Marsh Road; thence eastwardly at right angles to the said reserved road eighty feet; thence northerly parallel with the said reserved road fifty-three feet; thence westerly and parallel with the first mentioned line eighty feet to the said reserved road, and from thence southerly by the same fifty-three feet to the place of beginning."

Dated this second day of March, A. D. 1889.

J. J. FORREST, Solicitor to Mortgagee. B. R. LAWRENCE, Mortgagee.
GEO. W. GEROW, Auctioneer.

L. L. SHARPE,

WATCHMAKER & JEWELER,

DEALER IN

Watches, Clocks, Jewelry, Silverware,

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Special attention paid to repairing Fine Watches

42 Dock Street, St. John, N. B.

Selling off entire Stock. *Come and get Bargains*

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"NEW WILLIAMS" SEWING MACHINES.

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Machine Needles, Oil, and Parts, always on hand.

At A. P. SHAND & CO.'S

YOU CAN PURCHASE THE

Finest Shoes FOR THE LOWEST PRICES.

WINDSOR, N. S.

Excelsior Package Dyes

ARE UNEQUALLED

For Simplicity of Use,
Beauty of Color, and
Large Amount of Goods each dye will color.

These colors are supplied, viz.: Yellow, Orange, Fosine (Pink Bismarck), Scarlet, Green, Dark Green, Light Blue, Navy Blue, Seal Brown, Brown, Black, Garnet Magenta, Slate, Plum, Drab, Purple, Violet, Maroon, Old Gold, Cardinal, Red, Crimson.

The above Dyes are prepared for Dyeing Silk, Wool, Cotton, Feathers, Hair Paper, Basket Wood, Liquids, and all kinds of Fancy Work.

Only 8 cts. a Package.

Sold by all first-class Druggists and Grocers and Wholesale by the firm.

WHAT THE LADIES SAY.

We the undersigned have used all kinds of package dyes in our markets, and are satisfied that the "Excelsior" are the best, as well as cheapest. We find that they will dye more goods to the package than any other and give a more beautiful color. The colors will not fade like those from other dyes. The Excelsior are so simple that a child can use them. (Signed)

Mrs. L. Morse, Berwick, N. S.
" Beardsley, "
" N. Patterson, Aylesford, N. S.
" Mrs. L. Morse, Somerset, "
" Balcom, Lawrencetown, "
" Bain, Picton, "
" R. Woodward, Weston, "
" M. Brown, Annapolis, "
" A. Wellon, Kingston, "
" H. Marshall Williamston, "
" U. Morston, Nictaux, "
" T. Smith, Charlottown, P. E. I.

C. HARRISON & CO., Cambridge, KINGS CO., N. S.

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DEARBORN & CO., St. John, N. B.

Agents Wanted Everywhere

This offering good for 60 days and is made to assist us in securing good agents to introduce our watches, and in order to protect us against speculators and dealers ordering in large quantities. We require every one ordering, to cut this advertisement out and send with their order, agreeing to try and make sales from our mammoth catalogue which is sent free with every watch. Outside of fifty cents in postage stamps, as a guarantee of good faith, we will send the watch to you by express, C.O.D., subject to examination. If found perfectly satisfactory and exactly as represented you can pay the balance $5.37 and take the watch, otherwise you pay nothing. The case is warranted solid Gold; "A composition metal which can not be told from pure gold, except by experts; it is richly engraved, with solid cap, solid bow and crown, imported French crystal and is warranted for 20 years. The movement is a genuine imported expansion balance, quick train, hand fitted, adjusted and regulated, fully warranted, with his usage will last a lifetime. This is your last chance to get a $30 watch for $5.87 and one free if you sell 6. THE R. W. SELBY WATCH CO., 17 & 19 Adelaide St. East, Toronto, Can. Wherever goods are to be sent by mail, cash in full must accompany the order, as no goods can be sent by mail C. O. D. Where cash in full accompanies the order we send free a fine roll-plated chain. Mention this paper.

HATS AND CAPS.

WE are just opening a portion of our stock of SPRING STYLES of HATS, consisting in part of:

850 dozen Christy's London Stiff Hats;
350 dozen Christy's London Soft Hats;
30 Cases New York Stiff Hats;
50 Cases American Soft Hats;
100 Cases Domestic Soft Hats;
156 Cases Canton Braid Straw Hats;
1000 dozen French Straw Hats;
100 dozen Tweed and Linen Hats;
150 dozen Fore and Aft Tweed Caps.

C. & E. EVERETT, 11 King St., ST. JOHN, N. B.

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All kinds of Country Produce.

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NEW GOODS

IN GENTLEMEN'S DEPARTMENT,

27 King Street.

NEW Long Scarfs, Silk Handkerchiefs, Made-up Scarfs, Pompons, Hosiery, French Braces, Rug Straps, Courier Bags, Dressing Gowns, Gloves, Merino Shirts and Drawers.

IN STOCK:

ENGLISH ALL-LINEN COLLARS in the latest styles; and the "Derby" (Paper, Turn Down, and "The Swell" (Paper, Standing) COLLAR.

Manchester, Robertson & Allison.

The Most Successful Remedy ever discovered, as it is certain in its effects and does not blister. Read proof below.

KENDALL'S SPAVIN CURE.

OFFICE OF CHARLES A. SNYDER, BREEDER OF CLEVELAND BAY AND TROTTING BRED HORSES. ELMWOOD, ILL., Nov. 20, 1888.

DR. B. J. KENDALL CO.

Dear Sirs: I have always purchased your Kendall's Spavin Cure by the half dozen bottles, I would like prices in larger quantity. I think it is one of the best liniments on earth. I have used it on my stables for three years.

Yours truly, CHAS. A. SNYDER.

KENDALL'S SPAVIN CURE.

BROOKLYN, N. Y., November 2, 1888.

DR. B. J. KENDALL CO.

Dear Sirs: I desire to give you testimonial of my good opinion of your Kendall's Spavin Cure. I have used it for Lameness, Stiff Joints and Spavins, and I have found it a sure cure, I cordially recommend it to all horsemen.

Yours truly, A. H. GILBERT, Manager Troy Laundry Stables.

KENDALL'S SPAVIN CURE.

EAST WINTON COUNTY, OHIO, Dec. 19, 1888.

DR. B. J. KENDALL CO.

Gents: I feel it my duty to say what I have done with your Kendall's Spavin Cure. I have cured twenty-five horses that had Spavins, ten of Ring Bone, nine afflicted with Big Head and seven of Big Jaw. Since I have had one of your books and followed the directions, I have never lost a case of any kind.

Yours truly, ANDREW TURNER, Horse Doctor.

KENDALL'S SPAVIN CURE.

Price $1 per bottle, or six bottles for $5. All Druggists have it or can get it for you, or it will be sent to any address on receipt of price by the proprietors. DR. B. J. KENDALL CO., Enosburgh Falls, Vt.

SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS.

"Best cure for colds, cough, consumption is the old Vegetable Pulmonary Balsam" Cutler Bros. & Co., Boston. *For $1 a large bottle sent prepaid.* e-36

INTERCOLONIAL RAILWAY.

'88. Winter Arrangement. '89.

ON AND AFTER MONDAY, NOVEMBER 26th, 1888, the Trains of this Railway will run Daily (Sundays excepted) as follows:—

Trains will leave Saint John.

Day Express,	7.20
Accommodation,	11.30
Express for Sussex,	16.35
Express for Halifax and Quebec,	18.00

A Sleeping Car will run daily on the 18.00 Train to Halifax.

On Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday a Sleeping Car for Montreal will be attached to the Quebec Express, and on Monday, Wednesday and Friday a Sleeping Car will be attached at Moncton.

Trains will Arrive at Saint John.

Express from Halifax and Quebec,	7.00
Express from Sussex,	8.15
Accommodation,	15.20
Day Express,	18.30

Trains will leave Halifax.

Day Express,	6.00
Truro Accommodation,	15.30
Express for Saint John and Quebec,	18.00

A Sleeping Car runs Daily on the 18.00 Train to Saint John.

On Monday, Wednesday and Friday a Sleeping Car for Montreal will be attached to the Quebec Express, and on Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday a Sleeping Car for Montreal will be attached at Moncton.

Trains will arrive at Halifax.

Truro Accommodation,	8.15
Express from Saint John and Quebec,	8.30
Day Express,	18.20

A Passenger Car will leave Bedford for North Street at 11.07, and returning will leave North Street for Bedford at 12.30, daily.

All Trains are run by Eastern Standard Time.

D. POTTINGER, Chief Superintendent.
Railway Office, Moncton, N. B., November 20th, 1888.

ALBION HOUSE,

22 Sackville St.,

HALIFAX, N. S.

Conducted on strictly Temperance principles.

P. P. ARCHIBALD, Proprietor.

Jan 1

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