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WAR SUMMARY

THE DAYS' EVENTS REVIEWED

PREMIER KERENSKY OF Russia, in a statement issued last night, acknowledges that the situation arising out of the dispute between General Korniloff and the provisional government, is more serious than at first thought. The cabinet has been in session almost constantly since the statement was issued, and the usual confidence that he and the government will prevail. It is patent, however, that if he admitted approaching failure, a great section of his supporters would desert him and go over to the other side. The aim of General Korniloff, so far, appears merely to set up a new and stronger government, with a mandate for energetic measures for restoring the efficiency of the army. This must be done to enable Russia to give the allies in the west strong support in their projected general offensive.

The news until the present on the Russian situation, coming as it does from the capital, gives the more favorable side for the government. The extreme radicals, socialists and anarchists support the administration, while the Constitutional Democrats are wavering in their allegiance. The ministry has hitherto shown a proneness to inaction and an inclination to pile manifesto on manifesto. Korniloff appears to have stolen a march on the government when he garrisoned Petrograd partly with his own adherents among the soldiers. To close observers of the Russian situation it has been long clear that the country might have to submit to a military dictatorship. Korniloff, being a great soldier, would hardly cast die before assuring himself of success.

The Russian generals, who did much to expose the evils of the old regime and their starvation of the army and its munitioning, have shown the greatest of patience towards the provisional government, and its tampering with the efficiency of the soldiery, creating even worse conditions in the temper of the troops than under the autocracy. They had the harrowing experience of seeing the results of a whole year's campaign thrown away in Galicia, thru no fault of their own. Worse even than that, the provisional government has learned little from experience, but instead it has been preparing to withdraw completely from Europe before the threat of a German advance. Meanwhile many of its supporters have committed themselves to a program of peace without annexations or indemnities, a policy which General Alexieff said had come from Berlin.

General Korniloff is proceeding with great despatch and in a business-like manner to cut Petrograd off from the rest of the country, so as to be able to starve out those who defy him. The provisional government threatens to call out the railway employees in general strike, but Korniloff has been negotiating with them with the object of remedying their just grievances, and he may have won them over to his side. The military, besides, call take possession of the railway stations and compel the railway employees to continue their work. Before the government became aware of his intentions he seems to have made all his preparations for a coup, for his troops began to approach Petrograd almost simultaneously with the news of his great decision.

The Russians are making the preliminary dispositions and preparations for a general offensive on the front between Rumania and the Tripet Marshes, if General Korniloff succeeds in clearing up the Augean stable at Petrograd. Their airplanes have bombarded Kovel and their detachments have captured a height in the important region of Kimpolung, the neck of Rumania. On the Dvina front they have moved forward again along the Riga coast to the line of the River Indupeloisapauke against slight opposition.

The British, in heavy fighting on the Somme front yesterday, captured another German trench more than 400 yards long. The Northumberland troops also won this success. The captured position lies near Villaret, and besides making this advance the same men drove back three German attacks. The British aviators, despite a thick haze, destroyed or drove down ten German machines. One Briton adopted a new tactic when he dived to within 50 feet of the ground and set fire to a machine which he had brought down. He then made his escape altho attacked by three German machines.

The Belgians, who except for artillery fighting have been out of the war for virtually three years, show fruitful signs of preparations for undertaking an offensive. They are sending out their aviators, in 75 flights in the past two days, to photograph the German positions and to make reconnaissances. Their aircraft have fought several combats, destroying two German machines.

Franco-Russian troops, operating around Lake Malik, Macedonia, have occupied Grabovitsa, Presniliti and the heights bordering Cerveral between the two occupied villages. They have taken 150 prisoners, four machine guns, three guns and other war material. The scene of the Franco-Russian advance is the lake region west of Monastir and the movement appears as a threat to turn the positions of the enemy north of Monastir.

PRIVATE DETECTIVE FINED.

Special to The Toronto World.
Woodstock, Sept. 11.—George Tucker, a farmer of West Oxford, who has been posting as a detective in his neighborhood for some time, has pleaded guilty to a breach of the Private Detectives Act in the police court and was assessed the minimum penalty, \$200 and costs, by the police magistrate. Tucker has been going about in his neighborhood hunting up differences and arranging settlement without the parties having to resort to court proceedings.

DIES FROM INJURIES.

Special to The Toronto World.
St. Thomas, Sept. 11.—Frank Howe, a well-known farmer, aged 59 years, living near Avon, died this morning from injuries received yesterday afternoon when he fell from his wagon on to the cement floor of his barn. Mr. Howe was unloading barley from his wagon when he was knocked backwards by the sliding. The unfortunate man never regained consciousness, his skull being fractured. A widow, four sons and one daughter survive him.

HAMILTON NEWS

Hamilton, Sept. 11.—That the action of Great Britain in making an alliance with the people of the east on a basis of equality had changed the eastern situation, political, neutral and religious, was the claim of Rev. James Eadiocott, D.D., secretary of the general missionary board, at the morning session of the missionary convention, held under the auspices of the Hamilton Conference Laymen's Association, in the First Methodist Church today. Two sessions were held, with about 100 delegates present.
Plans for a city-wide conservation campaign which will continue all next week, were completed at a mass meeting of Hamilton women, held in the Y.M.C.A. this afternoon. There was large attendance, and the scheme met with instant approval.
Deportation is the fate that falls to the lot of Sam Johnson, alias Hassan, who swaggared around this city as an ex-convict, and a mass meeting was held in the presence of city and county officials, lodge and society representatives, Henry Smith, late county public school inspector, and the remains of George H. H. Cemetery this afternoon.
Rev. W. E. Gilroy, who was requested to be a delegate to the coming Labor party in Brantford in the coming Dominion elections, has declined the request.

RUSSIANS CARRY LINE IN DASH EAST OF RIGA

Allies Capture Height in Region East of Kimpolung, in Carpathians—German Attack in Rumania Defeated.

Petrograd, Sept. 11.—British admiralty, (per wireless press).—The official communication issued today says:
"On the Gulf of Riga coast our advance detachment moved to the line of the River Indupeloisapauke, meeting with slight opposition. Between the Pskoff road and the Dvina there were encounters between our troops and those of the enemy which ended favorably for us. On the remainder of the front there have been artillery duels and fusillades."
"Rumanian troops in the region south of Radautz the enemy undertook an offensive on a sector of our positions near the Village of Solko. The attack was repulsed with a Russian loss of Kimpolung our troops captured a height east of the Village of Stritpura. In some sectors in the region west of Okpa these were the Russian hardiments. An enemy offensive north-west of the Village of Stonik has been repulsed."
"Caucasus front: At Koocha Bonyong and in the region west of Wanee there have been encounters between our scouts and strong masses of Kurds. Our scouts recaptured 87 head of small cattle and 500 head of horned cattle. On the remainder of the front there is nothing to report."
"Aviation: A squadron of aeroplanes, consisting of five machines, has bombarded enemy depots and huts in the region of Dobrovo, south-east of Kovel. Ten loads of bombs were dropped. In the same region an airship dropped bombs on enemy convoys. On the Rumanian front foggy aerial combats took place on Sunday, as a result of which four enemy machines were forced to descend within their lines. Enemy aeroplanes have dropped bombs on the stations at Zamiric and Radzivilov."

BELGIAN PREPARATIONS FOR OFFENSIVE BEGIN

Allies' Aviators Make Seventy-Five Flights Over German Lines, Taking Aerial Photographs—Artillery Redoubles Bombardment.

Paris, Sept. 11.—Preparations of the Belgians for an offensive are shown in an official communication issued tonight, reporting the taking of many aerial photographs of the German positions. The communication follows:
"There was quite pronounced artillery activity in Belgium, in the sector of Casemates Plateau and on both banks of the Meuse."
"On September 10 three German airplanes were brought down in engagements with our pilots. A fourth enemy machine was destroyed by our special guns."
"Belgian communication: In the past 48 hours, in retaliation for the bombardment of our rear zone, our batteries have carried out numerous fires both day and night on enemy cantonments, depots and stations, and destroyed or silenced several batteries."
"Our trench artillery rapidly took the upper hand in bomb fighting before Dixmude an enemy patrol was dispersed by one of ours."
"Our airplanes have carried out in the last two days 75 flights, taken numerous photographs, made reconnaissances and engaged in several combats. In addition, an enemy airplane was brought down this morning inside our lines, and a second airplane was brought down in the enemy lines near Schorbeke."

ARGENTINA WILL SEND COUNT LUXBURG HOME

Latin Republic Will Take Action on Exposure of German Messages Thru Swedish Legation—Stockholm Will Do Nothing.

Buenos Aires, Sept. 11.—The long delayed despatches from Ambassador Naon, at Washington, were received by the foreign minister late this afternoon. The ambassador sent these despatches relating to the revelations regarding the Swedish legation here on Friday, but they had been sent along the road. They did not contain all the information the foreign minister desired, and the Argentine ambassador was instructed to see Secretary of State Lansing immediately for the purpose of obtaining more details.
A high official of the foreign office said this afternoon that Count Luxburg would be handed his passports, but action by the government awaits the result of the conference between Ambassador Naon and Secretary Lansing.

Students Demonstrated. Swayed by the revelations of the German-Swedish intrigue, hundreds of students took part in a great demonstration tonight. They marched thru the streets waving flags and shouting "Down with the spies!" The demonstration was anti-Swedish as well as anti-German.
Mounted patrols are guarding the city tonight. Squads of police are protecting the German and Swedish legations and the German newspaper office. Serious disorders are threatened but it is believed that the strong guards will be able to prevent outbreaks.

It is reported at the foreign office that the Argentine Government tomorrow will ask Berlin and Stockholm for explanations, and that if these governments disavow the action of their respective legations, the matter will be considered closed. The two diplomatic officials in question, Luxburg and Lowen, will be given their passports.
Swedish Assertion Denied. In a brief explanation today of its part in the transmission of the despatches to Berlin, the Swedish legation declared that the despatches had been accepted in the same manner as the Swedish Government had forwarded despatches for the British and

American governments. It was added by the legation that the despatches were not recalled according to a statement made to the members of the legation.
It was stated at the British legation that the Swedish legation at Buenos Aires had never forwarded any despatches on the British account.
LOWEN WILL STAY.
Stockholm, Sept. 11.—Baron Lowen, the Swedish minister to Argentina, will not be recalled according to a statement made to the press tonight by Admiral Lindman, minister of foreign affairs.
The foreign minister told the newspaper men that Baron Lowen was not blameable for the tenor of the messages which passed thru the Swedish legation, sent by the German charge to the Berlin foreign office, and as he had acted in good faith and did not know the contents of the despatches he would not be recalled.

ADMITS GRAVE OFFENCE.

Copenhagen, Sept. 11.—The Politiken publishes an interview with the Swedish Socialist leader, Hjalmar Branting, regarding the Swedish exposures in Argentina, quoting him as saying:
"The government has acted in an utterly indefensible manner. Our foreign ministry assumed the function of transmitter of telegrams for the German Government and allowed itself to forward communications without investigating the nature of their contents. The foreign ministry continued this practice, despite the fact that the government was given to understand in 1915 that such action was undesirable."
"The Swedish Government naturally undertook the forwarding of German despatches in good faith and with confidence that its assistance would not be abused. That, however, does not make the responsibility less heavy for the persons who permitted the practice to continue under the present system until it ended in an unpardonable scandal."
"Wallenberg (former minister of

FIVE KILLED AT LEVEL CROSSING

Ottawa Pastor and Four Others Victims of Collision at Vars, Ont.

Ottawa, Sept. 11.—Four people were killed instantly and one fatally injured when a G. T. R. train crashed into an automobile at a level crossing at Vars, Ontario. The victims are: John Orr, farmer of Carlsbad Springs, who died in the hospital this morning; Dr. John E. Mavety, pastor of Western Methodist Church, Ottawa; Mrs. John Orr and her twelve-year-old daughter; Mrs. Orton Hodgson, of Carlsbad Springs.
The party was returning to Carlsbad Springs from a church social at Vars.
Dr. Mavety was one of the best-known divines of the Methodist Church in Ontario. He is survived by two daughters, Florence at home in Ottawa, and Mrs. A. E. Reynolds, wife of the pastor of Douglas Methodist Church in Montreal.
A seventeen-year-old son is the only surviving member of John Orr's family. Mrs. Hodgson is survived by her husband, J. O. Hodgson, merchant of Carlsbad Springs, and her four children. Funeral arrangements have not been made.

SENATE REFUSES TO MODIFY C.N.R. BILL

Series of Amendments Offered by Opposition Rejected.

ADOPTION OF CLAUSES

Proposals to Alter Personnel of Arbitration Board Not Entertained.

Ottawa, Sept. 11.—In the upper house this afternoon a number of opposition amendments to the C. N. R. bill were rejected by the government. Senator Cloran's amendment providing that the claims of laboring employees should be referred to the arbitrators for consideration in connection with the valuation of the stock. This amendment was declared lost, and the second clause of the bill was adopted.
Senator Beique offered an amendment providing that no part of the \$25,000,000 set apart for payment should be applied to the payment of debts incurred on behalf of any company that was not now included in the C. N. R. system to be acquired by the government. This was declared lost.
The fourth and last section of the bill, Senator Beique moved that the senior judge of the exchequer court of Canada should be the third arbitrator; that the owners and pledgees of the stock and securities should appoint another; and that the third should be named by the chief justice of Canada. This amendment was declared lost.
The senior judge of the exchequer court of Canada should be the third arbitrator on the valuation of the stock shares. He said that it was the business of the public to value railway and other properties.
Senator Loughheed said that as the bill would give the government in the position of naming two of the three arbitrators, he declined to accept the amendment, which was negatived.

CIVIL WAR IN RUSSIA STARTS

(Continued from Page 1).
enjoins absolute calm and urges complete submission to the government and its representatives. (Signed) "Kerensky."
PLEA FOR SUPPORT.
London, Sept. 11.—A despatch received here, emanating from the Russian official news agency, says the central committee of the workmen and soldiers' delegates and the committee of peasants have addressed an appeal to the army, railwaymen and telegraph operators urging them not to obey orders issued by General Korniloff and to accept only orders of the provisional government.
The despatch says that Kerensky has addressed a similar appeal to the railwaymen. The fourth Cosack regiment of the Petrograd garrison, it is said, has announced its loyalty to the provisional government.
The despatch concludes by saying that General Vassilievski, commander of the troops in Petrograd, has been relieved of his post, and that Adjutant Captain Kozmin has been appointed temporarily to the post.
For semi-formal functions the morning coat and waistcoat is correct. Score's Estate Sale features a very extra value at \$25.
COLLAPSED ON STREET.
Teddy Watta, aged 13, 62 North Huron street, collapsed on the street in front of 657 Yonge street last night, and was taken to the Hospital for Sick Children in the police ambulance. Watta ate a number of chocolate-coated pills, and it was necessary to apply the stomach pump. He recovered sufficiently late in the evening to be taken to his home.
foreign affairs) and Lindman (the present minister of foreign affairs) are equally responsible. The revelations show plainly that my party's steady complaint regarding the one-sided orientation of the foreign policy was justified. It is clear that what has now happened will make Sweden's position still more difficult than before. I believe that it will be impossible to convince the American public that Sweden in all this affair only served as a postbox for Germany."
With respect to the inner political consequences which the affair was apt to have in the election campaign, Branting asked to be excused from expressing an opinion in the present state of the affair.



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It is not boasting to say that the Score's Estate Sale affords a marvelous opportunity to the man who will have his clothes made to measure and is satisfied with nothing less than the high quality in the woollens—and the superior workmanship in the tailoring—and the individuality and distinctiveness for which the name Score's is a guarantee. How to secure such magnificent stocks as we are showing has been a problem, but we have mastered every difficulty in getting the goods and having them transported, and more representative assortments of the products of the world's most famous looms could hardly have been collected—

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FALL OVERCOATINGS

	Regular price	Sale price
Balaclava—Our own make; all sizes in stock	\$38.00	\$30.00
Scotch Tweed Overcoats	40.00	32.00
Cork Street Cheviot Overcoats	35.00	30.00
Irish Donegal Overcoats	43.00	35.00
English Llama Overcoats	38.00	30.00
English Vicuna Overcoats	42.00	35.00
Irish Blarney Overcoats	40.00	32.00

WINTER OVERCOATINGS

	Regular price	Sale price
Balaclava—Our own make; all sizes in stock	\$38.00	\$30.00
Heavy Grey Cheviot Overcoats	40.00	32.00
Heavy Grey English Overcoats	40.00	32.00
Heavy Saxony Overcoats	42.00	36.00
Heavy Grey Crombie Overcoats	44.00	36.00
Heavy English Thibet Overcoats	46.00	38.00
Heavy Llama Overcoats	48.00	42.00
Heavy Vicuna Overcoats	50.00	42.00
Fleece Wool Ulster Overcoats	48.00	40.00

SUITS

	Regular price	Sale price
Scotch Tweed Suits	\$36.00	\$30.00
Scotch Bannockburn Suits	38.00	32.00
Irish Blarney Suits	40.00	34.00
Irish Tweeds Suits	42.00	36.00
Irish Donegal Suits	45.00	38.00
Scotch Homespun Suits	44.00	36.00
Kilmarnock Tweeds	44.00	36.00
English Worsteds, hard finish suits	41.00	32.00
English Worsteds, hairline suits	45.00	38.00
English Worsteds, plain grey suits	45.00	38.00
English Worsteds, Oxford grey suits	48.00	40.00
English Worsteds, Cambridge grey suits	48.00	40.00
English Worsteds, pinhead suits	45.00	38.00
English Worsteds, fancy all-color suits	48.00	40.00
Irish Blue Serge, guaranteed indigo, suits	36.00	30.00
Irish Rough Cheviot, blue suits	38.00	32.00
Irish Rough Cheviot, black suits	38.00	32.00
English Vicuna Blue Twill Suits	40.00	34.00
English Blue Serge Twill Suits	38.00	32.00
English Blue Serge Serge Suits	40.00	34.00
Morning Coat and Vest, English llama	24.00	20.00
Morning Coat and Vest, grey cheviot	36.00	30.00
Morning Coat and Vest, grey vicuna	38.00	32.00
Morning Coat and Vest, grey worsted	40.00	34.00
English Worsted Trousers	10.00	7.00

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PETROGRAD QUIET NO ALARM SHOWN

(Continued from Page 1).

that weeks ago General Korniloff began under various pretexts to take tactical administrative measures in order to concentrate troops for action against Petrograd. Declaring that he desired to prevent military congestion, he withdrew from the capital and his envoys troops devolved to the provisional government. It is declared, but at the same time sent to Petrograd various units, particularly cavalry, which he considered certain to support himself.
Korniloff's Preparations. General Korniloff, however, had not had time to remove all the government troops. It appears from this account, and there are believed to be pro-Korniloff troops in and around the city, and particularly on the railroad between Pskoff and Ono, the superiority of the forces in Petrograd is believed to be on the side of the provisional government.
It is stated also that the pro-Korniloff troops in Petrograd had no prior knowledge of the plot. They have so far been quiet, but among them is proceeding a dangerous ferment, primarily directed against the Bolshevik majority of the garrison. The government party declares that no troops at the rear will support the revolt.
Army in Dark. Up to late Sunday night the rank and file of the army at the front was ignorant of General Korniloff's coup. Premier Kerensky is in hourly communication with his commissaries at the front, who are instructed firmly to oppose the pro-Korniloff agitation among the soldiery, and in particular to prevent the infection spreading among regiments which are known to be on the side of the government.
The Ivestia declares that con-

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GAZETTED FLYING OFFICERS.
Canadian Associated Press Cable.
London, Sept. 11.—Lieuts. R. R. Hiley, J. W. Edwards, S. M. Duncan and G. M. Gullion have been gazetted as flying officers.