Soldiers Honored by King

Canadian Associated Press Cable.

London, Aug. 8.—The following have been created companions of St. Michael and St. George: Lt.-Col. James K. Arthur Hesketh, Strathconas; Major-General Sydney Chilton Mewburn, Major-General Erastus William Wilson, Brigadier Thomas Hemming, Colonel Charles Stephen McInnes, Colonel David William Macpherson.

BRITAIN WILL SEE SERBIA RESTORED

Premier Lloyd George Promises Freedom of Country After War.

GUARDIANS OF GATES

Lord Robert Cecil Believes Aims Reconcilable With Italy.

London, Aug. 8.—(Via Reuter's Ottawa Agency.)—At a luncheon given today in the Savoy Hotel in honor of the premier of Serbia, M. Pasitch, Mr. Lloyd George said we were indebted to M. Pasitch and M. Venizelos, of Greece, more than he could say at the present time.

Serbia, he said, which had been covered by the dirt of Turkish barbarism, was about cleansed, and would yet appear fresh and wonderful. The first condition of peace was complete restoration without reservation. However long the war may last, added Mr. Lloyd George, British honor was involved in seeing Serbia freed.

"Serbia and Belgium are the guardians of the gates, and bravely have they defended them. The Serbian people, altho overwhelmed, were never disheartened, and are still guarding the gate. We extend again the hand of friendship to Serbia. We will go thru the war together to the end."

In the course of his speech, Lord Robert Cecil declared that he was convinced there was no inconsistency between the aims of Italy and those of Serbia.

Premier Pasitch, whom Lord Cecil described as the grand old man of Serbia, after expressing his deepest thanks for what Britain had done for the small nations, said that Germany now spoke of an honorable peace. Such a peace could only be secured if the peoples now under Austro-German rule were set free.

"If," he said, "France gets back Alsace-Lorraine, if the Italians accomplish unity with their still undeemed bredhren; if the unity of Serbs and Slovens is achieved; if the Czechs and Slovaks are united and independent, and if the Polish and Ruthenion questions are solved then only will a hoorable peace be secured."

HAD FINGERS CRUSHED.

Thomas Leadlow, residing on McGee street, had two fingers on one of his hands badly crushed yesterday afternoon when caught in a machine at the Pathe Phonograph Company's plant. He was taken to the Western Hospital.

RUSSIAN MINISTRY AUGURS SUCCESS

Kerensky Models War Cabinet on Style of Other Allies.

TO DISPLAY ENERGY

New Government Will Restore Order in New Republic.

Paris, Aug. 8.—Recent events in Russia and the German ministerial changes were commented on today by Jules Cambon, general secretary to the ministry of foreign affairs, in an interview with The Associated Press. M. Cambon expressed sanguine hope for the success of the new Kerensky ministry. He said that Premier Kerensky appears to be invested with a kind of dictatorship which the allies hope he will exercise to the limit of its powers and his decision to reconstitute the war committee according to the model already existing among the allies augurs well.

The presence of M. Savinkoff in the Russian war ministry, M. Cambon says, is reassuring, as is the choice of M. Tchernoff as the minister of agriculture. M. Savinkoff, he said, took the initiative in reestablishing the death penalty for acts contrary to military discipline.

"The ministry seems to constitute an energetic government," M. Cambon added, "and should be an excellent instrument in the hands of Premier Kerensky for the restoring of order in Russia's house."

Regarding the ministerial developments in Germany, M. Cambon said:

"The changes in the Michaelis ministry by the addition of one Socialist and one Catholic are not of a nature to alter the opinion already expressed concerning the policy of the new chancellor. Dr. Spahn, the Catholic member, especially has compromised himself too clearly by his annexationist declarations of December 9, 1915, and April 5, 1916, to permit one to consider his addition as a sign of pacific intention by Germany. Germany wants peace just as Shylock, on the condition that peace brings the pound of flesh which it covets in the form of political and territorial influence in regions it has invaded."

WAR SUMMARY

THE DAY'S EVENTS REVIEWED

THE Russians, fortified by an infusion of discipline, have turned on the enemy at the confluence of the Rivers Zbrocz and the Dniester, in the region of Chotin, and driven him from two villages and some heights. In this attack they took four machine guns and 307 rank and file prisoners. Unofficial reports mention a Russian evacuation of two fortresses in Podolia, both some distance from the region of Chotin, where the new offensive has begun. This retiring movement has probably its origin in the necessity of reducing the sharp curve in the Russian line, caused by the recent retirement. The German attacks in the region of Brody have begun with a bang and ended in a fizzle, for the Russians first broke their full force so that they only made partial gains of ground and then turned on the foe and drove him back to his own trenches.

* * * * *

The offensive launched by Von Mackensen in the Fokshani region of Moldavia has not lost its momentum, but has actually succeeded in pressing the Russians back a short distance further. The enemy does not claim that he has taken any prisoners, and the Russian retirement is therefore orderly. They have therefore not lost control of the local situation. The slowness of the enemy's advance will most probably give sufficient time for reinforcements to arrive to check him. The Rumanians have been strict with German spies and political agents, so that the mind of the allied troops has no been upset as in eastern Galicia. The enemy admits that, in this region, bitter fighting took place.

* * * * *

The resumption of gunfire so heavy in Flanders that the reverberations are felt across the channel gives rise to the expectation that Field Marshal Haig has chosen his next objectives and is preparing to attain them. The Canadians, before the northern advance proceeds much further, will probably carry Lens, so as to permit the applying of pressure to the southern flank of the Scarpe lines. The fighting, strategically, consists of a double envelopment of the Scarpe lines. This merges into an envelopment of the left flank of the German attack. It will furnish an interesting spectacle of what the Germans can do when the British eventually pry their flank loose from the North Sea. The left flank of the German attack is the German army in France, it may be said; the right flank is the German army in Russia.

* * * * *

The French front, except where the German crown prince failed again north of the Aisne to win ground, had its chief activity confined to heavy bombardments. The persistency of the crown prince in his onsets has its explanation partly in the fact that the enemy believes that he is rapidly wearing down the French by compelling them to make costly counter-attacks. He evidently estimates that in this manner he is inflicting on the French greater losses than he receives. It is a notable fact about the British casualty lists, it is said, that they show that the strongest positions are carried with slight losses in men and that the heavy losses come from the necessity of repulsing counter-attacks. Wiseacres in modern warware therefore assert that the ideal conditions would be a continuous advance.

* * * * *

The weekly return of the British admiralty on shipping losses in the merchant service, issued yesterday, gives an increase of two in the number sunk over the previous seven days. The enemy destroyed 21 vessels of over 1,600 tons and two of less burden, and he unsuccessfully attacked 13 ships. No fishing boats were lost. The enemy thus is still concentrating his efforts against the large vessels. The moral would seem to be to build ships of moderate tonnage, say 3,000, so that a million tons of shipping would represent 333 vessels, instead of the many large ships of 5,000 to 10,000 tons now in service. The enemy during July has increased the efficiency of his submarine campaign by probably 40 to 50 per cent. over June.

* * * * *

The United States, besides sending troops to France, will send them to Italy and Russia. This action will tend to solidify the allies still further in their determination to prosecute vigorous war against the common enemy. President Wilson apparently does not regard France as in urgent need of reinforcements. The presence of American soldiers in Russia may give the desired solidarity to weak parts of the Russian line.

RUSSIA TO EMERGE POWERFUL STATE

Allies Can Depend on Her to Do Part in the War.

Washington, Aug. 8.—Russia, newest of democracies, grows stronger of heart and purpose daily, and with aid from the United States can be depended upon to do her part in the great war and emerge a powerful state. Thus was the message brought to President Wilson and Secretary of State Lansing today by Elihu Root and his fellow members of the American mission sent to Russia three months ago.

Unqualified encouragement from the United States, moral and financial, when necessary, is absolutely essential to keeping life in the new government, the commissioners agreed. A separate peace with Germany obviously is the gravest fear. Left to fight along with her present government in control, the president was told, Russia will emerge triumphant and strong, but if either by great masses of troops or clever propaganda Germany should accomplish the overthrow of the Kerensky government the outlook would be dark indeed.

INFANTRY ACTIVE IN FLANDERS AGAIN

British Carry Out Successful Raid Near Lombaertzyde.

London, Aug. 8. — Flanders, where the big guns have been booming incessantly since rain stopped the entente offensive movement early last week, has again been the scene of infantry fighting mostly on a small scale. Near the coast the British have been successful in a raid into the German lines near Lombaertzyde. Berlin officially describes this operation as an attack in force, which, it says, the Germans beat off in hand-to-hand fighting. The Teutons also record the repulse of local attacks by the British in the Bixschoote region, between Dixmude and Ypres.

Along the Aisne front and on the right bank of the Meuse, east of Verdun, artillery activities on both sides are reported.

VIOLENT GUNFIRING ALONG FRENCH FRONT

German Artillery Actively Shells Belgian Communications in Flanders.

Paris, Aug. 8.—The official statement issued by the French war office tonight reads:

"The artillery activity was rather violent in the region of Pantheon and La Royere Farm, as well as on the right bank of the Meuse in the region of the Caurieres Wood and in the Douaumont sector.

"Belgian communication: During the night the enemy artillery shelled actively part of our communications, firing with the least intensity on our organizations in the first line. The morning was calm except for some shelling before Dixmude. In the afternoon the firing was of little importance.

"Army of the east, Aug. 7: The artillery activity was moderate on the whole of the front. On the Serbian front and in the Cerna bend the enemy attempted two surprise attacks, which failed.

"British aviators bombarded enemy encampments south of Veles."

MAYOR OF MONTREAL GIVE "ANTIS" CAUTION

"Be Patient, Laurier is Sure to Win," He Says in Effect.

Montreal, Aug. 8.—An announcement that the municipality will repress with severity any attempt at disorder that may be made in connection with the enforcement of the conscription measure was made by Mayor Martin this morning.

The mayor says in the course of his statement:

"It is now evident that in spite of all the influence exercised by Borden, Sifton, Rogers and others of the same stamp, the Liberal convention which is being held at Winnipeg will give its unanimous support to Sir Wilfrid Laurier at the next election. Certain fanatics of Ontario are making desperate efforts to try to isolate the Province of Quebec at the coming elections, but so far from succeeding, if this ill-omened policy is not abandoned, it is not our province, but Ontario which will be isolated. I would not be surprised if Ontario would vote for Sir Wilfrid."

Until Further Notice.

Editor World: A report was published in yesterday's morning papers which stated that the transatlantic wireless service would be suspended until peace is declared. I might say that this is entirely without foundation.

The following is the report issued to the English newspapers by Mr. Godfrey C. Isaacs, managing director of our English company:

"I beg to inform you that in conformity with instructions received from the government at and from midnight tomorrow the 4th inst., our transatlantic service both eastbound and westbound will be discontinued until further notice. I am authorized to state that the closing of this service is in no sense brought about by any fault of the Marconi company either here or in Canada, but is purely a necessary war measure. I would be glad it for the convenience of the public who have been in the habit of using our service so largely you would publish this announcement. Marconi Wireless Telegraph Company, Limited, Godfrey C. Isaacs, managing director."

Thanking you for your kind attention.

The Marconi Wireless Telegraph Co. of Canada, Limited. M. Smyth, representative.

HAMILTON NEWS

Hamilton, Aug. 8.—There was a small attendance at the mass meeting of employers of labor, called by Mayor Booker tonight, with a view to securing men for the agricultural army, owing to the fact that earlier in the day the local branch of the Canadian Manufacturers' Association met and reported that enough volunteers had been secured. A committee, consisting of Controller Jutten, R. T. Kelly and Geo. C. Coppley, was appointed to wait on Traction Manager Walter, with a view to having special cars put on morning and night to carry the city workers going and returning to work in the country.

Twelve-year-old Frank Enright, son of P. J. Enright, 52 William street, died in the City Hospital tonight as the result of injuries received when he was knocked down earlier in the evening by Fire Chief Ten Eyck's motor car while crossing at the corner of James and King William streets.

Hamilton is going to honor the memories of her heroes of the great war who die here as the result of wounds received in action or thru being gassed, by burying them in the same plot at the Hamilton Cemetery.

The city fathers have a hard nut to crack in the matter of disposing of unsold city debentures of which there are $725,000 reposing in the vaults of the Bank of Hamilton at the present time. Controller Jutten stated that there was no occasion to worry, as the city had a sinking fund of $600,000 deposited at the same bank.

Over three hundred happy children took part in the annual picnic that was held at Dundurn Park today under the auspices of the Playgrounds Association.

Benjamin Torella, with several aliases, was arrested at Milwaukee, Wis., today. He is wanted in Hamilton on a charge of larceny. When taken into custody he had a young woman about 19 with him, who says she is his wife. The woman had letters on her addressed to her mother, Mrs. Ernest House, Grimsby.

Following their inspection by Major-General F. L. Lessard today, the Canadian Mounted Rifles will leave tomorrow for Winona, where they will go into camp for a week. Owing to the fact that no calls for drafts have been made upon the Mounted Rifles, a local officer stated that, as the unit is the only mounted regiment in Canada there was a possibility that they would be kept in the country for patrol duty.

Major-General W. A. Logie, G. O. C., will present the Military Cross to Regimental Sergt.-Major John Anderson of the original Princess Pats, before a gathering of military authorities at the city hall tomorrow morning.

The number on a motorcycle side-car enabled Detective Sayers to place 19-year-old Minnie McConnell of Galt under arrest today on a charge of child desertion. A three-months-old baby was found about a week ago near Strongman's Hill.

Flight-Lieut. Malcolm C. Crerar, youngest son of Mrs. P. D. Crerar, is reported to have died of injuries received in an accident on Aug. 3 last.

For pushing a baby carriage along the street, which, when searched, was found to contain 43 bottles of "firewater," Victoria Druanewski, 63 Agincourt street, appeared before Magistrate Jelfs and was fined $200 or spend the next three months in jail.

That the local Socialists will contest the riding in East Hamilton at the next election with an anti-conscriptionist candidate was the story in circulation today. Lockhart Gordon, who, some years ago, contested East Hamilton, is their choice.

While working at the Dominion Soap factory this afternoon William McWhinnie, 56 Augusta street, and John Clayton, 348 North Emerald street, were severely burned by boiling lye.

Suffering from the effects of chloride poisoning, Mrs. Margaret Kilender, 75 Franklin street, was taken to the City Hospital today. Mrs. Kilender was taking some medicine, and in mistake used the wrong bottle. It is said that she will recover.

Hamilton lost one of its oldest citizens tonight when death removed Mrs. Margaret Kully, 192 North Emerald street.

Mrs. F. J. Lockinby, Charlton Avenue Apartments, died tonight at the age of 66 years.

WENTWORTH STUDENTS PASS JUNIOR "MATRIC."

Wentworth County candidates who have passed the examination for honor junior matriculation are given below. The standing obtained in each subject is indicated after a candidate's name, (I) indicating first-class honors, (II) second-class honors and (III) third class honors respectively:

M T Barry, Math. II.; J. M. Bates, Eng. III., Fr. III., Chem. III., Biol. III.; K. F. Crowther, Eng. III., Hist. III., Fr. I., Ger. I., L. D. Dingle, Eng. III., Latin III., Fr. III.; D. Epstein, Eng. III., Fr. III., Ger. I.; R. H. Fleming, Eng. III., Chem. III.; W. Hodges, Fr. I.; E. M. Jones, Eng. III., Chem. III.; N. M. Kirk, Eng. II., Phys. III.; C. H. Laird, Math. III.; H. W. Marshall, Math. II.; T. A. Martin, Math. II.; N. L. Mathews, Eng. II., Latin II., Fr. III., Ger. II.; C. A. Morrell, Eng. II., Hist. III., Chem. III., Biol. III.; E. E. Sparks, Fr. I.; L. M. Smith, Eng. III., Latin II., Fr. III., Ger. III.; A. L. Sommerville, Eng. III., Ger. II.; W. W. Terryberry, Eng. III., Math. I., Fr. I., Phys. I.; W. L. Turnbull, Eng. III., Math. III., Latin III., Fr. III.; N. E. Ward, Math. II.; D. Wilson, Eng. II., Latin II., Ger. III.

RUSSIAN DRIVE IN CHOTIN REGION

(Continued from Page 1).

place. We made prisoner seven officers and 300 men anl captured four machine guns.

"During the course of Tuesday the enemy continued his persistent attacks between the Fokshani-Marazchti railroad and the River Sereth (Moldavia) and pressed back our troops to the north of Bisigeschi. There have been fusillades on the remainder of the front.

"Caucasus front: In the region of Hoshaba, forty versts southeast of Van, our troops scattered a band of Kurds. In the region of Dizy, eighty versts to the west of Urm, our detachments of volunteers put to flight bands of Kurds, killing 64 of them and taking ten men prisoner.

"There have been fusillades on the rest of the front."

Bitter Fighting at Fokshani.

The German war office statement today reads:

"Front of Prince Leopold of Bavaria: There were no operations on a large scale.

"Front of Archduke Joseph: In the wooded Carpathians Austro-Hungarian regiments, by a storming attack, took possession of several strongly defended mountain summits. South of Casinului and north of the Lepsa Monastery fresh Rumanian attacks were repulsed.

"Front of Field Marshal von Mackensen: At the point of penetration of enemy lines to the north of Fokshani bitter fighting took place. We extended our successes. The Russians and Rumanians carried out strong but futile counter-attacks. It was ascertained from prisoners that 12 enemy regiments took part in the fight.

"Macedonia front: There is nothing new to report."

FRENCH MAKE GAIN NEAR BIXSCHOOTE

British Repulse Attempted Raids—Heavy Rain Falls in Flanders.

London, Aug. 8.—To the northwest of Bixschoote, the French gained further ground against the Germans during the day, while the British repulsed attempted raids by hostile contingents on several points on their front, according to the official communication issued tonight. A heavy rain is again falling in Flanders, the statement adds.

NEW SUMMER NECKWEAR SPECIALLY PRICED AT SCORE'S.

This is a little shipment of choice imported ties that owing to transportation conditions was a little belated in getting to us, and we're making a special price inducement to clear the line immediately. They are English crepe four-in-hand ties of a liberal shape. Summery things to wear on days when one leaves the waistcoat on the peg. Light and tan grounds with mauve and green figures. Others have grey grounds with purple and green figures. The coolest color combination one could select from patterns that are novel but favor the old-fashioned Paisley effects. Regular one-fifty value for $1.25. R. Score & Son, Limited, tailors and haberdashers, 77 King street west.

"AVOID ELECTION" SAY WOMEN OF BRANDON

Brandon, Man., Aug. 8.—Representative women of Brandon held a meeting last evening under the auspices of the local council of women and passed a resolution imploring the Liberal convention meeting in Winnipeg to "prevent a general election with its terrible waste of time, money and energy and inevitable turmoil."

The women were "unanimously in favor of a coalition government pledged to the enforcement of conscription and with the one purpose of winning the war."

It was decided to hold a mass meeting of women next week.

Big Business Wants Strong Type of Man

These Men Are the Ones That Are Always in Great Demand by Progressive Business Firms.

No matter what industry it is—when business is slack, the market crowded or the season dull and slow—the "axe" is sure to fall on the great army of the employed and many are laid off.

Have you ever stopped to consider what type of man or woman the "axe" strikes first? Is it the big, strong, healthy type, full of energy and vigor; or is it the nervous, anaemic, weak and rundown person who complains of this and that work and is always watching the time clock in order to get away? There is no doubt in your mind that the first type is the one who holds the job and the other succumbs to the "weeding out" process.

The employer realizes that the strong, healthy man or woman produces more work with greater efficiency and in much less time. Hence an advantageous investment for any business organization.

There is no place in the business world for a rundown, weak and nervous man.

Most all the functional weaknesses and disorders can be traced directly to weak nerves and depleted vitality. The nerves govern absolutely every process which goes on in our bodies.

Every great man of history or business—every successful man of today—has stamina and more than an average amount of energy. Some have been especially endowed with this wonderful quality, as were Lincoln, Napoleon and others; some developed it, as Gladstone and Roosevelt.

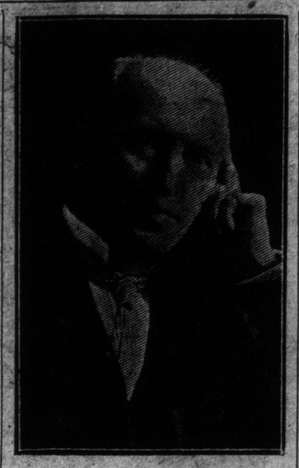
Should the world's failures be listed there would be a long line; and the reason for them would astonish the world. They are not due to lack of brains, but lack of physical stamina and vitality.

HAM-LAX, the great internal antiseptic tonic, and HAM-RAY, the powerful electric device, stimulate the nerves. They do even more—they build up the tissues, invigorate the system, vitalize the blood, assimilate the food, create appetite, relieve headaches, sleeplessness, nausea, sour stomachs, dizziness and indigestion. HAM-LAX and HAM-RAY have proven invaluable for ailments that originate from the stomach, kidneys, liver and catarrhal affections of the mucous membrane.

Yesterday Mr. Hardigan, of this city, called at the HAM-LAX Co., 16 King west, in a most delighted frame of mind. "I hardly know how to express myself, I am so gratified at the astonishing results effected in my case. For years I was troubled with Catarrh of the Stomach. It was in such a condition that I could not keep any food on it, and had no appetite whatever. I was nervous and could not get any sleep at night. My liver was sluggish and I had dreadful pains across my back. After taking two treatments with the HAM-RAY and one bottle of HAM-LAX I felt an entirely different man. My appetite returned and the pains across my back completely disappeared. I can eat anything I wish now without the fear I previously had. HAM-LAX and HAM-RAY certainly are worth their weight in gold, and I am recommending them to all my friends."

Dozens of other names are on file who have been relieved instantaneously by these treatments.

HAM-LAX and HAM-RAY are being introduced at 16 King street west, where free demonstration and lectures are given each day between the hours of 10 to 12 and 2 to 4. You or any member of your family are cordially invited to attend. If you are suffering do not delay. This may be the turning point of your life.



PREMIER ARTHUR L. SIFTON, of Alberta, who moved resolution strongly censuring Borden government's conduct of war.

LIBERALS FACE IN BOTH WAYS

(Continued from Page 1).

which would be organized by the leaders of the Liberal party.

Omits Laurier's Name.

This declaration was greeted with applause, altho it was observed that Dr. Neely declared that the leaders of the party would organize the government and did not mention in this connection the name of Sir Wilfrid Laurier. He then read to the convention the resolution, which declared, among other things, that Canada should confer with the mother country and see what service she could best render in winning the war. It further declared that our forces at the front must be kept unimpaired and that reinforcements must be secured by all means that became necessary.

Mobilization of Resources.

It also declared for mobilization of all the resources of the nation in man-power and wealth; for the extinction of profiteering; for the recovery in behalf of the national treasury of all extortionate profits reaped since the commencement of the war from the sale of necessaries to the people or supplies to the government. It also declared for income tax and a continued tax on excessive profits and for a mobilization of the industrial as well as the military forces of the nation.

The resolution seemed to meet with universal favor. There was much cheering, followed by a scene of wild enthusiasm when Capt. Clifford Reilly stepped forward to make his seconding speech. Capt. Reilley spoke briefly, but to the point, and, as a soldier from the front, declared that winning the war could be better accomplished by conciliation and harmony than by discord and disunion. The convention seemed ready to adopt the resolution, when J. G. Turriff, M.P. for Assiniboia, ascended the platform to move an amendment.

Turriff's Amendment.

Mr. Turriff said he had voted for the conscription bill, and had no apologies to make for having done so. He cordially approved the resolution. It evidently meant conscription, and so he thought Dr. Neely and the convention understood it. However, he thought it better to make it more explicit, and would, therefore, add a four-word amendment. After that phrase of the resolution which declared that our forces at the front must be maintained unimpaired, Mr. Turriff moved that these words be added: "By compulsion if necessary."

Strong Warning Given.

"Elect a government on a no-conscription policy with a solid Quebec behind it, for no leader, even an archangel, could carry on the war as it is being carried on now or as we would like to see it carried on," he declared. Mr. Turriff then told of Sir Wilfrid's refusal to pledge himself to the conscriptionist members to give conscription if voluntary service failed. He advocated a coalition, union, or national government as the only method of vigorously prosecuting the war, and believed that the country desired it. The convention, he said, could do as it liked, but he proposed to be true and loyal to the men at the front.

It was explained by a member of the resolutions committee, G. P. Smith, M.L.A., Camrose, Alta., that Mr. Turriff had been unable to secure a seconder for his amendment in the committee. Another amendment, moved by Messrs. Gibbon and Jones, of Winnipeg, declaring for national government, was ruled out of order.

Oppose Amendment.

Dr. Neely, replying to Mr. Turriff, said the resolution had been carefully drafted so as not to contain a superfluous word or line. In his opinion the Turriff amendment would weaken, not strengthen, the resolution. The resolution expressly declared that the government should take "all steps necessary" to fill the gaps in our lines at the front. The resolution as presented to the convention provided for mobilizing the wealth as well as the man power of the nation.

Hon. T. H. Johnson, Manitoba minister of public works, asked if the Turriff amendment was necessary and there was a general chorus of "No, No" from the convention.

Mr. Beveridge, a Winnipeg lawyer, supported the amendment and eulogized Mr. Turriff personally.

Captain Reilley again spoke in favor of the resolution as reported from the committee. He said Mr. Turriff had voted for the resolution and his amendment was unnecessary. The resolution breathed the spirit of harmony and conciliation, which it had been the life ambition of Sir Wilfrid Laurier to bring about. (Applause).

Several other delegates insisted upon speaking for and against the amendment to the great disgust of the crowd, which was impatient to vote. There were, however, cries for Hon. Frank Oliver. Mr. Oliver did not respond, but Premier Sifton spoke against the Turriff amendment. He said the resolution as reported from the committee was the strongest conscription resolution ever proposed in Canada, for it provided alike for conscription of men and conscription of wealth.

Denounce Borden.

Just before the noon adjournment Premier Arthur L. Sifton reported from the committee on resolutions a sweeping condemnation of the war administration of the Borden government. He supported the same in a vigorous partisan speech. He said it had been adopted by a rising vote in committee, and urged that it receive the same treatment from the convention. Thereupon all the delegates arose and amid considerable cheering the resolution was declared adopted. It is much the same resolution as Hon. Charles Cross presented to the committee on resolutions last night, except that it omits a paragraph in favor of Sir Wilfrid Laurier. The Sifton resolution condemning the war policy of the Borden government follows:

The Sifton Resolution.

The Sifton resolution is as follows:

This convention of the Liberals of the four western provinces of the Dominion, assembled for the purpose of assisting in solution of the many serious problems facing Canada at the present crisis, feels compelled to place on record its most severe disapproval of the war administration of the Borden Government. War is essentially the business and concern of the entire nation and not of any section, class or political party. It can be waged to the greatest advantage only when behind its prosecution all classes of the people are enlisted in the same passionless determination to defend the right and triumph over the forces of despotism and unrighteousness.

An attempt to arrogate to one section of the people or one political party a monopoly of its prosecution and the prestige of the conduct of a national struggle for freedom for existence can be characterized only as base and unworthy in the highest degree.

Because the Borden Government has sought from the outset to make our national life and death struggle a prerogative of one political party, to the exclusion of one-half of the Canadian people, and an instrument for selfish political advantage rather than the triumph of national ideals; because it has exhibited gross incompetence and inefficiency in the face of national peril; because it has substituted partisan selfishness for honor and fair dealing; because dissension has overcome leadership in its councils and weakness and vacillation have taken the place of firmness, resolution, courage and efficiency in execution, we condemn it as no longr entitled to the confidence of the Canadian people.

Agree on Vital Plank.

At about 5.30 p.m. the committee on resolutions entered the hall, and it was announced that they had unanimously agreed upon the vital plank of the platform, and that the same would be presented to the convention by Dr. Neely, conscription Liberal member for Humboldt, and would be seconded by Capt. Reilley, vice-chairman of the convention. Before Dr. Neely could be heard, however, a hurry call came for the committee to reassemble in their room, and they left the hall in a body with the understanding that they would return and report at 8 p.m., to which hour the convention adjourned.

Conscientious Objectors Are Employed Even in War Office

Canadian Associated Press Cable.

London, Aug. 8.—Answering Sir Kinloch Cooke in the commons tonight the war secretary had no official information that persons avoiding military service in Canada by claiming conscientious objection to fighting would not be given employment in civil service. The question was evidently prompted by the fact that conscientious objectors were discovered in the civil service here, some employed even in the war office departments continuously.

Union Government Asked By Army and Navy Veterans

Winnipeg, Aug. 8.—Army and navy veterans last night adopted a resolution which they will seek to present to a representative committee from the Liberal convention urging the necessity of a national government "composed of representatives of the two great political parties, representatives of labor, agriculture and other industries and other important classes of our people for the purpose of carrying out the proposed policy of conscription and an aggressive win-the-war program."

WHEN you go to "Luke" you are not fitted with "the nearest" to your requirements. We are equipped to grind our own lenses, and, more than that, we can tell from examination exactly what your eyes require, and we see that you get that. Consult "Luke," a careful, experienced optician.

(Glass Eyes Correctly Fitted)

Marriage Licenses Issued.

F. E. LUKE OPTICIAN
167 Yonge St. (Upstairs)
Opposite Simpson's

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