

**T. EATON CO.**  
ONE CENT MORNING PAPER  
NO. 88 YONGE STREET, TORONTO.  
Branch Office: No. 15 Adelaide, Hamilton  
H. E. Sayers, Agent.  
TELEPHONE: 1-1784.  
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Editorial Room: 223.  
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Daily (Sunday included) by the month, \$4.00

YONGE AND QUEEN STREETS, April 5, 1937.

## More About Gloves

Here are three items to show the values we are offering in Gloves this week. No need to say much about them, each price speaks for itself:

- Ladies' 4 large pearl button Kid Gloves, with colored welts and stitching, in tan, mode and fawn, regular price \$1 pair. Special at..... **.69**
- Ladies' Extra Choice French Kid Gloves, with gusset fingers and heavy silk stitched backs and welts to match, in all the new shades and very special, at..... **1.15**
- Ladies' Fine French Kid Gloves, The Melrose, with gusset fingers, in tan, fawn, mode, brown and black, every pair guaranteed..... **.75**

Gloves are a very essential feature of the Easter costume and women will be interested in the guarantee we give of most of ours.

## New Spring Millinery.

The Millinery Department on the first floor is one of the busiest places in the store. And no wonder. Where else would you find such an elegant assortment of Millinery Novelties? Paris, London and New York have contributed to the dainty collection, while the creations from our own workrooms add to the excellent displays. You will be surprised at the small prices we are asking. This list of New York Hats will give an idea of the values:

- Bicycle Hats, trimmed and untrimmed, all kinds, all styles, including the very latest. Each from 35c to... **2.50**
- Sailor Hats, trimmed and ready to wear, in black, white or navy... **.23**
- New York Dress Hats, over 300 styles to choose from, an excellent collection. Each from..... **.35**
- Short Back Sailors, in all the leading braids, styles, colors. From..... **.59**
- Java Sailors, in natural shades, now in great demand in New York. From..... **1.25**
- Java Dress Hats, in a dozen different styles, all leaders, each from..... **1.75**
- Sailor Hats, stylish shapes, untrimmed, in black, white, brown or navy. From..... **.16**

We have a large staff of clever milliners who trim hats and bonnets to order. No matter what you want they are ready to put your ideas into practical form. Give us all the time you can. Things will be "rushing" until after Easter and orders will be executed in the order received.

## Black Dress Goods.

This stock deserves special mention. The collection is a striking evidence of our leadership in the Dress Goods trade. Among the many novelties we are showing a complete assortment of Priestley's Black Dress Goods, imported directly for our trade. Buying in large quantities puts us in a position to sell to your advantage. We have an immense range of qualities, including:

- Priestley's Black Solida.
- Priestley's Black Satin Cloth.
- Priestley's Black Silk Warp Henrietas.
- Priestley's Black Silk Warp Eudoras.
- Priestley's Black Dress Coating Serges.
- Priestley's Black Dress Estamies Serges.
- Priestley's Black Fancies.
- Priestley's Black Porens.
- Priestley's Black Crepe Cloth.
- Priestley's Black High-class Silk and Wool Novelties.

If you can't shop personally send to us for samples. Many prefer to send to us on account of the infinite variety to choose from. Besides, our styles are the newest and prices the most attractive. You can save money buying dress goods of us.

## A Special in Blankets!

Canadian and American Swans-down or Cotton Blankets, size 64 x 80 inches, in white and silver grey, with fancy border, guaranteed to be perfectly fast, assorted in plains and twills, regular value \$1 per pair. Now selling at... **.75**

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### THE TORONTO WORLD

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#### AT THE PARTING OF THE WAYS.

It is hard to credit the rumor that a certain member of the Cabinet is going to retire from politics and accept a high and honorable Government position. His acceptance of such a position at this juncture would be regarded by his friends as an unjustifiable desertion of the cause which he has recently been championing. To make such a surrender might be pardonable in the case of a man without means, but in the present instance no such excuse can be offered. If the Cabinet member in question accepts the position he will forfeit all claim to respect from those who are looking to him to prevent the Liberal party from going back on its anti-monopoly record of twenty years. If he perseveres in the course he has marked out for himself he will merit the admiration of his countrymen. If he accepts the office the Government is holding out to him and allows himself to be chloroformed he will drop into immediate and permanent insignificance. The present is the opportunity of his life. Will he choose duty or oblivion?

#### THE INSPECTION OF CATTLE.

The attempt to enforce the regulations of the Local Board of Health in regard to the inspection of dairy cattle has effected one desirable result, at least. We refer to the opinion that has been established among the milk producers. A strong organization among the producers ought to prove not less beneficial to the consumers in Toronto than to the producers themselves. The citizens of Toronto are not opposed to any combination among dairymen, but they are opposed to the securing of a decent price for the producer for the milk he sends to the city. They have, at the same time, a right to expect and demand that the milk supplied them shall be free from adulteration and free from disease. We notice that among the other things the association is trying to secure is the effective regulation of the price of milk to the wholesale dealers and the suppression of the dead-beat milk peddler. Both these objects can be attained if the farmers will unite, and stay united. The effectiveness of united action has already been proved by the defeat of the Toronto Board of Health's proposed tuberculosis inspection. We trust the association will become strong enough to place the milk business on a better basis than that on which it now rests. A good thing for both producers and consumers would be the securing of a decent price for the milk, and the suppression of the dead-beat milk peddler. Many of these middlemen cheat both producer and consumer. After running up a good-sized milk bill with the farmer, they not infrequently go out of the business, when they are either unable or unwilling to settle their indebtedness. These middlemen, being unable to make a decent livelihood, are tempted to adulterate the milk they handle. They are a nuisance to both the farmers and the residents of the city. It was to get rid of this disturbing element in the business that it was proposed at the meeting of the producers' association on Saturday that the City Council should be requested to charge a license fee of \$25 to every one engaged in the delivery of milk. The association cannot of course expect the council to impose any such a license. The association has the remedy in its own hands. Let the farmers insist on daily or weekly settlements, and the dishonest middlemen will soon be eliminated from the business. As for the inspection of dairy cattle, we are sorry that some system was not devised that would be satisfactory to both producers and consumers. We think the producers would have found it in their own interests to accept the system proposed by the Board of Health. The expenses of the inspection ought of course to be reckoned in with the other items that go to make up the cost of production, and the cost of production should determine the selling price. Although the inspection has been temporarily postponed the farmers ought to prepare themselves for the introduction, at an early stage, of a thorough system of inspection, not only of dairy cattle, but of all kinds of live stock that are used in the production of human food.

The United States is far ahead of Canada in the inspection of animals intended for human consumption, and the new Secretary of Agriculture has announced his intention of extending the system of inspection so as to guarantee the purity of all kinds of meats, whether used for domestic or foreign use. Rigid inspection is already insisted on among the cows supplying milk to many of the large American cities. The inspection of American meats for export has had the effect of increasing prices in the European market. American meats are quoted higher in Great Britain than Canadian, and the reason is solely owing to the system of cattle inspection that prevails on the other side of the border. Every animal intended for export is examined before and after slaughter, and every piece of meat is stamped and certified by a Government official before it is permitted to leave the slaughter house for export. The law is about to be amended so as to bring under the same regulation all animals and meat intended for domestic consumption. We understand Hon. Mr. Fisher is getting ready to introduce similar legislation in Canada. The system of inspection adopted by the Local Board of Health is quite imperfect. The enforcement of the regulations would have been anything but satisfactory. It would not be difficult to evade the inspection as it was proposed to be carried out. The honest dairyman would

### THE CROW'S NEST PASS.

The Province, Victoria, B.C., March 27. There can be no question about the stand taken by The Toronto World on the subject of the Crow's Nest Pass Railway. The backing and billing may have been done in the matter by The Globe, but The World's issue of the 16th inst. points out three things which the Government of Canada can do in this connection: First—To veto the Provincial Act giving the Crow's Nest coal lands to the B. C. Southern. Second—To seize the Crow's Nest Pass under the right of eminent domain, and prevent the C. P. R. from going through, putting in 500 mounted police if necessary. Third—Repeal the clause in the C. P. R. Act, which allows them to build in any direction.

#### A WORD TO THE ADELEGATE.

In discussing the mission of Signor Meri Del Val to this country, it should be premised that he is here at the request and on the invitation of the Liberal party. Mr. Laurier evidently thinks that the delegate to help him out of a difficulty. He certainly did not invite him here to further the cause of the bishops, who are seeking to re-open the school question. We take it that the only result it is possible for the delegate to effect is to convince the members of the House of Commons that the Parliament of the Dominion is subject to dictation or persuasion from Rome. And the re-opening of the case upon the abolition or through the influence of the delegate would be tantamount to such an acknowledgment. The members of the House of Commons will most effectively close the door to future remedial legislation. As we said above, Mr. Laurier has invited the delegate to Canada to convince him of the impossibility of changing the verdict of the people on this question. The Premier has been humiliated, and he is now beseeching the Pope to call off the dogs of war. The Premier no doubt expects to convince the delegate that public opinion in Canada is so strongly opposed to further concessions to the Manitoba minority that further legislation is impossible. We take it that Mr. Del Val's principal business in Canada will consist in forming an estimate of the opposition to further remedial legislation.

The World takes this opportunity of informing the worthy delegate that, as far as this city and this province are concerned, there will be no re-opening of the Manitoba question. We beg to inform him that this is not a Catholic country. It is a country where devil and religious liberty prevail. The only exception to this rule is the favoritism that has been shown to the Roman Catholics over every other denomination in the country. They alone have schools supported out of the public funds. They alone have a preferred position in this Dominion. But of class and denominational legislation there shall be no more. The Roman Catholics of Canada will receive no further special consideration. They ought to be glad to enjoy equal liberty with the rest of the community. The Public schools of Manitoba are open to them, as they are to all other citizens. If they desire exclusive schools for the education of their children, they will have to pay for them.

Will Signor Del Val please make a note of this fact: Canada will respect the rights of the Roman Catholics, but she will make no further concessions. The Manitoba school question has been settled according to the constitution. There is no grievance to remedy. The school question is settled. Please make a note of the fact, Signor.

#### TORONTO'S AUSTRALIAN SUNDAY.

Toronto is a dreary place on Sunday. No encouragement is given to rational and natural means of enjoyment. Such wholesome recreation as visiting the parks, picture galleries, museums, and the like, is regarded as a nuisance. The city is a place where the majority of the young men of Toronto spend Sunday. A raid was made on a barn in Parkdale. The opening of the year has been a success. The young men engaged in the ennobling pastime of cock-fighting. But it is in the centre and crowded sections of the city where this austere observance of Sunday produces the most deplorable results. In summer especially are the bad effects apparent. Men who otherwise would be visiting the art treasures of the Normal School, or enjoying the outdoor music at the Island, are found closeted in dark rooms, engaged in playing cards and drinking, or passing the day in some way as were the young men at Parkdale yesterday. All of which goes to prove that you can't make men go to heaven by legislation or by physical restrictions. Such legislation has always exercised a contrary effect to that intended.

#### 2000 Irish Rose Trees.

We have pleasure in drawing the attention of our Canadian friends to a consignment of our celebrated rose trees. The varieties are the cream of the very finest roses in cultivation. From these plants we cut the blooms for which we gained the highest honors in the world. Every tree is guaranteed true to name and description. These roses are now being offered at one variety only in each lot. The great possible care has been taken in packing and shipping. The roses are now in Toronto in perfect condition and at the best season of the year for planting. These roses are now being offered at one variety only in each lot. The great possible care has been taken in packing and shipping. The roses are now in Toronto in perfect condition and at the best season of the year for planting.

#### Mark from South Africa.

Guelph, April 3.—Mr. Angus Cameron, a nephew of Mr. Duncanson, a well-known man who has been in Johannesburg for a long time, has been in Guelph. He states that the country is very large, and that the population is made up of all nationalities. At the time of the raid Mr. Cameron was sick, and was instructed by the late Dr. Corrick to keep in his bed. The doctor, however, went to the front. He had a very pleasant voyage, and was very much interested in the country. He was very much interested in the country, and was very much interested in the country.

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### MRS. EDGAR'S RECEPTION.

Ottawa, March 4.—(Special.)—Mrs. Edgar's reception last night in the Speaker's apartments was undoubtedly the social event of the week. Invitations were extended to over 700 guests, most of whom availed themselves of the opportunity of making the acquaintance of Mrs. Edgar and her two charming daughters, and of seeing the House by night, the library and other places of interest. Every arrangement had been carefully made for the comfort of the guests, who began to arrive shortly after 7 o'clock and a constant stream of gallantly-dressed women and men poured down through the corridors to the drawing rooms. After greeting the hostess they were at liberty to wander about as they chose. They invaded the sacred chamber of the Commons itself, and there, during the long hours of the evening, watched carefully by anxious and proxy members, light-hearted, pretty, laughing girls and their attentive cavaliers sat and discussed questions which, judging by their admiring looks and downcast eyes, were more in the line of Cupid's affairs than of grave state questions. Other feminine groups on the Conservative side, in the midst of whom were a couple of grey-headed Senators, gathered about the desk of a late ex-Minister, and wrote frisky messages to the different absent members, amid much laughter and talk.

The press gallery, too, had its visitors. A good-looking French member of the House was evidently infuriated at a couple of white-robed maidens into the mysteries of reporting, with evident enjoyment.

Neither was the library that night a place of peace. Beautiful it always is, but on this occasion, thanks to whichever side you would, there was the inevitable black coat, white buttonhole bouquet, and a girl. You came upon them unexpectedly, for you could not hear their voices. No doubt a sense of the duties of things and the fear of the interest they still hold in the chamber, and they certainly afford to hide their faces. If the powers find it practically what it amounts to. The building of the Crow's Nest Pass Railway by the Government is blocked by the C. P. R. charter, and it is hard to say, unless the Dominion Parliament exercises its prerogative and vetoes the act, how the Dominion Government are to remain masters of the situation.

There is another aspect of the question, which is almost lost sight of by Canadians. If the Government build the road, they will apply taxation on the cost of construction. If the C. P. R. build the road, they will bond it for the cost of construction. The latter is the ratio of three to one. They will require, therefore, to earn freight worth to pay a dividend on three times the amount of the actual cost of the road. This freight, let it be remembered, will come out of Canadian pockets.

#### BOTH AGAINST BRITAIN.

##### Germany and Russia Agree—The Latest to Make for Constantinople.

New York, April 4.—James Creelman cables from Berlin to The Journal: Germany has now reached a full understanding with Russia, and the Czar is the leader in the policy of coercing the Greeks. I am informed by very high authority that the powers find it impossible to preserve the status quo. Germany will not object to a Russian advance on Constantinople. Bismarck has told friends that he was willing to let Russia take Constantinople in 1876, but the Iron Chancellor was afterwards Russia's most determined opponent.

It is all changed now. Germany recognizes England as her chief rival for power, and is resolved to make war on her everywhere, hence the sudden friendship which has sprung up between Germany and Russia. The pretensions in Africa have alarmed Germany, and the whole adjustment of European relations is rapidly changing. No details of the new Russo-German alliance further than those already recently are obtainable.

Having forced the powers to blockade Crete, the German Emperor has decided to occupy Sandjak at once, and to take the leadership of the present international diplomacy and let the great struggle for supremacy between England and Russia go on. Germany has eagerly urged Austria to occupy Sandjak at once, and to take the leadership of the present international diplomacy and let the great struggle for supremacy between England and Russia go on.

Mrs. Edgar was a handsome woman, with rich Irish point lace and diamond ornaments, and was assisted in receiving by Miss Edgar, in a pretty blue silk gown, and Miss Beatrice, in white.

Mrs. Laurier was dressed in heliotrope cord silk, with shot velvet sleeves and trimmings, diamonds in her hair.

Mrs. Shaw, a magnificent gown of broad black silk, with a long arching shade, diamonds and pearls in great profusion.

Mrs. Foster had a lovely gown of pink silk with pearl pendentier trimmings.

Miss Lash (Toronto), Dresden silk, now in vogue, with green and white.

Mrs. Brown, a Toronto University girl, was a pretty figure in white.

Mrs. Cowan, white silk gown with purple velvet bolero and lace.

Mrs. Heyd (Brampton), black brocade with Brussels lace and diamond ornaments.

Mrs. Patterson (Brampton), was in black with lovely green lace.

Mrs. Hunter (Durham), black silk gown, with white satin trimmings, and jet.

Miss Halstead (Mount Forest) wore a beautiful gown of yellow, being alive with violet.

Mrs. McMillan (Crimson) brocade with lace.

Mrs. McMillan (Woodstock), cream lace over white satin, and turquoise ornaments.

Mrs. Hayter Reed was beautiful in a lovely brocade with diamond trimmings and pearls in her hair and on her corsage.

Miss Mallock of Perth wore the same pretty brocade gown of blue which she wore at the drawing-room.

Miss Dobell, white satin, pearl pendentier, short sleeves of white tulle.

The Misses Corby were in white with shoulder knots of crimson flowers.

Miss Faith Fulton (Toronto), pretty party gown with black lace, and velvet and diamonds.

Mrs. (Senator) Temple wore a lovely yellow gown with chiffon and roses.

Lady Joly de Lothbrough was in black with beautiful lace and diamonds.

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