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en Carog abroad, mproper charges Q. To what did her arrival lead?

A. It led to her public trial by the peers of the realm, in the house of lords, where she appeared personally; and although the ministerial influence so far prevailed as to obtain a small majority of votes against her, the government deemed it advisable to drop the proceedings, and allow her £50,000 per annum, to support the dignity of her station.

Q. What was the next event of great public in-

terest?

A. The coronation of His Majesty George the Fourth, in Westminster Abbey, which took place on the 19th of July, 1821, and was celebrated with a degree of unexampled magnificence.

Q. What event followed the coronation?

A. His Majesty's visit to Ireland, whither he went on the 31st of July, and was received by his Irish subjects with the most rapturous expressions of joy.

Q. State what occurred in London, during his

absence?

A. The queen died on the 7th of August, after an illness of only eight days. Her remains were taken to Brunswick; to be interred in the family vault; but the funeral procession being ordered, by the government not to pass through the city of London, and the populace being resolved that it should pass by no other route, serious disturbances took place, and two men were shot by the military.

Q. What is the next event worthy of commem-

moration?

A. The king's return from Ireland, and subsequent visit to Hanover, from which place he returned on the 8th November.

Q. Did not His Majesty in the following year

visit another portion of his dominions?

A. Yes; in the summer of 1822, His Majesty paid a visit to his subjects in Scotland, where he was received with every demonstration of loyalty; but a melancholy event which happened at the time, tended