

folding doors separating it from a smaller class-room ; opposite this is the dining-room. At the end of the hall is the bright, sunshiny kitchen, in which everything is kept beautifully white and spotless. Up-stairs are the two dormitories, the Lady Superintendent's bedroom, a spare room, and the matron's bedroom and sitting-room. The girls do all the house-work, and help with the cooking ; and one of them takes charge of the Lady Superintendent's sitting-room, lays the table, &c. Several of the bigger girls take turns week about in working at the laundry, which is just opposite the Home, and where all the washing for both Homes is done.

The girls have a captain and monitors, just as the boys do, and the rules and order of proceedings are much the same as those of the Shingwauk.

I fear this letter will be of interest to girls only ; next month I must try and give the boys a turn.

Please address any communications or questions to be answered in these letters, to

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Extracts from Pupil's Examination Papers.

GEOGRAPHY.

QUES.—*How are day and night, summer and winter, produced?*

Fox—We get day and night by the earth turning on its axis once every twenty-four hours, and the seasons by the earth going around the sun.

Joe—Because the earth move round on its axis every twenty-four hours, that is why it alternate or produce the day and night. Earth goes round the sun once in a year, producing the seasons ; the earth points always to the North star at the poles. When the North pole points or facing towards North it is winter with us ; when the South pole pointing or facing towards the sun, it is we have the summer with us.

Sylvester—North pole is incline toward the sun, it is summer ; and the South pole inclines towards the sun, it is winter. The earth turns round every twenty-four hours, when it goes down we cannot see the sun, but when it comes up again we see the sun.

Eliza Jane—Every twenty-four hours the earth turns round on its axis. When the South part of the earth leans towards the sun it is summer, and when the North part leans towards the sun it is winter.

Dora—A day and night is formed by the earth turning round on its axis, and summer and winter by

the earth turning round the sun. When the North pole inclines towards the sun it is summer for the North of the equator, and when the South inclines towards the sun it is summer for the South and winter for the North.

Caroline A—In the summer time the nights are short, but the days are long. In winter the nights are long, but the days are short.

Pascoe—Every twenty-four hours it turns round on its axis, which gives us day and night ; every year it turns round once the sun.

Alexander—The earth keeps turning round on its axis once in twenty-four hours. The earth goes round the sun in one year. The North pole is always turning to the North, and when the North of the equator turns to the sun, it is summer with us and winter with the South of the equator.

QUES.—*What is a peninsula, a lagoon, a glacier, an estuary?*

Angus—A peninsula is a portion of land almost surrounded by water. A glacier is a huge mass of ice on a mountain.

Wesley—Peninsula are florida, lower California, lapdora. A glacier is a large mass of ice floating on the Ocean.

Johnny—Peninsula is a portion of land almost surrounded by water. A lagoon is a shallow lake or inlet of the sea. A glacier is a huge mass of ice on a mountain. An estuary is an arm of the sea extending into the land to meet a river, and appearing to form a continuation of the sea

Caroline W.—A peninsula is a piece of land almost surrounded by water. A lagoon is a very shallow lake or inlet of the sea. A glacier is a river-like field of ice which forms in the upper valleys of lofty mountains, and melts when reaching the warmer valleys. Estuary is an arm of the sea extending into the land to meet a river and appearing to form a continuation of the river.

QUES.—*What is the first meridian?*

Johnny—Meridian is a line that goes round the world.

Caroline W.—Christopher Columbus.

Dora—The first meridian is reckoned from the royal observatory, Grenich.

Sarah—first meridian is first line drawn from north to south and used for reckon distances of east to west.

BIBLE LESSON.

QUES.—*Describe the first battle fought by the Israelites.*

Wilson—The Children of Israel fort the Ammelk and Mosis went up on the Mount and pray. And Mosis lifted up his hands and if Mosis his hand to get