specimens signifies a more strigate and irrorate form of the same. What he calls instabilis Fitch is, of course, a citation of Fitch of European instabilis Schiff,= incerta Hübn., which however is not very obviously distinct. Malora Smith, described from three males and two females from Calgary, is applied to a dull smoky-grey form of the same species. The variation seems to be very wide wherever the species occurs, though it may be said that, in general, Pacific coast specimens are richer in colour than those from the east, and Alberta specimens intermediate. I can, however, match Calgary and Vancouver specimens almost exactly, and also some from Calgary, Chicago and Montreal. Quinquefascia'a, as the name implies, stands for a form with five distinct transverse lines. Brucei Smith from Denver, and Garfield Co., Colorado, and proba Smith from Alameda Co., Calif., I cannot believe to be distinct from hibisci, but nubilata Smith may prove distinct. I have a note that I found specimens from that region in Smith's collection suggesting a new species, but failed to make a satisfactory separation. Hampson makes insciens Walker, and confluens Morr. synonyms of hibisci, but calls hibisci "ab.I." with the spots joined. This aberration, according to Smith, is also Morrison's confluens. Walker's type of insciens is a female labelled "U. S. A., (Doubleday)" and has the subterminal line, and annuli to the spots, particularly the orbicular, unusually pale and wide. I have a note to the effect that when I was at the British Museum last March, a specimen labelled confluens Morr., the type of insciens Walker, and three pale, even, Calgary specimens stood separated in the collection. I fail to see that any such separation is warranted. I also found latirena and pacifica in the same series under pacifica, though I feel satisfied that the latter is distinct.

345. Cleoceris populi Strk.—The type of populi is from Loveland, Colo., and is a pale, slightly marked thing, and not unlike the form figured in Holland. I have seen Colorado and Wyoming specimens in other collections, but all were paler and less maculate than my Calgary series.

347. Xylina amanda Smith.—There are male and female types in the Washington collection, the former from Pullman, Washington, and the latter from Calgary. The Pullman specimen is much paler in colour than the other, and my notes say that they may