# Sixty Years a Queen

**Able Review of Her Majesty's Reign.**

**President Murphy's Address at the Catholic Club Concert.**

**The Queen's Diamond Jubilee Celebrated by an Enjoyable Concert.**

**Musical and Literary Programme Furnished by Members of the Club.**

The Catholic Club celebrated the Queen's diamond jubilee last night by a very enjoyable concert in the club rooms. The parlors were well filled with an appreciative audience. The decorations were appropriate and elaborate. Union Jacks covered the front of the hall, and in the center was an excellent portrait of her Majesty. President T. J. Murphy occupied the chair, and at the opening hour "God Save the Queen" was sung by the audience. Master Eugene Lockhart gave a solo, and then followed the address of the evening by the president.

Mr. Murphy referred, at the outset, to the very depressed and agitated condition of England at the time of her Majesty's birth. It was at the close of the Napoleonic wars, and the public debt amounted to £800,000,000. Victoria was well educated, and early taught frugality. In childhood she was kept almost in poverty by William IV. and George IV., who disliked her, and hardly gave her money enough for necessities. The reason of their dislike was because her father and mother would not allow her to attend the questionable revelries of the court. Before her coronation the Duke of Cumberland endeavored to prevent her accession to the throne. Dan O'Connell sent word that he would come with half a million Irishmen to support Victoria. The duke ceased his efforts. He narrowly escaped being tried for high trason. He, however, succeeded to the throne of Hanover. The death of William IV. occurred on June 20, 1837, and next morning Victoria was proclaimed Queen of England, but it was not until June 28, 1838, that her coronation took place. Her coronation cost £70,000, just one-third the cost of George IV.'s coronation. The opening era of her reign was marked by distress in England and unrest in Canada. The McKenzie outbreak in 1837, gave expression to Canada's condition, and the Chartists' agitation in England manifested the trouble there. What the Chartists sought for was agitated by Dan O'Connell three years previous, and each reform advocated manhood suffrage, equal electoral districts, vote by ballot, abolition on property qualification, payment of members of parliament. Some of these reforms have been brought about, though not until the latter part of Queen Victoria's reign, showing the slow growth of constitutional government. Slavery, nominally abolished in England in 1833, by the advocacy of Wilberforce, was not finally wiped out till 1839. In 1849 France and the South American republics abolished slavery. So did Russia, in the same year. Slavery was wiped out of the United States by the great civil war. Brazil, in 1871; Portugal, in 1872, and Cuba, in 1878, took a like action. Thus England, two years after Victoria became Queen, set an example which these other nations have followed.

Mr. Murphy then proceeded to enumerate, in chronological order, the principal events in the empire during her reign, and dwelt upon the importance of each. The year 1840, in which the Queen was married, saw the union of Upper and Lower Canada. In 1842 the Ashburton treaty was effected. The great fire in Quebec city took place in 1845, and in the same year was the famine in Ireland, which had a great deal to do with bringing about the repeal of the corn laws. From that time dated the prosperity of England. In 1847 Lord Elgin arrived in Canada. Then a discussion in parliament was taking place concerning the payment of losses caused by the rebellion of 1837. The bill to pay them passed in both houses in 1840, and was sanctioned by Lord Elgin. It was fiercely opposed by the Orangemen and the Conservative party. Lord Elgin was rotten-egged, his sword run through a portrait of her Majesty, and the parliament buildings were burned at Montreal. He resigned, but the Queen refused to accept his resignation, showing that she approved of what he had done. In 1851 was the World's Fair at Hyde Park, the greatest gathering of nations in the world's history, up to that time. This great work was superintended by the Prince Consort. The postal system was transferred to the Canadian parliament, the Normal School and Trinity College were built at Toronto, and the construction of the G. W. R. commenced in that year. Aid was granted for the construction of the G. T. R. a year later. In 1854 reciprocity in tariffs was concluded with the United States, and the period of a few years following was the most prosperous in the history of Canada. The Russian war, the Indian mutiny and other events were next spoken of by Mr. Murphy. He touched on the Prince of Wales' visit to Canada in 1860, the Prince Consort's death in 1861, the Fenian raid, the birth of confederation, the disestablishment of the Irish Church, the Washington treaty, ballot act and abolition of dual representation. From 1877 to 1887 he said was a reign of peace and prosperity both in Canada and England. In 1878 was the introduction of the National Policy, and since then the history of Canada was the history of Sir John A. Macdonald and the Conservative party. He then went on to speak of the vastness of the empire, with its 12,000,000 square miles, 4,500,000 of which had been acquired during her Majesty's reign. He made a comparison, showing that British possessions embraced more area than those of Germany, France and Russia combined. The population of Great Britain and Ireland was 36,000,000, while that of France was 39,000,000. Now Great Britain has 39,000,000 and France has practically the same. A notable feature in this was that Ireland 60 years ago had a population of 8,000,000, and now had scarcely 4,500,000, while England, which was one of the lightest taxed countries in the world, had doubled in population. Ireland, one of the heaviest taxed, had decreased by half. Mr. Murphy gave many interesting facts about the progress of science in the past 60 years. Speaking of our own city, he said that in 1837 there were but a few houses in London, the first one being built in 1826 by Peter McGregor. Pat McManus and D. O'Brien were the next comers. McGregor afterwards kept the jail, and to reward good behavior would take his prisoners to the hotel and give them a drink. The prisoners were tied to stumps while the new jail was being built. Such was the state of society at that time. that a judge once sentenced a man to be hanged for horse stealing. The speaker eloquently referred to the great rivers and forests of the empire, the improved transportation, and the increased output of the mining industry. From 1,600, in 1837, the number of miles of railroads in the world had increased to 420,000. Referring to literature, the speaker pointed out that few of the great writers of today were born when Victoria became Queen. He spoke of the great social reforms that had been enacted and carried out, and referred to the loyal condition of the people of Great Britain and the colonies on the present occasion. Ireland, the one exception, refused to take part in the Queen's diamond jubilee, giving as her reason that she had nothing to rejoice about, as the present reign had been a series of coercion acts, and she was taxed beyond her means. Moreover, the population had wonderfully decreased. The speaker ventured the opinion that Ireland was capable of governing herself, and in support of this opinion pointed to the Duke of Wellington, Canning, and the six Irish presidents of the United States. England lost the United States through Irishmen. If England would placate Ireland by giving a measure of home rule it would be one of the bonds of the union, he said. It would elicit the sympathy and loyalty, not only of the Irish people in Ireland, but in the United States, where they numbered 15,000,000. The one thing that marred in the slightest degree was the remembrance of Ireland's troubles.

In conclusion, Mr. Murphy said "that Ireland has not home rule is no fault of Queen Victoria, for she has always loved her subjects in Ireland." He was warmly applauded.

A solo, "Island of Dream," was given by Mr. O'Hagan, Miss Mulligan and Mr. J. Connors sang a duet. The Zither Club gave an instrumental. Miss A. Wells sang "Kathleen Mavourneen," and the Choral Club closed part one of the programme by singing, with a chorus. Part two was as follows: "Viking Song," Choral Club; duet, "See the Pale Moon," Miss M. Mulligan and Mr. J. Connors; song, E. Ryan; solo, L. Pendergast; instrumental, Zither Club; recitation, Miss C. Tynan; solo, "Loch Lomond," J. Connor; quartet, Misses Pendergast and Carney, Messrs. Mullens and Connors; chorus, "The Maple Leaf For Ever."

## SACRED HEART ACADEMY

**Distribution of Medals and Prizes—Closing Exercises—A Beautiful Scene.**

..The concert hall at the Sacred Heart Convent presented a most picturesque scene yesterday afternoon, when the annual distribution of medals and prizes took place. The hall was tastefully decorated with ferns, flowers and foliage; this, with the smiling faces of the little ones, who were dressed in white, formed a picture unsurpassed for beauty. On the platform were Bishop O'Connor, who presided; three lady graduates of the superior class—Miss M. Wilson, Miss Kate Howe and Miss Maggie Connelly, besides a large number of church dignitaries. The programme was choice and exceedingly well rendered. Following are the medalists:

Gold medal, for Christian doctrine, Miss Connolly; gold medal, for order, Miss Quinlan; gold medal, for arithmetic, Miss McQuade.

The programme was as follows:

Dichter and Baner .....Suppe
All Hail—Chorus .....Geibel
Recitation—Mater Admirabilis .....—
Priere et Chasse—Piano, Violin, Organ
Italian Sextet .....Donizetti
Recitation—Unseen, Yet Seen .....—
Rhapsodie .....Liszt
Address .....By a pupil
Pour Out Your Sparkling Treasure .....Meyerbeer

The teachers and ladies in charge, as well as the pupils, have much reason to feel gratified with the success that marked the occasion throughout.

The academy reopens on the second Wednesday in September.

## ENTRANCE EXAMINATION

**Time Table and Good Advice to Those Who Intend Writing.**

The following is the time table for the entrance examination. It will be found useful by pupils at this time, and also during the examination:

ENTRANCE.

First day—June 28—
8:45 a.m.—Reading regulations.
9 to 11 a.m.—English grammar.
11:10 to 12:40 a.m.—Geography.
2 to 4 p.m.—Composition.
4:10 to 4:45 p.m.—Dictation.

Second day—
9 to 11 a.m.—Arithmetic.
11:10 to 12:20 a.m.—Drawing.
1:30 to 3 p.m.—History.

Third day—
9 to 11 a.m.—English literature.
11:10 to 11:40—Writing.
1:30 to 3 p.m.—Physiology and temperance.

Reading to be taken on the above days at such hours as may suit the convenience of the examiners.

The Canadian Teacher presents the following suggestions to those who expect to write at the coming examination:

FOR EXAMINATION.

1. Keep cool; don't lose your head.
2. Take two or three good pens with you.
3. Use blotting paper freely.
4. Write the name of the subject on the first line, not at the extreme top of page.
5. Leave a margin on the paper; examiners like it.
6. Page the sheets, and write your name on each.
7. In numbering questions Roman numerals are attractive.
8. Don't try to show off by being the first to leave the room.
9. If time permits, review carefully what you have written; you are almost certain to find mistakes.
10. Read examination paper over very carefully, and if doubtful of your ability to answer the questions in the order in which they are given, select those which present the least difficulty to you, then the more difficult ones.

THERE is not a more dangerous class of disorders than those which affect the breathing organs. Nullify this danger with Dr. Thomas' Eclectric Oil—a pulmonic of acknowledged efficacy. It cures soreness and lameness when applied externally, as well as swelled neck and crick in the back; and, as an inward specific, possesses most substantial claim to public confidence.

## London West Jubilates

**The School Children Have a Great Celebration.**

**Mayor Little Presents Each Scholar With a Handsome Medal—An Enjoyable Programme Given.**

Friday will be a day long remembered by the scholars of the London West public school. It was the celebration of the Queen's diamond jubilee, and took the form of a picnic and entertainment. Invitations were sent to the parents of the children to join them in the afternoon, and quite a number turned out in response.

During the afternoon Mayor Little visited the school and presented each scholar with a handsome jubilee medal, and gave an appropriate address, commending the good discipline of the children.

The parents visited the different rooms in the school, and spoke highly of the efficient management of the staff of teachers, and especially of the principal, Mr. W. H. Liddicoatt, who deserves great credit for the success of the occasion.

The Rev. B. Clement gave an address, in which he said that besides Canadians being honored under the long reign of Queen Victoria, London Westers ought to feel proud of having such an efficient school board and staff of teachers.

The Rev. G. B. Sage also made a short patriotic address, and said he was sorry that London West was going to lose Mr. Clement and his estimable family.

Shortly after 5 o'clock refreshments were served to all present, with ice cream.

Mr. J. W. Saunby, reeve of the village, was called to take the chair, and made a neat speech, after which an excellent programme was carried out, with much credit to those taking part, and to the evident satisfaction of all present. Following is the programme:

Opening remarks.....Reeve Saunby
Opening chorus.....The school
Recitation—The Victoria Jubilee.....Frank Ware
Recitation—The Flag of the Free..
Maude Griffiths, Mary Duff, Ethel Ward.
Chorus—Red, White and Blue...School
Address.....Rev. Mr. Clement
Double quartet—Now for the Highlands.....Eight girls
The Rhyme of the Digits.....Eleven children
Song—Grasshoppers' Song.....Willa Gibson
Recitation—Tottie's Garden Hat.....Alberta Hopkin
Recitation.....Beta Ward
Duet—Little Boy Blue.....Eva Lawrence, Amy Crafts
Recitation—Our Lady of the Snows.....Marty Wade
Song.....Ruby Trebilcock
Address.....Rev. Mr. Sage
Chorus—The Maple Leaf....The school
Recitation—Wynken, Blynken and Nod.....B. Armstrong
Dance.....Eddie Pudney
Recitation—The Little Seamstress.....Beatrice Hamilton
Triple quartet—The Mowers' Song.....Twelve boys and girls
Recitation—Canada.....Nettie Pearen
Address.....Chairman of the board
Double trio—The Summer Song.....Six girls
Palm leaf song.....Four boys and four girls
Chorus—The Land of the Maple..School
God Save the Queen

## LITTLEWOOD.

**Howlett's Corners Football Team Worsted—Successful Garden Party.**

Littlewood, June 18.—On Saturday afternoon, the boys from Howlett's Corners played a friendly game of football with the Littlewood football team, which resulted in a score in favor of the former of 2 to 0. They intend having another game on the 23rd June, on which day the picnic of school section No. 4 will be held. Mr. Anderson, our promising young teacher, is working hard to have this a successful and enjoyable picnic, for the older ones as well as the children. There will be foot races for the youngest and the oldest, for the thinnest and the fattest, and prizes will be given in all the races.

The Epworth League had a very successful garden party on Monday evening. After everybody had feasted on the good things which the young ladies had provided for tea, Mr. Hibbert, a former pastor, took the chair, and a first-class programme was given by city and local talent. The Oneida brass band also furnished excellent music. Quite a number of young people from London rode out on their wheels. The proceeds amounted to over $55.

Mrs. (Rev.) Yelland and son have been visiting old friends this last week.

Miss Annie Learn is visiting at Mr. Adams'.

Miss Ina Adams is home for a short time.

The cheese factory is doing a rushing business now, 24 cheese being made on Monday. Mr. McDougall makes an excellent article, which always commands the highest price.

Mr. George Hamilton's house was struck during the thunder storm on Tuesday afternoon. The chimney was completely demolished, and the floors were somewhat shattered, but no more serious damage was done.

## A NOBLE FAMILY.

**Popular and Well Known in Canada**

For many, many years a very noble family, popular and well known, have conferred great blessings on Canadian homes.

This family to which we refer has served the homes of Canadians faithfully and well, they have brightened the pathway of many a sad woman when the clouds were dark; they have cheered hearts when times were dull and money scarce; they have been a blessing to thousands of husbands and children, helping them to dress better, so that mothers, fathers and children were enabled to face the world as handsomely dressed as their wealthier friends and neighbors.

These popular, tried and helpful friends are the Diamond Dyes, the same in power, work and usefulness today as they were twenty years ago.

There are many imitations of these celebrated Diamond Dyes worthless and dangerous to use. Beware of these deceptive dyes, as they can never do good work.

When you purchase dyes, see that the name "Diamond" is on every envelope. With the Diamond Dyes success is always sure and certain.

God and duty are the only things that abide; all else is but a fleeting shadow.

**Minard's Liniment the Best Hair Restorer**

## Self-Convicted.

**Opposition Obliged to Drop Their Old Campaign Cries.**

**Hon. Mr. Harcourt's Effective Refutation of Mr. Whitney's Recent Statements on the Stump.**

In the speeches of the Conservatives in their present tour there was no mention of separate schools and the other race and creed cries which in past campaigns they had raised to make capital. By dropping these cries they admitted that they were wrong in the past. They stood self-confessed that they were engaged in an unrighteous warfare in bringing in these issues before the people, and there was no more merit in their new cries than in the old ones. Mr. Whitney, the treasurer said, might have some hope of becoming premier, say, on the occasion of the next diamond jubilee. Mr. Whitney's statement that there was no proper audit of the money transactions of the province was misleading and untrue. The act respecting the auditing of the public accounts was adequate, as every one knew who was aware how strictly the auditing of the public accounts was looked after. Then the auditor was absolutely independent of the government, and could be removed from office only on an address from the whole of the Legislative Assembly. If the audit act were imperfect why had not Mr. Whitney in all of his years in Parliament suggested its amendment? Mr. Whitney objected to cite small items. The only one that he mentioned was a $10 payment for a pair of marine glasses. These were bought by an official who went on a tour of inspection, and induced the captain of a steamer to wait over for several hours so that he would not have to remain in the town for several days, and for this reason he presented them to the captain. He thus saved several days' expenses, not to speak of his valuable time; but even then the item had not been passed by the auditor. Another was the payment by the government of an accident insurance policy for one of its officials. As a matter of fact the Sanfield Macdonald Government had paid premiums for Mr. Langmuir, who filled the position under that government, to three times the amount now paid. Mr. Whitney clamored for the audit system of the Dominion, but that was now no protection against gross waste in Ottawa. PUBLIC ACCOUNTS COMMITTEE.

Then Mr. Whitney criticised the public accounts committee, which he admitted that he never attended, although Sir William Meredith had been a regular attendant at that committee. He claimed that it was a partisan committee, but only at the last session the committee passed a unanimous resolution thanking the chairman for his fairness. The statement as to the surplus that the government had been left by the Sandfield Macdonald ministry was misleading. Col. Matheson said that $3,000,000 was left in the treasury, and this is what Mr. Whitney said had been dissipated. Not one dollar of it had been dissipated, or in any way wasted. In 1871 the Legislature voted $1,900,000 for railway aid, and in the same Legislature by unanimous vote a railway subsidy fund was established which necessitated the expenditure of $100,000 a year for twenty years, or $2,000,000, making in all $3,900,000, or $900,000 more than the surplus. Then the municipal loan fund distribution act involved the expenditure of $3,116,000 paid back to the municipalities, so that twice the amount of the surplus was paid out over twenty years ago, but having spent this the province had still a larger surplus than that left by Mr. Macdonald. The government was not committed to a policy of hoarding up money, and if they should propose to do so he would leave their ranks. The government were always ready to assist anything that would tend to improve the condition of the people. Mr. Whitney complained that the present government paid out more than the Sandfield Macdonald government, but as the country progressed increased expenditure became necessary. Mr. Macdonald paid nothing for railways, but the present government had spent $6,500,000 in railways. Four millions had been paid for buildings for the insane; $2,870,000 was paid for hospitals. The board of health, the bureau of mines, and the bureau of forestry were some of the new services rendered by the government. As for education, $702,000 was paid last year, one dollar out of every four dollars spent. The public institutions of the province last year cost $560,000. As for agriculture, he had abandoned all hope of resisting his friend Dryden's demands for aid to the agricultural interests of the province. Col. Matheson in his speeches in the west made, Mr. Harcourt said, grave errors in stating the receipts and expenditures of the government. For 1894 he made an error of $16,000; for 1895 of $84,000, and for 1896 he became more intrepid, and was wrong to the extent or $234,000, or $334,000 in three years, and, of course, this was against the province. Mr. Harcourt predicted that if by any chance Mr. Whitney were elected he would be under the influence of Sir Charles Tupper, and would have no more volition than the lemon between the squeezers.

## TOWNSHIP COUNCILS.

LONDON.

A special meeting of the council of the township of London was held in London May 11. Present: J. H. Hodgins (reeve), John R. Hodgins, Joseph McLeod and Thomas Clark (deputy reeves). A communication from C. A. Sippi, re extension of the street railway to Pottersburg, was read, when it was voted that this council meet the president and manager of the London Street Railway Company and others in reference to said extension, at their office, in London, on Wednesday, May 12, as requested by Drs. Bucke and Sippi. It was also decided that the reeves be authorized to sign the plans, specifications and agreement relating to the stone abutment at the Adelaide street bridge, the contract for the building of which was awarded to John Elliott, at the meeting of the council held on the 3rd of May. Jos. McLeod was authorized to take the plans, specifications and agreement relating to said abutment to St. Marys and witness the signatures of the contractor and sureties thereto. Council adjourned.

Council met at Pottersburg May 12, all the members present. Moved by Thomas Clark, seconded by J. McLeod, that this council pay the London Street Railway Company $500 for tiling both ditches on the Governor's road, east from the city limits to Pottersburg, and keeping the same and the road in repair to the satisfaction of the council for the term of their franchise, if a satisfactory agreement can be arrived at between the council and the said company. Mr. Moore was instructed by the Street Railway Company to make an estimate of the cost of the aforesaid work. Adjourned.

A special meeting of the council was held May 29. Present: J. H. Hodgins (reeve), and J. R. Hodgins, Joseph McLeod and Thomas Clark (deputy reeves). Sir John Carling addressed the council in reference to the extension of the street railway to Pottersburg. Mr. Moore submitted his estimate for tiling both ditches on the Governor's road, from the city limits to the Asylum hill, and putting the road in a proper state of repair, at $1,603 21. Council authorized the reeve to consult the township solicitor in regard to making an agreement with the Street Railway Company, for the purpose of tiling the ditches and putting in a proper state of repair the said road, and keeping the same in a proper state of repair for the said period, and report at next meeting. Messrs. Moore and Talbot were instructed to prepare plans and specifications of the work. Adjourned.

Council met in the Town Hall, St. Johns, on Monday, June 7, all the members present. The minutes of previous meetings were read and signed. A communication from Messrs. Meredith & Co., re the moving of fence upon a portion of the side road between lots 24 and 25, con. 13, stating that no such right exists, was read and filed. Mr. Larway addressed the council about having the road on lots 26 and 27, con. 2, widened. No action. Orders for the following amounts were issued: J. Prudham, $2 for temporary repairs to bridge; D. H. McRoberts, $1, road work; T. Burns, $12, ditching; S. McKenzie, $3, repairing approach to bridge; D. Westman, $3 50, work on gravel pit; G. A. Scott, $3, repairing culvert; T. D. Box, $2, for plank, etc.; J. Birrell, $1 25, plank and repairing bridge; G. Hawkings, $9, gravel; J. McGrady, $2, for material and repairing bridge; T. Summers, $1 25, plank and work; Heal & Fleming, $4 75, for printing to date; H. R. K. Tozer, $2, for box; D. Cameron, $6 06½, cost of culvert; John Wyatt, $6 50, bridge repairs; James Scott, $24 66, for 1 sheep and 4 lambs killed, and 1 sheep and 4 lambs injured by dogs; George Foster, $6, for 2 lambs killed and 2 ewes and 1 lamb injured; A. McNair, $1, for valuing Scott's sheep.

Council adjourned and formed a court of revision. The following appeals were disposed of: R. Routledge, dismissed; C. Hobbs, land over charged, Ralph, dog struck off; A. O'Neil, reduced $100; G. A. Craig, reduced $100; John Robbins, reduced $200; J. McCarthy assessed as owner instead of Mrs. Phillips; John Edwards put on as owner; S. F. Glass, assessment reduced to $2,500; F. R. Kestle, put on as owner instead of J. C. Robson; T. Cunningham, put on lot 29, con. 3, as M. F.; W. Robb, dog struck off; J. Weir, dog struck off; D. McDonald, dog struck off; Alex. Moore, put on as M. F. and T.; R. H. Hardtge, as M. F. and T.; John Souley, M. F. and T.; J. Leathorn, O.; H. McIntyre, tenant; W. Berm, dog struck off; J. Dart, put on as tenant; W. Hodgins reduced $300; E. N. Morden's appeal against being assessed for J. Nixon's dog, laid over; D. Kimball, put on as owner; F. Arscott and Mark Quinn, put on as occupants; T. Henry and John Thomas, appeals laid over.

Court adjourned and council resumed. W. J. Anthistle was paid $6 55 for tile. The members of the council were paid their salaries and fees to date. Council adjourned till the first Monday in July, when the final sittings of the court of revision will be held. James Grant, Clerk.


## Veterinary Surgeons.

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D. DODD & CO., PRACTICAL BUILDERS, carpenters and joiners; jobbing and repairing promptly attended to. Shop 154 Fullarton street.

EYRES' STEAM DYE WORKS, 221 DUNDAS street—Gentlemen's clothing cleaned, dyed and neatly pressed, ostrich feathers cleaned, dyed and curled equal to new.

GEO. ROUGHLEY—FELT AND GRAVEL roofer; repairing a specialty; estimates on application. 220 South street, London. Telephone 883.

## Bicycle Liveries.

BICYCLES TO RENT — ALL NEW wheels. H. BEAMISH, Spencer Block. Also bicycle repairing. Riding lessons given.

CLEVELAND BICYCLES RENTED BY the hour, day or week. All new wheels. A. A. H. Crabb & Co., 255 Dundas street.

## Massage Treatment.

MISS SHUFF—GRADUATE OF DR. S. Weir Mitchell's Hospital for Nervous Diseases, Philadelphia. Massage and Swedish movements. 497 King street, London, Ont. Phone 502.

## Jewelers.

SPECIAL ATTENTION TO REPAIRING—J. T. WESTLAND, Engraver and Manufacturing Jeweler, 340 Richmond street (up stairs), London, Ont.

## Accountants

M. A. DILLON, ACCOUNTANT, 523 Talbot street. Telephone 163.

## Medical Cards.

DR. W. J. WEEKES, 405 DUNDAS street, corner Colborne. Hours 11 to 3 and after 7.

DR. R. M. COOPER L.R.C.P., AND S. ED. L.F.P. and S. Glasg.—Office and residence 587 Richmond street. Telephone 1004.

CL. T. CAMPBELL, M. D., M. C. P. S.—Office and residence, 247 Queen's avenue, London. Office hours, 8 to 9:30 a.m., 1 to 2 p.m. and 6 to 7:30 p.m. Skin diseases a specialty.

DR. PETER B. WOOD, OFFICE AND residence corner Burwell and Dundas streets.

DR. PINGEL, THROAT SPECIALIST—Office, Wellington street, opposite Public Library.

DR. C. A. CLINE—OFFICE AND RESIDENCE, 466 Dundas street. Phone, 1330.

JAMES D. WILSON, M. D.—OFFICE corner Richmond and Maple streets; residence, 59 Stanley street. Special attention paid to diseases of children.

DR. MCCALLUM—OFFICE AND RESIDENCE, 415 Dundas street. Telephone 275.

DR. ECCLES, QUEEN'S AVENUE—London, Ont., special attention to all diseases peculiar to women. Hours 10 to 2.

DR. GRAHAM—OFFICE, 389 CLARENCE Residence, 616 Richmond. Specialties—Pulmonary affections, cancers, tumors, piles, diseases of women and children.

DR. ENGLISH—OFFICE AND RESIDENCE, 688 Dundas street. Telephone.

DR. JOHN D. WILSON—OFFICE AND residence, 269 Queen's avenue. Special attention paid to diseases of women.

DR. MACLAREN—OFFICE AND RESIDENCE, northeast corner of Park and Queen's avenue. Hours, 11 to 3 and 6 to 8. Careful attention paid to diseases of digestive system. Telephone 863.

DR. WOODRUFF—EYE, EAR, NOSE and throat. Hours, 12 to 4. No. 185 Queen's avenue.

DR. MEEK—QUEEN'S AVENUE, LONDON—Specialty, diseases of women. Hours, 10 a.m. till 1:30 p.m.

## Navigation and Railways

# L. E. & D. R. R.

DIAMOND JUBILEE EXCURSION

TO

# Port Stanley

Tuesday, June 22.

Trains leave 10:05 a.m., 1:00 and 2:30 p.m.

Fare for Round Trip 30c.

# ALLAN LINE

Royal Mail Steamships, Liverpool, Calling at Moville.

| | From Montreal. | Quebec. |
|---|---|---|
| Carthaginian | June 26 | June 27 |
| California | July 3 | July 4 |
| Laurentian | July 10 | July 10 |
| Numidian | July 17 | July 17 |
| Parisian | July 24 | July 25 |
| Carthaginian | July 31 | July 31 |

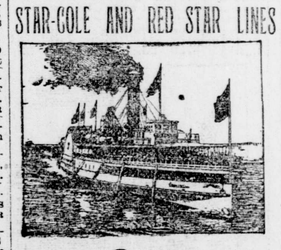
RATES OF PASSAGE.

First cabin Derry and Liverpool, $52 50 and upwards; return $105 and upwards. Second cabin, Liverpool, Derry, London, $34. Steerage, Liverpool, Derry, Belfast, Glasgow, London, everything found, $22 50 and $23 50.

Glasgow New York service — From New York: Mongolian, June 25. State of Nebraska, July 9. Cabin, $45 to $65; return $80 to $125 50; second cabin, $35; return, $64 15; steerage, $23 50.

AGENTS—E. De la Hooke, "Clock" corner Richmond and Dundas. Thos. R. Parker, southwest corner Richmond and Dundas streets, and F. B. Clarke, 418 Richmond street.

# STAR-COLE AND RED STAR LINES



# 50=Cents=50

SARNIA TO DETROIT & RETURN

Tuesday, June 22.

Leave Sarnia, 7:35 a.m. arrive Detroit 11 a.m. All tickets good to return June 23.

F. B. CLARKE, sole agent, Richmond street, next Advertiser. C. F. BIELMAN, traffic manager. ywt

## Navigation and Railways

# MICHIGAN CENTRAL

Special Round Trip Excursions

Chattanooga, Tenn., AND RETURN, July 15, 16, 17 and 18, $20.85.

Nashville, Tenn., June 15 to Oct. 31, $21.10.

All Stations in Canada June 21 and 22, Single Fare.

National Encampment, G. A. R., Fares Later.

Detroit and Return, July 1, $1.75.

San Francisco, Cal., Y. P. S. C. E. Excursion, Special Low Rates

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY SYSTEM

Her Majesty's Diamond Jubilee

TUESDAY, JUNE 22, 1897.

Return tickets will be issued between all stations in Canada at

Single First-Class Fare

Good going Monday, June 21, and Tuesday, June 22, 1897, returning leaving destination not later than Wednesday, June 23, 1897.

Full information on application to E. DE LA HOOKE, City Agent, "Clock" corner, Richmond and Dundas streets, or G. T. R. depot.

CANADIAN PACIFIC R

FOR

Dominion Day, 1897

Will issue return tickets at following rates:

SINGLE First Class FARE

Going June 30th and July 1st, return until July 2nd

SINGLE First Class FARE and ONE-THIRD

Going June 30th and July 1st, return until July 5th. Between all stations in Canada, Windsor, Sault Ste. Marie, Fort William and East.

THOS. R. PARKER, city passenger agent, 161 Dundas street, corner of Richmond. City office open 7 a.m. ywt

Persia and Ocean

Leave Toronto Tuesday and Saturday, 2:30 p.m., for Montreal and intermediate ports.

Special Excursion Rates

in effect May 1 to June 30. Fares—Toronto to Montreal, single, $6; return, $10, including meals and berth.

F. B. CLARKE, Sole Agent, Richmond street, next Advertiser. ywt

CANADIAN PACIFIC RY

Will commemorate Her Majesty Queen Victoria's

Diamond Jubilee

BY ISSUING RETURN TICKETS FOR

SINGLE First Class FARE

Good going all trains June 21, all trains June 22, returning until June 23, 1897.

TO ALL STATIONS IN CANADA 451 2xviz

DOMINION (Elder, Dempster) LINES

Montreal to Bristol (Avonmouth) Direct

S.S. Memnon.....Thursday, June 2
S.S. Merrimac.....Thursday, July 1

And weekly thereafter.

Montreal to London Direct.

S.S. Montezuma.....Saturday, June 26
S.S. Milwaukee.....Thursday, July 1

And weekly thereafter.

Cold Storage Accommodation provided on all Bristol steamers.

For rates of freight and other particulars apply to ELDER, DEMPSTER & CO., Montreal, or R. DAWSON HARLING, 23 Scott Street, Toronto. Telephone 2,845.

WHITE STAR LINE

Royal and United States Mail Steamers for Queenstown and Liverpool.

BRITANNIC.....June 23, 12 noon
*MAJESTIC.....June 30, 12 noon
GERMANIC.....July 7, 12 noon
*TEUTONIC.....July 14, 12 noon
*ADRIATIC.....July 21, 12 noon
BRITANNIC.....July 28, noon
*MAJESTIC.....Aug. 4, noon

*Superior second cabin accommodation on these steamers.

From White Star dock, foot West Tenth St.

Saloon rates—On Teutonic and Majestic, $80 and upwards; second cabin rates, Majestic and Teutonic, $45 and $50; round trip, $85.50 and $95, according to location of berth. Saloon rates on Germanic and Britannic, $75 and upwards. Steerage at lowest rates. Company's office, 41 Broadway, New York.

For further information apply to

EDWARD DE LA HOOKE

SOLE AGENT FOR LONDON.

Office—"Clock," corner Richmond and Dundas ywt