

Guelph Evening Mercury

VOL. IV. NO. 258.

GUELPH ONT., CANADA, TUESDAY EVENING, MAY 15, 1871.

PRICE ONE PENNY

BUSINESS CARDS

Boarding & Day School.

MRS. W. M. BIDD will open her School for Young Ladies and Little Boys, on Monday, the 1st Jan. Private lessons given on the Piano, French and Italian. "Business" English, and the Guelph Machine Works.

DR. G. W. THOMAS
V. S. Graduate Ontario Veterinary College.
Office - Dominion Livery Stable, Guelph, Ont.
A vacancy for a pupil - November 1868.

WILLIAM HART
CONVEYANCER - Land and General Agent
Specialist of Farms, &c. Office hours from 10 a.m. to 4 p.m. Office: No. 4 Day's Block

A. H. MACDONALD,
BARRISTER AND ATTORNEY-AT-LAW, Solicitor in Chancery, &c. Office - Quebec-st., over Dr. Clark and Tuck's Office, Guelph.

STEPHEN BOLT,
BARRISTER AND ATTORNEY-AT-LAW, Solicitor in Chancery, &c. Office - Quebec-st., over Dr. Clark and Tuck's Office, Guelph.

GEORGE PALMER,
BARRISTER AND ATTORNEY-AT-LAW, Solicitor in Chancery, &c. Office - Quebec-st., over Dr. Clark and Tuck's Office, Guelph.

ROBERT OLIVER,
BARRISTER AND ATTORNEY-AT-LAW, Solicitor in Chancery, &c. Office - Quebec-st., over Dr. Clark and Tuck's Office, Guelph.

GUTHRIE, WATT & CUTTEN,
Barristers, Attorneys - at - Law,
Solicitors in Chancery,
GUELPH, ONTARIO.

F. STURDY,
House, Sign, & Ornamental Painter

GRAINER AND PAPER-HANGER.
Shop next to the Wellington Hotel, Wyndham street, Guelph, Feb 27, 1871.

WM. NELSON,
WHITEWASHER AND COLOURER
NEAR ESSEX STREET, GUELPH.

All work neatly done, and all orders promptly attended to.
Guelph, April 8, 1871

The Best Hotel in Town.
CASE ALWAYS JOLLY.

The best drinks, best table, most comfortable beds, merriest company, and a jolliest host in town at Casey's - The "Harp of Erin" Hotel, Macdonell Street, Guelph.

BILLIARDS

O'CONNOR'S NEW BILLIARD HALL

QUEEN'S HOTEL
Opposite to Town Hall
GUELPH, ONT.

Watches and Jewelry

W. H. ROBERTS,
WATCHMAKER AND JEWELLER,
OPPOSITE TOWN HALL, GUELPH

W. H. ROBERTS, opposite the Town Hall, Guelph, April 1871

60,000 ROLLS 80,000 ROLLS 80,000 ROLLS
OF NEW

Paper Hangings!

Received ex-ships "Ostia" and "Europa" direct from the manufacturers at

Day's Bookstore
All must be sold this season!

BIG ROLLS AND LOW PRICES!

See the Stock before Purchasing

HOUSES,

Town and Park Lots

FARMS for SALE

Apply to WILLIAM HART, Day's Block, Guelph

1826 THE "VEGETABLE" 1871
The old standard remedy for Coughs, Colds, Consumption, "Nothing better" CUTLER, BROS. & CO. Boston. Sold in Guelph by McCULLOUGH & MOGHEE

THE MEDICAL HALL

GUELPH.



S. M. A. X.

THE LATEST PERFUME FOR THE BREATH

TRY IT!

E Harvey & Co

Dispensing and Family Chemists, Wyndham-st. Guelph, February 28th, 1871.

ALMA BLOCK

GUELPH

CIRCULAR

We beg to advise our having sold out our business to Messrs Paterson & Co, who will carry it on as before, in all its branches, or the same premises.

From the experience of our Successors, and the facilities they possess, we have great confidence in bestowing for them that liberal patronage hitherto bestowed on ourselves, and for which we take the present opportunity to tender our thanks.

JAMES MASSIE & Co.

Having purchased from Messrs. James Massie & Co. their extensive stock of Toys and General Groceries, we propose carrying on the business as heretofore, in all its branches at the old premises.

From the facilities we possess, we are prepared to offer goods at prices that will compare favorably with any Wholesale House in Ontario, and hope by prompt attention to business and our customers' wants to merit a continuance of the patronage so liberally and deservedly bestowed on our predecessors.

Our Agents will have the pleasure of waiting on you from time to time with Samples, when we trust to receive a share of your Orders.

Yours respectfully,
PATERSON & Co.

W. J. PATERSON. R. PATERSON.

In Store and for Sale by the Subscribers:

TEAS Young Hyson, Hyson, Imperial Gunpowder, Twankay, Japan, Sonchong, and Congou.

COFFEES Java, Laguira, Maracabo and Rio, green and roasted.

SUGARS Ground, dry crushed, Yellow Refined, and Crystallized; also choice Muscovado.

SPICES Golden Standard and Amber; also Macaway's in bulk, and whole.

FRUITS Layer, Loose Muscatel and Valencia Raisins, fresh Currants, Prunes, Malaga Figs, Boxes, French Figs, French Prunes, French Filberts, Brazil and Pean Nuts.

TORRONS A large assortment of different sorts from time to time with Samples, when we trust to receive a share of your Orders.

BRANDIES Hennessy's, Martell's Grand, Dubonnet, &c. and other brands in casks and cases.

WINE Port, Sherry, Claret (various brands) and Champagne.

WHISKEY Scotch, Irish and Canadian Ales, Beer, Guinness, Dublin Porter, &c.

WINE Port, Sherry, Claret (various brands) and Champagne.

Evening Mercury

TUESDAY EVENING, MAY 16, 1871

Town and County News

DEATH OF MR. JOHN TAYLOR.-The Toronto papers announce the death of Mr. John Taylor, of the firm of John Taylor & Bros., paper manufacturers. Deceased was widely known and highly respected.

OPEN MEETING.-An open meeting was held last (Monday) night in the Temperance Hall, under the auspices of the I. O. of Good Templars. There was a very good attendance, and a very pleasing programme of speaking, singing, recitations, &c., was gone through.

THE CIRCULAR SWINDLE.-Time and again we have exposed the counterfeit money circular swindle. Last week we published one of these swindling documents in full, and we have just received another from a correspondent in Garafraza, but as there is little or no difference in the character of these, we consider it useless to occupy space with any more of them. We have done our duty fully in the matter, and we are sure that there are none of our readers simple enough to pay any attention to the professions of honesty made by these designing rascals.

THEFT IN ORANGEVILLE.-The Star says that on Tuesday a girl, named Charlotte Wright was brought before Justice Jull and McKittrick, charged with having stolen \$88 in gold from a bureau drawer in the house of Mr. Henry Longway, of the firm of Longway & Bro., merchants, Orangeville. The girl, who is between fourteen and fifteen years of age, had been living in the house as a servant for some time previous to the day the money was missed, and there is no doubt but that she knew where it was. On the other being discovered, the girl was suspected, and, on being questioned, she confessed to having taken the money and given it to her father. She was committed for trial.

GREEN'S MINSTRELS.-The Minstrel performance in the Town Hall last evening was well attended. The programme was most faithfully adhered to and well rendered. Mr. Green's mocking-bird imitations were given with all his old power, and elicited unbounded applause.

The eyes of the company sustained themselves several parts well, and the audience seemed particularly pleased with the dancing of Mr. Kelly, Miss Weston and Miss Jordan, the comicallies of Mr. Emerson, and the singing of Miss Scott, whose "Hunting Song" was loudly commended. The company is announced for to-night, with an entire change of programme.

CATERPILLERS ON THE GOOSEBERRY BUSHES.-We are given to understand that these troublesome pests have made their appearance on the gooseberry bushes already. The leaves have only been out a few days, yet, if persons who have the bushes will take the trouble to examine them, they will find the leaves punctured with a number of minute holes. These holes are made by the small grub that has just been hatched by the warm weather of the past few days. We suppose that the remedy is hellebore, or a solution of tobacco. But we would suggest that if the leaves that have the small holes in them are picked off now, it will in a great measure lessen the number of caterpillars, and possibly save the gooseberries.

NEWS ITEMS.

THE BOUTON-PARK SCANDAL.-The trial of Bouton and Park, implicated in the woman-performing affair of last summer, has resulted in the acquittal of both of the accused parties on every count in the indictment.

FIRE.-Durham, Ont., May 15th.-An extensive fire took place here yesterday morning. The foundry and machine shop of Messrs A. A. Cochran were burned to the ground. Twenty thousand dollars worth of property was destroyed.

SCURFE.-A distressing case of scurfe occurred in Toronto on Monday morning. A respectable resident named Little, residing on Brock street, committed suicide by hanging himself in his stable. The act was done with much deliberation. Little has been confined in a lunatic asylum for months, in consequence of suffering from melancholy fits.

GOLD IN KINCARDINE.-The Review says that the workmen engaged in sinking a salt well here, were somewhat surprised at the discovery of gold. During the past the men made unparalleled progress with the work, until at last they came to a quartz rock. On Wednesday last they took from the shaft two nuggets, weighing each about one-fourth of an ounce. Under a magnifying glass they present a strong indication of the presence of the precious metal, and as the quartz is the real gold-bearing matter, the matter will receive more than a passing notice.

CONTESTED ELECTIONS.-The petition against Mr. Smith, M.P.P., for North Middlesex, was dismissed by Chief Justice Hagarty, on the ground that it had not been presented within the time required by the statute. This is the first of the petitions on the list disposed of.

Mr. Crooke, M.P.P. for West Toronto, moved absolute summons to strike out the petition against his return. The case stands over. In the Queen's Bench an appeal was heard against the West Middlesex petition. The Court reserved its judgment.

The Treaty of Washington.

No. 11.

which 1840 articles 25, inclusive, refer to the fisheries, and may be briefly stated as giving to American fishermen, in addition to the privileges granted to them by the treaty of 1818, the same rights as British subjects to take and cure fish for the term of ten years, to take fish on the coast and shores, and in the bays, rivers, and creeks of the Province of Quebec, Nova Scotia, New Brunswick, the Colony of Prince Edward Island, the several islands thereunto adjacent, the Magdalen Islands, and the Colony of Newfoundland, without being restricted to any distance from the shore, with permission to land upon the said coasts and shores and islands for the purpose of drying their nets and curing their fish; provided that in doing so they do not interfere with the rights of private property, or with the British fishermen in the possible use of any part of the said coasts in their occupancy for the same purpose. This applies to the fisheries only, and not to the salmon, shad and shell fisheries; and the mouths of the rivers are reserved entirely for British fishermen. The same rights and privileges, with the like exceptions, are granted to British fishermen on the north-eastern shores of the 39th parallel of latitude. As the American fisheries are not so valuable as those of the waters of British North America, the difference to be paid by the American Government in value is to be determined by a Commission, to be appointed as follows: One to be named by the President of the United States, and one by the British Government; and a third by the President and the British Government conjointly; but should there be a failure to agree on the third within three months after the treaty takes effect, then a third is to be named by the Austrian Ambassador at London. The expenses of this Commission are to be defrayed in equal moieties by the two Governments. The cases on either side, as presented by the two Governments, must be closed within six months of the date of the first sitting of the Commissioners, and the Commission are required to give their award as soon after as possible.

Article 26 requires that the navigation of the River St. Lawrence, ascending and descending from the 45th parallel of north latitude, where it ceases to form the boundary between the two countries, to and into the sea, shall forever remain free and open for the purposes of commerce to the citizens of the United States, subject to any laws and regulations of Great Britain or of the Dominion of Canada, not inconsistent with the privilege of free navigation. The navigation of the rivers St. Lawrence, St. John, and the St. Charles, and the navigation of the lakes and rivers connecting with the lakes; and guarantees the freedom of Lake Michigan for the term of ten years.

By article 29 it is agreed that for the term of ten years goods, wares or merchandise arriving at the ports of New York, Boston and Portland, and any other ports in the United States, which have been or may from time to time be imported by the President of the United States, and destined for Her Majesty's possessions in North America, may be entered at the proper Custom House and conveyed in transit without the payment of duties through the territory of the United States, and under such rules, regulations and conditions for the protection of the revenues as the Government of the United States may from time to time prescribe; and under such rules, regulations and conditions may be conveyed in transit without the payment of duties through the territory of the United States for export to the said possessions.

The Washington Treaty has been reported from the Foreign Relations Committee without amendment, and was yesterday briefly explained to the Senate by Messrs. Cameron and Morton.

No discussion of any length took place, but the Senate is believed to favorably entertain the Treaty. In connection with the session of the Joint High Commission, it is reported that an important document was furnished to the press some time ago, but the party who committed the breach of confidence is not known positively, though the despatch mysteriously indicates a suspected person.

A Winnipeg despatch states that the Legislature has adopted a liberal Homestead Bill. The arrival of a number of Ontario emigrants is reported. They are said to have been highly pleased with the appearance of the country. The steamer *St. John* has arrived from Fort Abernethy, so that navigation has fairly opened.

BY TELEGRAPH

THIS MORNING'S DESPATCHES

The Mexican Elections.

An Opposition Triumph

American Railway Consolidations

The Siege of Paris

Further Arrests

Reported Repulse of Versailles

New York, 10.-A special from Havana given later news from Mexico. The opposition party had elected a new President and Vice-President of Congress, which is considered a great victory. A revolution has broken out in Jamaica, and active preparations were being made to put it down, and secure the command of the insurgents.

The *Sun* says this morning: It is now generally believed that the contract between Gould & Fish and Vanderbilt for the transfer of the control of the Erie Railroad has been definitely concluded. Both parties to this transaction have made and are still making every effort to keep it secret, but the extraordinary nature and magnitude of it, makes further concealment impossible. Scott, of the Pennsylvania Central, Joy, of the Michigan Central, and others, are reported to have made liberal offers for the control of the Erie, but Vanderbilt finally succeeded in effecting an arrangement with the Erie which will be reorganized and incorporated with the line already under his control.

The steamship *City of Baltimore* arrived from Liverpool.

London, May 16, 6 a.m.-Later despatches from Paris state that the Communists report the repulse of the Versailles at Scullay.

Gen. Mason, Chief of Staff, has been arrested.

La Liberte says the Government troops have entered Paris through the breaches at Porte Maillot, and an immediate entry of troops at Pont de Jour is imminent.

A Lunatic Lecturer.

An American journal speaking of G. F. Train says:

"His manner on the platform, like his language, is not unexceptionable. His declamation is somewhat spasmodic; he slaps his thighs all the noise recounts through the length and breadth of the hall. He drags himself almost on all fours from corner to corner, kauchies himself, so to speak, back to the reading desk, which he falls upon as if he would sliver it to pieces, and then sits down. He double shuffles and stamps on the floor till the uprising dust obscures him; he beats his breast, clenches his fist, claps his hands, plays ball with the furniture, utters howls, the roaring elements, steam with perspiration, focus at the mouth, paces up and down till he looks like a lion in a cage lashing his tail. And yet he is not happy; no, he wants to be President, probably to get that dog, the only gift, he said, his Excellency declined to accept because it was sent C. O. D.-collect on dog. Perhaps his most remarkable power is that of change. He has the gift of turning every body into ridicule, and it is done so well that their best friends must join in the laugh. He recited some verses in a thrilling manner, well calculated to arouse indignation against his enemies, especially the Communists, and elegant refrain of those verses was:

"Ye lie, ye villains, ye thieves, ye lie!"

And such a mimic is he that when he placed a chair in the centre of the platform, and kept trotting round it to show how certain old logies revolve in the same everlasting orbit, he actually resembled a dog trying to make time against his disappearing tail. Imitative at can go no further."

Teachers' First-Class Certificates.

To the Editor of the Mercury.

Sir,-An inquiry arose with me, a week or two ago, respecting certificates granted by the late County Boards. I wrote to Dr. Ryerson to know if certificates still recalled are good during life. On the 3rd inst. he says: "The old County Boards, being now defunct, can neither recall nor grant any more certificates. Those granted till recalled will be subject to the pleasure of the new Boards as they were subject to that of the old ones, but there is no reason to believe that the examiners will see, harshly or leniently. Compare this with his paragraph 2, on page 20th, *Journal of Education* for last February. There he says, (speaking of the new Act) 'It makes permanent, during good behavior, all certificates granted by County Boards according to the terms, giving no power to such Boards or to any other Board or Council or individual whatever to cancel such certificates, except for misconduct, until they expire according to the terms of them.' Any man can see that the cancelling of the certificates of the late County Boards is a foregone conclusion; and that this will take place just as soon as the Normal School can manufacture teachers to supply the places of the doomed ones. When this happens scores of teachers in Ontario will have to quit the business, or spend a couple of years' salary in Toronto, for hearing a series of dry lectures on subjects with which they are already well acquainted. It is just like sending in 'called in' gold coins to receive a new impression.

Yours truly, JOHN INKLAND, Garafraza, May 15, 1871. Teacher.

Despite the formal denial of Marshal McMahon, it has now been positively ascertained that the French soldiers, in the early stages of the recent war, made use of explosive bullets. Among other prominent officers who were killed by such bullets was Prince Felix Salm-Salm.

Town Council.

The regular meeting of the body was held last (Monday) evening at 7 o'clock.

Messrs. Kennedy, Heffernan, Nelson, Howard, Massie, Higinbotham, Stewart, Allan, Mitchell, Walker, and Bruce.

COMMUNICATIONS, REPORTS &c.

From Mr. John Horstman, in relation to grates on Wyndham-st.; from Williamson & Chance respecting watering; for store license transfer; Mr. Carroll to Mr. McElderry's mission of past year's license of A. T. Perry's store; from Mr. Anderson and a number of others an amendment of the Market By-law, to prevent the sale of meat in less than three quarters by persons not shops in the town; from Mr. Anderson for a shop license.

The above were all referred, except the following three which were granted - Mr. Anderson's, Mr. McElderry's, and Messrs. Chance & Williamson's. This last was granted upon condition that the Road and Bridge Committee found sufficient names on the petition to justify the same.

Mr. Massie read the report of the Finance Committee, recommending that the suit of Annie Miller be defended. Received and adopted.

BARON DE CAMIN.

Mr. Heffernan moved, seconded by Mr. Robertson, that the application of Baron de Camin for the use of the Town Hall be not granted, and referred to the Baron's vote, stating that a few years ago he, (Mr. Heffernan) had refused the Hall to a lecturer whose discourses were not palatable to Protestants.

Messrs. McNeil and Mitchell objected that the motion was out of order. The Mayor ruled it in order.

Messrs. Higinbotham and Robertson, held that the motion was in order. Mr. Robertson said that Camin was a controversial free lance, not a member of any denomination, and should not be encouraged.

Mr. Stewart took the same view, and stated that in Ferguson the Protestants were sorry that they had anything to do with him.

Mr. Hatch supported the resolution, which was carried unanimously. The Council then adjourned.

Smash-up on the Erie Railroad.

A NUMBER OF EMIGRANTS KILLED.

BUFFALO, May 12.-A terrible accident occurred on the Erie Railroad at 4:30 this morning, at Griswold, about a mile this side of Attica. A heavy freight train, with engine, car, and a caboose attached, while going up a grade unoccupied, leaving the car and caboose behind. The train was recoupled, the signal taken in, and started on the ascending grade, when the coupling broke a second time. While being recoupled, and before the signal could be reset, the extra freight train came thundering down grade, and ran into the emigrant train, crushing everything before it. Out of the thirty passengers in the car, five children were killed, and about 20 adults more or less injured. The killed and wounded were brought to this city this afternoon. The Coroner took possession of the killed, and the wounded were taken to the hospital of the Sisters of Charity, and it is said that everything possible for their aid and comfort was ordered to be furnished by the Superintendent of the Erie Railway. A number of the emigrants were on their way to Canada, where they intended to settle.

GUELPH POLICE COURT.

Before T. W. Saunders, Esq., Police Magistrate May 16.

Jerry Connors made his periodical appearance before the Court to-day, and after a brief interview was sent back to his favorite quarters in the goal for two months.

The Rockwood Horse Show.

To the Editor of the Guelph Mercury.

Sir,-In your issue of the 4th inst. I find that Mr. Orr takes exception to your published account of the Rockwood Horse Show, held on the 19th ult. Well, I must say that his communication is certainly worthy of his paternity, and were it not for his ungentlemanly attack on the parties who acted as Judges on that occasion, I would not condescend to notice it. Mr. Orr certainly knew when he was penning that article that he was about giving publicity to three falsehoods, viz: He states that he is prepared to prove that "the Judges never left Mr. Duffield's platform to inspect the horses before making their award." The Mr. Orr certainly knows is false. I believe the public and all who showed horses on that occasion and in that class will bear you out in your account that the Judges did carefully inspect the horses. I fancy it was not the incompetency of the Judges on that occasion that gives Mr. Orr trouble, but their competency in passing their opinion fearlessly on his "Whalebone."

Secondly he says that only "one of the Judges came by invitation, viz: Mr. Devereaux." Pray Mr. Orr what will you make of Mr. Smith, of Eramosa? Further he states that Mr. Devereaux "publicly stated that he knew Mr. Orr's horse was the better of the two, but as he had always taken first prizes, some one else should take it now." This Mr. Devereaux denies entirely. To give better colour to his article he publishes the result of the Agricultural Society. There he carries off the 1st prize there should have been a stand in Milton on his route. Mr. Orr does not think it worth while to comply with such. Truly yours, JAMES HILLAR, Esq.

Oppringe, May 9th, 1871.