



Ladies Blouses, Camisoles, Etc.

- White Muslin Blouses.
- White Silk Blouses.
- White Crepe de Chene Blouses.
- White Middy Blouses.
- Nainsook Camisoles.
- Crepe de Chene Camisoles.
- Society Satin Camisoles.
- White Knickers, Nighties, Chemises, Neckwear, Boudoir Caps, Kimonos, Wool Underwear—Pants and Combinations. Fleece Lined Corset Covers, And a Huge Display of Corsets.

WHITE GOODS.

This tremendous display comes just at a time when folk are utilising their enforced seclusion making up hot weather wearables for the coming Summer.

BRIDAL WREATH NAINSOOKS, LAWNS, LONGCLOTHS, CREPE KIMONO CLOTHS, MUSLINS, DRESS LINENS, GINGHAMS, CHIFFON SILKS, CHINTZ, SCRIMS, EMBROIDERIES, LACES, OVER NETS, FLOUNCINGS, DRESS NETS, LINGERIE BINDING, BIAS TAPE, and an endless assortment of suitable Buttons.

TABLE LINENS, TABLE CLOTHS, TABLE NAPKINS, SHEETINGS, TOWELS, BED SPREADS, PILLOW CASES, SHAMS, TEA CLOTHS, TRAY CLOTHS, BUREAU CLOTHS, D'OYLEYS.

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Children's and Infants' Wear.

Our Infants' Wear Department, in addition to being fully supplied with all the staple goods for Infants' & Children's Wear, has a beautiful assortment of English Hand Embroidered Dresses for Children from six months to two years; also a beautiful line of American Handmade Smocks for Children, two to ten years old, and other very attractive and most desirable hand-made garments for Children.

War News.

Messages Received Previous to 9 A. M.

STILL HANGS FIRE.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 2. When President Wilson left the Capitol to-night after two hours' conference with members of the Senate, one Senator who had talked with him said a break of diplomatic relations with Germany is practically certain. When Senator Myers left the conference he said the preponderance of sentiment among the Senators who talked with the President was that the United States should break off diplomatic relations with Germany at once. The President himself told the newspaper men only that he had come up to swap views and declined to say whether anything would be done to-night. There was a general discussion all through the plans, said one Senator, but in my judgment the opinion of the majority was to break off relations at once and give Bernstein his passports to-morrow. Three propositions, it was said, were discussed at the conference. They were to break off diplomatic relations with Germany and give Ambassador Bernstein his passports to-morrow; to wait until some overt act had been committed against the rights of the United States by Germany before taking any action; and to re-define this Government's position in the light of Germany's ruthless submarine campaign. Asked if the President contemplated going to Congress, "Oh, that was not discussed at all," he said. The President was very careful not to state specifically what he had in mind, said Senator Overman. Senator Fletcher said the President had as yet done nothing, but came to seek advice of the Senators as to what he should do. He said it was not clear in the President's mind whether the American Government should proceed on the assumption



"DON'T WORRY."

Hundreds of people are suffering from Coughs and Colds at the present time. You may be as careful as you like in trying to avoid catching this miserable Cough and Cold but you'll get it don't matter what you do—so "Don't Worry" while Stafford's Phosphate Cough and Cold Cure is obtainable.

"Whooping Cough" is also very prevalent amongst children, you can use nothing better than "Stafford's Phosphate."

The above preparation is manufactured only by DR. F. STAFFORD & SON, Theatre Hill, St. John's, Nfld. Open every night till 9.30."

tion that Germany, having given pledges for the restricted use of her submarines, would stand by these pledges and not take any action until Germany violated them, or whether summary actions should be taken in face of the note which announced that Germany would begin unrestricted warfare at midnight. Senator Fletcher said the sentiment of all present was that no more communications should be sent to Germany, whatever the course pursued. He said many Senators favored the breaking off of relations, but, he added, that it would not be correct to say that the majority favored it immediately. An hour after the President's conference with the Senate at the Capitol, the Senator said, the President had left them with the suggestion that there should be a night's reflection and no action by word or deed before Monday.

THE SINKING OF THE EUPHRATES.

LONDON, Feb. 2. Official information received concerning the sinking of the steamer Euphrates shows probably that the first victim of the new submarine policy of the Central Powers was the Belgian relief ship Euphrates which carried a cargo of relief supplies from the United States and was homeward bound in ballast when she was torpedoed. Several members of the crew have been rescued and have reached an outlying port. The sinking of the Belgian steamer Euphrates, 2,000 tons gross, was announced by Lloyds on Feb. 1st. The sinking of the following steamers is also announced by Lloyds: The Easonite (British), 587 tons gross; Algerta (Spanish), 2,116 tons gross; Violeta (British), trawler Marcelle, Belgian trawler sunk by gun fire. The crew landed.

BRITISH OFFICIAL.

LONDON, Feb. 2. An official from the British headquarters in France, issued by the War Office to-night, says: In a successful enterprise last night against enemy trenches northeast of Gaudcourt, on the Somme front, we took two officers and 56 men prisoners. An enemy attack on a British post in the neighborhood of Gaudcourt was driven off by our machine gun fire. There was considerable artillery action at many points on our front. East of Bouchavesnes we bombarded an enemy dump with destructive effect.

THE FIRST VICTIM.

LONDON, Feb. 2. A Reuter despatch from Madrid to-day, says the President of the Federa-

tion of Mediterranean ship owners informed the Spanish Minister of Commerce that Spanish ships trading with England, France, Italy will be directed to —. The Federation's President declared, "adds the despatch, that the first victim of the submarine blockade were the Canary Islands which have been abandoned by neutrals and belligerents alike, and are in a grave situation regarding food."

MARTIAL LAW IN BRUSSELS.

NEW YORK, Feb. 2. A News Agency despatch from London, says that Germany has decided upon the declaration of martial law in Brussels with a view to the forthcoming new deportation orders for 60,000 Belgian workmen, according to an Exchange Telegraph despatch from the Hague.

HOLLAND.

AMSTERDAM, Feb. 2. Commenting on the German note the Nieuwe Rotterdamse Courant reaches the conclusion that it considerably increases the prospects of Holland being drawn into the war. It expresses doubt, however, whether Germany will be able to increase the effectiveness of her submarine warfare.

The Hague, Feb. 2.—Holland is now facing with anxiety a future which is generally regarded black enough, although optimists are not lacking. Those who are inclined to take a more cheerful view, point out that the German proclamation of two years ago that ships entering British waters would be torpedoed, caused as great a commotion here as the latest German note, but did not prove such a deadly blow to Dutch shipping as was feared at first. All newspapers expatiate on the dangers of the situation. Some of them profess to discern a connection between Germany's latest measure and the recent movements of German troops along the eastern border of Holland. This new blockade, says the Afsterdam Handelsblad, is a self-granted leave to wantonly destroy neutral shipping and fishermen. Most newspapers convey the possibility of war between Germany and the United States which the Handelsblad thinks is made inevitable because of the stand taken by President Wilson in the earlier negotiations with Germany.

MORE SHIPPING LOST.

LONDON, Feb. 2. The Norwegian steamer Jerry, 112 tons, gross, was blown up, according to an announcement to-night by Lloyds. One member of the crew was lost, the rest landed.

THE BAVARIAN PREMIER SPEAKS.

LONDON, Feb. 2. Von Holling, the Bavarian Premier, says an Exchange Telegraph despatch from the Hague, addressing the Bavarian Diet, said, "We know America will not remain silent under our sub-

marine warfare, but the time for considering other peoples' opinions has passed. In view of this being the only possible way of bringing the war to a successful end, nothing can stop us from our plan, whatever its consequences."

GERMAN NEWSPAPER COMMENT.

BERLIN, Feb. 2. Arguing that Germany has done her utmost to make Americans understand the position, the Germania, in an editorial says, "We wait America's

attitude with a good conscience. If the American reply proves different from what we have the right to expect, as much as we regret it we cannot be deflected by it. We shall still be inspired by the same loyalty toward the United States, but we cannot go so far as to fulfill their wishes at the point of sacrificing ourselves."

FRENCH MOBILIZING.

PARIS, Feb. 2. The Government decided to mobilize for the purposes of contributing

a national defence of the civilian population of France, of both sexes, between the ages of 16 and 60. This is a plan now under study of the various ministers.

WILL ISSUE PASSPORTS.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 2. A formal announcement that the State Department is not refusing to issue passports because of the new German war zone decree, was made to-day in an official statement. Passports issued to Americans sailing to-

morrow on the American Liner St. Louis or other ships have not been revoked.

BURDEN OVERWHELMING.

NEW YORK, Feb. 2. "The burden on my shoulders is overwhelming," said Premier Lloyd George, responding to a municipal welcome at Criceth, Wales, his home, to-day. "But I am confident that with the united effort of us all and with the justice of our cause, we shall conquer the devices of the wicked one."

GUARDING NEW YORK HARBOR.

NEW YORK, Feb. 2. Dudley Field Malone, the collector of the port, has increased his force of dock guards, special inspectors, until he now has more than 1,200 men under his command. The harbor police boats and four tugs of the coast guard cutter service, under the command of the collector, are at their docks with steam up and their crews sleeping on board. It was learned at the commandants that several German ships, self-interested here have refused permission to the collector's officers to go below the main decks to make inspection. Malone declined to discuss the subject except to say the ships' officers were within their rights unless he obtained evidence that neutrality regulations were being violated.

Sunday Services

- CHURCH OF ENGLAND.**
Church of England Cathedral—Holy Communion at 8 a.m. also on the first Sunday of the month at 7 and 11 (Choral). Other services at 11 a.m. and 3.30 p.m.
St. Thomas's—Holy Communion, 8 a.m.; Morning Prayer and Sermon, 11 a.m.; Preacher, The Rector. Subject: "The End and Aim of the Christian Life." Sunday Schools, 2.45 p.m.; Dunfield Boys' Bible Class, 3.30 p.m.; Evensong and Sermon, 6.30 p.m. Preacher, Rev. Canon Colley, R.D.
St. Michael's Mission Church (Casey Street)—Holy Communion at 8 and 11 on the 3rd Sunday of the month; and at 8 on other Sundays. Other services 11 a.m. and 6.30 p.m.
Christ Church, Quidi Vid—Holy Communion second Sunday at 8 a.m. Evening Prayer third Sunday in each month at 7 p.m. Every other Sunday at 3.30 p.m.
Virginia School Chapel—Evening Prayer every Sunday at 3.30 p.m.
PARISH OF ST. MARY THE VIRGIN, ST. JOHN'S WEST.
Sundays—Holy Communion every Sunday at 8 a.m.; also on the first Sunday in each month at noon.
Fridays—Evensong and Sermon at 7.45 p.m.
Holy Baptism—Every Sunday at 3.30 p.m.
Public Catechising—The third Sunday in each month at 3 p.m.
Sunday School—At 2.30 p.m. in the Parish Hall.
Young Women's Bible Class—Every Sunday at 3 p.m. in the Parish Room. The Holy Communion with special intercessions on behalf of the War is celebrated on the first Wednesday in each month at 10.30 a.m.
BROOKFIELD SCHOOL CHAPEL.
Evensong—Every Sunday at 3 p.m.
Sunday School—Every Sunday at 4 p.m.
ST. MATTHEW'S CHURCH, THE GOULDS.
Evensong—Every Sunday at 3 p.m.
ASYLUM FOR THE POOR.
Holy Communion—The first Sunday in each month at 9 a.m.
Matins—Every Sunday at 9 a.m.
Gower Street—11, Rev. H. Royle; 6.30, Rev. D. B. Hemmison; George Street—11, Rev. Dr. Bond; 6.30, Rev. N. M. Guy; Cochrane Street—11, Rev. N. M. Guy; 6.30, Rev. Dr. Bond; Wesley—11, Rev. D. B. Hemmison; 6.30, Rev. H. Royle.
St. Andrew's Presbyterian—11 and 6.30, Rev. Gordon Dickie. Congregational—11 and 6.30, Rev. W. H. Thomas.
Salvation Army (No. 1 Citadel, New Gower St.)—7 a.m., Kneedfill; 11, Holiness Meeting; 3 p.m., Praise Meeting; 7 p.m., Great Salvation Meeting.

YE DELIGHT OF YE EPICURE



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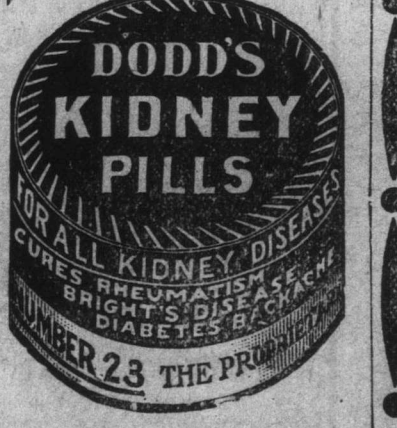
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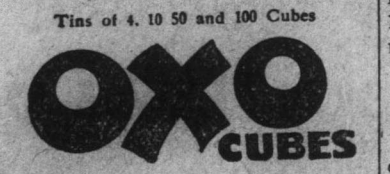
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Oxo Cubes mean health, strength and irrepresible vitality to the little folk, and an immense saving of time and trouble for mothers and nurses.

Oxo Cubes are also a splendid safeguard against the little ailments which give mothers such anxiety. A daily cup of Oxo during the long dark winter months will ward off many a chill, and lessen the danger of being exposed to damp, inclement weather.

An Oxo Cube in a cup of hot milk is a nourishing and easily-digested diet. For delicate and anemic children it is invaluable.

A Cube to a Cup



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