

YOU'LL BE SURE TO FIND IT IN "The MAIL and ADVOCATE"

THE MAIL AND ADVOCATE

Official Organ of The Fishermen's Protective Union of Newfoundland.

Vol. II. No. 117.

ST. JOHN'S, NEWFOUNDLAND, WEDNESDAY, MAY 26, 1915.

Price:—1 cent.

AUSTRIA STRIKES THE FIRST BLOW IN NAVAL AND AERIAL ATTACKS

ON ITALIAN COAST TOWNS--ITALY COUNTERS BY LAND AND COMPELS RETIREMENT OF AUSTRIANS

Germans Again Hold the Day and Make Advances East and West--British Unable to Reform Lines--

Turks Lose Heavily at the Dardanelles

London, May 26.—Austria has struck first with her navy and aircraft along Italy's east coast.

Rome, May 26.—It is officially announced that Italians have occupied a number of comparatively important towns and have compelled the Austrians to retreat.

This briefly summarizes the first 26 hours of the newest phase of an ever-widening European conflict.

The rapid stroke of the Italian army would seem to bespeak long preparation, bearing out what the Press of the Allied countries contended months ago, that Italy would throw her lot in with the Allies and was only waiting for an opportune time.

Rome's first bulletin dealing with movements of the army indicate that two movements are under way, one to the northward toward the Carnic Alps, the other through the region of Friuli, apparently aimed at Trieste and the Istrian peninsula of Carvisiana.

Just as Italy lightly characterized Monday's Austrian raids along her coast so Austria characterizes military operations to date as border skirmishes, while to-day's Rome official

communication laid stress on the Italian rush across the border. An official statement from Vienna gives details of the Austrian swoop on the coast, enumerating the damage and emphasizing the slight Italian resistance.

A most interesting statement in the British War Office admits the British have been unable to entirely reform their line, dented by the Germans east of Ypres.

Attesting the extremely sanguinary character of recent land fighting in the Dardanelles, where British and French are seeking to dislodge the strongly entrenched Turks, came to-night a list of 919 casualties among the Australians engaged in the enterprise.

The British War Office admits the British have been unable to entirely reform their line, dented by the Germans east of Ypres.

A radical shake up of the British Cabinet is announced to-night. The most interesting change is the transfer of Winston Spencer Churchill, First Lord of the Admiralty, to the Chancellorship of the Duchy of Lancaster.

Other appointments much criticized include that of a Liberal as First Lord of the Admiralty, the ground being taken that the giving of this portfolio to him deprives the nation of the service of Lord Fisher.

Aeroplane Descends Into the North Sea The Crew Rescued

London, May 25.—Telegrams from Herwich say that a British destroyer arrived there, bringing a German submarine Lieutenant and a mechanician from a Taube aeroplane, which was found floating in the North Sea.

Italians Reserve Called Home

London, May 25.—Instructions have been received at the Italian Embassy from Rome that all Italian reservists in the United Kingdom should be notified to return home at once.

Resigns After Short Term

Lisbon, May 25.—Joao Chagas resigned the Premiership of Portugal to-day.

WILL NOT INTERN CIVILIANS

Rotterdam, May 26.—The Current publishes a telegram from Berlin, stating that Germany and Italy have agreed neither to intern civilians nor seize their property.

Austrians Retire Before Italians

Rome, May 26.—Offensive operations resulting in the occupations of Austrian territory all along the frontier of Lombardy to the Adriatic, are claimed in an official statement issued by the War Office.

Italians Capture Austrian Towns

Rome, May 25.—On the Carriole front the Austrian artillery opened fire against our position. Our artillery replied. On the Frieul front our troops advanced everywhere without meeting much resistance.

Will Prolong Life of Parliament

London, May 25.—Probability of special legislation to be enacted to prolong the life of Parliament is stronger than ever, in view of the reconstruction of the Cabinet.

OFFICIAL British

London, May 24.—General French on the 16th to 17th near Festubert, yesterday three German batteries were silenced by our guns; one was destroyed by direct fire east of Ypres.

Collision Off Nantucket Islands

New York, May 26.—The steamer Ryndam, of the Holland-American Line, New York to Rotterdam, with passengers and freight, collided with the Norwegian freight steamer Joseph J. Cuneo to-day off Nantucket Island.

New Cabinet's Cool Reception London Papers

London, May 26.—As might have been expected the new Cabinet, while it meets with no strong disapproval at the hands of the editorial writers in the London morning papers, raises but little enthusiasm in any quarter.

Germans Use Great Quantity Asphyxiating Gas

London, May 26.—A report received from Field Marshal Sir John French, under date May 25th, says: "Some portions of our line east of Ypres, which were lost yesterday during the enemy gas attack, have not yet been recovered."

Heavy Losses Among Canadians

Ottawa, May 25.—Losses by Canadians in last Thursday's engagement were very considerable. The latest figures show total casualties of 300, of which 66 were killed, 132 wounded, and 102 missing.

French Repulse German Attacks

Paris, via St. Pierre, May 25.—In Belgium, following a fierce bombardment, a German attack attempted to debouch on the road running from Langemarck to Ypres, but was immediately checked.

Italians Advance Against Austrians

Paris, via St. Pierre, May 25.—In Belgium, following a fierce bombardment, a German attack attempted to debouch on the road running from Langemarck to Ypres, but was immediately checked.

Frenchmen Hoist Italian Flags On the Trenches

Paris, May 25.—When the French troops in the region of Ailly, near the Meuse, hoisted Italian flags upon the trenches, says the Paris Temps, the German soldiers in positions opposite them called out: "So much the better. It will be over the quicker."

FORMATION OF BRITISH MINISTRY PARTY LINES DISAPPEAR AND MERGE INTO ONE--IRISH NATIONALISTS NOT REPRESENTED--

REDMOND REFUSES SEAT IN NEW MINISTRY

London, May 26.—An official announcement on the new Cabinet says a place in the Cabinet was offered to John Redmond (Irish Nationalist leader) but he did not see his way to accept it.

The Russian Government reports enemy attacks repulsed near Steenstraete, and prisoners captured. North of Arras fresh progress has been made by British troops, north of La Bassee and north of Neuville; the Germans, attacking with very considerable forces, were checked, suffering very heavy losses.

Italian troops have crossed the frontier at Friuli. An air raid on Venice arsenal and ineffective bombardments at various points on the Italian coast have been repelled.

Paris, May 25.—The French War Office this afternoon gave out the following report: "It was a night of considerable activity between the sea and Arras."

Nothing has been reported from the remainder of the front.

Paris, May 25.—An official to-night says: "To the north of Arras our attacks to-day have resulted in important progress."

More south-east of the road from Noyette to Souchez, we have captured, on a front of one kilometre, the whole great trench where the enemy has been resisting for 15 days.

The retention of Kitchener as head of the Army, while David Lloyd George, with the newly created portfolio of Ministry of Munitions, relieves him of the responsibility of managing the Supply Department, also Balfour's acceptance of an Admiralty post, were fully expected.

London, May 25.—Recent operations in the Dardanelles are described in an official statement given out to-night.

London, May 25.—The following despatch was received by the Exchange Telegraph Co. from Amsterdam: "The German Government has asked America for further delay of a week for its reply to the Note concerning the sinking of the Lusitania."

London, May 25.—The following despatch was received by the Exchange Telegraph Co. from Amsterdam: "The German Government has asked America for further delay of a week for its reply to the Note concerning the sinking of the Lusitania."

London, May 25.—The following despatch was received by the Exchange Telegraph Co. from Amsterdam: "The German Government has asked America for further delay of a week for its reply to the Note concerning the sinking of the Lusitania."

London, May 25.—The following despatch was received by the Exchange Telegraph Co. from Amsterdam: "The German Government has asked America for further delay of a week for its reply to the Note concerning the sinking of the Lusitania."

London, May 25.—The following despatch was received by the Exchange Telegraph Co. from Amsterdam: "The German Government has asked America for further delay of a week for its reply to the Note concerning the sinking of the Lusitania."

London, May 25.—The following despatch was received by the Exchange Telegraph Co. from Amsterdam: "The German Government has asked America for further delay of a week for its reply to the Note concerning the sinking of the Lusitania."

London, May 25.—The following despatch was received by the Exchange Telegraph Co. from Amsterdam: "The German Government has asked America for further delay of a week for its reply to the Note concerning the sinking of the Lusitania."

London, May 25.—The following despatch was received by the Exchange Telegraph Co. from Amsterdam: "The German Government has asked America for further delay of a week for its reply to the Note concerning the sinking of the Lusitania."

London, May 25.—The following despatch was received by the Exchange Telegraph Co. from Amsterdam: "The German Government has asked America for further delay of a week for its reply to the Note concerning the sinking of the Lusitania."

London, May 25.—The following despatch was received by the Exchange Telegraph Co. from Amsterdam: "The German Government has asked America for further delay of a week for its reply to the Note concerning the sinking of the Lusitania."

London, May 25.—The following despatch was received by the Exchange Telegraph Co. from Amsterdam: "The German Government has asked America for further delay of a week for its reply to the Note concerning the sinking of the Lusitania."

London, May 25.—The following despatch was received by the Exchange Telegraph Co. from Amsterdam: "The German Government has asked America for further delay of a week for its reply to the Note concerning the sinking of the Lusitania."

FORMATION OF BRITISH MINISTRY PARTY LINES DISAPPEAR AND MERGE INTO ONE--IRISH NATIONALISTS NOT REPRESENTED--

REDMOND REFUSES SEAT IN NEW MINISTRY

London, May 26.—An official announcement on the new Cabinet says a place in the Cabinet was offered to John Redmond (Irish Nationalist leader) but he did not see his way to accept it.

The Russian Government reports enemy attacks repulsed near Steenstraete, and prisoners captured. North of Arras fresh progress has been made by British troops, north of La Bassee and north of Neuville; the Germans, attacking with very considerable forces, were checked, suffering very heavy losses.

Italian troops have crossed the frontier at Friuli. An air raid on Venice arsenal and ineffective bombardments at various points on the Italian coast have been repelled.

Paris, May 25.—The French War Office this afternoon gave out the following report: "It was a night of considerable activity between the sea and Arras."

Nothing has been reported from the remainder of the front.

Paris, May 25.—An official to-night says: "To the north of Arras our attacks to-day have resulted in important progress."

More south-east of the road from Noyette to Souchez, we have captured, on a front of one kilometre, the whole great trench where the enemy has been resisting for 15 days.

The retention of Kitchener as head of the Army, while David Lloyd George, with the newly created portfolio of Ministry of Munitions, relieves him of the responsibility of managing the Supply Department, also Balfour's acceptance of an Admiralty post, were fully expected.

London, May 25.—Recent operations in the Dardanelles are described in an official statement given out to-night.

London, May 25.—The following despatch was received by the Exchange Telegraph Co. from Amsterdam: "The German Government has asked America for further delay of a week for its reply to the Note concerning the sinking of the Lusitania."

London, May 25.—The following despatch was received by the Exchange Telegraph Co. from Amsterdam: "The German Government has asked America for further delay of a week for its reply to the Note concerning the sinking of the Lusitania."

London, May 25.—The following despatch was received by the Exchange Telegraph Co. from Amsterdam: "The German Government has asked America for further delay of a week for its reply to the Note concerning the sinking of the Lusitania."

London, May 25.—The following despatch was received by the Exchange Telegraph Co. from Amsterdam: "The German Government has asked America for further delay of a week for its reply to the Note concerning the sinking of the Lusitania."

London, May 25.—The following despatch was received by the Exchange Telegraph Co. from Amsterdam: "The German Government has asked America for further delay of a week for its reply to the Note concerning the sinking of the Lusitania."

London, May 25.—The following despatch was received by the Exchange Telegraph Co. from Amsterdam: "The German Government has asked America for further delay of a week for its reply to the Note concerning the sinking of the Lusitania."

London, May 25.—The following despatch was received by the Exchange Telegraph Co. from Amsterdam: "The German Government has asked America for further delay of a week for its reply to the Note concerning the sinking of the Lusitania."

London, May 25.—The following despatch was received by the Exchange Telegraph Co. from Amsterdam: "The German Government has asked America for further delay of a week for its reply to the Note concerning the sinking of the Lusitania."

FORMATION OF BRITISH MINISTRY PARTY LINES DISAPPEAR AND MERGE INTO ONE--IRISH NATIONALISTS NOT REPRESENTED--

REDMOND REFUSES SEAT IN NEW MINISTRY

London, May 26.—An official announcement on the new Cabinet says a place in the Cabinet was offered to John Redmond (Irish Nationalist leader) but he did not see his way to accept it.

The Russian Government reports enemy attacks repulsed near Steenstraete, and prisoners captured. North of Arras fresh progress has been made by British troops, north of La Bassee and north of Neuville; the Germans, attacking with very considerable forces, were checked, suffering very heavy losses.

Italian troops have crossed the frontier at Friuli. An air raid on Venice arsenal and ineffective bombardments at various points on the Italian coast have been repelled.

Paris, May 25.—The French War Office this afternoon gave out the following report: "It was a night of considerable activity between the sea and Arras."

Nothing has been reported from the remainder of the front.

Paris, May 25.—An official to-night says: "To the north of Arras our attacks to-day have resulted in important progress."

More south-east of the road from Noyette to Souchez, we have captured, on a front of one kilometre, the whole great trench where the enemy has been resisting for 15 days.

The retention of Kitchener as head of the Army, while David Lloyd George, with the newly created portfolio of Ministry of Munitions, relieves him of the responsibility of managing the Supply Department, also Balfour's acceptance of an Admiralty post, were fully expected.

London, May 25.—Recent operations in the Dardanelles are described in an official statement given out to-night.

London, May 25.—The following despatch was received by the Exchange Telegraph Co. from Amsterdam: "The German Government has asked America for further delay of a week for its reply to the Note concerning the sinking of the Lusitania."

London, May 25.—The following despatch was received by the Exchange Telegraph Co. from Amsterdam: "The German Government has asked America for further delay of a week for its reply to the Note concerning the sinking of the Lusitania."

London, May 25.—The following despatch was received by the Exchange Telegraph Co. from Amsterdam: "The German Government has asked America for further delay of a week for its reply to the Note concerning the sinking of the Lusitania."

London, May 25.—The following despatch was received by the Exchange Telegraph Co. from Amsterdam: "The German Government has asked America for further delay of a week for its reply to the Note concerning the sinking of the Lusitania."

London, May 25.—The following despatch was received by the Exchange Telegraph Co. from Amsterdam: "The German Government has asked America for further delay of a week for its reply to the Note concerning the sinking of the Lusitania."

London, May 25.—The following despatch was received by the Exchange Telegraph Co. from Amsterdam: "The German Government has asked America for further delay of a week for its reply to the Note concerning the sinking of the Lusitania."

London, May 25.—The following despatch was received by the Exchange Telegraph Co. from Amsterdam: "The German Government has asked America for further delay of a week for its reply to the Note concerning the sinking of the Lusitania."

London, May 25.—The following despatch was received by the Exchange Telegraph Co. from Amsterdam: "The German Government has asked America for further delay of a week for its reply to the Note concerning the sinking of the Lusitania."

FORMATION OF BRITISH MINISTRY PARTY LINES DISAPPEAR AND MERGE INTO ONE--IRISH NATIONALISTS NOT REPRESENTED--

REDMOND REFUSES SEAT IN NEW MINISTRY

London, May 26.—An official announcement on the new Cabinet says a place in the Cabinet was offered to John Redmond (Irish Nationalist leader) but he did not see his way to accept it.

The Russian Government reports enemy attacks repulsed near Steenstraete, and prisoners captured. North of Arras fresh progress has been made by British troops, north of La Bassee and north of Neuville; the Germans, attacking with very considerable forces, were checked, suffering very heavy losses.

Italian troops have crossed the frontier at Friuli. An air raid on Venice arsenal and ineffective bombardments at various points on the Italian coast have been repelled.

Paris, May 25.—The French War Office this afternoon gave out the following report: "It was a night of considerable activity between the sea and Arras."

Nothing has been reported from the remainder of the front.

Paris, May 25.—An official to-night says: "To the north of Arras our attacks to-day have resulted in important progress."

More south-east of the road from Noyette to Souchez, we have captured, on a front of one kilometre, the whole great trench where the enemy has been resisting for 15 days.

The retention of Kitchener as head of the Army, while David Lloyd George, with the newly created portfolio of Ministry of Munitions, relieves him of the responsibility of managing the Supply Department, also Balfour's acceptance of an Admiralty post, were fully expected.

London, May 25.—Recent operations in the Dardanelles are described in an official statement given out to-night.

London, May 25.—The following despatch was received by the Exchange Telegraph Co. from Amsterdam: "The German Government has asked America for further delay of a week for its reply to the Note concerning the sinking of the Lusitania."

London, May 25.—The following despatch was received by the Exchange Telegraph Co. from Amsterdam: "The German Government has asked America for further delay of a week for its reply to the Note concerning the sinking of the Lusitania."

London, May 25.—The following despatch was received by the Exchange Telegraph Co. from Amsterdam: "The German Government has asked America for further delay of a week for its reply to the Note concerning the sinking of the Lusitania."

London, May 25.—The following despatch was received by the Exchange Telegraph Co. from Amsterdam: "The German Government has asked America for further delay of a week for its reply to the Note concerning the sinking of the Lusitania."

London, May 25.—The following despatch was received by the Exchange Telegraph Co. from Amsterdam: "The German Government has asked America for further delay of a week for its reply to the Note concerning the sinking of the Lusitania."

London, May 25.—The following despatch was received by the Exchange Telegraph Co. from Amsterdam: "The German Government has asked America for further delay of a week for its reply to the Note concerning the sinking of the Lusitania."

London, May 25.—The following despatch was received by the Exchange Telegraph Co. from Amsterdam: "The German Government has asked America for further delay of a week for its reply to the Note concerning the sinking of the Lusitania."

London, May 25.—The following despatch was received by the Exchange Telegraph Co. from Amsterdam: "The German Government has asked America for further delay of a week for its reply to the Note concerning the sinking of the Lusitania."