the arand old book.
Th Tow many are reading the grand old book
All over tho world to day ? Tho minister in the holy place ;
The traveller by tho way The traveller by the way; The negro down in the cotton-fiold;
The gueen upon bended $k n e$, The queen upon bended knee; The rich and poor allor oper the land;
the sea.
the aplendnur of tropic islands ;
On th: cold white Arctic strand;
the beautiful Euglish valloys;
All over our own fair land:
All over our own fair land;
Where Asia's sun and moon and atars
On wondorful cition
On wonderful citioa look;
a lonely African hamlots;
Millions are reading tho book.
The child with its finger keens the lino,
Half spelling tho glorious pago:
t's a lamp to the feet of manhood
And the hope of musidg age;
The young go to it for songs of joy;
Tho sick for its Promise look ;
The anxious, the happy, the sorrowful,
All go to the dear old book.
The wonderful book of tho untold yeare In days when the world was young,
From prophot and poet pprung.
We can gaze with them from the hills of God
On the land that is far a may,
And fool the thrill of immortal eyes
And the dawn of a grander day.
And no I am happy to think to day Of tho many reading the book-
Happy to thiuk of the blessed eyes
That into its pages look.
No matter how rich, how poor, how glad,
Or sorrowful men may be,
ay aro reaning the book in every land

SMOKING THE BEST CIGARS.

(iv
6人RANT and Ross Graham are trins. Grant is a stirning boy, and often earns an extra dime to help swell the family
purse, which is cometimes very slim.
Ross loves his books, and would like to get a good education; but he knows that he and his brother must soon quit fohool, and begin to work.
These boys go to a wide-awake Sabbath-school, whose officers and eeachers are anxious to do all the good hey possibly can for the children under their care.
One $S$ sbbath, on their return from school, Ross hastened to his mother With the good news that he had oledged himself not to tasto anything that would intorizate, or to use tooacco in any form.
"May you be enabled to keep your pledge!" said his mother fervently; no then turned to Grant, expecting
to hear the same news from him, but to hear the same news from him,
"And how is it with you, my boy $i$ " "I didn't sign the pledge," answered Brant.
"You see, mother, I am
going to leave whiskey and such trash hlone ; but I have made up my mind going to smoke the best cigars."
"You had better count the cost," said his mother. "The best cigars will take much of your earningg, and will bring to you many evils which you cannot foresee."
"I don't see how they will hurt ree. Father smokes, and so does the Rov. Mr. Blank, and ever so many more ministers that I can name."
"How old are you, Grant?" asked his mother, without appearing to notice his remark.
"Eleven yers old."
"Only elevan! And why mast you and your brother, while so joung, quit going to soheol ?"
"Because father can't afford to send us any longer ; and, beaides, wo must holp earn our own living."
"True. Suppose your father had put away twenty conts a day for twenty years, how much money would ho now have?"

Grant mado the calculation, and replied:

## "He would have $\$ 1,460$ "

"And not only that amount," replied his mother, "but also the in terest on much of it he might now have, had he not begun to smoke good cigars when he was twenty-one-just twenty years ago."

Grant made no reply, but all the week he kept thinking something like this:
"We are very poor. Father works hard, but ho is sickly. He still smokes two cigars, sometimes more, a day. Ho has already emoked away more than $\$ 1,460$-whew! What a young fortune! If wo only had that much money now, Ross could go to school long enough to graduate, and mother and the children might have many comforta"
The next Sabbath, when, at the close of the school, the superintendent laid the temperance pledge apon the tible, the first one that walked up and put his name to it was Grant Gisham.
He had changed his mind. "For," said he, "I will never puff away
$\$ 1,460$ in smoke!"

## DON"I TELL, MOTHER.

"My son, hear the instruction of thy
mother, and forsako not mother, and forsako not the law of thy
mother."-Proverbs $i$ is. mother."-Proverbs i. s.
had a sermon to day on the relation of boys to their mothers," said Androw.
"I should think we might any of us preach that sermon," Jımmy replied.
" I don't think that we could any of us preach it as well as our minister preached it. Ho certainly knows how to advise boys better than any minister that I have ever heard talk to them."
"What did he say that you did not know before?"
": It was not so much that he said things that I did not know before as that ho said the things that I did know in a way to set me thinking more deeply and earnestly than I have ever thought befo o about this matter."
"Why, Andrew, I didn't know that you were a very bad boy about minding your mother. What have you got to repent of in this direction ?"
"The sermon was not so much about boys 'lack of obedience to their moth ers as about their lack of confidence in those mothers. Our minister said that the habit of concealing, which some boys early adopt, has more to do with their ruin than any or perhaps all other causes."
"Why, Andrew ! A sin isn't rado whiter or blacker by telling of it."
"No. That is true It doesn't make sins blacker or whiter alter they are committed, but it might keep boys from committing them if thes knew that they coull not be concealed from the mother. This was what our minister said: 'When I hear the young exclaiming, "Don't let mother see this ! hide it away; don't tell mother where I am going," 1 tremble for their satety. The action which will not bear the kind soruting of a mother's love, will shrink into shame at the look of God. fistle feot that begin
life by going where a mothe does not approve will easily learn to walle in the narrow way of the Lord's commandwents. "Don't tell mother!" has been the rallying ery of Satan's hest recruits for hundreds of years. From disregard of the mother's rule st home springa recklens disregard of the laws of society. "Don't tell mother!" is a sure step downward, the first reat in these easy cars of habit which glide so swiftly and so silently, with their froight of souls, toward the precipice of ruin. The best and the safeat way is always to tell mother. Who is so forgiving as sho 9 who so faithful? who so patient ? Through niphts of wearisome watching, through days of wearing anxiety, through sickness and through health, through better and through worso, a mother's love has been unfailing. It is a spring that never becomes dry. Confile, dear young people, in your mother; do nothing which she has forbidden; consult her about your actions; tieat her with roverential love. It has been the crowning glory of truly good and great men that, when hundreds and thousands bowed in admiration at their feet, they gave honour to their mothers. A good mother is a gift to thank God forever. Happy are they who early learn to appreciato her worth. Boys and gir's, never go where "Don't tell mother!" is neces. sary to cover your footsteps.' "

## ONE BLACK DROP.

(\%)It black drop, only one, but what a tinge it has given that water ? Sproading to every other drop in its neighbo"rhood, it has clouded the whole mass.

That is the way with a thought that is not pure. It affects the desires, and there foilows the wieh to do the impure thing. It reaches the will, and there follows the deed. Then how the recol. lection of it clouds the hour when one praye, the hour when the Bible is read and God's house is visited, the hour of solitary study, or of intercourse with friends.

Look out for this evil. How? A man says of the water obscured by the black drop, "I will expol this dusky cloud." Stop. Let him go farther back, and not admit that drop in the first place. That impure desire, don't gratify it. That impure book, puta hundred feet as quickly as possible botween you and it. Who will promise in this one thing to look not, touch not? That promise will make a memory of sunshine for vo:

## FACE TO FACE WITH A LION.

GIEDRICK MULLER, when hunting in South Africa, happened on one occasion to come very suddenly upon a lion. The beast did not attack him, but stoدd perfectly still. Muller alighted from his horse, and took deli verate aim at the animal's forehesd; but just as he drew the trigger the horse gave a terrified atart, and the hunter missed his aim. The lion sprang forward; but finding that the man stood stillfor he had no time either to remount or take to his beels-the lion stopped within a few paces, and stood still also, confronting him. They stood looking at each other thus for some minutes; the man never moved, and at last the lion slowly turned and walked sway.

Muller hastily began to reload his gun. The linn looked back over his ahoulder, gave a deep growl, and instantly roturned. Could words have spok n more plainly? Mrller held his hand, and remained motionless, The lion again moved off, warily, as before. The hun'er began softly to ram down his bullet. Again the lion looked back, and gave a throatening growl. This was reprated between them until the lion had retired to some distance, when he bouaded into a thicket and disappeared.

The presence of mind of the hunter, n) doubt, savo 1 him from being killed by the lion. Ic was certaialy a very narrow escape for him

## SUBJECT ITNTO THEM.

Al littlo children, reading The Scripture a sacred page Think, once the ble-sed Jesus And 13 the a chum, your age; Anil 1 m the home with Mary, He did her hidding and far And lighton'd all her care.

I'm sure he never loitered, But at her softest word He heeded, and he hastenedAnd in the little hourvehold And in the inttle household So mesrily and blithely around the chitd diviue

I fear you sometimes trouble Your patient mother's heart, Forgetful that in hone life, The children's happy phat
Is but iike hittle soldiers
Their duty quick to do ;
To minl commands when given, What easy work for you.

Within good Luke's evangel
This gleams, a precious gem,
That Clirist when with his jarents
Was "subject unto the " Was "subject unto them. Consider, hitte children; Be like him day by day,
So gettle, meak and loviug, So gertle, meak and lo
And ready to oboy. -Mh. E. Samjster.

## THE GULF STREAM.

 HERE is a river in the occan. In the severest droughts it never fails, and in the mightiest flood it never overflows. Its banks and its bottom are of cold water, while its current is of warm. Thi Gulf of Mexico is its fountain, and its mouth is in the Arctic seas. It is the Gulf stresm. There is in the world no other so majestic flow of water. Its current is swicer than the Missiesippi or the Amazon, and its volume more than one thousand nine hundred timps greater. Its waters so far as the Carolina coast are indigo blue. They are so distinctly marked that the common sea-water can be traced with the eye Often one-half the vessel may be seen floating in the Gulf.stream water while the other half is in the common water of the sea, so sharp is the line and want of affinity between those waters, and such too the reluctance, so to speak, on the part of that of the Gulf stream to mingle with the common water of the sea. In addition to these, there is annther peculiar fact. The fishermen on the coast of Norway are supplied with wood from the troj ics hy the Gulf stream. Think of the Arctic fisher. men burning upon their hearths the pulms of Hayti, the mahogany of Honduras, and the precious wood; of the Amazon and Orinoco, - Hall's Journal.

