

The melancholy record set forth in these tables is accentuated by the remark of Lehmann, based upon his tables, that in the female sex from fifteen to fifty-five years of age every third person died of tuberculosis. This does not, however, accurately present the picture of the mortality from tuberculosis, since the mortality varies somewhat for different age-periods.

The following table, prepared by Wahl. of Essen, shows the death-rate for each 10,000 living in the five different age periods :

DEATHS FROM TUBERCULOSIS—COLLECTED BY WAHL, OF ESSEN.

Mortality for Essen.	0-5.	6-20.	21-40.	40-60.	Over 60.	Total.
Number of inhabitants in the years 1864, 1871, 1875, 1879, 1881	44,353	79,772	94,178	35,710	7,531	261,544
Died altogether	4,595	734	1,372	906	608	8,126
Died from tuberculosis	173	170	482	315	78	1,238
For 10,000 living there died altogether	1,036	92	145	252	807	310.5
For 10,000 living there died from tuberculosis	39	21	51	88	103	47.00
For 100 deaths there were tuberculous	3.7	23.1	35.1	34.7	12.8	15.00

With such tables as a basis of study we may now examine the death-returns for Ontario. Taking the year 1892, we obtain the following :

DEATHS IN ONTARIO IN 1892.

COUNTIES.

	Under 1 year.	One to 5 years.	Over 5 years.
Cholera Infantum	304	32	5
Cholera Morbus	6	4	24
Diarrhoea	75	42	59
Dysentery	7	7	28
Hydrocephalus	45	20	7
Tabes	1		5
Phthisis	107	47	1,597
Other tubercular diseases			10