Helianthus, scattered about. The D. afflicta carried only a little pollen on the legs, but it also had both sorts, and Helianthus grains also on the wings.

We must probably conclude that these species of *Diadasia*, regularly visiting Cactaceæ for nectar and pollen, rested from time to time on the discs of *Helianthus*, and accidently became dusted with pollen from these. In this way, without actually feeding on *Helianthus*, these bees might become pollinating agents.

We are almost without records of sunflower visitors in the Pacific coast region, and I have no data from Central and South America, although rather numerous species of *Helianthus* exist in the mountains from Mexico to Peru. Graenicher in Wisconsin and Robertson in Illinois have made many observations of interest on the visitors of the perennial species. Records from Canada, the Atlantic seaboard and the Southern States are much to be desired. The Entomologists of the U. S. Department of Agriculture stationed in Texas have secured enormous series of insects of all orders, including a considerable number from *Helianthus*, but the labels do not, as a rule, show what species of *Helianthus* are involved. I have been very kindly permitted to examine many of the bees, and also to use the records kept on file in Washington. I give here some illustrative data:

- Dallas; Sept. 21, 1905. At H. maximiliani. C. R. Jones. Nomia nortoni Cr., det. Crawford; Halictus armaticeps Cr. (ligatus Auctt.); Megachile parallela Sm.
- (2.) Clarendon; Aug. 11, 1905. At sunflower. C. R. Jones. Perdita xanthismæ Ckll.; Triepeolus remigatus (Fabr.), det. Bishopp; Melissodes obliqua Say.
- (3.) Victoria; October 2. At Helianthus. Crawford and Leister. Nomia heteropoda Say.; N. apacha Cr.
- (4.) Wichita Falls; June 10, at Helianthus. J. D. Mitchell. Nomia bolliana Ckll.
- (5.) Falfurrias; May 18, at Helianthus. A. C. Morgan. Nomada garci:na Ckll.; N. texana Cr.; Osmia subfasciata Cr., ず; Melisodes suffusa Cr., ず; Anthophorula margani Ckll.; Halictus ligatus Auctt. (det. Crawford); and other species recorded elsewhere in this paper.