## POETRY.

Tha following beautiful poem is stated to have been found written on the first page of a folio edtion of Hookriss Licclesiustical Pclity, lelonging to a deceased Vicar.

## thevillagechurch.

## I.

And is our Country's father* fled,
His car of fire can none recall ?
Be-here his sacred spirit shed,
Here-may his prophet mantle fall.
Fain would I fill the vacant breach,
Stand where he stood the plague to stay;
In his prophetic spirit preach,
And in his hallowed accents pray.
II.

It is not that on Seraph's wing,
I hope to soar where he has soar'd;
This, this the lowly claim I bring, I love his church, I love his Lord.
I love the altar of my sires, Old as iny country's rocks of steel,
And, as I feel its sacred fires, The present deity I feel.

## III.

I love to know that, not alone
I meet the battle's angry tide ;
That sainted myriads from their throne Descend to combat at my side.
Mine is no solitary choice
See here the seal of saints impress'd:
The prayer of millions swells my voice,
The mind of ages fills my breast.

## IV.

I love the ivy-mantled tower
Rock'd by the storm of thousand years;
The grave whose melancholy tlower Was nourished by a inartyr's tears.
The sacred yew so feared in war, Which, like the sword of David given,
Inflicted more than human scar, And lent to man the arms of heaven.

## V.

I'ove the organ's joyous swell, Sweet ccho of the heavenly ode ;
I love the cheerful villare bell, Faint emblem of the call of God.
Waked by the sound, I bend my feet,
I bid my swelling sorrow cease :
I do but touch the mercy seat, A nd hear the still small voice of peace.

## VI.

And, as the ray of evening fades,
I love amidst the dead to stand;
Where, in the altar's deepening shades, I seem to meet the ghostly band.
One comes-Oh mark his sparkling eye, The light of glory kindles there:
Another-here his deep drawn sigh-Oh-'tis the sigh of dumb despair.
VII.

Xong be our Father's temple ours, Woe to the hand by which it falls ; A thousand spirits watch its towers, A cloud of angels guard its walls, And be their shield by us possess'd, Lord, rear around thy blest abode, The buttress of a holy breast,

The rampart of a present God.
gev.J. W. Cunninghad.
Whocker.

## MISCEILANEOUS.

## From" Scriptural Emblems."

## MANNA.

"And Jrsiss said unto them, I am the bread of life: he that cumeth to me shall uever hunger."-Juhn vi. 35.
"This is that bread which came down from heaven: not as your fathers did eat monna, and are deal: John vi. 58.

Under this allusion we shall see something of the glory, suitableness, and precionsness of the LordJesus; and shall daily de ight in him as our bread of life; for the soul has its wants, and must have its provisions and supply, To the believer, travelling through the wilderness of this world, the communications of grace are as necessary as his daily food, and are constantly refreshing the soul in its way to the heavenly Canaan. O Lord, evermore give us this bread, and give us faith to feed upon it for our spiritual nourishment and joy, The first earnest longing of the spiritual appetite in the renewed soul is the earnest desire of pardoning mercy and justify ing right. eousness. Food must be eaten, it must be reccived and digested, and so be incorporated, and become, as it were, one with the body which it is to nourish. This affords a just representation of the nature, exercises, and efficts of that acting of the nind, whereby we receive Christ into the lieart, and bring his fulness of blessings into experience and enjoyment. Hungering and thirsting for salvation here only is the food of life. Without this appetite, indeed, the rich provision will be spread in vain. But glory be to thee, blessed Jesus, who by thy sufferings, sorrow, and death, hast become to us the bread of life eter nal.-Goode.

Heavenly manna, Lord, bestow
In this wilderness below;
That our souls, through faith, may be
Strengthened and refreshed by thee.

## From the Church.

## martin luther's last will and rrayer.

"O Lord God, I thank thee that thou would have me to be poor, and a begrar upion earth. I rave no house, land, possessions or money to leave. Thou hast given me a wife and children; to thee 1 return them; nourish, teach and save them, as bitherto thou hast me, O Father of the fatherless, and Judge of the widow! 0 my heavenly Father, the Father of our Lord Jesus Christ, the God of all consolations, I thank thee that thou hast revealed thy Son Jesus Christ to me, on whom I have believed, whom I have professed, whom I have loved, whom I have celebrated; whom the Bishop of Rome, and all the multitude do persecute and reproach. I pray thee, $\mathbf{O}$ Lord Jesus Christ, receive my soul. My heavenly father, although I am taken out of this life, though I must now lay down this body, yet I certainly know I shall dwell with thee for ever; neither can I by any be placked unt of thy hands. God so loved the world, that he gave his only begotten Son, that whosoever
iolieveth in his name shall never perish, but have orlieveth in his name shal
everlasting life. Amen."

## progressive sanctification.

It is not with the trees of righteousness as it wa with the trees of Paradise, which were created al perfect, and full of fruite the first day. But in nature there is first a seede, then a plant, then a tree, then fruit (as a mignty oake riseth of a smal akorne); so in grace. We are conceived of immor tal seede, boine of the Spirit, bring forth the buds and blossomes of grace; and so go on to perfection, vearly encreasing in the fruits of benevolence. We get not at one jumpe into heaven, nor at one stroke kill we the enemie. - The Cure of Misprision, I646
the minister and his people.
Amongst the various relations of the Christian life, there is no one more interesting in its nature, or more
impartant in its consequences, thar that which sub sits betafen the ministers of Christ and the perple committed to their care. These are others indeed, the ties of which are moreclocely entwined about our natural feclings, and which will always be comeidered by many as exclacively or principally demanding their attention and regard; but by the Christian none will be esteened more saered, more solemit the in affecting, than that wich connects him with Other relations are more or less occupied with temporary and wohlly objects; this with such as are spiritto and permanent, and clamped, as it were, with the mage of eternity.-Dean Pearson.
ScRIPTURAL ileustration.
exposed state of the jews as predicted by moses. Deut. xxviii. 65, 66._-" And among these nations shalt thou find no ease; and thou shalt fear day and night ; and shalt have none assurance of thy life."

## "A gentleman who was for some years a British

 Consu! at Tripoli, mentioned some circunstance ${ }^{9}$ which set in a striking light the state of fear and degradation in which the Jews there live. The life of a man seems to be valued there no more than the life of a moth. If the Bey has a fear or jealousy his any man, he sends some one to put a pistol to head and shoot him. If it happen to be a Christian, remonstrance is made by the Consul of his nation. The Bey is quite ready to give satisfaction; be send some one to shoot the agent of his cruflty; and then with an air of great regret, asks the Consul still he is satisfied. If not, he is ready to give him stath further satisfaction.-But if the object of his wratisbe a Jew, no one would think of demandingfaction for his death. The people feel the curse faction for his death. The people feel the cursed, Full, that among the nations where they are scatte the "they should find no ease, and have assurance ofled to life.: They are known by their being compelled the wear a particular dress; and the Moors exerriceses. privilege of free ingress at any

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