Sale EREST

MORE Large Shortly, and Stock fresh

Is at 15c to 50c.

ch to choose. We have Leather, Gun imps, trim and be pleased and ing these now

\$4.50

d fired the first shot on the 1st January. Under sub-section M. his opinion that work had been need on or before January 1st as d. According to the contention usel for the government, the work of done in compliance with the n of the government. It was at a large number of men had a large number of men had employed, but the legislature ecify this—all they required work should commence bework should commence beed "charter-mongers. local men assisting to secur ng, all the railroads construct g an ordinary man's life would very much, and some credit e given to those who are sucld not say if the legislature re-that the plans should be actually fore January 1st, and he was of nion that all that was required in desired to secure an injunc-company would be the losers. Sinion the company had acted g of the plans, as it would have

Act was in force in Decem-05, and he would so certify to nor the lieutenant-governor in

as the deputy attorney-general instructions to earry the case

after the decision had been made, r. McLean and R. Smailes, who together work would be recomAs Mr. McLean put it, the
Act was in force in Decem"we do not know how long it ain in force, so we will have

iles stated it would take ttle time to get things in opera-t an early start would be made. advantage could be taken of mer months to press the work.

EQUITABLE IN PARIS.

Defamation of Character Arising Out of Expose.

March 24.—The correctional today began the hearing of an for alleged defamation of chards alander, brought by Eloy Dudinst the Equitable Vork lawyer, against the Equitable surance society, of New York. rey Peixotto, the society's directial here. M. Cruppi, on behalf elient, said that M. Duboin had

client, said that M. Duboin had an association for the protection red in the Equitable, and M. made complaint to the minjustice that M. Duboin was cona campaign of calumny and il. The minister of justice, he vestigated the charges and ext M. Dupoin. M. Cruppi charged at the Equitable society had ischamatory circulars. He conwith citing President Roosevelt's concerning the insurance crisis Inited States.

TO PUSH BUSINESS

Private Members Will Now Have But Two Days Each Week.

Ottawa Printers Refuse to Sub-

St. Thomas, Ont., April 2.—Fifty-six men were laid off today in the Pere Marquette railway shops here for sixty days, owing to the shortage of coal and in view of the coal strike. A local train has been discontinued.

TEMPLARS OF TEMPERANCE. Meeting in London Protests Against New Scale of Charges.

London, Ont., April 2.—At a meeting about 100 members of the Royal Templars of Temperance Saturday night, a deputation was appointed to protest to the board of directors of the protest to the board of directors of the order not to go ahead on the basis of the new rates recently decided upon by the council, until the various select councils in the Dominion could be heard from on the matter. It was claimed that the new rates were fifty per_cent higher than the old ones.

High Destiny of the Great Anglo-Saxon Race is Fittingly Referred to.

FARL GREY GUEST

OF THE PILGRIMS

The the for of A

His Excellency the Guest of Honor at a Banquet in New York.

Won will allow us to continue to draw largely on your friendship and powerful assistance.

"Mr. Choate chaffed us the other day at Ottawa in that kindly humor in which he so pre-eminently excels for the modesty which has caused every Canadian from the prime minister to the volungest citizen of the Dominion to believe that if the nineteenth century belonged to the United States, the twentieth century belongs to Canada.

"Yes, gentlemen, this is the stimulating fact of the people whom I represent in Hand Recalcitrant by the United States is scouted by us as an impossibility as great as you are continue to draw largely on your friendship and powerful assistance.

"Mr. Choate chaffed us the other day at Ottawa in that kindly humor in which he so pre-eminently excels for the modesty which has caused every Canadian from the prime minister to the volungest citizen of the Dominion to believe that if the nineteenth century belongs to Canada.

"Yes, gentlemen, this is the stimulating fact of the people whom I represent in Hand Recalcitrant Judges.

Minister of Justice Will Take
in Hand Recalcitrant
ludges

In the shape in which it was introduced it would be unworkable. Mr.
Maclean saw beneath these objections a deep-laid scheme to kill it sure, and notwithstanding the fact that practically the same of the same of

Mr. Maclean and his bill
Mr. William Maclean got a gentle
combing from two of his quondam
Conservative friends this week. Mr.
Maclean had a measure before the House to bring express companies within the purview of the rallway commission. It was pointed out by several legal members that because of its bad drafting if the bill became law

by the United States is scouted by us as an impossibility as great as you would regard the annexation of the United States by Canada."

The earl then spoke of the part Canada played in the uppuilding of the United States, saying there are 2,827. One persons of Canadian birth of descent in the United States, and that French-Canadians were the founders of Chicago, St. Louis, Pittsburg, New Orleans. Detroit, St. Paul and Milwaukee.

He added:

"So great was the sympathy felt in Canada for the bluecoats of the North"

The United States is scouted by us as an impossibility as great as you would regard the annexation of the United States, and that I reminded Mr. Brodeur to suggest that Mr. Maclean's advocacy of public rights led Mr. Brodeur to suggest that Mr. Maclean's advocacy of public questions was designed chiefly to sell his newspaper, the Toronto World. Maclean had an opportunity of getting a good bill, but had refused it. It reminded him of the story of the Irishman who, when told that an effort would be made to get a remedy for the grievances of Ireland, replied: "Arrah, we don't want a remedy; it's a great as you him, he declined to have it referred to a committee for amendment. His great speech about his championship of public rights led Mr. Brodeur to suggest that Mr. Maclean's advocacy of public questions was designed chiefly to sell his newspaper, the Toronto World. Maclean had an opportunity of getting a good bill, but had refused it. It reminded him of the story of the Irishman who, when told that an effort would be made to get a remedy for the grievances of Ireland, replied: "Arrah, we don't want a remedy; it's a grievance we want."

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OF THE BIG THREE

New York Legislature Wipes Out Directorates of Mutual

Ottawe Printers Refuse to Submitted in the Doublands could be loaned in the Doubland could be loaned in the Doublands could be loaned in the Doubland could be loaned in the Doublands could be loaned in the Doubland could be loaned in the Dou