

CAN WITTE DO HIS HARD TASK?

Press Agrees That Russ Premier
Has Most Difficult Problem
to Solve.

London, Nov. 7.—The tremendous difficulties of the task now facing Count Witte in the sudden birth of Russian freedom are fully recognized in the editorial and the special dispatches from St. Petersburg in this morning's London newspapers. Count Witte, however, are freely expressed as to whether the count will prove strong enough or the Russian nation sufficiently self-controlled to surmount the labor involved in the growth of a new constitution. The Daily Telegraph in an editorial says: "An epoch has been reached in the fortunes of a nation corresponding to the fall of the battle in the history of France, but there is a warning as well as an inspiration in the great parallel of the French revolution, which, through impatience, was returned by anarchy, massacre and terror to a despotism mightier than the one it destroyed. Russia now stands at the golden moment of constructive compromise, when everything depends upon controlling the forces which may otherwise sweep the empire into chaos. Let the leaders of Russian revolution remember the fate of the Girondins while they still have power to pause. Other papers dilate the text that the Emperor's charter of freedom has still to be translated into deeds and action on the part of the revolutionaries and the autocrat, which, they say, are both likely to resist to the utmost any attempt at compromise and moderation.

The St. Petersburg correspondent of the Morning Post points out that Count Witte is "only a liberal from expediency, is distrusted by all shades of popular political opinion and is openly disliked by the aristocrats."

"It has been remarked that the count's cabinet list is likely to be accepted by the Emperor as he could submit no names more distasteful than his own."

The St. Petersburg correspondent of the Daily Telegraph, commenting on the "blowing off of steam" may be a correct description of them, but that some give them the name of "blowing off" is a revolution which will be carried to the bitter end. The correspondent continues:

"The Socialists and revolutionaries on all sides, strong in their victory, declare their determination to carry the struggle further, even though it should end in a military dictatorship. The Government will be compelled to resist all such demands as the formation of a national militia, because it can have no guarantee that such a militia would not be used in an attempt to overthrow the monarchy and establish a republic."

The Odessa correspondent of the Standard sends a report that the civil governor has fled.

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"IN DAY'S WORK" SAYS FIRE HERO

Choose Path of Death to Save
Scores in Way of Flying
Engine.

New York, Nov. 7.—Engine No. 56 of the fire department was one of the big steamers called to a small blaze at Columbus avenue and Ninety-Sixth street at 5:30 o'clock yesterday afternoon. Engine No. 56 stopped against an elevated pillar at Columbus avenue and Eighty-Third street, and its crew went home in an ambulance.

It happened as it has happened many times before when a driver of the fire department has to think quick. Driver Richard O'Keefe was getting the best speed he could out of his three big horses. They were tearing across Eighty-Third street with a stream of small boys in the rear, the bells clanging, crowds stopping to see them pass.

Two cars got to the Eighty-Third street crossing when No. 56 was making for it at full speed. A north-bound car started ahead. The south-bound car stood still. They effectively blocked the crossing for such a big engine as No. 56. O'Keefe was heading his team straight at the south-bound car. On the back platform were a dozen men, and the inside of the car was packed with the home-going workers. To those who stood breathless to watch the impending crash it seemed that nothing could save either the car or the engine. The men on the back platform of the car began to crowd off, with yells of warning to those inside.

O'Keefe, as his captain said later, "never turned a hair." He just swung on his left rein. The three big horses swung with him, and just what O'Keefe expected would happen, did happen. Engine and team went smashing against the big pillar of the elevated road.

O'Keefe was shot through the air and fell on his head, and his crew, Capt. Michael McNamara and Daniel Flaherty, the engineer—were slammed against the front of the engine and dropped to the ground like so much dead weight. The heavy engine plunged over the horses for a brief second. The three horses went down, one of them under with a broken neck. The two kicked and squealed and had not the others of the engine crew, running up at that moment on the tender, grabbed the horses and yanked them to their feet they would have ended the captain and the engineer with their hoofs.

When the ambulance arrived from Roosevelt Hospital Dr. Johnson found that O'Keefe had a four-inch cut along his scalp and was so badly stunned that it took fifteen minutes to bring him around. Capt. McNamara got the brunt of the crash. Three of his ribs were broken and his back was injured. Engineer Flaherty broke his ankle and bruised himself from head to foot. They all refused to go to the hospital, and the ambulance took them to their homes.

As for Dobbins, the horse that went under, he was ended with a policeman's bullet. The engine was a wreck. O'Keefe said it was "all in a day's work" when the car passengers he had saved crowded around to shake his hand.

GOOD OLD ONTARIO

Read This and Then Cut Out Race
Suicide Talk.

Hamilton, Nov. 7.—There is a physician in Hamilton who is thoroughly convinced that if there is such a thing as race suicide in this country, there are some very notable exceptions right here in Hamilton.

There is no meat truce in Australia. There mutton sometimes sells for as little as 2 cents a pound. Wellington, the capital of New Zealand, is said to be the windiest city in the world. It is situated on the rim of the funnel that separates the two main islands of which New Zealand is composed. This position makes it a veritable cave of the winds.

Painful, Fatal
Kidney Disease
CALLS FOR IMMEDIATE AND ACTIVE TREATMENT WITH
DR. CHASE'S
KIDNEY-LIVER PILLS

Kidney disease—marked by back-ache, pains in the loins, scanty, dark colored urine, puffiness under the eyes, dropsical swelling and gradual loss of flesh—is always to be dreaded both on account of the suffering it entails and because of its fatality.

The kidneys and liver share alike the responsibility of filtering poisons from the blood, and it is therefore necessary to regulate both these organs in order to effect a cure for kidney disease.

This fact accounts for the extraordinary success of Dr. Chase's Kidney-Liver Pills, which is the only treatment obtainable having a direct and combined action on the liver and kidneys.

For years evidence has been piling up which goes to prove that Dr. Chase's Kidney-Liver Pills have positively cured obstinate and complicated cases of kidney disease which defied physicians and ordinary kidney medicines.

Nor is this to be wondered at when it is remembered that Dr. Chase's Kidney-Liver Pills have won the long and varied experience of the great American physician and author—Dr. A. W. Chase.

Kidney disease is not to be neglected. It is too far serious to be allowed to develop. You can profit by the experience of thousands of your fellow-citizens and obtain prompt relief, as well as thorough and lasting cure, by the use of Dr. Chase's Kidney-Liver Pills. One pill a dose, 25 cents a box, at all dealers, or E. W. Gillett & Co., Toronto.



"Stanfield's Unshrinkable" is made right here in Canada. Made by Canadians, who know the climate—know what people need to protect them against Canadian winters. Imported Underwear is all right for England—but it is made for the English climate—not for 20 to 50 below zero.

Stanfield's Unshrinkable Underwear is the finest Nova Scotia wool, in all weights to suit all temperatures from Halifax to the Klondyke. In all sizes, too, to fit every figure.

Every Stanfield garment is guaranteed unshrinkable.

Well Known Philanthropist of Montreal Meets Strange End.

Montreal, Nov. 6.—Charles Alexander, one of the oldest and best-known citizens of Montreal, about midnight Saturday night was found in a difficult condition in front of his house, on McKay street, and passed away shortly afterwards. It is supposed that Mr. Alexander, who was about 80 years of age, was apparently in his usual vigorous health Saturday, and attended to business as usual.

It was as a philanthropist that Mr. Alexander was best known. Throughout his long residence in Montreal he displayed the warmest interest in local charitable and philanthropic circles, and was one of the leaders in all movements of this kind originating among the Protestants of Montreal. He was prominent in many local institutions. In 1885 a claim was made on Mr. Alexander's behalf to the dormant earldom of Stirling, but it was not successful.

Throughout his life Mr. Alexander was hale and vigorous up to the last, and attended to business daily. He is survived by two sons, in Montreal, and two daughters, in London. Mr. Warren, of Chicago, and Mrs. Robert Darling, of Toronto.

All the stores in the Jewish market have been plundered and destroyed.

Dilation of the Stomach

The gravity of enlargement of the stomach cannot be overestimated. One of the principal causes that produce this distressing condition is indigestion and flatulence. Weakness of the muscles that propel the food to the intestines is also a factor in allowing the food to accumulate in the stomach, and thus causing it to become enlarged. Constipation and inactivity of the liver is also a prominent cause. In this condition you feel a coated tongue, thirst, loss of appetite, emaciation, oppression at the pit of the stomach, belching of food and vomiting of sour liquid, varying in amount. Weakness, pain and want of energy are usually present.

Now, to overcome this distressing and dangerous enlargement of the stomach and all its symptoms, take Smith's Pile and Butternut Pills today. They will give tone to the weak propelling muscles of the stomach and intestines. They produce a natural movement of the contents of the bowels and avoid the formation of gas, which if retained produces symptoms of self-poisoning. Food long retained in the stomach and retained in the bowels show all the signs of putrefaction, when examined after the stomach pump is used, viz: sour odor, bacteria, yeast, acrobacteria and organic acids, which are deleterious to the entire system.

Smith's Pile and Butternut Pills cure constipation as if by magic. They regulate the functions of the liver, cleanse the poisons from the blood, remove the bilious elements from the circulation and strengthen the nerves. If your eyes are clouded without an appreciable cause, if you have specks and floating objects before your vision, use Smith's Pile and Butternut Pills and get the poisons elements out of your blood. Remember, they always cure sick headache, constipation and biliousness in one night. 25 cents a box. All genuine signed W. F. Smith.

SMITH'S BUCHU LITHIA PILLS

A POSITIVE CURE FOR RHEUMATISM AND ALL FORMS OF KIDNEY AND BLADDER ILLS. AT ALL DEALERS—25 CENTS. A CURE AT THIS PEOPLE'S PRICE.

USE ONLY THE BEST

GILLET'S PERFUMED LYE

is the STANDARD article

READY FOR USE IN ANY QUANTITY.

For making soap, softening water, removing old paint, disinfecting sinks, closets, drains and for many other purposes. A can equals 20 pounds SAL. SODA.

SOLD EVERYWHERE.

E. W. GILLET COMPANY TORONTO, ONT.

Murder and Plunder at Kieff.

Kieff, Russia, Nov. 3.—The retirement of Gen. Kleigels, the governor-general of Kieff, who was removed Wednesday and has been succeeded by Gen. Soukhomlinoff, has not served to restore order. The whole city is in a ferment. A report that the Jews had destroyed a Christian monastery was circulated among the mob and served to provoke a renewal of the attacks on the Jews. The massacre continues. Gen. Karaas, the military commander, called out the Cossacks who were met with bombs whereupon they fired into the crowd, killing twelve persons and wounding forty-four.

A governor named Katho Schmidt is to be prosecuted in Germany for lese majeste, because she wrote her name in a visitors' book at a hotel at Gross-Lichterfelde immediately beneath the signature of the King of Saxony and the two princesses.

PROSPECTUS —OF— United Empire Bank of Canada.

HEAD OFFICE, - - - TORONTO, ONT.

The charter of the Pacific Bank of Canada has been acquired and application made to Parliament for authority to change the name to **UNITED EMPIRE BANK OF CANADA**, Also to increase the Capital from \$2,000,000 to \$5,000,000.

Capital, - - - \$5,000,000
Present Issue, - - - \$2,000,000

20,000 Shares at \$100 Per Share
ISSUED AT PAR.

THE FOLLOWING GENTLEMEN HAVE CONSENTED TO ACT AS DIRECTORS:

SAMUEL BARKER, ESQ., M. P., Director the Landed Banking and Loan Company, Hamilton.
GEORGE A. CLARE, ESQ., M. P., President Clare Bros. & Co., Limited, Preston.
E. E. A. DUVERNET, ESQ., of the firm DuVernet, Jones, Ross & Ardagh, Barristers, Toronto.
LORD ERNEST HAMILTON, Director Employers' Liability Assurance Company, London, England.

are fewer banks in existence in 1905 than there were in 1890. Canada is fortunate in possessing a banking system which, in legislative safeguarding, is unsurpassed by that of any country in the world. The regulations of the Canadian "Bank Act" provide for the fullest security to the investor in bank shares.

The conditions precedent to the establishment of a new institution are now of so stringent a character as to prevent any but a responsible organization from undertaking the banking business. The currency system by its elasticity avoids "money trouble." No business possesses the same safety. No business has been more uniformly profitable. A bank begins to earn profits for its shareholders from the outset. Its capital is not laid out in plant and stock like a new industrial or mercantile business.

During the past ten years the actual returns of Canadian banks to their stockholders, after setting aside a portion of their annual profits as a reserve fund, have ranged from six to twelve per cent. During the past three years the earnings have averaged fifteen per cent per annum per institution.

The prices of bank shares in Canada are most significant, ranging from 125 to 300 per hundred of par value, with the exception of a very few institutions whose stocks are not actively dealt in or quoted on the regular exchanges, but every one of which is paying regular dividends on its capital and accumulating a reserve fund.

Owing to the rapidly increasing needs of the country nearly every bank in Canada, whose existence precedes 1900, has been called upon to largely increase its capital in the past ten years. The new stock has been offered in almost every case at a high premium, and under the regulations of the Bank Act must necessarily be first offered to the existing shareholders. The opportunity of investing in bank shares can be obtained by the general public only by purchase in the open market at the high current prices.

The United Empire Bank of Canada will operate throughout Canada, with an office in London, England, and later, if the occasion demands, at other large centers in Great Britain. While being a thoroughly Canadian institution under Canadian management, its directorate will include three or more prominent financiers of London, England.

Although the Provisional Executive have already received offers of large subscriptions for stock from English investors, it is intended to limit the holdings of any one person or corporation and to secure the greater portion of its share capital in Canada, in as widely distributed holdings as possible. While there have been since 1900 three new banks established in active operation in Canada, all of which are meeting with success, there

The Directors of the United Empire Bank of Canada will be men selected with a view to their business capacity and financial ability. While they will be men of means and thoroughly representative, special regard will be paid to their fitness and capability for the position.

The General Manager will be Mr. George P. Reid, for ten years General Manager of The Standard Bank of Canada. The success of this institution under his management has been widely recognized. Mr. Reid possesses an enviable reputation as being a sound and conservative banker.

Shares will be \$100 par value. As preliminary expenses will be kept within very small limits, it is not considered necessary to issue the stock at a premium.

The terms of subscription will be \$10 per share on allotment, \$10 per share on the first day of the month immediately following the date of allotment, \$10 per share every month thereafter on the first day of the month until the whole amount is paid.

Interest at the rate of **FOUR** per cent per annum up to the date fixed for payment will be allowed on payments made in advance. The provisional directors reserve the right to reject or allot any subscription in whole or in part.

Applications for Stock should be made to **MR. GEORGE P. REID, Secretary,**
Lawlor Building, Corner King and Yonge Streets, Toronto.

OR TO
MESSRS. MEREDITH, JUDD & MEREDITH,
Solicitors, Room Nos. 23, 24, 25 Bank of Toronto Chambers,
Corner Richmond and King Streets, London, Canada.

Stock Books Now Open at Above Address.

Cheques, drafts, money orders and other remittances on account of subscriptions for stock should be made payable to **SAMUEL BARKER, ESQ., M. P.,** and **MR. GEORGE P. REID.**

GREAT HEIRESS FANCY FREE
Lady Hamilton, With Income of \$570,000 a Year, Has No Lover.

London, Nov. 7.—Lady Mary Hamilton, Britain's greatest heiress, is celebrating this week her twenty-first birthday at Breckin Castle, Isle of Arran, the ancient home of King Robert Bruce. She is a daughter of the twelfth Duke of Hamilton, who died on board his yacht at Lisbon in 1888, leaving her all of his vast estates, every acre of which is not entailed and all his money, while a second cousin, a paralyzed cavalry lieutenant, inherited the title and seven palaces of which he can not dispose of, and about \$20,000 a year.

Lady Mary has a net income of \$520,000 a year. Her mother is still living, having married within a year of the duke's death Carnaby Foster, a Leicestershire squire. Lady Mary rarely comes to London. She has no taste for the social whirl, but delights in the wild, free life of her Island of Arran, in the Firth of Clyde, where she virtually reigns as queen over its 5,000 inhabitants. She takes a deep interest in the welfare of her tenants, whom she visits in their cottages; she organizes parties for their children, and generally fills the role of Lady Bountiful. Arran has some of the finest deer

forests, grouse moors, and salmon rivers in Scotland, and Lady Mary is notable alike with rod and gun, enjoying the arduous sport of stalking deer with the utmost zest. Many matches have been suggested for her by her grandmother, the Duchess of Devonshire, but Lady Mary remains fancy free, although rumor has it she may accept the addresses of the handsome young Marquis of Graham, who is now among the guests at her birthday house party. He is the eldest son and heir of the Duke of Montrose.

When the Throat Tickles
You know the genus of catarrh as it works. Kill them at once with Catarrhazone. Doctors say it's the one sure cure that's safe and free from deleterious drugs. Remember the name—"Catarrhazone."

Consul Atwell, of Roubaix, reports a new typewriter for the blind which is an improvement on the Braille alphabet system. It was invented by a Mr. Vaughn. Two alphabets instead of one are used.

BANDINI TURNS UP
Italian Involved in Terrorist Plot Returns Wealthy.
Rome, Nov. 7.—Italian papers relate the romantic life story of Enrico Bandini who, after being believed dead for thirty years, has now returned to his family at San Casciano, near Florence. In April, 1877, Bandini went to St. Petersburg, where he sold Florentine straw hats and objects of art. Suddenly all news from him ceased, and inquiries remained unanswered. Investigation through official channels also remained without result. It was noticed, however, that Bandini's sudden silence coincided with the assassination of Czar Alexander II. Bandini's family gave their relative up as lost.

A few days ago a man of about 53 entered a cafe at San Casciano and made inquiry from the proprietor after the Bandini family. On being told that Enrico Bandini had disappeared long ago and was believed to be dead, the stranger dramatically revealed himself as the missing man. His relatives did not recognize him, but his knowledge of certain minute particulars concerning the family convinced them that he was really the man whom they had mourned as dead.

Bandini's story is that he became involved in the revolutionary movement, and, though entirely innocent, was arrested, together with fifteen companions, the day after the Emperor Alexander's assassination. He, however, managed to escape to America, where he succeeded in saving some money. Some of his companions were executed, and others sent to Siberia, among whom was his friend, an engineer named Condi. The Russian officials promised to save him from the gallows if he would betray the secret of the revolutionary organization. After telling all he knew, he was sent, loaded with chains, to the Siberian mines. Bandini afterwards ventured to return to Russia under an assumed name, and even succeeded in obtaining a post on the trans-Siberian Railway. In 1899 he returned to America, and through fortunate speculations became the owner of \$25,000, with which he has now returned home, and expects to spend the rest of his days in peace.

A Hot Weather Remedy.
During the hottest weather, you can take Angier's Emulsion without fear of disturbing the stomach. It aids digestion, lightens the stomach and insures a germ-free condition of the system. It is wonderfully good for acute and chronic diarrhoea, dysentery and children's complaints.

Steamers are 50 per cent safer than sailing vessels.