

*Deiopeia* Curt.

Body slender. Head small. Eyes prominent. Antennae simple in each sex; rather short and slightly pilose beneath in the males.—Palpi curved, ascending nearly to the middle of the face, basal joint tumid, middle joint long, terminal joint short, ovate. Tongue about equal to the thorax beneath. Legs moderate, tibiae very short, hind tibiae with four spurs at the apex. Flight diurnal.

*D. bella* L.—Linn.

Palpi yellowish-white, tipped with black. Antennae black. Head whitish, with four black spots. Thorax white, with about twelve black spots; and a patch of ochre-yellow on each side, at base of primaries.

Primaries orange-yellow, with from five to seven irregular transverse whitish bands, spotted in the middle with black; the last one furcate from about the middle towards the costa; hind margin with a row of black spots.

Secondaries bright red, sometimes paler; with the hind margin bordered with a black-white edged indented band, which is furcate at the apex of the wing.

Under surface very bright red; primaries with the costal margin yellow; three elongated black spots extending from the costa inwards; a subterminal imperfect black band and a row of spots on the hind margin. Secondaries with the same markings as above, with two white bordered black spots on the costal margin.

Abdomen greyish-white, with two rows of black spots on the under side. Legs whitish, spotted with black.

Length of body 6 lines. Wings expand 13 lines.

Larva undescribed.

Var. Primaries with the white stripes from the base to beyond the middle intersecting the orange bands, dividing them into two or three portions.

Hab.—London. Rare. St. Catherine's, (Mr. Beadle). Keswick, Lake Simcoe, both type and var., (Mr. Bethune.) Port Stanley, (Mr. Edwards.)

*Hypercompa* Hubn. *Callimorpha* Latr.

Palpi somewhat exceeding the clypeus, pilose towards the base, the middle and basal joints nearly equal, terminal joint short and