The question of concurrence being put on the main motion, it was, on the same division, reversed, resolved in the affirmative, and

The said Bill was then read a third time accordingly. The question was put whether this Bill shall pass?

It was resolved in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk do go down to the House of Commons and acquaint that House that the Senate have passed this Bill, to which they desire their concurrence.

Pursuant to the Order of the Day, the Bill (C) intituled: "An Act respecting Female Offenders in the Province of New Brunswick," was read a third time.

The question was put whether this Bill shall pass?

It was resolved in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk do go down to the House of Commons and acquaint that House that the Senate have passed this Bill, to which they desire their concurrence.

The Order of the Day being read for the second reading of the Bill (G) intituled: "An Act respecting the Rocky Mountain Railway and Coal Company";

On motion of the Honourable Mr. Perley, seconded by the Honourable Mr. Almon,

it was

Ordered, That the same be postponed until to-morrow.

The House, according to Order, was adjourned during pleasure, and put into a Committee of the Whole on the Bill (10) intituled: "An Act further to amend the Act respecting the Adulteration of Food, Drugs and Agricultural Fertilizers."

In the Committee.

The title read and postponed.

Upon the first clause being read, it was moved that the same be amended as fol-

Page 1, line 6 -- Leave out from "section," where it occurs the second time, to the end of the Bill and insert: "Seventeen."

"17A. Honey shall be deemed to be adulterated within the meaning of this Act,

"(a.) It is made by bees fed on any saccharine or sweet substance other than such "as bees gather from their natural sources of food;" or-

"(b.) It contains any honey so made."

2. 1. Every one is guilty of an offence and liable, on summary conviction, to a penalty not exceeding \$ who, with intent that any saccharine or sweet substance other than such as bees gather from their natural sources of food shall be used by bees to make honey-

(a.) Feeds bees therewith; or—
(b.) Exposes any such substance in such a way that bees may feed thereon."

2. It is not an offence to feed bees upon any form of sugar, if they are so fed to preserve their lives in the case of scarcity of their natural food.

The burden of proving that the feeding has been such, is upon the person pro secuted.

3. Every one is guilty of an offence and liable, on summary conviction, to a penalty who manufactures, produces for sale, sells or offers for sale the commodity known as 'sugar honey' or any imitation of honey or any substitute for honey resembling and likely to be mistaken for honey.

After some time the House was resumed, and

The Honourable Mr. Vidal, from the said Committee, reported that they had taken the said Bill into consideration, made some progress therein, and had directed him to ask leave to sit again.

Ordered, That the said Committee have leave to sit again on Wednesday next.