ANNAPOLIS CELEBRATION NOW IN FULL SWING.

Glorious Weather Prevails, Many Visitors are Present, and the Ceremonies Have So Far Been Most Interesting.

ANNAPOLIS ROYAL, N. S., June 21.—The opening of the celebration this morning of the 200th anniversary of the landing of Sieur De Monts at Port Royal June 21st, 1604, was an auspicious occasion.

It seems as if nature has vied with those in charge of the celebration to make the event a memorable one, for the shady walks, the beautiful lawns and the wide spreading trees of Annapolis Royal could never look prettier than at the present time. Several warships and many distinguished representatives of three nations have assembled to honor the memory of the man to whom the foundation of this town is due. The day was all that could be desired, and long before the hour of the opening address had arrived the streets were crowded with people, who had driven in from the surrounding villages. The town was decked with flags, and everywhere an enthusiastic spirit of patriotism reigned. The old fort was today, of course, the chief centre of attraction for the visitors. The United States cruiser Detroit arrived last night and is now lying alongside of the Topeka and the Troude. She saluted when she came in, and her commander, Capt. Dillingham, delivered an address from the rostrum in the old fort this morning.

Soon after nine o'clock bands from the ships landed and marched to the fort. Several cars from the flagship Ariadne also came up by train. An hour later the Troude landed a large number of marines. They were a fine body of men and attracted a great deal of attention.

It will be noticed that the U. S. have two ships of war here. This is due to the fact that fearing the Detroit, which had to sail from Cuba, would not reach Annapolis in time for the event, the training ship Topeka was ordered here so as to be sure that the U. S. would be represented. Counting the Curlew and Constance, the dominion cruisers, there are five warships at Annapolis, while the Ariadne is lying at Digby. During the afternoon and early evening sports were held in the old fort, including tight rope walking, acrobatic work and gymnastic performances. Bands from the ships were in attendance. At eleven o'clock the distinguished representatives were escorted to the rostrum which had been erected in the old fort, where speeches were delivered. Two lines of British, French and U. S. marines were stationed on either side of the road leading to the platform, on which were seated Lieut. Governor Jones and Attorney General Longley of Nova Scotia, Mr. Kleczkowski, the French consul at Montreal, and the representative of the French republic, Mayor King of Annapolis, Archbishop O'Brien of Halifax, Admiral Sir Arch. Douglas, Capt. Dillingham, the U. S. representative, Hon. A. Turgeon and several members of the legislature with their ladies. The stand was beautifully decorated with the flags of the three nations entwined, while all around the rampart the Union Jack gently floated in the breeze. As Governor Jones walked to the platform the band played God Save the King.

Hon. J. W. Longley, on behalf of the Nova Scotia Historical Society, extended a cordial welcome to the representatives of France and the United States, as well as to the delegates from portions of our own dominion. He referred to the propriety of celebrating such a historical event as the arrival of De Monts and his ships in these waters, and briefly sketched the history of Port Royal from the early days of French supremacy to its final capture by the British. Acadie had become British through the men of the Eastern States, and it was fitting that a special representative of that great country should be present. The relations between Great Britain, France and the United States are perfectly friendly today, and such gatherings as the present celebrations will serve to cement that friendship. Mr. Longley also spoke of the great changes that had taken place in the North American continent during the three hundred years succeeding each discoverer, and the great influence which Canada and the United States now wield in the affairs of the world.

His worship the mayor then read an address to the lieutenant governor, who suitably replied. He begged Mr. Kleczkowski and Capt. Dillingham to convey to their presidents the sincere appreciation of the people of Annapolis for the honor done them by having as representatives from these countries such distinguished men, and expressed his pleasure at the presence of Admiral Douglas, who has recently been appointed commander-in-chief at Portsmouth.

Mr. Kleczkowski delivered the most of his address in French. It was highly congratulatory and was heartily applauded by those who understood his remarks. In English he said that it was a beautiful and generous sentiment that gave birth to this celebration, and he could not find words with which to express his great pleasure at being present as the representative of the country under whose auspices Port Royal had been founded. The good work done by De Monts and his noble companions had not, he was glad to say, been lost to posterity. He could assure them the president of the French republic would know just how the brave French explorers had been extolled and glorified by the people of Canada. In closing, Mr. Kleczkowski made a remark which was particularly striking. When referring to the fact that Annapolis was now in possession of the English, he said: "France sows but does not always reap." As the distinguished representative took his seat the people stood with bared heads while the bands played the national air of France.

As Capt. Dillingham came forward to address the mass the band struck up the "Star Spangled Banner," and he was given a hearty reception. He said that he had just come 1600 miles in the Detroit from San Juan at top speed in order to be present on this occasion, and he was very glad on arriving at the coasts of the Bay of Fundy to find no fog, for that was the only thing that would have made him slow down. He was deeply impressed with the great spirit of loyalty which was being displayed at Annapolis, and it was a strange coincidence that today in his own country they were celebrating an event for which France was also responsible. Captain Dillingham said he brought to Annapolis the hearty congratulations of the president and the deepest sympathy of the people of the United States.

J. F. Herbin was called upon and read an original poem suitable to the occasion. It was a lengthy production and is being favorably commented upon.

Hon. A. Turgeon, representing the Quebec government, made a splendid address, the band playing "The Maple Leaf Forever" as he arose. He spoke most of the time in French, but at the conclusion said in English that he thought it only proper to do so since he represented the French Canadian people of Canada. He referred briefly to the great progress Canada had made in the past fifty years and the feeling of loyalty and patriotism which exists at the present time. He predicted for Canada a glorious future.

Archbishop O'Brien of Halifax was the next speaker and said that the colonization of nearly the whole of North America was the result of the founding of Port Royal. Today we saw the results of the adventurous spirit of De Monts, a man to whom honor was due from Great Britain and the United States as well as from France, and it was only just that a celebration such as this should be held on the three hundredth anniversary of his landing at this place. This glory had been too long unobserved. His grace predicted a great future for Canada and referred to the benefits she confers upon the world. Canada would cease to be beneficial to the human race only when that race ceased to exist.

Mr. Longley read telegrams of regret at their inability to be present from Sir Wilfrid Laurier, R. L. Borden, M. P., Hon. Senator Poirier, Sir Fred. Borden and others.

In the afternoon was probably one of the most pleasant incidents of the celebration, the trip by steamer Granville to Goat Island, where the first fort was erected. The boat left Annapolis with almost two hundred of the most distinguished visitors at three o'clock, arriving off the site of the old fort an hour later, where she anchored long enough for speeches to be delivered suitable to the occasion. As the tide was low, the party did not go on shore, but listened to the speeches on board.

Arthur Lord, a distinguished member of the Massachusetts Historical Society, was the first speaker. He said his people shared with us a common heritage from more than one point of view. He spoke of the early troubles of De Monts at this place, and in a few words told of the later settlements at Plymouth and Boston. At that time he supposed scarcely a gale blew down from the Bay of Fundy that did not take with it the rumor of some pending attack. We all shared in the commemoration of those events. From Plymouth county came men who took part in the mournful removal of the Canadians, and in many ways his people were bound to us by peculiar ties of history, association, tradition and memory. They were rivals only in the generous arts of peace, but limited in all noble sentiments which lead men to cherish and preserve the memory of those who now are dead, but while living did as God gave them light to see.

Mr. Longley next introduced Hon. Chas. Langelier, who made the greater part of his speech in French. At the close he spoke a few words in English, referring particularly to the great freedom Canadians had in worshipping God. When De Monts planted his little colony at the old fort at which they were assembled he had with him Catholic priests and Protestant clergymen, showing that his colony was to be open to all religions. For that reason alone, said Mr. Langelier, it was fitting that this celebration should take place. The people of Canada might not be united in religion, but they certainly were for the good of their country.

Mr. Longley introduced Rev. Father Gaynor of the St. John Historical Society, who referred to the discovery of St. John three hundred years ago, and spoke of the cordial relationship between the two celebrations. Father Gaynor dwelt on the significance of the historic occasion, drew a comparison between that and the spot as it was three hundred years ago, and its condition at the present time. He explained that the St. John event was more a Champlain than a De Monts celebration, and said that although this was the case the name of the latter would come in for its share of glory. It was strange to think that at this very spot in 1605 four hundred canoes full of Indians assembled to plan a cut-throat attack of revenge on their brethren far to the south. It must be a matter of hereditary descent that we can look so far back and draw connections between that time and the present. Father Gaynor also spoke of the religious freedom, pointing out that in that spot such freedom reigned as it did in no other part of the world.

After the addresses the steamer returned to town and the delightful trip was ended.

The evening programme was a purely intellectual one, consisting of a public meeting held in the Academy of Music. The hall was filled with a large number of distinguished persons, while on the platform were seated some of America's most learned men. The first speaker, Prof. E. G. Thwaites of the American Historical Association ,was given a cordial greeting. They were assembled here today, he said, to celebrate an event in the ancient history of America. The career of New France was one of the most thrilling, and it was one of the most peculiar episodes in modern times.

The far stretching rivers were to these men both an invitation and a means. Prof. Thwaites told how the country had been lost to France. American character he thought owed much to New France. On behalf of the association which he represented he extended to the N. S. Historical Society their heartiest congraulations.

Charles Francis Adams, president of the Massachusetts Historical Society, was enthusiastically received, and said he was here on the war path. Two statements had been made during the day that he did not agree with. In regard to the key of Annapolis, which he had with him, he could not agree with Judge Savory, who said that it was the key of the gate to the citadel of Annapolis. He wished to state in regard to the Massachusetts Historical Society, that it was the oldest in the world, and its records go to prove that the key referred to was the one used in the citadel of Annapolis.

The next thing he disagreed with was the statement by Mr. Longley that Annapolis Royal was the first settlement, with one exception, in America, because nothing was a settlement that did not have continuity and a woman in it. He claimed the first settlement to have been at Plymouth Rock.

Rev. Dr. Forrest of Dalhousie College spoke briefly about the condition of the world in 1604. He hoped the last war had been fought between Great Britain and France, and trusted the time would never come when the Union Jack and Stars and Stripes would face each other on a battle field.

In regard to the key referred to, he could suggest that the New Englanders keep the key, but that we keep the fort. Referring to the empire Dr. Forrest said that he was an imperialist and that he was not sure but that Great Britain was about as thickly populated as she could stand. Canada wanted to show now that in her domains, English, Scotch, Americans and French could live agreeably together.

Rev. Dr. Keirstead of Acadia was next called on. He believed we should acknowledge our debt of gratitude to those early pioneers, because they taught us how to live. Three hundred years ago Bacon was writing his essays ,and calling out that the nation should cultivate the arts of war. Now it was thought a nation's greatness depended on the advancement of education and the cultivation of the arts of peace. He compared at some length the social conditions three hundred years ago with those of the present time.

President Hannah of Kings College, Windsor, briefly addressed the audience. He said the invincible stupidity of the English in regard to speaking other languages impressed him. Today we had cause to come in contact with men of other nations who spoke fluently in both tongues. The great thing about Canada was the fact that we were not worried over the horrors of armed peace.

John A. Cooper of the Canadian Press Association and editor of the Canadian Magazine, was the next speaker, and spoke of the patriotic education which is being carried on in Ontario. He strongly advocated the study of Canadian history. Mr. Cooper read a little poem written by Vernon Nott, a Canadian, entitled The Graves of the English Dead. Judge Savory made a few concluding remarks. All the evening speeches were of a very high order.

Tomorrow morning the laying of the corner-stone of the De Monts monument will take place in the old fort, and the celebration will be concluded in the afternoon.

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845 BODIES FOUND.

Many Others Will Never be Recovered.

Startling Evidence Heard in Enquiry Into the General Slocum Disaster.

NEW YORK, June 21.—Evidence of a startling nature, which doubtless will have an important bearing on the ultimate result of the cornoer's inquiry into the General Slocum disaster, was forthcoming at the inquest today.

Perhaps the most unexpected incident was the continued refusal to answer questions of Henry Lundberg, a United States steamboat inspector, who was supposed to have inspected the life preservers and the hull of the illfated steamer. His refusal was based on the ground that an answer might tend to incriminate him, and he acted on the advice of his counsel.

The coroner committed Lundberg to the house of detention, but later accepted $500 bail for his appearance at the hearing tomorrow, which was satisfactory to the assistant district attorney.

Second Pilot Weaver of the Slocum testified that he had purchased the fire hose for that boat, and Mr. Garvan introduced evidence to show that the price paid was 40 cents a foot less 60 per cent., or 16 cents per foot net.

Daniel O'Neill, who according to his sworn statement, had never worked on a boat until he was hired on the Slocum a short time ago, admitted that he became frightened after the fire had gained great headway and had jumped into a row boat filled with people from the Slocum, capsizing it.

Miss L. C. Hall, bookkeeper for the Knickerbocker Steamboat Co., told of erasures she had made with acid on certain bills for life preservers, and the substitution of the name "General Slocum" for "Grand Republic."

By the use of dynamite and heavy guns fired by men from the Second Battery scores of bodies were brought up from the bottom around the shores of North Brother Island today. From sunrise to sunset the searchers along the beach and in the boats gathered in 112, bringing the number of bodies recovered to date up to the appalling total of 845. Of these 700 have been identified, and the missing still are approximated at something more than 300. Many of the bodies last found will never be identified.

ALL THE TERRORS OF NEURALGIA

Become a Thing of the Past When Nerviline is Used—It Cures Forever.

No one will suffer many moments from Neuralgia after using Nerviline. It just kills the pain instantly. In hundreds of cases it makes perfect cures after everything else fails.

Nothing could possibly be more prompt or certain. Writing from her home in Belfast, Mrs. E. G. Bunting says: "Nerviline is a blessing to anyone subject to Neuralgia. I had attacks that made me get the doctor to administer morphia. It seemed as if I couldn't stand the pain. Then I used Nerviline and found it had more pain relieving power than any liniment I ever used. The pain left a few minutes after Nerviline was applied. I take Nerviline internally now and again and have been cured of Neuralgia for more than a year."

Could anything possibly be better than Nerviline? No, because Nerviline is the best liniment made. Your druggist has it in large 25c. bottles. Try it yourself.

PLUMMER WANTS TO RESUME.

If He Can Get Enough Men and is Given Police Protection.

HALIFAX, June 21.—J. H. Plummer, president of the Dominion Iron and Steel Co., arrived at Sydney last night to look into the situation. In an interview today he stated that men now on strike will be taken back providing they ask no questions, but under present conditions it was absolutely impossible to give more wages than was formerly being paid. He says that operations will be resumed providing the city will guarantee adequate protection to the workmen, and a sufficient number of laborers is secured. The city will agree to give police service. Mr. Plummer will make a statement to the public tomorrow through the Board of Trade.

CONSERVATIVE LOSS.

LONDON, June 20.—In the by-election at Davenport today brought about by the resignation from the house of commons owing to the bankrupty of John Leskie, conservative, Wm. S. Benn, liberal, was elected, having received 6,219 votes against 5,178 cast for Sir John Jackson, the conservative candidate.

Before. After. Wood's Phosphodine,

The Great English Remedy.

Sold and recommended by all druggists in Canada. Only reliable medicine discovered. Six packages guaranteed to cure all forms of Sexual Weakness, all effects of abuse or excess, Mental Worry, Excessive use of Tobacco, Opium or Stimulants. Mailed on receipt of price, one package $1, six, $5. One will please, six will cure. Pamphlets free to any address.

The Wood Company, Windsor, Ont.

Wood's Phosphodine is sold by all St. John Druggists. 2EY

NO CRIMINAL BUSINESS.

York County Court Has Very Little Work to do This Time.

FREDERICTON, June 21.—The regular June session of the York nisi prius sittings opened this morning, Judge Gregory presiding in the absence of Judge Hanington, who had previously been assigned to take the present sittings. In his address to the grand jury his honor congratulated them and the county upon the absence of any criminal business, and after bringing in some recommendations in reference to the condition of the court house they were discharged from farther attendance.

The following civil docket was then made up:

JURY CAUSES.

Ira Fredericks v. estate of William Gibson—R. W. McLellan files record.

Thomas Powers v. Robert Winn—J. H. Barry, K. C.

Samuel Plant v. Bertram Davis—J. H. Barry, K. C.

John H. Reid v. William Wilson—R. W. McLellan.

NON-JURY CAUSES.

M. Irene LaForest v. Frederick LaForest—J. H. Barry, K. C.

Walter McFarlane v. Samuel H. Gill—A. J. Gregory, K. C.

Upon application of R. B. Hanson for defendant the case of LaForest v. LaForest was postponed till the next January session of the court. J. H. Barry, K. C., opposed the application. Order made upon usual terms.

In the case of McFarlane v. Gill application was made by J. W. McCready, acting for defendant, for postponement till next session. A. J. Gregory, K. C. contra. Granted.

The case of Fredericks v. estate Wm. Gibson was then taken up. This is an action for conversion. The parties reside in the parish of Canterbury. Two witnesses were examined this afternoon and the case will be continued tomorrew morning. R. W. McLellan for plaintiff, A. B. Connell, K. C., and Ed. Murphy, K. C., for defendant.

LATE SHIP NEWS.

Foreign Ports.

PHILADELPHIA, June 21—Ard, sch A P Emerson, from St John, NB.

CITY ISLAND, June 21—Bound south, str Rosalind, from St Johns, NF, and Halifax, NS; schs Vere B Roberts, from Sackville, NB, via Port Chester; Carrie, from Port Daniels, PQ, via Fall River; Calabria, from Windsor, NS; Quetay, from Meteghan, NS.

Bound east, strs Hilda, from New York for Halifax; Silvia, from do for Halifax and St Johns, NF; tug Gypsum King, for Hantsport, NS, towing sch Gypsum Emperor, barges Ontario and J B King and Co, No 19, for Windsor, NS.

STANLEY, May 26—Sld, schs Florence M Munsey, for Halifax; 29th, Leslie L, for do.

PORTLAND, Me, June 21—Ard, tug Springhill, with barges 2 and 3, from Parrsboro, NS.

Sld, str Horatio Hall, for New York; sch L T Whitmore, for an eastern port.

BOOTHBAY HARBOR, Me, June 21—Ard, sch Lizzie D Small, from South Amboy.

VINEYARD HAVEN, Mass, June 21—Ard and sld, schs W E and W L Tuck, from Weehawken for Belfast; Margaret G, from Advocate, NS, for New York.

Ard, schs E Waterman, from Port Johnson for Quincy Point; Nellie F Sawyer, from Cartaret for Bowdoinham; A Heaton, from South Amboy for Rockland; Annie A Booth, from South Amboy for Lubec; Andrew Peters, from Elizabethport for Calais; F G French, from Sullivan for Staten Island; Lizzie Carr, from Bangor for New York; Priscilla, from Perth Amboy for St Joan, NS; Scotia Queen, from Port Greville for orders; Annie Harper, from St Martins for orders; Ray G, from Parrsboro for Fall River.

Sld, schs James Boyce, from Norfolk for Beverly; Lena White, from Black Island for New York.

Passed sch Harry W Haynes, from New York.

CALAIS, Me, June 21—Ard, schs Portland Packet, from Lubec; Judge Lowe, from do; Billow, from Millbridge.

Sld, schs William Duren, for Boston; Nellie Eaton, for Pawtucket.

BOSTON, June 21—Ard, strs Cestrian, Thomas, from Liverpool; Michigan, Eynon, from do; barktn Reform, Spiers, from Rosario; schs Gardiner B Reynolds, from Brunswick, Ga; William Churchill, from Georgetown, SC.

Sld, str Saxonia, for Liverpool; schs B B Hardwick, for Clementsport; Cora B, for do; I N Parker, for St John, NB; Fanny, for do; Gazelle, for Port Gilbert; Eva May, for Summerside, PEI; L D Romick, for Bangor; C A Chisholm, for Glace Bay; Teresa Wolf, for Bangor and New York; Joseph B Thomas, for Norfolk; Melissa Trask, for an eastern port.

Reports.

CHATHAM, Mass, June 21—Fresh southwest winds, hazy at sunset.

Passed north, schs Three Marys, Ellen Palmer, Alecia B Crosby and a fleet of ten others.

The Ottawa Electric Railway Co. is now giving a ride of fourteen miles for five cents, the longest ride for the money in any city in America.

ST. JOHN

SEMI-WEEKLY SUN.

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FOR SALE.

At Markhamville, Kings County, 10 miles from Sussex station, on I. C. R., a farm of 150 acres, of which about 80 acres is under good cultivation. A good 7 room house, with stone walled cellar, concrete floor. Barn 140 ft. by 42, with hay carrier, woodhouse, piggery, sheep house and wagon sheds. Several small cottages on the farm. Church and school within two minutes' walk of the house. About 12 acres of excellent brook intervale. An orchard of about 50 apple trees. Some of the land is underdrained and produces excellent crops. The farm has cut 70 tons of hay. A creamery is established about one mile east of the farm and another one about two miles west of it. A never failing spring of purest water near the house.

Three Horses, 22 head of horned stock and 16 sheep were kept on the farm last year.

This is in every way an excellent property. It will be sold cheap and on easy terms.

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Sun Printing Company, St. John, N. B.

Your Relatives Abroad.

Nothing gives more pleasure and interest to friends who are absent than to read of what is going on at the old home.

THE SEMI-WEEKLY SUN having correspondents all over the Province contains news of interest in every issue to some New Brunswicker living abroad or in our own western country.

SEVENTY-FIVE CENTS sent to The Sun Printing Co., St. John, will ensure 104 copies—two every week—of the SEMI-WEEKLY SUN sent to any address in Canada or United States.

Give your friends a twice-a-week reminder of your interest in them

VERY DIGNIFIED.

Minister of Militia Thinks Dundonald's Statement Beneath Contempt.

TORONTO, June 20.—Sir Frederick Borden, minister of militia, spent Saturday as the guest of Col. Pellatt in a trip across the lake in the colonel's yacht on inspection of the power works at Niagara Falls and a military camp at Niagara-on-the-Lake. He did not reach Toronto till late in the evening. Sir Frederick was not communicative. To a reporter who saw him a few minutes as he was boarding a train for the east. "Yes, I've seen Lord Dundonald's statement, but I have not read it very thoroughly," he said. Asked as to Lord Dundonald's statement that he deliberately suppressed part two of the 1902 report and mutilated and slashed his report of 1903, Sir Frederick replied: "That regarding the 1902 report has already come out in the house, and as to the 1903 report I have letters from Lord Dundonald giving me permission to do as I did. But I have no desire to make reply to the statement just now," he continued. "It is beneath contempt; you can say that if you like," he said as he turned away.

MAINE WOMAN SHOT

By Young Man Whom She Declined to Marry.

RUMFORD FALLS, Me., June 20.—Because Miss May Brunnell refused to receive his attentions, John Luro, 26 years old, tonight killed the girl and then put a bullet into his own temple. His death is expected momentarily.

Miss Brunnell, who was 20 years of age, has been annoyed for some time by the persistent attentions of Luro, who was apparently infatuated with her. Last night the two had a serious quarrel and Luro was informed that he must not again call at the girl's home. He immediately went to his boarding house and borrowed a revolver from his room-mate.

When he was called for supper at 6.30 tonight, Luro, instead of going to the dining room left the house and went to the home of Miss Brunnell on Hancock street.

He asked the girl to go for a walk with him and when she refused to do so Luro without another word drew a revolver from his pocket and fired at the girl point blank. The bullet entered the base of the brain and Miss Brunnell sank to the floor and died instantly. Luro then calmly placed the still smoking weapon against his left temple and pulled the trigger. The bullet passed through his head. He fell unconscious and was carried to the hospital, where it was said that he could not possibly survive, and his death was a question of only a very short time.

The coroner and the chief of police were summoned, but in view of the statement made by the hospital physician no action was taken against the murderer.

Luro, whose home is in Orono, has been here about three years. A few weeks ago he lost his position at the Oxford paper mills, and this together with the refusal of Miss Bunnell to allow him to call on her made him melancholy.

Miss Bunnell was very popular here, and her death caused a sensation. She lived with her stepfather and sister.

FOR A BIG CROP.

William Whyte Says Prospects in the West Are Very Bright.

WINNIPEG, Man., June 20.—Regarding prospects for crops for this season William Whyte, second vice-president of the Canadian Pacific railway, who returned from the west today, said that all the way east from Edmonton the grain looked to be in splendid condition and that with a continuation of favorable conditions the west would reap one of the most abundant harvests in its history. Grain had a particularly healthy color and the warm weather of the past week had developed it rapidly so that the lateness in seeding season was likely to be counteracted by unusual growth.

LOOKS A LITTLE THREATENING.

LONDON, June 22.—The Mail's Tangier correspondent telegraphs:

"Two conferenges were held today between the American and British ministers, which were attended by the American admiral and the captains of the British battleship Prince of Wales.

"All the ships in the harbor have landing parties ready day and night.

"Quiet now prevails in the town, but reports from all parts of the country are to the effect that the tribes are growing more restless."

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Orange Meat

Canada's Best Breakfast Dish

One Pound of Orange Meat
is equal to
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