The Latest

The smile on the face of the cat that had the canary inside is proverbial. That is the kind of smile our friend above is wearing because he is getting up-to-date on the latest good book. It is still more important to be up-todate in your hats. Get one of our new Spring styles and your friends will soon guess why you look pleased with yourself.

Don't forget that we are Dunlap's and Heath's sole Canadian agents.

THE W. & D. Dineen Co., LIMITED
Cor. Yonge-Temperance Sts.

GRAIN MARKETS ERRATIC.

Continued From Page 9.

Eggs—Firm; receipts, 18,389; state, Pennsylvania and nearby, fancy, selected, white, 19½c to 20c; do., average finest, 18½c; do., firsts, 18c; western storage, selections, 18¼c to 18½c; western and Kentucky, firsts, 18c; do., seconds, 17½c to 17¾c; southern, 17c to 17½c; dirties, 17c; checks, 16c; duck eggs, 18c to 20c; goose eggs, 40c.

New York Grain Market.

New York, April 13.—Flour — Receipts, 33,204 barrels; exports, 11,150 barrels; sales, 3700 packages; rather quiet, but prices more firmly held. Rye flour—Quiet. Cornmeal—Quiet. Rye—Weak; No. 2 western, 79c, to arrive prompt. Barley — Quiet. Wheat—Receipts, 39,000 bushels; sales, 4,200,000 bushels futures; spot firm; No. 2 red, $1.05½, nominal, elevator; No. 2 red, $1.06½ to $1.06½, nominal, f.o.b., afloat; No. 1 northern, Duluth, $1.02½, nominal, f.o.b., afloat; No. 1 hard Manitoba, nominal, f.o.b., afloat; options opened lower, on account of weak cables, but instantly rallied on strength west; later sharp advances were secured on numerous bullish crop advices, strong southwest buying and cold weather in the spring wheat belt, delaying farm work; the close was strong at 1c to 2½c net advance; May, 94½c to 96½c, closed 96¼c; July, 90½c to 92 3-16c, closed 92¼c; September, 83½c to 85¾c, closed 85¾c; December, 84c to 85¾c, closed 85¾c. Corn—Receipts, 10,350 bushels; exports, 2913 bushels; sales, 15,000 bushels futures; spot, firm; No. 2, nominal, elevator, and 53c f.o.b., afloat; No. 2 yellow, 56½c; No. 2 white, 54c; option market opened barely steady, on the cables, then rallied with wheat, and, after holding firm all day, closed ⅜c to ¾c higher; May, 55c to 56c, closed 55⅞c; July, 54c to 54½c, closed 54c. Oats—Receipts, 100,500 bushels; exports, 570 bushels; spot, easy; No. 2 oats, 42½c; standard white, 46c; No. 2 white, 46½c; No. 3 white, 45½c. Rosin—Firm; strained, common to good, $2.85. Molasses—Firm. Pig iron—Quiet. Copper—Firm. Lead—Firm. Tin—Quiet.; straits, $27.87½ to $28.12½. Plates—Market easy. Spelter—Firm. Coffee—Spot Rio, No. 7, invoice, 7¼c; mild, steady; Cordova, 10c to 13c. Sugar—Raw, nominal; fair refining, 3⅛c; centrifugal, 96 degrees test, 3⅝c; molasses sugar, 2⅞c; refined, quiet.

Leading Wheat Markets.

	May.	July.	Sept.
New York	96⅛	92⅛	85¾
St. Louis	92½	83⅛	80⅝
Duluth	92⅞	92¾	....
Toledo	93¾	89⅝	85¾
Minn.	94	94	83¾

Chicago Markets.

J. G. Beaty (McIntyre & Marshall), King Edward Hotel, reports the following fluctuations on the Chicago Board of Trade to-day:

	Open.	High.	Low.	Close.
Wheat—				
May	92¾	94	92½	93⅝
July	85⅝	87⅝	85⅝	87⅝
Sept.	80¼	82½	80¼	82¾
Corn—				
May	51¾	53	51⅝	53
July	49⅞	50⅝	49½	50½
Sept.	49	49¾	48⅞	49⅝
Oats—				
May	37	38¼	36¾	37¾
July	36¾	37¾	36¾	37⅝
Sept.	31⅝	32¼	31⅝	32¼
Pork—				
May	12.25	12.40	12.25	12.32
July	12.37	12.52	12.37	12.50
Ribs—				
May	6.37	6.45	6.37	6.45
July	6.52	6.60	6.52	6.60
Lard—				
May	6.60	6.62	6.60	6.60
July	6.70	6.77	6.70	6.77

Chicago Gossip.

McIntyre & Marshall wired J. G. Beaty, King Edward Hotel, at the close of the market to-day:

Wheat—Opening prices were the low point to-day. St. Louis was a liberal buyer of both July and September. Reports from Indiana and Ohio were bad. Indications are that government report estimates for these states is too high, and will be lowered next month.

The Kansas crop is in a condition which makes it very susceptible to damage, if weather turns hot and dry. This is likely to happen during the next few weeks. The northwestern markets sent bearish advices in regard to the demand for flour. Summing up the entire situation, we should say that September wheat around 80c to 82c is a good investment.

Corn—Like wheat, the tone of the market changed considerably to-day. (The May longs sold July around 50½c, but we think they have sold about all they want to sell at present figures. May was up a cent at the close.

This month was influenced by the rejection of a cargo of 200,000 bushels of No. 2 corn delivered out of an elevator. The rejection was by the appeals committee on the ground that the corn was not up to contract grade.

In view of the heavy selling recently, a moderate advance is not improbable.

Oats—The action of oats to-day shows that the liquidation recently was pretty well completed. With reseeding at least two weeks later than usual in many sections, chances favor a later harvest than usual.

The movement is light. Chicago received only 71 cars to-day. Stocks, however, are large. The short interest has been somewhat increased.

Prices will probably follow wheat and corn. If the latter advances to-morrow oats would probably do likewise. What we want just now to advance prices is a vigorous shipping demand.

Provisions—All products closed firm to-day. Generally speaking the buying has been of a better character than the selling.

Packers say that the demand from the continent is good. Situation is more encouraging for the longs.

J. L. Mitchell from Ennis & Stoppani, Chicago:

There has been a sensational lot of crop news to-day from the southwest and from the Ohio Valley. Indiana has been emphatically bad. Some advices that Northern Ohio and Northern Indiana will not show over 25 per cent. of a crop. In view of these facts, would buy the September wheat on a scale down. There was also noticeable increase of buying orders from the winter wheat belt. If the yield of winter wheat is under 400,000,000 bushels it will give us a big, broad market at a much higher level.

CATTLE MARKETS.

Cables Firmer—Trade Dull and Cattle Prices Easier at Montreal.

New York, April 13.—Reeves—Receipts, 2224; steers firm to 10c higher; bulls steady to strong; medium and good cows firm; thin cows steady; steers, $4.50 to $5.30; bulls, $3 to $4; cows, $1.30 to $3.80. Exports, 2600 quarters of beef.

Calves—Receipts, 3066; steady to 50c higher; no advance in medium and common stock; closed dull; veals, $3.50 to $6; few choice to fancy, $6.25 to $6.50; tailends, $3; little calves, $2.

Sheep and Lambs—Receipts, 4726; sheep steady; lambs 10c to 15c higher; unshorn sheep, $3.50 to $5.25; prime clipped do., $4.75; wooled lambs, $6 to $6.90; clipped do., $5.40 to $5.75; spring lambs, $4 to $5.10 each; by the 100 pounds, $6.50.

Hogs—Receipts, 4131; firm; state hogs, $5.70 to $5.75; mixed westerns, $5.20.

East Buffalo Live Stock.

East Buffalo, April 13.—Cattle—Receipts, light, fair demand; steady; prime steers, $5 to $5.35; shipping, $4.40 to $4.85; butchers', $4 to $4.75; heifers, $3.50 to $4.50; cows, $3.25 to $4; bulls, $3 to $4.25; stockers and feeders, $3.40 to $4.25.

Veals—Receipts, 4000 head; slow; $4.49 to $4.50.

Hogs—Receipts, 3800 head; barely active; shade stronger; heavy and mixed, $5 to $5.65; yorkers, $5.50 to $5.60; pigs, $5.25; roughs, $4.80 to $5; stags, $3.25 to $4.

Sheep and Lambs—Receipts, 10,000 head; active; sheep strong; lambs 25c higher; lambs, $5 to $6.65; yearlings, $5.75 to $6; wethers, $5.50 to $5.65; ewes, $4.75 to $5.25; sheep, mixed, $3.25 to $5.25.

Chicago Live Stock.

Chicago, April 13.—Cattle—Receipts, 18,000; steady; good to prime steers, $5 to $5.60; poor to medium, $3.50 to $4.90; stockers and feeders, $2.75 to $4.30; cows, $2 to $4.30; heifers, $2.25 to $4.40; canners, $1.50 to $2.50; bulls, $2 to $4; calves, $2.25 to $4.75; Texas-fed steers, $4 to $4.60. Hogs—Receipts, 21,000; strong to 5c higher; closed weak; mixed and butchers', $5.10 to $5.35; good to choice heavy, $5.30 to $5.40; rough heavy, $5.10 to $5.30; light, $4.85 to $5.25; bulk of sales, $5.15 to $5.30. Sheep—Receipts, 15,000; good to choice wethers, $5.75 to $6.50; fair to choice mixed, $3.60 to $4.60; western sheep, $4.50 to $4.60; native lambs, $4.50 to $5.00.

Montreal Live Stock.

Montreal, April 13.—About 500 head of butchers' cattle, 25 milch cows, 2000 calves, 40 sheep and 30 spring lambs were offered for sale at the East End Abattoir to-day, and several hundred calves were sold at Point St. Charles this morning. Trade in cattle was very dull, as the butchers had bought on Monday nearly all the beef they need this week. The prices of good cattle have a downward tendency, none of the sales to-day exceeding 4¾c per lb., but a few choice beeves were held for more. Good mediums sold at 4c to 4¼c; ordinary mediums, 3¾c to near 4c, and the common stock at 2½c to 3½c per lb. There were some remarkably fine milch cows on the market, two of the best being held at $70 each, but there were few buyers around. The market was glutted with small calves, which sold at from $1 to $2.50 each; good veals sold at $5 to $10 each; yearling sheep that had been shorn sold at 4c to 4½c per lb.; spring lambs at $3 to $4.50 each; fat hogs are dull of sale at declining rates, only choice porkers bringing 5c per lb.

British Cattle Market.

London, April 13.—Live cattle firmer at 10½c to 12c per lb. for steers, dressed weight; refrigerator beef steady at 9¼c to 9½c. Sheep slow, 12¼c to 13¼c per lb.

A Fine Magazine.

Just out. The Four-Track News for April. Only 5 cents; any newsdealer.

Married at Galt.

Galt, April 13.—Edith Leslie and J. F. MacGregor were married here to-day.

Faulty Kidneys.—Have you backache? Do you feel drowsy? Do your limbs feel heavy? Have you frequent headaches? Have you failing vision? Have you dizzy feeling? Are you depressed? Is your skin dry? Have you a tired feeling? Any of these signs prove kidney disease. Experience has proved that South American Kidney Cure never fails.—6

Mark What We Say

It's a matter of some importance that the business man's suit should be correct. It may be a matter of interest that it should be reasonable in price. $25.00 for the best British Woollens—makes our special offer worth considering. They are our regular $30 English and Scotch Tweeds.

R. SCORE & SON,
Tailors and Haberdashers,
77 King - Street West.

THAT FIGHT ON THE YALU JAPS HAD NO CASUALTIES

Reports From Tokio Set the St. Petersburg Tales Straight.

St. Petersburg, April 13.—An official despatch sent by an aide de camp of Gen. Kuropatkin to the emperor, dated April 12, says: "Gen. Kachtalinsky (commanding the Russian forces at the Yalu River) reports that April 11, during an engagement of outposts, our losses were one officer, one sub-officer and two soldiers killed and two soldiers wounded."

Tokio, April 12.—(Tuesday, 5 p.m.)—An official telegram from Wiju says that a company of Russian troops attempted to cross the first stream of the Yalu River west of Wiju this morning, and that a company of Japanese attacked and drove the Russians back. The bodies of twenty dead Russians, the telegram adds, were found after the fight. Their uniforms showed that they belonged to the 12th Regiment of Sharpshooters. Finally, the despatch says, small parties of Russians, without uniforms, have attempted to cross the Yalu River at different points between Wiju and Yongampho, and that they were all driven back.

Tokio, April 13.—(10 a.m.)—Details of the first skirmish in the Yalu River, which occurred last Sunday, arrived to-day in the official report of Admiral Hosoga. The text of the report follows:

"In accordance with my instructions, the captain of the cruiser Kasaga directed Lieut. Yamaguchi, with five men, to scout in the mouth of the Yalu. They accomplished their work and safely returned to the Kasaga on Monday. They entered the river in a Korean junk, and at 2 o'clock Sunday discovered a party of Russians leaving the right bank of the river, near Toag Toryuho in a junk. Lieut. Yamaguchi attacked them, a patrol of mounted Japanese troops on the left bank of the river joining in the attack. In the meantime another large Russian junk joined the first one and opened fire on the Japanese. The Russians retired and reached the bank. They then fled inland. The exchange of fire lasted one hour and twenty minutes. The enemy had nine killed and two injured. We had no casualties. Four hundred empty cartridges were found on the Russian junks. We believe the Russians were a cavalry patrol watching the river."

TRAGIC ROLE OF EMPEROR.

While the armies are clashing in the east and the Russian bear, stung by the mikado's wasps, seems to wake and to begin to shake out his great strength, just what does it mean to be czar of all the Russias? "This may seem exaggerated," writes Collier's Berlin correspondent, "but I have it from one who has recently seen the czar and talked with him. The most sorrowful figure in the Russian court is the autocrat from whom all power and splendor radiate. He prays much for wisdom to bear the intolerable weight of the empire's affairs. He leaves his closet tranquilized and his spirit elevated to enter the council-room, where keener, abler men than he screen their ambitions by earnestness for the welfare of the state and deference for the person of their sovereign. The policies of groups or individuals having access to their master differ, either from conviction or from the necessities of private war, one with another. The czar's indulgence deals ineffectually with questions thus presented. He leans first toward one decision and then toward another. He postpones conclusions, striving to reach a clear judgment or accepts one view to-day and abandons it to-morrow, having in the meantime met other minds or yielded to other impulses. His sense of his own helplessness is nearly always present with him, and he is beset with apprehensions for his life and sudden suspicions of the fidelity of those around him.

"To the instability of the czar's purposes his ministers attribute those variations in policy that so frequently give the impression abroad of insincerity and double dealing. This was why Japan's intentions were misread, why preparations for war were only partially carried forward, and why the contest between the peace party and the war party delayed Russia's reply beyond Japan's patience. The great nobles, especially those around Moscow, the military services, the ministers even, have a feeling that his majesty's hesitation and his nerveless hold on the administration are responsible for the misfortunes that now humiliate the country. The talk in the upper classes, the props and defence of the crown, is that his majesty is too weak for his work, too weak for Russia, and that it were well for the state if he were dead or replaced by another. The czar is aware of this hostility—not so far-reaching, probably, as he imagines—and he is afraid.

"Enormous increasing luxury at the court offends those excluded from it. The night Russia's answer was telegraphed to Alexieff, a court ball took place, at which 3300 persons were entertained. In the supper rooms were 1500 waiters in gorgeous liveries, in the kitchens 500 cooks. Everything that two continents could supply was served, and the wines were impossible. Several thousands truffles were provided that cost ten rubles ($5) each. The cost of this one evening could scarcely have been less than a million rubles. Their majesties, the czar and czarina, appeared for a short time among the wilderness of uniforms, and after that the gluttons conquered.

"The blows of Japan from without and the inability of the autocrat within to combine and wield the state's vast resources, make Russians, even the inveterate bureaucrats, think that Russia possibly is backward in her growth, and that, after all, her institutions might be modified by a limited participation of the governed in the government. The agitators at the bottom are also saying that patriotic Russians ought now to see the inadequacy of the system; that every shot of the Japanese is a shot for partial freedom of speech, for a rudimentary press, for a mere beginning in parliamentary institutions—recognizing the unfitness of a people so long dwarfed by absolutism for anything more than a lengthening of the chain, a loosening up of the manacles where they chafe most."

The Mikado's Gigantic Guard.

From London Truth.

The Coreans are a big race, and the upper class have European features and fair complexions. Min has a secretary who resembles in stature, fair hair and straight features the late Emperor Frederick. The six-foot-high servants of the emperor of Japan, who attend at state receptions in liveries borrowed from those of the Emperor Napoleon's domestics, are Coreans. If the Japanese secure what they are now after they will have Corean drum-majors in their army and maybe a Corean palace corps like the Cent Garde at the Tuileries. The Japanese must seem pigmies among Prince Min's compatriots.

Incubating Boa Constrictors.

An attempt was made some time ag (we read in Country Life) to bring out a brood of boa constrictors. Eighteen eggs were placed in an incubator and watched carefully for two months. None of the government scientists knew anything about the hatching of such eggs, and the experiment failed. The incubator was kept at 102 deg. and 103 deg., as would be about right for hens' eggs, and later it was found that the boa constrictor's eggs would only incubate at an average of 96 deg.

There are people who don't bother much about style which means that this isn't their store. If any old thing is good enough for you you'll hardly care to read this.

But if you know good things when you see them, and like fine things when you get them, these names should mean much to you. We sell:

Knox,
Youmans,
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Tress and
Stetson Hats.

Fairweather's
84-86 YONGE-STREET.

MONEY TO LOAN

It you want to borrow money on household goods pianos, organs, horses and wagons, call and see us. We will advance you any amount from $10 up same day as you apply for it. Money can be paid in full at any time, or in six or twelve monthly payments to suit borrower. We have an entirely new plan of lending. Call and get our terms. Phone—Main 4233.

THE TORONTO SECURITY CO.
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MEMBERS AND RAILWAYS RAILWAY ACT OVERRIDEN

Card of Identification With Photo, Signed by Speaker, Has Been Suggested.

Ottawa, April 13.—The clause in the railway act requiring Canadian railways to carry members of parliament free has led to considerable trouble and annoyance. Tho the clause in question could not be put in plainer words the railway companies at the beginning of the year issued limited passes to members just as they had done in previous years, when passes were complimentary. They contracted themselves out of liability on account of accidents and excluded the holders of the passes from the right to travel on some of their fast trains.

It was remarked at the time the passes were issued that the railways were displaying extraordinary nerve in practically modifying an act of parliament. Some members were indignant, others laughed and declared that they would ride on any train at any time, regardless of the restrictions printed on the backs of their passes. Their position seemed sound, since the clause in the railway act imposes on the railway companies an unconditional obligation to carry members of parliament free. But, strange to say, some of the railways have attempted to enforce the limitations which they gratuitously printed on passes issued to members. In several instances conductors have threatened to put members off the fast trains unless the regular fare was paid. Some members paid their fares under protest.

As a result of this high-handed conduct, there is much indignation among members. They declare that they have a right to ride in any train whether they hold a pass or not. Their only duty, they claim, is to identify themselves as members of parliament. It is understood that the railway companies are about to issue a new form of pass, from which the objectionable conditions will be eliminated. This, however, will not give general satisfaction. Many members insist that they should assert their absolute independence of the railways. It is proposed, therefore, that a form of identification, bearing a photo of the member and signed by the speaker of the house, shall be declared sufficient to carry members over Canadian railways. Time tickets on the Swiss railways are made out in this way, and they give perfect satisfaction.

The question will probable be brought up in the house at an early date.

THE WOODSTOCK EPISODE.

Hamilton Spectator: The Woodstock papers never asked for the names of the cockfighters. They were asked for and procured by a Toronto paper, and the people of Woodstock had the pleasure of reading, in an outside paper, the most important local news Woodstock has had for a year. The Woodstock papers are wonderfully good for the size of the city, but there's room for improvement.

The Woodstock Express denies that it made a bargain with the magistrate to suppress the names of police court offenders who were not sent up for trial, and says that it is quite at liberty to do as it pleases in the matter of publishing police court proceedings. The Express acknowledges that it didn't want to print the names of the cockfighters anyway; and that as the thing turned out, it couldn't if it wanted to.

Goes to Windsor.

Windsor, April 13.—Rev. C. Westman of Trinity University, Toronto, has been appointed curate of All Saints' Church, Windsor, and will have charge of the chapel of the Ascension. At the annual meeting of the chapel last night, when officers were elected, the financial reports showed the parish to be in a flourishing condition.

ODDS AND ENDS OF NOTES OF INTEREST TO FARMERS

General Items Pertinent to the Farm and Its Allied Interests.

A cross-bred ewe belonging to W. Waugh, Kirkbeckstown, Newcastle, Scotland, has dropped 18 lambs during the past six years, an average of three per year. She has been able to bring them all up, except one, without any artificial food whatever, says The Scottish Farmer.

Present hog prices at Chicago are just about $2 per cent. lower than a year ago, and $1.50 lower than two years ago. In 1899, however, and in 1898 top hogs were selling around $4, while at the corresponding time in 1897 $4.20 was the highest.

Always save and use all the barnyard manure you have, and also all you can economically obtain from others, and make liberal use of green manures when necessary to maintain the supply of organic matter in the soil.—Prof. C. G. Hopkins.

The bad country road is still getting in its work, delaying the grain and live stock movement and paralyzing business generally. Sooner or later the country will awake to a realization of the fact that the muddy road is a bad piece of national property.

The boom in new potatoes continues, and exorbitant prices have recently been paid for Eldorado tubers. At a sale by auction at Spilsby, Lincolnshire, one potato, weighing only half an ounce, realized £9 9s and two potatoes, weighing one ounce, £17 6s 6d. The average price was £11 4s 8d per ounce, or £462,858 per ton. Compared with this the breeding of most of the popular breeds of live stock—even Lincolnshire rams at £1000 apiece—is tame work.

The report comes from the south side of the Missouri River that out of 30,000 sheep which the Thomas Cruse Company put in there last summer only 3000 can now be accounted for, and these are in imminent danger of going with the majority says The Glasgow (Mont.) Review. It appears that the company went into the winter without any hay and depended entirely on the grass for the wintering of their flocks.

Dr. Saunders reported that the experiments conducted in Great Britain to determine what varieties of wheat might be most profitably cultivated there had demonstrated that the samples of Red Fyfe, Preston and Percy forwarded from the Experimental Farm, and No. 1 hard Manitoba, had been successfully cultivated there and produced grain which gave much better results than the native or the United States wheat. The committee of the National Millers' Association of Great Britain reported very highly of the Canadian wheat, which gave good crops the first year and graded much higher than the English wheat, which had a baking strength of 60, as compared with the Red Fyfe, Percy and Preston, all of which rated 80.

That the cattle feeder has not been netting the cost of the beef he has marketed lately is an assertion not open to dispute. It was the theme of L. H. Kerrick of Bloomington, Ill., one of the most extensive and successful feeders in the country, at the dinner given a fortnight since by General Manager Leonard of the Chicago Stock Yards, to Illinois editors. Mr. Kerrick, who never speaks without preliminary thinking, gave as his unqualified opinion that the beef supply of the United States during the next 25 years would not be made as cheaply nor marketed at such low prices as have prevailed during the last quarter of a century. Among the reasons he assigned for reaching this conclusion were:

Appreciations in land values.

Increase in acreage devoted to dairying and other lines of intensive agriculture.

A growing commercial demand for corn which has furnished the beefmaker with inexpensive raw material in the past.

The price of meat in Germany is higher than it has been in years because the agrarians have had their way and forced out all competition by putting up a high tariff wall. The fact is beef has become quite a luxury over there and is practically out of reach of the poor laboring classes, who have to accept horse flesh or nothing. American meats prepared with boracic acid are excluded on the ground of being dangerous to public health, tho the best doctors say that the preparation of American meats shipped to Europe is absolutely harmless. This is evidenced by the fact that England uses thousands of pounds of cured meats which Germany excludes. Predictions are made that the agrarian party will not always be in the saddle and the poor classes will get better treatment when there comes a change.

Snyder, the biggest horse in the world, and one of the most curious animal freaks, will be exhibited at the World's fair. The horse is a Percheron gelding and is owned by Charles H. Gamble and H. Williams of New York City. He weighs 2700 pounds. Snyder is a beautiful dark chestnut in color, with not a mark on him except on his forehead. This and two one-inch horns, which are growing out of his temples, are his remarkable features, says The Rider and Driver. The horns cannot be accounted for. The white star, or puzzle, is in form of the forequarters of a horse or deer, showing the legs, head and horns and the curve of the neck. It has also been likened to a ulap of South America. A man of average height when standing at Snyder's head only reaches his nose, and when he is groomed it is necessary to use a step-ladder.

About the year 1842, David Fife of the Township of Otonabee, Canada West, now Ontario, procured, thru a friend in Glasgow, Scotland, a quantity of wheat which had ben obtained from a cargo direct from Dantzic, Prussia. As it came to hand just before spring seed time, and not knowing whether it was a fall or spring variety, Mr. Fife concluded to sow a part of it that spring and wait for the result. It proved to be a fall wheat, as it never ripened except three ears, which grew apparently from a single grain. These were preserved, and altho sown the next year under unfavorable circumstances, being quite late and in a shady place, it proved at harvest to be entirely free from rust when all wheat in the neighborhood was badly rusted. The produce of this was carefully preserved, and from it sprung the variety of wheat known over Canada and the Northern States by the different names of Fife, Scotch and Glasgow.

MONEY

Absolutely the cheapest place in town to borrow money on furniture or piano. Security not removed from your possession. Easy payments. Strictly private, no inquiries of neighbors or employer. If you want to centralize your bills so as to pay all in one place, come and see us.

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144 Yonge St (First Floor)

THE ROBERT SIMPSON COMPANY, LIMITED

H. H. Fudger President; J. Wood, Manager. April 14

STORE CLOSES AT 5.30.

Bargain Day and its Opportunities

House Furnishing, House Cleaning, House Hunting time has arrived again. We have bargains to-morrow in keeping.

New Hats, New Coats, New Suits and Shoes are needed for spring. To-morrow we have bargains in all these.

Bargains in every part of the store, in everything you need.

Read the list:

Hats for Friday

Men's and Boys' 15c to 25c Hookdown Caps, for 8
Children's $1.25 and $1.50 Felt Sailors, for 89
Children's 35c and 50c Tam o'Shanters, for 25
(A few of tan leatherette).
Men's $2.00 Sample Soft Hats, for 98
Sizes 6⅝ to 7⅛ only.

Men's Odd Coats, 2.49

100 only Men's Odd Coats, consisting of fine all wool serges and worsteds and Canadian and imported tweeds, navy blue and black and grey and black, and dark grey, in stripes and checks, made in single-breasted sack style and good linings and trimmings, sizes 34—44, odd from $5.00, $6.00, $6.50, $7.00 and $8.00 suits, on sale Friday 2.49

Boys' 3.50 Suits, 1.98

65 Boys' Two-Piece and Norfolk Suits, blue serge and medium and dark grey and neather shade tweeds, in checks and stripe patterns, coats made some single-breasted, plaited, others with shoulder straps and belt, good linings and well sewn, sizes 23—28, regular $2.50, $2.75, $3.00, $3.50, Friday 1.98

Men's 3.50 Trousers, 1.50

150 pairs Men's Fine Worsted and Tweed Trousers, handsome dark grey stripes, in medium and narrow widths, made up in regulation style, splendid fitting, and finished with top or side and hip pockets, sizes 31—42 waist, regular $2.50, $2.75, $3.00, $3.50, to clear Friday 1.50

Boys' 4.50 Suits, 2.95

85 Boys' Three-Piece Suits, English and domestic tweed, good strong materials, in neat grey and brown, also olive and grey and black checks, made in single-breasted style, strong linings and trimmings and perfect fitting, sizes 28—33, regular $3.50, $4.00 and $4.50, Friday 2.95

Summer Braces

300 Men's and Youths' Suspenders, light weight, for spring and summer wear, roll elastic ends, patent cast off and slide buckles, regular price 25c per pair, on sale Friday, 2 pairs for 25

Soft Shirts

340 Men's Soft Bosom Negligee Style Shirts, good quality cambric, light, medium and dark shades, neat stripes, detached cuffs, well made, sizes 14½ to 16, regular price 60c, on sale Friday, each 39

Silk Neckties

300 Fine Silk Neckties, clearing lines, flowing ends, puffs, knots, derbys and bows, neat patterns and colors, well made and finished, regular prices 25c—35c, on sale Friday, 2 for 25

1.00 Shirts, 49c

215 Men's Fancy Colored Laundried Bosom Shirts, made open front and back, detached, reversible link cuffs, fine imported shirting cambrics and zephyr cloths, light, medium and dark shades, broken lines from our regular stock, slightly soiled, the sizes are 14, 14½, 16½, 17, 17½ and 18 only, regular prices $1.00 and $1.25, on sale Friday morning, each 49

60c Undershirts, 25c

22 dozen Boys' Undershirts only, no drawers to match, sizes from 22 to 32 in., natural wool and Scotch wool, double-breasted, fine soft material, elastic rib cuffs and ankles, regular prices 40c to 60c per garment, on sale Friday, per garment 25

90c Underwear, 29c

36 dozen Men's Underwear, shirts and drawers, broken lines from our stock, mostly shirts, sizes 34 to 44, drawers 32 and 34 only; in the lot are Scotch wools, fancy stripe wool and sanitary wool fleece, all good goods, but not a range of sizes in each line—prices range from 50c to 90c per garment, on sale, bargain Friday, per garment 29

Men's 25c and 35c Socks, 19c

400 pairs Men's Fine Pure Wool Plain Black Cashmere ½ Hose, medium weight, seamless foot, double heel and toe; these hose are reliable English goods and give good wear.

Wall Paper Bargains

1286 rolls Glimmer Paper, regularly 7c, 8c and 10c a roll, Friday 3

900 rolls Embossed Gilt Paper, in many colors and up-to-date patterns and effects, regularly 20c to 30c a roll, Friday 10

Soap and Combs

200 cases only "Virgin" Castile Soap, finest French make, regular 20c per dozen, Friday 15c dozen, or, per case 2.50

2100 Fine Combs, regular 10c and 15c, Friday, each 5

Writing Pads

850 Note Size Pads, ruled or plain, good heavy cream paper, 100 sheets in each pad, regular 10c value, Friday 5

430 Letter Size Pads, fine linen paper, plain only, 100 sheets to a pad, regular 25c pad, Friday 10

4.00 Suit Cases, 2.98

35 Suit Cases, 22 and 24 in. long, olive, brown and black, pebbled grain finish, steel frame, round edge, brass lock and clasps, neatly lined, inside straps, regular $3.50 and $4, Friday bargain 2.98

9.00 Trunks for 5.95

36 only 32-inch Waterproof Canvas-Covered Trunks, heavily trimmed with pressed steel, brass-plated corners, clamps, rollers, valence clamps, handle pieces and bolts, brass lock, grain leather strap going all round box, worth $9, Friday bargain 5.95

6.00 Portrait Frames, 2.95

25 Florentine Fine Gold-Burnished Portrait Frames, artistic design, 3-inch moulding, oval, sizes 16x20 and 20x24 in., regular prices $4.50 to $6, Friday bargain 2.95

4.00 Club Bags, 2.98

48 Solid Grain Leather Club Bags, English steel frame, brass clasps and lock, Victoria style, square opening, leather lined, inside pocket, regular $3.75, $4 and $4.25, Friday bargain 2.98

Farmer's Dairy Butter, 22c

Choicest Dairy Butter, fresh from most up-to-date farm dairies, regular 25c and 26c, 500 lbs., while it lasts, 3-lb. bricks, per lb., Friday 22

Nimpkish River Red Fresh Salmon, quality equals any, 500 cans, special, Friday 14

Pure Fruit Jams, assorted, peach, raspberry, plum, strawberry and black currants, 500 5-lb. pails, assorted, regular 40c, our own make, per pail, Friday 33

Drug Store Bargains

200 Herb Cure, each package makes a quart of best spring medicine, regular 10c, Friday 7

220 Beef, Iron and Wine, our regular 40c bottle, Friday 25

160 Syrup White Pine and Tar, for coughs and colds, regular 15c, Friday 10

288 Ammonia Powder, 10c packages, Friday, 4 for 25

120 Sponges, good wearing, regular 25c, Friday 15

Bargains in the Basement

An Assortment of Fine Bric-a-Brac, including genuine old Holland delft, vases and bric-a-brac, regular up to $4, Friday, clear 99

Genuine Old German Steins, regular up to $1.25, Friday 69

Genuine Wedgwood and Imperial Art Stoneware, teapots, sugars, cream jugs, regular up to $1.25 59

Tinware, Hardware

Household Nail Hammers, Friday 10

Rim Night Latches, 2 keys, Friday 35

Carpet Tacks, Friday, 2 packages for 5

Brooms, regular 25c, Friday 19

Handle Nail Brushes, regular 5c, Friday, 2 for 5

Cast Fry Pans, Nos. 8 and 9, Friday 35

Maple Chopping Bowls, 15 inches diameter, regular 25c, Friday 19

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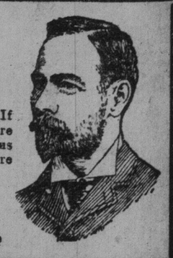

F. E. LUKE, REFRACTING OPTICIAN
11 King Street West, Toronto

That Shortage of $255.

Sandwich, April 13.—It was after midnight when the Sandwich town council adjourned last night. Much time was spent in discussing the shortage of $255 in Tax Collector McKee's accounts. This amount McKee says he turned over to the late C. H. Ashdown, who was town clerk. No mention of the amount is made in Ashdown's books, nor has McKee a receipt for the money.

A number of New York capitalists have visited the oil fields near Leamington.