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SEVENTEENTH YEAR — SIX PAGES—THURSDAY MORNING JUNE 11 1896—SIX PAGES — ONE CENT

GREAT BRITAIN'S TRADE.

Mr. Joseph Chamberlain Dealt With Three Solutions.

FAVORS ONE PROPOSED BY CANADA

Which Would Bring About Imperial Federation.

How the Colonial Secretary's Great Speech Was Viewed by an American Correspondent—Second Day of the Congress of Chambers of Commerce in London—The Colonies to Take the Initiative.

New York, June 10.—A London special to The Tribune says: Mr. Joseph Chamberlain, in his opening address yesterday before the Chambers of Commerce of the Empire, drove several additional nails in the coffin of Cobdenism. He repeated the main ideas of his recent speech before the Canada Club, but was more definite in making up a common schedule of dutiable goods for England. In discussing the problem of commercial union within the Empire he considered three solutions:

First, that the colonies should abandon their first fiscal system and adopt English free trade:

Second, that England should renounce free trade and adopt the tariff system of the colonies;

Third, that England and the colonies should have free trade among themselves with a compromise English tariff for certain foreign imports.

The Third Plan.

Having pointed out the defects of the first and second proposals, and declared that there was not the slightest chance that either would be adopted within a reasonable time, he took up the third plan, which would establish free trade within the Empire and leave the separate contracting parties free to arrange their own tariffs on foreign imports. At this point he reduced his proposal made at the Canada banquet to a more practical form. He considered it an essential condition that Great Britain should consent to replace the import duties on articles which were largely produced in the colonies. The schedule which he suggested comprised wheat, wool, sugar, and other articles of enormous consumption in England, which were produced on a large scale by the colonies, and which might, under the conditions of an Imperial zollverein, be wholly produced by British labor.

Mr Chamberlain, in proposing an English duty on wool, seemed wholly unconscious that he was knocking the bottom out of the Wilson tariff in America; likewise, including wheat, meat and other food products in the English schedule of dutiable goods. He passed lightly over the fact that he was repudiating the Tundamental principles of Cobden and Bright. He also proposed a duty on sugar, without commenting upon the effect which would be produced upon trade with Germany and the continent.

Imperial Federation the Object.

His one controlling idea was the necessity of a compromise free trade system in order to bring about Imperial federation and strengthen the bond of union between the Mother Country and the colonies throughout the world. This is considered the greatest object which an Englishman could pursue in what he believed was a critical stage of Imperial history.

His speech was loudly applauded by the delegates from Canada, the West Indies, Australia, South Africa and other colonies. It can hardly fail to produce a profound impression in England, and will cause more discussion than any other speech made for years. Mr. Chamberlain describes himself as a convinced free trader, but his proposal for a British zollverein involves the abandonment of Cobden's principles.

What it All Means.

If it be carried into effect, duties will be levied upon American wheat, pork and other food products for the benefit of Canada. Wool from the Argentine Republic and America will be taxed for the benefit of Australia, and German beet sugar for the good of the British sugar islands in the East and West Indies. Incidentally, the British farmer would be benefited also, and the agricultural interests of the United Kingdom relieved from the exhausting burdens imposed during half a century of free trade.

Dead Set Against Free Trade.

Sir Henry Fowler, a consistent free trader, perceives clearly that there is a distinct protectionist impulse underlying this movement for an Imperial zollverein. He remarks in to-day's Graphic that the spirit of protection is growing in England, and that the battle of free trade will probably have to be fought over again. He adds that he expressed this fear to John Bright shortly before his death. That Mr. Chamberlain, the most powerful leader on the Unionists' side, and a statesman who is known to be ambitious, even to the point of aspiring to the office of Prime Minister, should burn his boats behind him and renounce Cobdenism, is a fact of the first importance.

The Second Day.

London, June 10.—The second day's sitting of the Third Congress of the Chambers of Commerce of the Empire was opened in Grocers' Hall at 10 o'clock this morning.

Joseph G. Colmer, secretary to the Canadian High Commissioner in London, announced that the Canadian delegates had considered the resolution offered yesterday by Mr. E. B. Osler of Toronto, in behalf of the Board of Trade of that city, and had also given consideration to the amendment thereto offered by Sir Donald Smith of Montreal, Canadian High Commissioner in London, with the result that they had agreed to amend Mr. Osler's resolution so as to produce a joint Canadian resolution. The motion made by Mr. Osler, he said, recited that it was the opinion of the Congress that the advantages arising from a closer union of the Empire would justify an arrangement as nearly as possible in the nature of a zollverein based upon principles of the freest exchange of commodities within the Empire consistent with tariff requirements incident to the maintenance of local government of each kingdom, Dominion, Province and colony now forming a part of the British family of nations. Sir Donald Smith's amendment to this resolution had set forth that the Congress records its belief in the advisability and practicability of a customs arrangement between Great Britain and her colonies and India on the basis of preferential treatment, and recommending that her Majesty's Government take steps to bring about an interchange of opinions on the subject between the Mother Country and the other Governments of the Empire. The amendment, which had been agreed upon by the Canadian delegates, Mr. Colmer said, consisted of the addition of a recommendation that her Majesty's Government take steps to bring about an interchange of opinions between Great Britain and the other Governments comprised in the Empire, omitting the words "as nearly as possible in the nature of a zollverein," which were embodied in Mr. Osler's motion.

Mr. Henry, delegate from Hobart, Tasmania, opposed the resolution. He thought the British Government itself ought to take the responsibility of formulating a scheme of union.

Sir William Des Voeux supported Mr. Colmer's amendment. He admitted that it would be difficult for England to initiate a movement for a commercial union, as the Mother Country was obliged to consider both the masters and the working classes. He suggested the holding of a meeting of the colonial representatives apart from the English to consider the question.

Another Resolution.

Sir Albert Rollit, President of the London Chamber of Commerce, eventually proposed a resolution, which was seconded by Mr. Osler, affirming that the subject of the establishment of closer commercial relations between the United Kingdom and the colonies demands careful consideration, and the Congress, therefore, respectfully represents to her Majesty's Government that if the suggestion should be made on behalf of the colonies or some of them it would be expedient to promote such consideration and formulate some practical plan by summoning an Imperial Conference, which would be fully representative for the interests involved, or by such other means as her Majesty's Government may be advised to adopt.

The resolution was unanimously adopted amid cheers, and the other resolutions on the subject were withdrawn.

Sir Donald A. Smith withdrew his amendment, remarking that Sir Albert Rollit's resolution did not ask any more than it was entitled to demand. Canada, he said, felt that free trade was impossible so long as the boundary of the United States formed a wall of protection against the Dominion.

The Annual Dinner.

The annual dinner of the London Chamber of Commerce was held this evening, and was attended by many guests, among them being Sir Mackenzie Bowell, one of the Canadian delegates to the Congress of the Chambers of Commerce of the Empire; Sir Donald Alexander Smith, High Commissioner in London; the Earl of Jersey, the Earl of Selborne, Parliamentary Secretary of the Colonial Office; Right Hon. George N. Curzon, Parliamentary Secretary of the Foreign Office; and delegates to the Chambers of Commerce, and other prominent persons. Right Hon. Joseph Chamberlain, Secretary of State for the Colonies, delivered a speech, in which he reiterated his views upon the subject of free commercial interchange between the component parts of the Empire. Whether the latter perished like the empires of antiquity, Mr. Chamberlain declared, depended less upon the people of the British Isles than upon the possible action of Great Britain binding the parts of the Empire more closely together.

Bicyclists, use Adams' Tutti Frutti to allay thirst and give staying power on track and road runs. Refuse all imitations.

East Kent Ale Sales Increasing

In the last week or two there has been a remarkable increase in the amount of East Kent ale and porter sold in Toronto. One retail dealer now sells over the counter as much as four hundred dozen a day, and all the others have experienced corresponding increases. This is due as much to the well-known merit of the ale as to the approach of the busy season. All first-class dealers sell East Kent.

Fetherstonhaugh & Co., patent solicitors and experts. Bank Commerce Building, Toronto

A Happy Thought.

Just before leaving for the seaside, country or Europe, secure a guarantee against loss or damage by burglary with the Dominion Burglary Guarantee Company; office, corner King and Toronto streets. Telephone 450, and we will send you full particulars.

Wright & Ditson's Tennis Guide The Harold A. Wilson Co., 35 King St. W.

A Big Investment.

Invest in a vest. This week we are cutting our vests low—not in the neck, but in price. White linen vests worth $2 for $1.35; white drill vests $1, were $1.25; fancy linen vests, regular $1.50, for $1.15; cashmere vests, regular $1.50, for 89c; another lot of English rolled plate cuff links, 25c a pair. Sword, 55 King-street east.

Sprudel.

Those wheeling it out to the "Humber" can get a cool and refreshing glass of Sprudel Water at C. Nurse's popular hotel, Telephone 155.

"Salada" Tea is not nerve disturbing.

At Harry Webb's popular lunch counters Sprudel is considered the "water of the day." Telephone 155.

Bicycle Suits to measure, from $7.00 up. Dominion Trouser Co., 12 Leader-lane.

Tickets to Hamilton, St. Catharines and Niagara Falls at S.J. Sharp's, 78 Yonge-Street.

If you want a short or long tour, don't forget to call at 78 Yonge-street, one door north of King-street.

EAST YORK, 1896.

Conservative Meetings in the Interest of W. F. Maclean, the Liberal Conservative Candidate.

CANDIDATE.....W. F. MACLEAN

Central Committee Room.

83 Yonge-street (upstairs) over World Office.

St. Paul's Ward.

761 Yonge-street, (Red Lion Block.)

St. Matthew's Ward.

752 Queen-street east. (Mallandine's Block.)

Voters' Lists for the riding and other information can be seen and had at any of the above rooms.

PUBLIC MEETINGS.

(Beginning at 8 p.m.)

Thursday, June 11, Webber Hall, Unionville.
Friday, June 12, Big Hall, Malvern.
Saturday, June 13, Buttonville.
Monday, June 15, Scarboro Junction.
Tuesday, June 16, afternoon nomination meeting, East Toronto. Evening, Bater's Hall, Don Mills Road.
Friday, June 19, Markham Town Hall.
Saturday, June 20, St. Matthew's Ward, Dingman's Hall.
Monday, June 22, St. Paul's Ward, Town Hall, Yonge-street.

All these meetings will be addressed by Mr. Maclean.

A number of well-known public speakers will also take part in the meetings.

A PLEA FOR JOSEPH MARTIN

Editor Willison of The Globe Writes an Open Letter

To the Electors of Winnipeg—"Fighting Joe," He Says, Has Become One of the Very Leaders of the Canadian Parliament, and Ought to be Re-elected on the Ground of Provincial Rights.

Winnipeg, Man., June 10.—(Special.)—The Tribune to-night gives great prominence to an open letter addressed to the people of Winnipeg by J. S. Willison, editor of The Toronto Globe. In this letter Mr. Willison appeals to the people to return Joseph Martin, who, he declares, has become one of the very leaders of the Canadian Parliament, and upon national grounds ought to be re-elected. He declares further that the Tories are trying to capture Winnipeg through bogus promises. Mr. Willison thus concludes: "We have a right to appeal to you not to vote for the Tupper policy of coercion, and so make impotent the agitation we have carried on in older Canada in your behalf for the maintenance unimpaired of the old Liberal doctrine of provincial rights and of your own motion restrict by the operation of a Federal law the self-governing power of greater Canada."

Hugh John Macdonald's Tour.

Hon. Hugh John Macdonald is meeting with great success in his western tour. Last night he addressed a large audience at Calgary, being introduced by Hon. Mr. Haultain, Premier of the Northwest Territories, as the distinguished son of a distinguished father, and as a man of independence, who had gained respect by keeping his promises. Before returning to Winnipeg Hugh John will address meetings in behalf of Nicholas Flood Davin, Mr. Davin has run up against a very strong Liberal-Patron alliance, but is making the uphill fight very pluckily.

Manitoba Methodists.

The Manitoba Methodist Conference, at its closing session, passed resolutions declaring in favor of woman suffrage and the election only of candidates pledged to support a prohibition measure.

SIR CHARES TUPPER'S TOUR.

Addresses Delivered to Thousands at Colborne, Trenton, Brighton and Other Places.

Brighton, Ont., June 10.—Sir Charles Tupper was received here this afternoon by an audience of 2000 people, a large part of whom were ladies. He spoke from his private car. The reception was most cordial, irrespective of politics. The Warden of the united counties, Dr. Wade, presented the old Warhorse with an address, after which Sir Charles in a speech of about one hour scored the Reform party for what he called their utter lack of policy and unfitness to govern this Dominion, as judged by their actions during the period from '73 to '78. Touching upon the Manitoba school question, Sir Charles said it was not a question of Separate schools, but of upholding the constitution. After fully stating the case for the consideration of his hearers, and asking them to remember the old saying of fair play to all with privileges to none, he closed his address by predicting victory for the Conservative party on the 23rd of June. After cheers were given for Sir Charles and Mr. Cochrane, the train left for Colborne.

Packed Meeting at Colborne.

Colborne, June 10.—Sir Charles Tupper was billed to speak at the G.T.R. station, but was met by a large number of popular townsmen and driven to the opera house, which was packed. On account of his being very tired and having to leave for Cobourg, he was only able to speak for about an hour. He opened by telling of the prosperous condition of Canada, and from what he had seen felt quite confident that the Conservatives would be returned by a large majority. He touched on the Curran bridge scandal and endeavored to impress upon the people that the waste of money was not caused by the Government, but by the engineers employed. He dwelt for some time on the Mackenzie Government and said it would be impossible for Canada to be prosperous, being governed by Liberals, as they had no policy and at the present time were afraid to speak on the important questions of the day, and were slandering their opponents. He praised Mr. Guillet very highly, thinking he was the candidate for the riding, but when he found that Mr. Cochrane was the man said they were both deserving, and hoped they would be returned by large majorities. The meeting broke up with three cheers for the Queen, Tupper and Cochrane.

Great Reception at Trenton.

Trenton, Ont., June 10.—Sir Charles Tupper addressed a large meeting of the Conservatives of West Hastings this afternoon in the Opera House. There was an abundance of enthusiasm and Sir Charles received quite an ovation. With his party he arrived at the C.P. Railway Station at 2 p.m., where he was met by the Trenton Reception Committee, headed by R. Weddell, President of the Trenton Liberal Conservative Association, Mayor Morrison, Dr. Jaques, P. J. O'Rourke, T. McCabe and others. The station was thronged with men, women and children, and the aged leader was greeted with hearty cheers as he alighted from the train. Before taking his seat in the conveyance, he was presented with a large bouquet of flowers and a similar one was handed to Mr. Corby, who accompanied him. The streets were crowded densely, and it was with difficulty the carriages made their way to the Opera House. At 2.50 the building was reached, and Sir Charles was introduced to the electors of West Hastings by Mayor Morrison. Mr. Weddell read an address of welcome, after which the leader opened the ball by a few well-chosen remarks regarding the cordial reception, the seeming prosperity of the district and prospects of an overwhelming majority on the 23rd of June and other like timely remarks.

For slow digestion use Adams' Pepsin Tutti Frutti Gum. See that the trade mark name Tutti Frutti is on each 5 cent package.

The Monarch people have determined to make the greatest cut in prices of the season. The Monarch is well known to be the most popular and best wheels in the market. The object is to carry no wheels into next year. The prices at which they are selling will certainly do it. They mean what they say. ed

Easy to order—"Salada" Ceylon Tea.

HE BELIEVES IN THE N.P.

J. R. BOOTH SPEAKS AS ONE WHO HAS PRACTICAL KNOWLEDGE.

He Tells the Workingmen of Hull That if Free Trade Prevailed in Canada They Could Not Earn a Living Here—Protection an Absolute Necessity So Long as the United States Keeps Up the Tariff Wall.

Ottawa, June 10.—(Special.)—J. R. Booth, Ottawa's multi-millionaire, is a man who is destined to be well-known by the people of western Ontario ere long. As president and practically the owner of the Ottawa and Parry Sound Railway, he controls 500 miles of railway running from Rouge's Point to Ottawa, and thence across Ontario and shortly to reach Parry Sound. Mr. Booth is a self-made man, and although his political sympathies are known to be with the Government he has never been an active politician. Recognizing the supreme importance of the issues at stake in this contest, Mr. Booth last night went over to Hull and spoke on Mr. J. M. McDougall's behalf. His words are deserving of consideration by every fair-minded man in Canada. He declared in unmistakable terms his belief in the good and lasting benefits that had accrued to the country as a result of the inauguration of the National Policy. He told the workingmen who were gathered around him—and fully 90 per cent. of those in attendance were of that class—that if free trade were to become an accomplished fact in Canada, they would simply be unable to earn a living and would have to leave the country. Dealing with the question from an argumentative standpoint, Mr. Booth contended that the popular belief that protection increased the price of an article was an utter fallacy. The fact of the matter was it had an entirely opposite effect. He gave as an instance the article of wire nails, on which the American Government placed a protective tariff of $1.25 per hundred pounds. So safely were the manufacturers protected from foreign competition that wire nail factories sprang up all over the country, and the article now sold for $1 per hundred pounds, or 25 cents less than the duty, and the same rule applied to other cases. Mr. Booth declared that if he had his way every article that could be manufactured in the country would be protected so highly that it would be impossible for goods from the United States to come in—that is, while the United States persisted in keeping a tariff from 60 to 70 per cent. on goods going into their country. When the Americans were willing to have reciprocity on equal terms, Mr. Booth thought Canadians would be willing to take their chances, but to throw our markets open to them would be a suicidal policy. In conclusion, he told his listeners that it was in their own interests that they should vote for the candidate of the Government, which would leave the affairs of the country in this respect on their present satisfactory footing.

Mr. McDougall's chances of becoming first member for Wright are very good.

MEDICAL PARLIAMENT.

Second Day's Proceedings of the Council of the Ontario Physicians and Surgeons—Dr. Gelkie on His Mettle.

The council of the College of physicians and Surgeons was in session all day yesterday, and there was a lot of warm discussion, which retarded the consummation of much business. On a motion of Dr. Emory, Drs. Harris, Moore and Sangster were appointed a special committee to take into consideration the question of the examination of the council, with a view to making them an equable and genuine test of the attainments of candidates.

An Unjustifiable Indignity.

Dr. Gelkie asked to be relieved from service on the Complaints Committee. He stated that he had been left off the Education Committee, where he could have been more useful, he being the oldest member of the council and having had a long experience as a teacher. Personally, he was glad he had been left off that committee, as it was a great saving to him of labor and time, but he felt that an unjustifiable indignity had been put upon the Faculty of Trinity Medical College, of which Dr. Gelkie is the representative, and it was sure to be regarded by every graduate of that College as an intentional insult, as an unfair and entirely unjustifiable action.

Dr. Gelkie said further that a member of the council had informed him that his name had been left off the Education Committee because he was one of the members of the council who last spring unhinomously entered into an agreement with the Minister of Education to accept the provisions of a bill modifying matriculation in medicine, which the Minister was about to introduce and carry through the Legislature.

Notices Given.

Several notices of motion were given. Dr. Armour will move that Mr. Christopher Robinson's advice be had on a by-law regarding assessments and the legal right of the council to assess an annual tax. Dr. Sangster will move that the Registration Committee be instructed to carefully examine credentials on which registration has been granted during the year, and report at each council meeting. Dr. Hanly will make a motion recommending the trials of actions for malpractice before juries, and will bring up the question of security for costs.

Members' Remuneration.

A motion, which caused a large amount of discussion, was made by Dr. Shaw and seconded by Dr. Henry. It was to amend the by-law relating to remuneration of members of the council in attendance at the session. At present the pay is $12.50 per day during the entire time it is necessary for the member to be away from his practice. Dr. Shaw thought that $10 per day for the actual time the council was in session was sufficient. On a division, the motion was lost.

A number of communications of more or less importance were referred to the various committees.

Business in New York.

Mr. D. E. Cameron, general auditor of the Mutual Reserve Fund Life Association of New York, is in town on a short visit and called on The World yesterday. He came by the way of the Maritime Provinces. Mr. Cameron says there is a better feeling prevailing in commercial circles in New York, and there are indications of improvement in business, but he thinks that there will be no wonderful change until the Presidential election is over and the money question settled.

Theosophical Crusade, Forum, Friday ev'g

Summer Resorts and Summer Boarders

If you are running a summer resort and wish to bring it before the people of Toronto, insert a paragraph in our "Summer Resort" column. Special terms for this class of business. ed

Cook's Turkish Baths, 204 King W., day 75

Lakeview Hotel, corner Parliament and Winchester-streets; steam heated, bath-room on each floor; rates $1 and $1.50 per day; special arrangements for weekly board. John H. Ayre, proprietor. 135

Try a Christy Saddle, for sale by the Harold A. Wilson Co., 35 King St. W

Why not wear the best? Treble's perfect-fitting shirts are the best. Made to measure; 53 King-street west.

RICHARD LIES LOW.

"BLU RUIN" RICHARD (from behind the fence): Y'see I jes' lays low wid me kit here while Wilf goes out and gives de cop a jolly about not meanin' any harm an' denyin' all about Free Trade. See!

"Where is Sir Richard in this campaign?"—Daily Paper.

FARMER LINGARD MURDERED

He Was Shot and Instantly Killed Near Port Hope.

The Murderer is a 15-Year-Old Barnardo Boy Named Prentiss Who Was Rabbit Shooting on the Victim's Property—Looks Like a Most Wilful Deed—The Culprit in Jail.

Port Hope, June 10.—A murder occurred near Port Hope about 5 o'clock this evening. Thomas Lingard, a farmer, living near Quay's Crossing, about eight miles north of this town, was shot and instantly killed by a young Barnardo Home lad of 15 named Prentis. Prentiss was rabbit shooting on Lingard's farm. Lingard coming along ordered him off his property. The boy refusing to obey, Lingard said if he did not he would put him off by force and advanced towards Prentiss.

The later raised his gun and said: "If you come another step I will shoot you dead."

Lingard continued to advance, when the young man fired, the charge taking effect in Lingard's neck, killing him almost instantly. Some farmers in the vicinity, hearing of the shooting, promptly arrested Prentiss and brought him to town, where he is now securely locked up.

MANY MINISTERIAL VISITORS.

Visiting Clergymen Among the Purchasers at Dineens' Yesterday.

There was a goodly leaven of gentlemen of the ministerial profession among the visitors to Dineens' yesterday, and a large proportion of the sales, both of hats and furs, were to visiting preachers. During the next week Messrs. W & D. Dineen, whose business has been established on the corner of King and Yonge-streets for over a quarter of a century, will make a special display of hats suitable for ministers, as well as furs in the styles of next season, allowing strangers who may be here for a few days only to have the same opportunity of purchasing at low prices as citizens. Everything at Dineens' is warranted, both for style and quality, and the prices will be found lower than at any other store in America. Dineens'—King and Yonge-streets.

Cook's Turkish Baths, 204 King W., ev'g. 50c

A Fire Inquest.

It is in the interest of the entire city that a thorough investigation should be made of the fire of Monday night at McKendry's big store on Yonge-street. The loss to the store was large, the loss to the insurance companies is large, many are thrown out of employment, and a feeling of uneasiness has been created. The authorities will certainly be justified in ordering an inquest.

Theosophy, addresses, music, Forum Hall Friday evening

Gems in Art

Are found in our plantinum-finished photographs. The Bryce Studio, 107 King-street west; telephone No. 1724 for sittings. ed

VANDALISM AND SACRILEGE.

Other Toronto Churches Broken Into, Robbed and Desecrated—No Clue to the Organized Gang.

The outrages by vandals still continue to be committed in the High Anglican Churches. Since St Thomas' Church was visited, as told in The World, other cases have come to light.

Monday night between 7 and 8.30 o'clock, S. Margaret's Church was entered, the sacrament box was opened and two bottles of wine drunk. A bronze vase of flowers was upset, the water staining the altar cloth. Draperies were torn down, vestments and surplices thrown around. Nothing of value was taken from the church.

The gang also paid attention to St. Matthias' Church, Bellwoods-avenue. The vestments were stolen, and found yesterday morning on the steps of the convent in McCaul-street, and sent to the police.

St. Thomas' Church was visited for a third time Monday night. The altar was upset, the cross turned upside down and the draperies pulled down and tossed around.

St. Cyprian's Church is situate at Christie and Dupont-sts. There the cupboard which contains the vestments was broken open, the altar smashed, candlesticks torn out, and the draperies spoiled.

There is no doubt that these outrages following one on the other, shows that the work must have been done by an organized gang of hoodlums.

Describes the Despoiling.

C. Whalley, sacristan of St. Matthias' Church, stated to The World last night that he was in the church on Tuesday night and saw that all the doors were locked at 10 o'clock. When he went into the church last evening he found that nearly everything movable had been molested, and turned upside down. Surplices had been taken down and thrown on the floor, and the candles on the altar had been removed from the sockets, broken up and thrown about the chancel and body of the church. Not one complete set of vestments, out of the set, was found. The solid silver chalice and paten, which was a memorial of the Rev. Mr. Darling, and valued at above $100, are missing. It is the first time that any such sacrilege and theft has been committed in St. Matthias.

MINISTERIAL CHANGES

In the Stations of Methodists in the Toronto Districts.

The Stationing Committee of the Methodist Conference continued its labors yesterday, and reports the following changes:

Toronto East District.

Rev. Geo. K. Adams to be secretary Stationing Committee; Rev. R. P. Bowles to Sherbourne-street; Rev. James Henderson was appointed assistant missionary secretary; Rev. J. R. Aikenhead to King-street; Rev. T. E. E. Shore, B.A., B.D., to Queen east; Rev. W. R. Parker, D.D., to Simpson-avenue; Rev. J. Vickery and J. R. Sanderson to Scarboro'; Rev. W. H. Moore is left without a station for one year or until restored to health.

Toronto Central District.

J. F. German, D.D., to Elm-street; D. V. Lucas to Elm-street; Victoria University, Erastus I. Badgley, B.D., LL.D., Bay of Quinte Conference, 98 Avenue-road, professor of ethics and apologetics; Francis H. Wallace, M.A., D.D., Trinity Church, professor of New Testament exegesis; John Burwash, M.A., D.Sc., Trinity Church, professor of the English Bible and pastoral theology; Rev. E. E. Scott to St. Paul's; W. Galbraith, D.D., to Yonge-street; W. J. Smith, B.A., to Agnes-street; Rev. G. Webber to Eglinton; E. W. McBrien to Newtonbrook; Rev. W. G. McCulloch and A. J. Paul, B.A., to Richmond Hill; R. T. M. Buley to Maple.

Toronto West District.

Rev. J. A. Rankin to Parkdale; Rev. W. F. Campbell, Ph.D., to St. Alban's; Rev. J. H. Locke to Clinton-street; Rev. J. McD. Kerr to Centennial; Rev. E. F. Paul superannuated; Rev. E. S. Rowe to Crawford-street; Rev. R. McKee to Westmoreland-avenue; Rev. E. R. Young, B.A., to Zion; Perth-avenue to be supplied; Rev. J. T. Morris to Davenport.

MR. MACDONALD'S DEATH.

The Ex-Lieut.-Governor of Ontario Died in Montreal Yesterday Afternoon—Was Born in 1817.

Montreal, June 10.—(Special.)—As foreshadowed in to-day's issue of The World, Hon. D. A. Macdonald, ex-Lieutenant-Governor of Ontario, and for some years Postmaster-General in the Mackenzie Administration, died here this afternoon at his residence on Sherbrooke-street. He leaves four daughters, Miss Macdonald, Lady Hingston, Mrs. McCarthy and Mrs. Macdougall. Mr. G. F. Macdonald of The Glengarry News is also a son of the deceased. Mr. Macdonald was born in 1817, and although his daughters were very devout Catholics he never evinced a very strong enthusiasm in religious matters. A week or so ago, however, he sent for a clergyman and made all the necessary preparations to die in the Catholic faith.

NATIONAL SCHOOLS ONLY.

Mass Meeting in the Pavilion as a Protest Against Coercion.

On Friday evening of this week a mass meeting will be held in the Pavilion to ratify the nomination of J. Ross Robertson, the Independent Liberal-Conservative candidate for East Toronto.

Among the speakers on the occasion will be Hon. N. Clarke Wallace, J. W. Lowrey of Starbuck, Manitoba; E. H. Deggie of Nova Scotia; E. E. Sheppard, Charles Cockshutt, Dr. R. J. Wilson and the candidate. Mr. John Hewitt will take the chair at 8 o'clock. The doors will be opened at 7.30 and the gallery reserved for ladies.

The Czar's Charities.

St. Petersburg, June 10.—The Czar, in commemoration of his coronation, has subscribed the aggregate sum of £250,000 sterling to charities.

For Golf Clubs and Golf Requisites try us. The Harold A. Wilson Co., 35 King St. W.

Largest Claret House in Canada.

We are offering claret at $3, $3.50, $4.50, $5, $6, $6.75 and $10 per case; also fine assortment of old Chateau and Vintage wines. Mara's, 79 and 81 Yonge-street. Phone 1708.

If you want a Tennis Racquet or Cricket Bat try The Harold A. Wilson Co., 35 King St. W.

Go to Blight Bros.,

65 Yonge-street, for scrubbing pads; prices lowest in the city.

Get a Bell or Lamp for your bicycle. The Harold A. Wilson Co., 35 King St. W.

Monuments.

See our designs and prices before purchasing elsewhere. We are manufacturers. D. McIntosh & Sons, office and showroom 524 Yonge street, opposite Maitland-street. Works, Yonge-street, Deer Park. 146

BIRTHS.

HARPER—On Sunday, the 31st ult., the wife of R. Harper, Eglinton, of a daughter.

DEATHS.

ROBERTS—At the residence of his father, William Roberts, Mount Forest, on June 8, 1896, William Bion Roberts (late of Toronto), commercial traveler.

LIKENS—At 32 Marlborough-avenue, on June 9, Winifred Clare Likens, second daughter of Charles and Lizzie Likens, aged 14 months.

Funeral private, Thursday, June 11, at 3 o'clock.

Granite and Marble.

Robt. Powell, 336 Yonge-street, opposite Gould-street, has a large stock of granite and marble monuments, which he is selling very cheap. Try him. 'Phone 1627. 245

DOES LAURIER ENDORSE IT?

His "Coming Minister of Justice" Makes a Statement

CONTRARY TO PREMIER GREENWAY

Geoffrion Says Manitoba Must Give Public Aid

To Roman Catholic Separate Schools in That Province When They Are Restored—Another French-Canadian Liberal Raises the Race and Revenge Flag—He Objects to Re-Arming the Canadian Militia.

Montreal, June 10.—(Special.)—Some very important statements were made to-day at Varennes by leading men of both parties. Mr. C. A. Geoffrion, Q.C., who is opposing Hon. Mr. Taillon, and a gentleman designated as Mr. Laurier's coming Minister of Justice, surprised his hearers by declaring in the fullest manner possible that the Government's Remedial Bill did not go far enough and that this is why the French Liberals voted against it. He repudiated the idea of giving half a loaf to the Manitoba minority. They were not beggars, he declared. They did not want charity, but their rights, which would be accorded them by Hon. Wilfrid Laurier. The Manitoba Government, Mr. Geoffrion added, must give public aid to the Catholic Separate schools, when they are restored.

Mr. A. DeMartigny, ex-cashier of the Jacques Cartier Bank, also spoke for Mr. Geoffrion, and trotted out the race and revenge plank. He said he had left the Conservatives when the Government brought a patriot to the scaffold, and that Sir Charles Tupper's allusion to Hon. Mr. Laurier's attitude on the Riel issue was an insult to every French-Canadian in the Province of Quebec. He also condemned the purchase of arms, and said that the English-speaking people of Canada might be interested in the volunteer movement, but the French were not.

Hon. L. O. Taillon replied, and perhaps went further than any other speaker on the question. The Postmaster-General said that such language was disgraceful and unpatriotic. "Do you mean to tell me," he said, "that if an American invasion of Canada were to take place, as the result of trouble with the Dominion or Great Britain, our people would fold their arms and allow our homes and our country to be devastated by the foe? No, a hundred times no," said the Postmaster-General. "Our people would respond to the country's call, as they have done before, and it is well that the militia force of Canada should have the most improved arms in their possession and know him to use them." (Loud cheers.)

A GLOBE YARN DENIED.

Minister Desjardins Says No Order-in-Council Had Been Passed Granting Big Railway Subsidies.

Montreal, June 10.—(Special.)—At a joint meeting held at St. Roch de Richelieu last night, at which Messrs. Desjardins, Bruneau, Vanasse and Gladu spoke, Mr. Bruneau asked the Minister of Public Works if it were true that an order in council had been passed granting $13,000,000 in subsidies to railways. Mr. Desjardins positively denied the story as a rumor, saying no such order in council had been passed to his knowledge.

Over at the Island.

The summer season has commenced in earnest at Hanlan's Point, and big crowds are already to be seen in the evening at that popular pleasure resort. Last night the Band of the Royal Grenadiers furnished the music. To-night the Queen's Own Band will be in attendance and will render a select program of popular airs. The lawn in front of the Hotel Hanlan has been greatly improved by numerous flower beds and adds much to the beauty of the place. On Monday night Messrs. Rich and Ramsey will re-open the roof garden.

Verdict for Defendant.

London, June 10.—The suit for £15,000 damages for breach of promise of marriage, instituted by May Gore, an actress, against Viscount Sudley, heir of the Earl of Arran, was brought to an end to-day, the jury returning a verdict for the defendant.

Will Platt Run?

Political gossips in West York are coupling the name of Mr. Samuel Platt, barrister, with the "straight Conservative" nomination. Mr. Platt has announced himself as an "independent Conservative," and it is understood that he is in the field, but independently of the regular party organization, which is apparently taking no part in his ante-election work. A meeting in Mr. Platt's interests is announced for to-night in Dovercourt Hall.

"Old Probs" Chuckles.

"Old Probs" said last night that, though it was hard sometimes for him to satisfy the public craving for readable stuff about the weather, he thought that he had a good thing for once. "Hereafter," he explained, "every early morning train from Chicago to Cape Breton will carry the weather prospects on each side of its baggage car, beginning to-morrow with the word, 'Fine!' And it will be fine," chuckled the scientist—"just the day you or I would like to lie out in the woods."

Fine To-Day.

Minimum and maximum temperatures: Calgary, 44—48; Edmonton, 40—62; Prince Albert, 46—48; Qu'Appelle, 50—58; Winnipeg, 50—74; Port Arthur, 42—68; Parry Sound, 48—58; Toronto, 56—68; Ottawa, 50—66; Montreal, 56—66; Quebec, 46—62; Halifax, 50—62.

PROBS: Fine, with moderate winds; a little higher temperature.

Steamship Movements.

June 10.

At	From
Ethiopia	Moville
St. Louis	Southampton
Teutonic	New York
Carthaginian	Halifax
Havel	New York
Carthagenian	Halifax
Bengore Head	Brow Head

Cook's Turkish Baths, 204 King W., ev'g. 50c

English summer coats and pants at greatly reduced prices to clear. Treble's, 53 King-street west.

WHEN YOU READ THE WORLD YOU GET ALL THE NEWS.