to propagate infection; and also for the purpose of purifying any yard, stable, outhouse or other place, or any waggons, carts, carriages, cars or other vehicles, or any vessels; and also for the purpose of directing how any animals dying in a diseased state, or any animals, parts of animals, or other things seized under the provisions of this Act, are to be destroyed or otherwise disposed of, and also for the purpose of causing notices to be given of the appearance of any disorder among sheep, cattle, horses, swine or other animals, and to make any other orders or regulations for the purpose of giving effect to the provisions of this Act, and again to revoke, alter or vary any such orders or regulations; and all 10 provisions for any of the purposes aforesaid in any such Order in Council, contained shall have the like force and effect as if the same had been inserted in this Act; and every person offending against the same, shall for each and every offence, forfeit and pay such sum, not exceeding one one hundred dollars as the Governor may, in any case, direct 15 to be forfeited and paid for contravention thereof.

Orders in Gazette.

5. Every Order in Council made under the authority of this Act, Council to be shall, within fourteen days after the issuing thereof, be twice pubpublished in lished in the Canada Gazette; and in case any such Order in Council, or any order or regulation in it applies to any particular part of or place 20 in Canada, then such Order in Council shall also be twice published within fourteen days after the issuing thereof, in some newspaper or newspapers circulating in the county or counties within which each of such parts or places, or any portion or portions thereof respectively, is or are situated.

Penalty for bringing inanimals to market.

6. In case any animal infected with or laboring under any contagious or infectious disorder, be exposed or offered for sale, or be brought or attempted to be brought for the purpose of being exposed or offered for sale in any market, fair or other open or public place where other animals are commonly exposed for sale, then, and in any such case, it 30 shall be lawful for any clerk or inspector or other officer of such fair or market, or for any constable or policeman, or for any other person authorized by the mayor or reeve, or by any Justice of the Peace having jurisdiction in the place, or for any person authorized or appointed by the Governor, to seize the same, and to report the seizure to the 35 mayor or reeve, or to any Justice of the Peace having jurisdiction in the place; and it shall be lawful for such mayor, reeve or justice, either to restore the same or to cause the same together with any pens, hurdles, troughs, litter, hay, straw or other articles which he may judge likely to have been infected thereby, to be forthwith destroyed or otherwise 40 disposed of, in such manner as he shall deem proper, or as may be directed, as hereinbefore provided; and any person bringing, or attempting to bring, any animal, into any such market, fair or open or public place as aforesaid, knowing such animal to be infected with or laboring under any contagious or infectious disorder shall, 45 upon conviction thereof, forfeit and pay for each and every such offence a sum not exceeding one hundred dollars.

Penalty for keeping infected animals on any unenclosed land.

7. If any person turn out, keep or depasture any animal infected with or laboring under any contagious or infectious disorder, in or upon any forest, wood, moor, beach, marsh, common, waste land, open field, 50 roadside or other undivided or unenclosed land, such person shall, on conviction thereof, forfeit and pay a sum not exceeding one hundred dollars.

Governor may define limits of Ports and

8. The Governor in Council, may, from time to time, by order, define the limits of ports for the purposes of this Act, and appoint inspectors 55 and other officers when deemed necessary.