

31. The Royal Government of Cambodia had submitted lists of 793 names of persons it wished released. It is possible that this number may be reduced considerably when the lists are brought up to date by the Royal Government, for they contain approximately 70 names of persons who in October 1954 were indicated by instance as liberated but prevented from rejoining their homes, or presumed dead. In addition, when the lists were transmitted to the appropriate authorities of the Democratic Republic of Vietnam it was pointed out that there was overlapping of some lists and as a result 185 names were duplicated. If the Royal Government gives confirmation on these points, the number of persons claimed may then total approximately 540. The authorities of the Democratic Republic of Vietnam have advised that 64 of these persons were released in October, 1954, in Central Vietnam, and that they now hold no persons mentioned in the Cambodian lists. This information has been transmitted to the Royal Government.

32. In January, 1955, after the Cambodian "Commission de Grace" had completed its work in connection with the political amnesty, the International Commission requested the Royal Government to advise it of what record there was of the 375 prisoners still claimed by the K.R.F. and V.M.U. Delegation when the Joint Commission concluded its work in October, 1954. Of those concerning whom it had records, the Royal Government was asked to state the number of released, and the number still in custody. If some were still in custody, the Royal Government was requested to state the charges on which they were held and the action which had been taken. A reply is awaited.

33. It may be pointed out that given the nature of the hostilities in Cambodia, the loose organisation of some of the forces involved and the consequent inaccuracy of the records which they could keep and given the variety of spellings of names and the use of adopted names - it is often difficult to identify persons with any degree of certainty.

ENTRY OF WAR MATERIAL INTO CAMBODIA:

34. Under Article 13, sub-para (c) of the Geneva Agreement on Cambodia and as amplified under Article 7 of the said Agreement, the International Commission has the responsibility of supervising at ports and airfields and along the frontiers of Cambodia, the introduction into Cambodia of military personnel and war materials on grounds of foreign assistance.

35. The Royal Government has given the International Commission a tentative programme of the expansion of their Defence Forces which it considers necessary for the effective defence of Cambodia. They have further told the Commission that the Government will use only two supply routes for the entry of foreign war material into the country. The first route is the main road Saigon-Phnom Penh and the second is up the Mekong from the sea. Both routes converge at Phnom Penh.

36. The International Commission team most concerned with the entry of war material is the Fixed Team located at Phnom-Penh. This team received a weekly list of stores received by the Government and is at liberty to enter the Government depots and installations at Phnom Penh to check the stores and equipment received. In addition,