

EVACUATION DAY.

THE GRAND PARADE TODAY IN NEW YORK—THE FIREBREAD AND NUMBER OF DISTINGUISHED GUESTS PRESENT—BAD WEATHER, BUT LARGE CROWDS.

New York, Nov. 26.—Rain began to fall heavily this morning and still continues. The streets are thronged with people carrying umbrellas. The storm interferes seriously with the parade and the display. The details of the celebration, however, were fully carried out. Early morning trains brought in throngs of visitors. The streets and windows along the line of march are filled with people. Progress along the streets is almost an impossibility. About 9 o'clock President Arthur, accompanied by ex-President Grant and General Bartram, left the 5th Avenue Hotel for the point where the head of the column was being formed, where they took their places in the line. It was nearly 10 o'clock before the line was put in motion, and then the police had great difficulty clearing passage way. After the police came General John Cochrane, Grand Marshal, accompanied by his staff. They were accompanied by the 1st Troop Philadelphia City Cavalry, under the command of Brigadier-General Grubb, as a corps of special aides. The 1st Division was commanded by General Jackson, of the 5th U. S. Artillery, and composed of U. S. troops acting as an escort to the distinguished guests who followed in carriages.

New York, Nov. 26.—The ceremonies attending the unveiling of the statue of Washington at the Sub-Treasury were begun by President Lane, of the presiding officer, after which the Hon. Dr. Storrs offered a prayer. Royal Phelps, chairman of the special committee, reported that the work which had been committed to the charge of the committee had been completed, and he was authorized to deliver it. Governor Cleveland then unveiled the statue, amid salutes from the guns of the vessels and forts in the harbor, and a chorus of those assembled. President Lane then informally tendered the statue to the Government of the United States. President Arthur, in a short, but neat speech, accepted the statue on behalf of the Government. At the ceremony George W. Curtis delivered an oration, after which the assembly sang the Doxology, and Bishop Potter pronounced the benediction. At the Evacuation dinner in the Chamber of Commerce to-night, a toast to the Queen of England was responded to by a letter from the British Minister regretting his inability to be present.

A BOGUS SOCIALIST PLOT.

CONSPIRACY TO OBTAIN A REWARD FROM THE LONDON AUTHORITIES.

LONDON, Nov. 24.—It now appears that the arrest yesterday of the Socialist Wolf, and the capture of two infernal machines, was the result of a conspiracy on the part of Wolf and the Frenchman Boilezane, to obtain the reward which was expected would be paid the informer, the Frenchman undertaking to play the role. Investigation of the affair has led to the discovery that the conspirators had relations with the police, and had made all the arrangements which they thought necessary to create the impression that a Socialist plot, to destroy the German Embassy in London and possibly to blow up the Ambassador and the attaches of the legation, was on the eve of accomplishment.

Irish Affairs.

A great demonstration was announced to take place on Saturday, Nov. 25th, to celebrate the unveiling of the memorial, near Limerick, County Kerry, to Allen, Larkin and O'Brien, but a proclamation was issued prohibiting it. The authorities forbade the procession to the Dublin cemetery to commemorate the execution of Allen, Larkin and O'Brien. Crowds, however, marched to the cemetery and small groups walked around the graves. The town of Listowel was thronged to-day with people who came to witness the unveiling of the memorial to Allen, Larkin and O'Brien. Special trains from Limerick and Tralee brought many visitors. The N. Y. Sun's London cable despatch of November 25th, says:—The Parnellite members of Parliament have determined to demand a pledge from the Government to include Ireland in the Franchise bill, and if the House of Lords excludes Ireland to insist on the passage of the bill. If the Government refuses to make that pledge the Parnellites will join with the Tories in opposing the bill in every stage.

OBITUARY.

Mrs. Patrick Woods, of 282 Somerville avenue, Boston, died lately in that city, at the age of 80. Mrs. Woods was formerly of Montreal, and was well known and highly respected. Mrs. Woods was the mother of Mr. Edward Woods, who died at his residence. Miss Lewis, sister of Ida Lewis, "the Green Darling of America," died on November 25th from consumption at Lime Rock Lighthouse. Within sight of the boats voyaging by herself and sister in rescuing many lives from drowning. She was young and handsome. Captain George Simpson Fraser, late of the 62nd (or 71st) regiment, died on Wednesday afternoon, November 21st, at No. 284 University street. He joined the 62nd when he had seen much service in India, was born in 1838, and was educated at Chamblay. Dr. Henry Bence Jones, F.R.S., an eminent English physician and author of several medical works, died at his residence, 18, Grosvenor place, on Monday, November 19th. It was found necessary on the following day to amputate the leg, but the operation was of no avail, the doctor dying after it. We regret to have to announce the death of James O'Farrell, one of the first settlers of the parish of St. Malachy, County of Down, who died at his residence, at 21 St. Malachy's street, on Monday, November 26th. He was 85 years of age and a native of the County of Londonderry, and was universally loved and respected by his many friends, both in his own and neighboring townships. He was the father of the Rev. John O'Farrell, parish priest of St. Edwards of Frampton. His funeral will take place to-day, Wednesday, at 10 o'clock. Mr. Matthias O'Flaherty, a well known citizen of London, Ont., died at his residence, corner of Wellington and Bathurst streets, on Monday, November 26th. He was 75 years of age and a native of the County Kerry, Ireland, and came to this country some 34 years ago. For some time he was engaged in real-estate work, but has lately been in the hotel business. A year ago last May he visited Ireland in company with a brother who lives in Chicago, and on arriving in Ireland the two were arrested and subjected to somewhat harsh treatment on suspicion of being dangerous characters of the Fenian persuasion. Mr. O'Flaherty was an active member of the Fenian Society and an ardent Fenian, and was generally respected. He was 48 years of age. Thomas Clement Cobbold, M.P. for Ipswich, died, aged 80. Mr. Cobbold was born in Ipswich, Suffolk, in 1833, and educated at the Charterhouse School. He entered the diplomatic service and proceeded to Constantinople in 1854. He was minister at Lisbon and Madrid, and was transferred to Turin in 1862, and to Santiago in 1864. He was acting Charge d'Affaires at Baden-Baden in 1867. He was appointed Secretary of the Legation at Rio de Janeiro in 1870, and in that position he occupied till 1872. He was then transferred to Lisbon in 1872, and was acting Charge d'Affaires there until May, 1875. He was a Conservative in politics, and has represented Ipswich since December, 1875.

THE WAR IN SOUDAN.

Hicks Pacha's Crushing Defeat—Further Details of the Battle—Intentions of the Egyptian Government—The Khedive's Opinion—The British Army of Occupation. CAIRO, Nov. 23.—Hicks Pacha's army has been destroyed by the forces of the False Prophet. Intelligence of the disaster was brought by Khartoum by a Coptic official. The fighting continued from the 30th to the 5th inst, and resulted in the complete annihilation of the Egyptians. The State European artist was the only person that escaped. El Mahdi's force is estimated at 300,000 men and includes Dervishes, Bedouins, mulattos and regulars. The battle occurred near El Obied. El Mahdi first sent forward Dervishes, declaring they would vanquish the enemy by Divine aid. Subsequently the regulars gained the attack and the engagement became general. Hicks Pacha's army, early in battle, was divided into two bodies, but subsequently manoeuvred and formed a square which the forces of the False Prophet broke after three days' desperate fighting. A Council of Ministers has decided to concentrate at Khartoum what Egyptian troops remain at Duem Gobi and other places in Soudan. Hicks Pacha had 25,000 men and ten British officers. O'Donovan, of the London Daily News, and an artist connected with a German paper accompanied him. It is understood Sir Evelyn Baring has advised the Egyptian Government to abandon the Soudan and establish a strong frontier line from Khartoum to the Red Sea. It is reported an order for the evacuation of Egypt by the British has been countermanded. LONDON, Nov. 22.—Letters written by military correspondents show that Hicks Pacha had only about 10,000 men. Three thousand were to be detained to keep the line of communication. It has been reported the False Prophet had 20,000, although according to pronouncements issued by the Sheiks in September, it was claimed he had 200,000; that they had Remington guns and rockets, which they had taken from the Turks, but that the prophet had forbidden their use, as only spears and swords were to be used by his fighting men. Among Hicks Pacha's troops was the first regiment of Egyptian infantry, formerly commanded by Arabi Pacha, but then under command of English officers. Capt. Herith, an Australian, who formerly commanded a Uhlan regiment, was Hicks' principal drill officer. Official accounts state that Hicks Pacha had 10,500 men.

New York, Nov. 22.—A London special says the engagement resulted in the massacre of the commander with Col. Farquhar, chief of staff, five English officers, two German officers, O'Donovan, war correspondent, Villiers, artist, and ten thousand Egyptian soldiers. Hicks Pacha tried to advance 730 miles through a hostile country, his only supplies being biscuits. There being no communication open the soldiers became alarmed, the heat was intense and camels died by hundreds. For water the army was dependent on surface pools, the enemy having swept the country bare of cattle. Nothing had been heard of the army by the outside world until rumors of victory were followed by news of this disaster. CAIRO, Nov. 22.—A council of war met to-day to examine into the military situation and to decide whether Khartoum or a point further south was tenable. No decision was reached. CAIRO, Nov. 23.—Unless very speedy action is taken, it is feared Suakin will fall into the hands of the tribes acting with the False Prophet. The latter is thought to be near Khartoum. If Khartoum is captured there will be no good defensible position between the Mahdi and Cairo except Minch. The following officers were with Hicks' expedition.—Col. Farquhar, chief of the staff; Majors Warner, Beckindorf, Evans and Massey; Captains Heath and Walker; Surgeon-Major Rosenberg; Lieut.-Colonels Colborne and Courtogon and Major Martin. The latter commanded the cavalry. Vistely, Artzen and 50 soldiers, who were not in the defile when the slaughter occurred, were taken prisoners and carried to El Obied. The rebels captured 38 Krupp, Nordenfeldt and mountain guns, all flags and munitions of war and camels. The following were also with Hicks:—Surgeon-General Georges Bay, Captains Anstafa, Morris, Brady, late Sergeant-Major of the Royal Horse Artillery and certain Pachas and Beys, in all about 1,200 officers. Konofan is virtually lost. Colonel Courtogon, who was at Duem, at once proceeded to Khartoum, which he is arranging to defend. He is also arranging to suppress an excited revolt by calling in all outlying garrisons. The entire territory of Soudan is in a blaze. The army will retreat to Berge, if possible. It cannot muster 4,000 regulars, all told. It will try to reach Suakin. The population of Khartoum is distressed and a crisis there is expected. CAIRO, Nov. 26.—The Khedive to-day reviewed a number of troops about to start for Suakin. Military critics were not favorably impressed with their appearance. Envoys of El Mahdi have arrived in Tripoli and Algiers. Colonel Costlegen sends a message from Khartoum dated November 25, saying that Vistely, the artist of the London Graphic, is the sole survivor of the recent battle with El Mahdi's forces, and he is a prisoner at El Obied. Col. Costlegen says the situation is most critical. CAIRO, Nov. 26.—The captain who brought the news of Hicks' defeat says he was allowed to escape only on professing the Moslem faith. The massacre was not so general as first believed. The Egyptian soldiers so disposed were allowed to join the forces of El Mahdi. The emissaries of El Mahdi are busy in the large towns of Upper Egypt, and a general rising is expected.

FINANCE AND COMMERCE.

FINANCIAL.

TRUE WITNESS OFFICE, TUESDAY, NOV. 27, 1883. London, 4 p.m.—Consols 101 1/16 money; Erie 29 1/2; Illinois Central 137 1/2; Canada Pacific 61. At New York to-day Canada Pacific opened at 53 1/2 and dropped to 52 1/2 in the forenoon. Manitoba opened at 100 1/2, going down to 99 1/2. Canada Southern was steady at 54 1/2. With regard to other leading stocks, Northern Pacific common was easier at 29 1/2 at noon and preferred ditto at 34 1/2. The market as a rule was weaker and down a fraction. Erie was an exception, this stock advancing from 28 1/2 to 29 1/2. The local stock market this morning opened with some show of strength, but the strength soon vanished into thin air and the market resumed its heavy downward course. Montreal sold as low as 17 1/2, and Merchants at 10 1/2, the general list sympathizing to a greater or lesser degree. There is a very weak feeling on the street, and doubtless many of the sales made to-day were on account of exhausted margins. The "bulls" make the best resistance they can, but the tacts are against them; the general outlook is not

brilliant, and we do not see anything in the near future to change the views we have from time to time expressed in these columns. Every "corner" attempted for the past six months has ended disastrously. #Stock Sales.—100 Montreal 178; 5 do 177 1/2; 25 do 177 1/2; 75 do 177 1/2; 50 do 178; 25 do 177; 285 do 178; 30 Ontario 99; 25 do 99 1/2; 60 Commerce 103; 439 do 104; 2 do 63; 33 Merchants 103; 439 do 104; 11 do 103; 100 do 106; 100 do 105 1/2; 100 do 103; 50 do 104; 25 Telegraph 116 1/2; 25 do 116 1/2; 50 do 116 1/2; 60 Passenger 105 1/2; 55 do 106; 20 Montreal Building Association 70. In the money market rates of discount are 7 to 7 1/2 per cent, and of call loans 5 to 6 1/2 per cent. Sterling Exchange was nominally unchanged at 48 p.m. for 60-day bills between banks, 48 1/2 p.m. cash over the counter, 9 to 9 1/2 p.m. for demand bills. Drafts on New York are sold at 1-16 discount to par. New York, 1 p.m.—Stocks dull and steady. Am Ex 92, C B 55, D L 117 1/2, Erie 29 1/2, L S 100, M C 90, N P 29 1/2, N Y O 116 1/2, S P M & M 100, W U 70 1/2.

Table with 2 columns: Produce of the mine, Produce of fisheries, Produce of forest, Animals and their products, Agricultural products, Manufactures, Miscellaneous articles. Total \$10,116,667 \$1,987,468.

The exports from the Dominion for the month of October are as follows:— Produce of other countries, 285,853 \$ 22,200; Produce of fisheries, 1,089,462 \$ 25,462; Produce of forest, 3,749,629 \$ 253,085; Animals and their products, 3,174,729 \$ 124,364; Agricultural products, 1,385,098 \$ 1,488,079; Manufactures, 396,828 \$ 93,421; Miscellaneous articles, 65,071 \$ 6,319. Total \$10,116,667 \$1,987,468. The exports for October last year were:— Produce, Canada, \$1,430,018; other countries, \$1,496,630. The decrease this month in produce of Canada are:—Wool and agricultural products, \$1,156,300; miscellaneous, \$1,686. The increase this month over same month last year are:—Wool, \$91,742; fisheries, \$199,415; forest, \$24,432; animals and their produce, \$450,851; manufactures, \$60,096. The statement of goods entered for consumption in October shows:—Total dutiable value, \$7,164,084; coin and bullion (except U. S. silver coin), \$11,222; free goods, all other, \$2,821,202; grand total entered for consumption, \$9,996,508; duty collected, \$1,824,561.

COMMERCIAL.

WEEKLY REVIEW—WHOLESALE MARKETS.

Leading wholesale merchants report an average late fall movement. There is no speculative enterprise in any local branches of trade, and the future does not present much encouragement. Something of a depression has settled down on prominent staples and industrial undertakings all over the world, though it would be premature as yet to say that this depression will be deep and permanent, as was the case in 1875 and a few following years. The revival of good times set into operation numerous industries, which, competing with each other, have tended, not only to flood the markets with their productions beyond all requirements, but to cut down manufacturers' profits and operatives' wages to a minimum as well. The wonderful progress and development of our manufacturing is a matter of astonishment, and is traceable to the accumulation of banking capital, which has been drawn into and lavishly expended on every scheme which promised anything of a return on the capital invested. Thus capital plays a very important part in pushing forward or retarding national prosperity or doing the same with regard to eras of commercial disaster and stagnation. Government legislation respecting the customs tariff of a nation must always be an important factor in the development of trade, industry and commerce, but a wise supervision by bankers of the capital entrusted to them is a necessary essential of true progress and prosperity. The leading cotton mills of the country have resumed operations with a reduced staff of employees, and it is the earnest wish of all Canadians that the clouds which have gathered over the cotton, lumber, woolen, breadstuffs, iron and some other trades will soon be dispelled.

GRAIN.—The sugar market was dull and prices in consequence have tended more in buyers' favor. Yellows range from 6 1/2 to 7 1/2, and granulated is held at 8 1/2 to 9 1/2 to 10 1/2. Syrup.—The market is easy but prices are nominally unchanged. We quote 3 1/2 to 5 1/2 per lb, or 4 1/2 to 7 1/2 per gallon. Tea.—There has been a fair volume of enquiries for tea this week, but no particular animation has been entered in the market. Low grade Japans are scarce and wanted, and we understand that a large sale of such has been put through. Holders of all grades maintain a feeling of confidence in the future. Spices.—Holders of all kinds of spices make a very steady showing, and in most cases are not very anxious to realize, with the offering correspondingly firm. Buyers, however, are slow in movement, and business is light. Stocks all round are small. We quote:—Pepper, white, 26 to 28; do black 16 to 18; do shells, 8 1/2 to 9 1/2; ginger, Jamaica, 14 to 21; cloves 18 to 24; nutmegs 55 to 80; pimento 8 1/2 to 9 1/2. Molasses.—The market has been quiet with a barely steady line. We quote—Bourbon, 45 to 47; Porto Rico 40 to 44; Trinidad 40 to 42; 37 1/2 to 40. Rice.—The market remains firm, but is without animation. A moderate amount of stock has changed hands at 35 1/2. Coffee.—There is no change to advise in regard to the coffee market since our last report. The distribution of the supply does not increase, and dullness is the most prominent feature. Prices are steadily held. We quote:—Mocho, per lb, 25 1/2 to 30; Java, superior 22 to 25; Java, fair 17 to 21; Maracabo 11 to 15; Java, Java 10 to 20; Plantation Ceylon 18 to 21; Rio 10 to 14. Fruits.—Valencia raisins have sold at lower prices than last week and round lots have sold at 6 1/2, and even a lower figure was mentioned. Malaga fruit is quiet, and currants rather weaker. Figs have been in moderate request, while prunes are steady. Almonds and filberts continue scarce and firm. We quote:—Almonds, Valencia, 6 1/2 to 7; filberts 9 1/2 to 9 3/4; almonds 15 1/2 to 18; do, shell, 25 to 30; currants 6 1/2 to 7 1/2; figs, Turkish, 13 1/2 to 14 1/2; loose muscatels 22 1/2 to 25; ordinary layers 19 1/2; London layers 23 1/2 to 25 1/2; prunes 6 1/2. IRON AND HARDWARE.—Buyers have been slow and careful in their purchases, and no transactions of importance have come to light. The outlook for the near future is not cheering. Warrants during the week fell to 43 1/2, but the latest cable reports the market steady at 44 1/2—a gain of two pence since our last report. Prices here are nominally steady. The finished iron market is steady to firm, but without uncommon feature. Angles are scarce and firmly held. The volume of business is moderate, but the market is burdened with no over-supply. Tin plates are firm, coked being scarce and higher, having advanced to 45 1/2. Canada plates

are also firm. Ingot tin in London is quiet and barely steady. Here the market for 18 and copper is unchanged. Lead remains quiet. The movement of general hardware was moderate, but assortments this year are well in hand. We quote:—Fig Iron—Coltsnes, \$21 50; Langdon, \$21 50; Gartsherry, \$20 50 to 20 75; Salmalnes, \$20 25 to 20 50; Eglington, \$18; Dalmealington, \$18 50; Siemens, \$21; Bar Iron, \$1 90 to 2; hoop and bands \$2 25; sheets and plates \$2 50 to 2 75; angles \$2 25; tin plates, ocharcoal, I O \$5 to 5 25; do, cokes \$4 50; Canada plates, penn \$3 20 to 3 25; ingot tin, strait 2 1/2; do, lamb and flag 2 1/2; ingot copper, beaver, 18c; do, Montana, etc., 17c; lead \$3 50 to 4 00. LUMBER.—Trade is quiet under careful and slow enquiry from intending customers. The stock in yards furnishes ample material to make selections from without difficulty. Dealers, however, show no disposition to increase their holdings, as a decline in values before spring is among the probabilities to be taken into consideration in estimating the market. It is thought that the amount of lumber required for manufacturing purposes will be increased. Prices are about the same. Black walnut 1st and 2nd per M, \$100 to 110; do 1st per M, \$110 to 120 00; do culls per M, \$60 to 65; cherry per M, \$20 to 25; oak per M, \$40 to 45; birch per M, \$18 to 25; maple, hard per M, \$20 to 22; ash per M, \$18 to 25; basswood per M, \$18 to 20; elm, cork per M, \$25 to 30; pine, first quality per M, \$35 to 40; do, second, \$22 to 25; do shipping, culls, \$15 to 17; spruce per M, \$12 to 14; do culls, \$9 to 10; hemlock per M, \$9 to 10; elm, soft per M, \$16 to 18; maple, soft per M, \$16; cedar, round per foot, 7 to 10c; do flat, 4 to 6c; laths per 1,000, \$1 60 to 1 70; shingles per 1,000, \$2 to 3 50.

LEATHER AND BOOTS AND SHOES.—In the leather market the feeling is much the same as last week. Manufacturers are not buying except in a mesagre way, and the current movement is light. No changes of any important character are announced, and there is nothing to justify a revision of quotations. Boots and shoes.—A few Western buyers have placed orders, but manufacturers, as a rule, do not care to contract ahead to any great extent. Cutting up prices and preparing for stock is the general occupation at present. We quote leather as follows:—Spanish sole, No. 1, 25c to 26c; do No. 2, 23c to 24c; do No. 3, 19c to 21c; China sole, No. 1, 22c to 23c; do No. 2, 20c to 21c; Buffalo sole, No. 1, 22c to 23c; do No. 2, 20c to 21c; slaughterer sole, No. 1, 27c to 28c; English sole, 46c to 48c; rough belting hide, 32c to 34c; hares, 25c to 30c; upper, waxed, 33c to 37c; do, grained, 35c to 36c; do Scotch grained, 36c to 38c; buff, 14c to 16c; put, belted, 11c to 16c; splits, ordinary to color, 22c to 30c; do, under junior, 16c to 19c. WOOL.—The market is steady but dull. On foreign wool holders are not urgent to realize, and ask full prices. Manufacturers generally are acting cautiously. We quote Oape 17c to 19c, and Australia 22c to 30c, as to quality. In domestic we have not heard of any transactions. We quote a super 28c to 30c, B 23c to 25, and black 25c. A table from London, on November 20, says:—The fourth series of wool sales began to-day. There was a good attendance and the bidding was fairly brisk at full rates of the last sale, and in some cases slightly above; 9,811 bales were catalogued, chiefly Sydney and Port Phillip. The total quantity offered is 155,000 bales, including 31,000 bales of new clip. RAW FURS.—The receipts are complained of by some buyers, but, as a rule, they grade fair. There will be little change in value for a few weeks, and the local demand keeps steady. Reports from European and American markets are favorable. We quote as follows:—Beaver, per lb, \$3 1/2; best per skin, \$10 to 12; bear cub do \$3 to 4; fisher do, \$8 to 7; red fox do, \$1 to 1 1/2; coon fox do, \$3 to 5; lynx do, \$2 50 to 3; marten do, \$1; mink do, \$1 25 to 1 50; muskrat do, 10c to 1 1/2; otter do, \$10 to 12; raccoon do, 60c to 70c; skunk do, 75c. OILS.—Steam refined seed oil firm and inquired for at 7 1/2c, with a sale of 300 bbls at that figure. Other seal oils are quiet and steady. Cod oil has sold to a moderate extent at quotations. Cod liver oil is strong at \$1 85 to \$1 90. Lined oil is very quiet. We quote:—Seal steam refined, 7 1/2c; do pale, 65 to 67 1/2; do straw, 6 1/2; cod Newfoundland, 6c; do Gaepe, 5 1/2; do Halifax, 5 1/2; linseed, 6 1/2 to 6 3/4; do raw, 5 1/2 to 5 5/8; cod liver, \$1 85 to 1 90; cottonseed refined, per wine gal, 67c; do crude, 52c; olive oil, \$1 to 1 10. Petroleum.—The market for petroleum has been fairly active at steady prices. We quote car lots 17c, broken lots 17 1/2 to 18c, and single barrels 18c to 19c. FISH.—British Columbia salmon, per lb, \$17; North Shore do, No. 1, \$20; do No. 2, \$19; do No. 3, \$18; whitefish, per half brl, \$5 to 5 25; trout, \$4 75 to 5; Labrador herring, No. 1, per brl, \$6; do No. 2, \$4 50 to 5; large drafts, \$6 25 to 6 50; dry cod, per quintal, \$5 to 5 25; do (American), per 100 lbs, \$5 to 5 25; pollock, per 100 lbs, \$3 25; mixed bones fish, per lb, 25c; scaled herring, per box, 25c to 26c. SALT.—In this market at average business has been transacted at former prices, which are as follows:—Factory filled, per bag, \$1 20 to 1 50; clean, 80c; elms, 5 1/2; halves, 4 1/2; half-bags, 7 1/2 to 7 3/4; quarters, 40c to 4 1/2; Higgs, 7 1/2 to 7 3/4; Ashton's, per sack, \$1 20; do quarters, 60c. Hides.—No. 1 green hides are quoted at \$3. No. 2 at \$2 and No. 3 at \$1; calfskin, per lb, 10c; lambskins, each, 55c.

LOCAL COMMERCIAL.—Nov. 27. We can report no improvement in the breadstuffs market, and prices are nominally steady for both grain and flour. We quote:—Canada red winter wheat \$1 19 to 1 22; spring \$1 16 to 1 20; white winter \$1 15 to 1 17. Corn 62c to 63c; oats 30c to 34c; peas 93c to 93 1/2; rye 62c to 65c; barley, Province of Quebec, 53c to 56c; Ontario, 65c to 75c per 48 lbs. The stock of wheat in this city has increased about 29,400 bush. during the past week, to 203,786 bushels. Receipts of produce posted yesterday were: Peas 950 bushels, barley 524 bushels, flour 1,679 bbls, meal 26 bbls, ashes 10 bbls, butter 55, leather 203 rolls, tobacco 13 packages, spirits 150 casks. Flour.—Only a few small sales at prices quoted. Oatsmeal quiet and easy at \$4 75 to 5 00 for ordinary, as to quantity, and granulated at \$5 20 to 5 25. Cornmeal, \$3 20 to 3 40. Flour—Superior extra, \$5 60; extra superfine, \$5 80; fancy, \$5 40; spring extra, \$5 25 to 5 30; superfine, \$4 75 to 4 85; strong bakers' (Canadian) \$5 40 to \$5 80; strong bakers' (American), \$5 00 to 5 75; fine, \$3 90 to 4 05; middlings, \$3 75 to 3 85; pollards, \$3 50 to 3 60; Ontario extra, medium, \$2 85 to 2 85; do, spring extra, \$2 45 to 2 55; superfine, \$2 25 to 2 35; city bakers delivered, \$3 00 to 3 05. Provisions.—Mess pork is steady at \$15 to 15 50 per brl. Eggs are firm and unchanged at 25c to 26c, with higher prices for decidedly fresh stock. Butter.—For creamery higher prices have been asked, but buyers keep in the background and say they cannot afford to

come to terms. Some lots of rolls sold at 20c to 20 1/2c. We quote:—Oatmeal fine No. 2, 25c to 26c; Eastern Townships, good to choice selected, 20c to 22c; Morrisburg and Brookville, good to choice selected, 20c to 21c; Western, 17c to 18c; Kamouraska, 17c; low grades 15c to 16c. Add 1c to 2c for jobbing lots. Bolls 19c to 21c in cases. Cheese steady at 11 1/2 to 11 3/4 for September and October, and 9 1/2 to 11c for poorer qualities. Poultry and Game.—We quote good stock as follows:—Turkeys 90c to 10c; chickens 70c to 9c; geese 70c to 8c. Partridges were steady at 50c to 60c per brace. Sales of venison saddles were made at 9c to 10c, and carcasses were quoted at 5c to 7c. Ashes—Dull at \$4 75 to 4 85 for pots. UTOIA, N.Y., Nov. 26.—Cheese—Sales 3,000 boxes at 10 1/2 to 11c, principally at 11c. Oatmeal, 340 boxes. LITTLE FALLS, Nov. 26.—Cheese—Sales light; best stock in good demand at 11c to 11 1/2, few at 12c. Butter firm; sales 130 packages at 20c to 26c, principally at 25c.

MONTREAL CATTLE MARKET. At Messrs. Auer & Kennedy's yard, Point St. Charles, the market ruled dull, nothing being done in export cattle or sheep; local cattle sold at from 20 to 40 per lb., and hogs were lower at \$4.50 to \$5 per 100 lbs., one lot was sold at 60c per lb. About 600 head of cattle were offered for sale at the Vigier Market and the demand was fair, prices being quoted at from 40 to 50 per lb. Some 400 sheep and lambs met with a good inquiry, the latter selling at from \$2 to 4 1/2 each, and sheep at \$5 to \$8. A few calves brought from \$5 to 15 each, according to size and quality.

MONTREAL HORSE MARKET. Business was unusually dull. The following are the shipments of horses to the United States for the week ending November 24th:—November 23, one horse for \$100; November 24, seven horses for \$680, nine mares for \$1,147, three horses for \$450, three mares for \$495. BIRTH. FINAN—At No. 125 Wellington street, on Sunday, the 18th inst., the wife of James Finan, of a son. REDDY—At No. 78 Conway street, Point St. Charles, on the 24th inst., the wife of W. J. Reddy, of a daughter. MARRIED. GOODBODY—PETIGREW.—In this city on Nov. 10, by the Rev. Mr. Dixon, George Goodbody, second son of John Goodbody of New Glasgow, P. C., to Maggie A. F. W. Petigrew, daughter of the Rev. Mr. Petigrew, of H. M. Military Barracks. CURRAN—SWEENEY.—On November 26th, 1883, in St. Patrick's Church, by the Rev. Father Dowd, P. C., Charles Curran to Miss E. Sweeney, all of this city. NOLAN—O'SULLIVAN.—At St. Patrick's Church, on the 27th inst., by the Rev. Father Dowd, P. C., Michael Nolan, to Miss Lillie A. O'Sullivan, all of this city. PIGEON—DOHERTY.—In this city, November 27th, at St. Ann's Church, by the Rev. Father Whitaker, L. J. Pigeon to Miss Jane Doherty, all of this city. No cards. HUBBARD—SHEERIDAN.—At St. Ann's Church, on the 26th inst., by the Rev. Father Whitaker, Michael Hubbard, of Montreal, to Miss Catherine Sheridan, all of this city. No cards. DIED. CREIGHTON.—At Quebec, on Sunday, 4th Nov., at the age of 36 years, of consumption of the lungs, Margaret Tyrford, the beloved wife of James Creighton. WINNIPEG and New York papers please copy. SALMON.—In this city, on the 26th inst., William Salmon, Veterinary Surgeon, aged 62 years—father of the Rev. J. J. Salmon, of G. Gabriel Village. KANE.—In this city, on the 2nd inst., Mary Keenan, aged 42 years, beloved wife of James Keenan. SAUNDERS.—At St. Catherine's, Ont., on the 2nd inst., Mr. Benjamin Saunders, formerly of Montreal. TANSEY.—On Friday, the 23rd inst., of croup, Janet A. Tansey, daughter of T. P. Tansey, aged 3 years and 9 months. SHANNON.—At Lachine, P. C., on the 23rd inst., Patrick Shannon, aged 88 years, a native of Rathfriland, County Limerick, Ireland, and father of Mrs. J. Scallan, of this city. HAMMILL.—In this city, on the 23rd inst., Catherine Bunnion, aged 42 years, beloved wife of John Hammill. MAOR.—In St. Henry, on the 23rd inst., Mary Maor, aged 29 years, beloved wife of George Maor. WALSH.—In this city, on the 24th inst., Mary Morrow, wife of Richard Walsh, aged 81 years. EGAN.—At Chamblay, P. C., on the 23rd inst., Luke Egan, aged 78 years, a native of the County Londonderry, Ireland, and uncle of Patrick Egan, late treasurer of the Irish National League Funds in Dublin, Ireland, and Paris, France. Irish American papers please copy. 126 1. CONNOLLY.—At Fort Coulonge, on the 20th inst., Henry Archibald, aged 22 years, son of Henry Connolly, Esq., late Hudson's Bay Company. CURRAN.—In this city, on the 26th inst., Johanna O'Reilly, aged 39 years, beloved wife of Charles Curran, Senior, and daughter of Michael O'Reilly. LAURENCE.—In this city, on the 25th inst., in the 83rd year of his age, Louis Laurence, late stone and marble dealer and contractor, of San Francisco, California. California papers please copy. 126 2 1.

BANKRUPT STOCK. CHURCH ORNAMENTS. MESSRS. FRECHON, LEBEVRE & CO. 245 Notre Dame Street. Having bought at a special low rate the entire BANKRUPT STOCK of the late firm, A. C. Senecal & Co., will sell immediately at cost price, a complete assortment of Church ornaments, Sacred Vases, Statues, Altar Wine, Cassettes, etc., etc. 22 cove.

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BOOKS! BOOKS!

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