

thirty-eight are filled with Coleoptera. This is a purely Canadian collection, almost entirely from Ontario. The specimens have in nearly all cases been named by specialists when they were brought together for the Philadelphia Exhibition, and are therefore most valuable for reference and comparison; but unfortunately date and locality labels were not thought of so much importance in those days as they are now, and comparatively few are provided with them.

A walnut cabinet of fifteen drawers contains North American species of Hymenoptera (five drawers). Diptera (two), Neuropteroid insects (two), Odonata (three), Hemiptera (two) and one of Orthoptera. These are for the most part collections made many years ago, with very few recent additions. The Neuropteroid specimens were named by the late Dr. Hagen, of Harvard University. The Society has a very meagre collection of insects outside of the Lepidoptera and Coleoptera, contributions of specimens of any other orders would, therefore, be most acceptable.

In addition to the foregoing, the Society possesses a large number of book-boxes containing a great number of Coleoptera from California, and many specimens of British and exotic Lepidoptera. All the collections are carefully gone over at least twice a year to guard against any injury from Anthrenus or other museum pests.

A NEW *SARCOPHAGA* FROM NEW YORK.

BY R. R. PARKER, STATE COLLEGE, BOZEMAN, MONTANA.

Sarcophaga fulvipes dissidia, n. subsp.

1914. *Sarcophaga fulvipes nigra** Parker, Proc. Bos. Soc. Nat. Hist., vol. 35, No. 1, pp. 38, 40, 41. Characters.

1916. *Sarcophaga fulvipes* var., Aldrich, *Sarcophaga* and Allies, p. 184.

Holotype ♂.—Collection of C. W. Johnson, Boston, Mass. (♂). Posterior trochanter without "brush;" femur arched, its anterior face without ventral row of bristles (only a single distal bristle present); anterior and posterior faces of tibia each with a

* *S. fulvipes dissidia* was referred to in part one as *S. fulvipes nigra*, but *nigra* has since been found to be preoccupied; therefore, the subspecies is described under the name *dissidia*.