

which have been incorporated in the present edition. Portions of the book have been entirely rewritten, where there have been such substantial alterations as to require that course. As a standard work on the subject, Mr. Lloyd's book is well known and appreciated. The author gives a complete set of forms under the English Acts and specimens of bills of costs which, though doubtless of much practical utility in England, are of no interest here, except to make one wish that our judges were half as liberal as their brethren in England. A 6/8 attendance, instead of 50c. as in this country, makes a considerable difference in a bill of costs, to say nothing of other fees in like proportion.

The work is issued by the well-known publishers, Stevens & Haynes, which in itself is a guarantee not merely of the excellence of the book itself, but of the mechanical execution. Being, as we say, so well known, it is unnecessary for us to indulge in any detailed criticism.

Notes and Selections.

ACCIDENT INSURANCE—DEATH IN A FIGHT.—The Supreme Court of Missouri decided in *Lovelace v. Travellers' Protective Association*, 28 S.W. Rep. 877, that in determining the meaning of term "accident," as used in an accident policy, the natural and reasonable import of the whole contract must be taken into consideration. It appeared here that the policy contained the words "\$4,000 shall be paid in case of death by accident," and "shall be entitled, in case of his death from natural causes, to \$100"; and the insured having met his death in a fight in which he voluntarily engaged, it was held that the beneficiary under the policy was entitled to recover as for death by accident. —*Central Law Journal*.

JUDICIAL WORK IN ENGLAND AND UNITED STATES.—It is said that there are more judges in the courts of the State of New York alone than in all Great Britain, and yet the judicial work lags in that state so much that they are soon to have a considerable number of new justices added to the Supreme Court. The same condition of things may be said to exist, to a greater or less