

END OF THE GERMAN BEER WAR.

As understanding has at last been arrived at between the Berlin breweries and the Socialists for the repeal of the boycott which has been in force since May. The Berlin correspondent of the Times gives the following history of this Christmas surprise, which, he says, is greeted on all sides with great satisfaction:—

"The associated breweries of Berlin determined some time ago to found a labor registry out to them that such an institution could not be successful if those workmen were excluded at the beginning of the boycott. The brewers replied that they did not wish to exclude them, but they demanded in return a cessation of the hostilities on the side of the men. Negotiations were, therefore, begun with the Socialist representatives of the workmen, and were concluded on Monday evening, at their side, the brewers promise to found a labor registry by January 1, 1885, to give precedence on the registry lists to the names of those employees who had been dismissed from the breweries in May and have found no work since, to grant these same hands sundry other advantages, and to take steps to abolish any alterations in the hours of work and in the scale of wages unfavorable to the men which have been introduced since May. The Socialists, on the other hand, undertake to recommend the repeal of the boycott to the workmen's assembly, which are to be summoned between Christmas and New Year's Day. As there can be no doubt that the workmen will sanction the repeal, as they approved the inauguration of the boycott at the bidding of the Socialists, it may be taken for granted that if unforeseen difficulties do not occur, the New Year will see the end of the struggle."

HOP CULTURE IN BRITISH COLUMBIA.

(The Monetary Times.)

Just across the border line from British Columbia lies the State of Washington, certain districts of which State have long been justly celebrated for excellence in hop culture. Why the inhabitants of British Columbia have not turned their attention to growing hops has for some time been a query with those having knowledge of the province's resources and adaptability to this particular industry. There are some hop yards in British Columbia, and their product has been sent to both eastern Canadian markets and to England, where they were well-received. Samples from the Okanagan country were considered especially good, and brought highest quotations. At the meeting of an agricultural association recently in Vernon, the whole question was thoroughly investigated. Mr. Dell, a gentleman who apparently had gone into the culture of hops upon a scientific basis, gave an estimate of the expenses, receipts and profits attendant upon the cultivation of one acre. The expenses, including cost of permanent investment, including cost of the land, hop cuttings and expense of staking and setting the cuttings and price of the picking boxes, amounted to \$173. The expenses of the first year, allowing 8 per cent. interest upon amount of permanent investment, were \$83. For six months first year 500 pounds of hops were picked, which brought \$111.60, selling at about 20 cents per pound. The expenses of the second year amounted to \$140.47, while

the 1,440 pounds of hops grown upon the acre, if sold at London quotations, would bring \$250.20 to the grower. In the first year it cost 15 cents to grow one pound of hops, and in the second year but 10 cents. This reduction in the cost of production was due to the largely increased yield during the second year. The grower netted from the first year's operations \$78.20, while in the second year he had \$118.73 as a net profit. Thus, two years' profitableness covered the money expended by way of permanent investment. Mr. Dell is apparently accurate in his estimates, and his figures may be taken, we should think, as substantially correct. The industry is worthy of encouragement at the hands of the Agricultural Department, and should it attain any considerable degree of development must strengthen the financial condition of a province which is now devoted too exclusively to fishing, mining and lumber operations.

after conducting it a year or so he purchased the Brunswick house on Main street, which hotel he has managed ever since. Deceased leaves a widow, three sons, John, Alexander and Archibald, and one daughter, Mrs. Lamb. It is probable the funeral will take place Thursday. Mr. McLaren was connected with but one society during his lifetime, that being St. Andrew's, in which he always took a great interest.—*Winnipeg Free Press.*

TEA-DRUNKARDS IN AMERICA.

According to the statistics recently furnished in the Medical News by Dr. James Wood, of Brooklyn, of all the patients applying for treatment at the chief dispensary of that city no less than 10 per cent. are tea-drunkards. They are not aware of the fact. Not one asks

\$5,000,000 is an immense fortune, but is only a conservative estimate of the amount saved in doctors' bills to the people of the Dominion by the use of St. Jacobs Oil. Its timely use not only saves money, but much suffering; a trial will win your endorsement.

the domestic servants of Irish origin. The evil of tea-drinking is due, however, not only to the amount consumed, but also to the manner in which it is prepared. An unmeasured quantity of the leaves, says Dr. Wood, is thrown into the teapot, and an unmeasured quantity of boiling water added. In any time from ten to thirty minutes this infusion is used. Then new leaves are thrown in with the old, which have been left to soak, and more water is added, and so on. Sometimes leaves are thus kept cooking for a day or more. The result is that the decoction is loaded, not only with them, but with from seven to seventeen per cent. of tannin, and with other even more deleterious substances. This form of preparation is almost universal among kitchen servants, and among shop and factory girls, who also are great tea-drinkers, and is too often practiced among other people of small means, who do not wish to waste a single leaf so long as there is any "strength" in it. There is serious reason to believe that many cases of insanity and insanity are directly due to tea-poisoning, while the number of chronic invalids from the same cause in this city alone is to be reckoned by thousands, and the *New York Tribune* declares that it is high time for the evil to be recognized and checked.

The morning sun flooded his apartment. "At last," mused he, before the looking-glass, "I have nothing to lose." Then he felt a certain sense of exultation as he hurriedly substituted a picture book for his collar stud and completed his toilet.—*Pick-Me-Up.*

COPLAND... BREWING CO.

T. B. TAYLOR,

PROPRIETOR

BREWERS - MALTSTERS

INDIA LAGER ALE ...EXTRA STOUT

THE CELEBRATED BRAND OF LAGER.....

...Bohemian
...Royal Export

BREWERY AND
MALT HOUSES....

PARLIAMENT STREET, ...TORONTO

South of King Street.

DEATH OF ARCHIBALD M'CLAREN

MR. ARCHIBALD M'CLAREN, proprietor of the Brunswick hotel, after a long illness, passed away shortly after three o'clock on Tuesday afternoon, surrounded by all the members of his family, who for weeks have anxiously waited at his bedside. Mr. McLaren was in his sixty-sixth year. He was born at Balderson's fourth year. He was engaged in the boot and shoe business there, being a practical shoemaker, afterwards removing to Perth, where he entered the hotel business. At Perth, thirty years ago, he conducted the Hicks house. From Perth he removed to Smiths Falls, and from there in 1877 he came to Winnipeg. For six or seven years, after becoming a resident of this city he followed the boot and shoe business. About 1884 he leased what was known as the Western hotel, and

to be cured of what we may call the mania. But the symptoms of his cases point unmistakably to over-indulgence in tea, and that presumption, on inquiry, is confirmed by their confessions. They suffer from headache, vertigo, insomnia, pain from headache, vertigo, insomnia, palpitation of the heart, mental confusion, depression of spirits, and sometimes from suicidal impulses, surely a formidable list of symptoms. These patients are of both sexes and all ages, and confess drinking tea each day. Another interesting fact is that nearly one-third of them are of Irish birth, and it is safe to assume that of the nightmarish, and confers drinking nearly two-thirds of American birth, large proportion are of Irish parentage. For in Ireland itself tea-poisoning has long been recognized as a widely prevalent evil, contributing largely to the number of inmates of insane asylums; and here, as most homekeepers know, the most inveterate and inordinate tea-drinkers are

CHINA HALL

ALUMINUM...



Shakers, Strainers
Trays, Spice Boxes
Bottle Holders, etc.

PAPER
JULEP
STRAWS

...Full Lines of

Tumbler, Wines, Cocktails

JUNIOR & IRVING, 40 King St. E., Toronto
Telephone 2177.

Drink the
COBOURG ALES AND STOUTS

BUY THEM. TRY THEM.

Macpherson, Gordon & Co., - Cobourg
SUPPLY THEM.
Pure and Therefore the Best.

Smoke COHN BROS' Great 5c. Cigs
DON RAMIRO
FACTORY - 93 Lombard St., Toronto