Father Althoff's Silver Jubilee

A Memorable Celebration Occured at Nelson on Wednesday Last.

Venerable Priest Presented With Address And Two Purses.

At Nelson on Wednesday last the celebration of the silver jubilee of Rev. Father Althoff was commenced, and the very interesting programme arranged by the committee was carried through without a hitch, says the Nelson News.

In the morning at 10:30 there was a celebration of high mass at the Church of Mary Immaculate, in which all the visiting clergy participated. Among those who took part were Right Rev. Bishop Dontenwill, New Westminster; Rev. Fathers Althoff (Nelson), Bedard (Greenwood), McKinnon (Roesland), Lacome (Vi[illegible]ia), Coccola and Ouillette (Cran[illegible]rook). A large congregation was [illegible] and the service was most im-[illegible]ive.

[illegible] in the afternoon the committee [illegible] arrangements took the visit-[illegible] for a trip through the [illegible] the electric cars, and then for a couple of hours' sail on the lake on the Vedette.

At 5:30 the party sat down to a banquet in the refectory of St. Joseph's school.

At the conclusion of the vesper service, the following address was read by Mr. Gigot, and a purse of $200 in gold was presented by Mr. Patenaude to Father Althoff:

The Reverend John Althoff, Rector of the Church of Mary Immaculate, Nelson, B. C.

Dear Father Althoff:—We, your parishioners at Nelson, together with the members of your congregation at Ymir, cannot but rejoice in the knowledge that to us has fallen the proud privilege of being able to offer you personally, our heartfelt congratulations, on this, the twenty-fifth anniversary of your consecration to the priesthood. Our humble prayer is that the dear Lord may grant you many long years in which to continue the good work you perform so zealously, and so earnestly. We are truly thankful to God who in His infinite goodness and wisdom, has blessed us by sending you as our spiritual guide, our adviser, and our friend.

May we be permitted to express to you, dear father, although in a very inadequate manner, how intensely we feel and appreciate your great generosity and unselfish devotion to our interests, ever since you came to us.

As for your work in the past, in the wilds of Alaska, and for many years in the city of Victoria, it would be presuming on our part to say more than we know and can easily undersand, how much you are missed there, where the same sterling qualities as priest and man secured to you the highest possible esteem and affectionate love of all with whom you came in contact.

Whilst you, dear father, certainly have great cause to be thankful to Almighty God for permitting you to occupy your sacred office for so many years, the thousands who were under your charge have fully aes much, if not more reason to thank Providence for giving them the priceless benefit of your guidance and advice. May every blessing be yours.

We ask you, reverend father, to honor us by accepting from us this little purse, as a slight token of our thankfulness and goodwill.

In conclusion, we beg to thank his lordship, our beloved bishop, and every one of the reverend fathers, who have enhanced the pleasure and enjoyment, and added to the dignity of the occasion, by gracing it with their presence.

Nelson, B. C., June 17th, 1903

A further presentation was made to Father Althoff by the children of the parish, after the vesper service, consisting of a silver matchbox, containing $120, which included the proceeds of the recent entertainment given in the opera house by the pupils of St. Joseph's school.

A BIG ISLAND TIMBER DEAL

Mr. Jas. Kelly, Nanaimo's well-known architect, will begin this week the construction of a large scow, 20x60 feet, which will have its own engines and propellors and when finished will be used for transporting logging machinery and portable mills to all parts of the immense section of timber country secured by this firm.

The logging work will begin about the first of August and be pushed with the utmost vigor. Several portable mills will be set in motion at once, each capable of cutting about 18,000 to 20,000 feet of lumber per day, and while this lumber will be intended for the export trade the new company will not prohibit the sale to local customers if they desire to buy, and Mr. Wilson gives the assurance that the price will be very reasonable.

The portable mills, however, are only a beginning of the vast operations necessary to exploit this magnificent timber wealth.

In the immediate neighborhood of Nanaimo will be erected a mill capable of sawing 300,000 feet of lumber per day, and employing between 400 and 500 hands. Only last week the chief engineer of the company was in Nanaimo to select a site for this mill and while arrangements have not yet been completed for a definite site, it is certain, that, out of several sites picked out by Mr. Thompson one will be secured on which to erect the mill.

Mr. Thompson said Nanaimo presented one of the best locations for a big mill he had ever seen. He would have no difficulty in taking any one of fifty different sites and getting the very best kind of service. Negotiations for the purchase of several sites are now in progress, and as soon as the purchase has been made the place will be announced.

W. E. Wilson & Co. prove their bona fides by paying cash for the property they have purchased, and although the proposal to build such a big mill and exploit the timber of Vancouver Island is an immense undertaking, it is not very large for a firm with a paid up capital of $75,000,000, which is the security which W. E. Wilson & Co. offer that they will fully complete all their promises.

Mr. Wilson himself says everything will be in full swing by the middle of August and the island developed in a manner never attempted before. He was asked if he would employ Chinese or Japanese at all and he replied no, they didn't want anything to do with them. His firm believed in working with the most improved machinery [illegible] the best work in this way in logging and timbering intelligent labor had to be [illegible] and to get the best men they [illegible]ve to pay the highest wages. [illegible]ved in paying good wages and good service. No Chinese or [illegible]

Wilson himself has conducted the [illegible]se of the property just secured and being a veteran timber cruiser and mill man of over 25 years' experience, has gone over most of it personally. He is pleasant and genial in manner and it is certain that Nanaimo cannot loose by the advent of such an enterprising firm with such an immense capital.

Mr. Wilson will remain in Nanaimo and personally supervise the business in this section of the country.

TRACING THE CONTAGION.

Washington, D. C., June 27.—A matter of a good deal of importance has come to the attention of the Department of Agriculture. A shipment of bulls for breeding purposes has recently gone from Indiana to Argentina in South America. They developed foot and mouth disease when they got there. Nothing of this kind exists in Indiana nor anywhere along the line of travel to New York, from which port the animals were shipped. They unquestionably contracted the disease on the boat. Mouth disease not only exists now in Argentina, but has existed there for some time.

DARING ESCAPE.

Twenty Year Convict Lasooes Guard, Takes Sheriff's Horse and Flees.

Knoxville, Tenn., June 27.—Harvey Logan, the Montana train robber, under sentence of 20 years, escaped from the Knox County jail this afternoon. While his guard's back was turned, Logan threw a wire over his head and lassoed him, tieing him tight to the bars of his cage. Having one entire floor of the jail to himself, Logan next secured two pistols, placed in the corridor of the jail for the use of the officers, if needed. When Jailer Bell appeared in answer to a knock from Logan, the prisoner passed out a bottle, saying he wanted some medicine. As the jailer put out his hand, Logan covered him with a pistol, forced him to unlock the door, and take him to the basement of the jail. He then forced Bell to take him to the sheriff's stable and saddle the sheriff's horse. This done, Logan mounted and rode away in the direction of the mountains. A posse started in pursuit of the desperado within one hour.

Disturbances In Crotia Spreads

Armed Peasants and Police Have Pitched Battle--- Four Killed.

Martial Law Declared and Hundreds of Arrests are Made.

Vienna, June 27.—Fresh disturbances of remarkable extent are reported from Croatia. After a fight between armed peasants and gendarmes near the village of Kulovec on Wednesday, which four persons were killed and several others seriously wounded, about 180 persons were arrested and taken to Warasdin, where they were placed in prison. The arrival of the prisoners at Warasdin caused much excitement among the inhabitants, and a crowd quickly surrounded their place of confinement with the intention of releasing them. According to unconfirmed reports received here, a fight ensued between the military and the crowd, during the progress of which several persons were killed.

Despite the proclamation of martial law at Ludberg, in consequence of recent riotiffe there, further disturbances have occurred, and at Kopreinitz the railway station was demolished on Friday and two railway officials were dangerously wounded. The rioters also held up the fast train for Budapesth and compelled it to remain at Kopreinitz all night. The authorities at Agram have sent two battalions of infantry to Warasdin to maintain order. The disturbances in Croatia began last Sunday, when 200 armed peasants entered Ludberg, set fire to the Savings bank and destroyed several private houses. Disturbances have occurred daily since the fight at the first outbreak, and the government was finally compelled to repress the revolt by military force and to proclaim martial law. An official report confirms the statement that nearly 200 peasants were arrested in three small villages.

BIRTHDAY ODE.

Empire Day.

All Hail, Great Britain's King.
Hail Emperor! Whose away
Scorns the dark night, and knows
But one vast circling day—
Where the loud bugles call,
O'ertakes the feet of morn,
Rousing the dull laggards,
Throughout one endless morn;
Thou rulest an Empire,
Vaster in its domain,
Than e'er the proud Xerxes,
Or conq'ring Rome could claim;
It's bounds; the starlit space
Wherein the Christian sign,
Proclaims its high mission,
'Neath the equator's line;
Or where the great North Bear,
O'er-rules his host of stars,
And from his ice-clad cliffs,
The feet of man debars;
Or where the wide Western
Joins with the Eastern Sea,
And proudly, view, floats
Your flag of Liberty.
Onward and onward; whilst the feet of Time
Ne'er stop, that flag in majesty sublime,
Unfurls its proud fold and whispers to all,
To gather beneath at loyalty's call,
And herald the Crown, whilst lieges rejoice
Though varied in tongue, united in voice,
To rivet the chain, that binds them to be,
Ne'er backward to fight for Britain the free,
And vow in their hearts to always maintain,
The Empire's flag with never a stain,
And we of the West, "far over the sea,"
From mountain and glen, from prairie and lea,
Forward will spring, when Necessity calls,
To strike for the Crown, whatever befalls;
That Canada's blood and Canada's might
Like water will flow to champion the right.
Today she beseeches as church bells peal,
"God's blessing on you, and the Empire's weal."
Then joins with the hosts
Of the gem-decked East,
In revelry's song,
With dancing and feast;
While Chieftains of Inde,
Their scimitars swing,
And shout with each stroke,
"Long Life to the King!"
And farmers amidst
Their tall waving grain,
Re-echo the shout
Again and again.
Whilst loggers, with arms
Brown, brawny and strong,
Brandish their axes,
And speed it along.
And skirt-wearing men
In far distant lands,
Gladly repeat it
And bow with their hands.
Whilst horsemen far South,
Uncovering, sing,
With hats in the air,
"Long Life to the King!"
All with devotion,
Respectful in mien,
With heads bowed in prayer,
"May God bless the Queen";
Then swear to their God with swords raised on high
To fight for the Empire, conquer or die!
And unite in the prayer that circles the earth:
"God grant you may see many days of your birth."

SENIAB.

Just as Senator Burton of Kansas, was about to start from Abilene for Salina on a hand-car during the recent floods he asked the section foreman: "Where shall I sit?" "Sit," roared the foreman; "you'll stand up and pump like blazes at these handle bars if you want to make this trip." The Senator declares that he obeyed instructions, "for," says he, "no other human being could pump quite so hard as I did on that awful journey."

MUDDY COMPLEXION.

Pale, sallow, yellow skin tells of a torpid, sluggish liver and impurities in the blood which will be entirely removed when Dr. Chase's Kidney-Liver Pills are used. This great medicine awakens the action of the liver, invigorates the kidneys and regulates the bowels. As a result digestion is improved, bodily pains disappear and the health is benefited in every way.

The Illegal Freight Rates

Manufacturer's Association Advise Payment of Schedule Under Protest.

Ontario House Prorogued Yesterday With Few Members in Attendance.

Conservatives Call a Meeting to Consider Open Air Demonstrations.

Toronto, June 27.—Very few members were present when Lieut.-Governor Mortimer Clarke prorogued the legislature today and gave his assent to six bills making 131 in all passed this session, out of 205 introduced.

The speech from the Throne made no reference to the Gamey matter.

The Canadian Manufacturers' Association charges that all changes in railway freight rates since January have been illegal, as they have not received the sanction of the Governor-General-in-Council. Merchants are now advised by the Association to pay all increased rates under protest. The association will gather information from those who have complaints, and lay it before the Railway committee to show why the new schedules should not be sanctioned.

The funeral of the late C. W. Taylor, manager of the Globe, took place today, and although private, was largely attended by business men of the city, and representatives of the business interests in all parts of Canada, and even the United States.

A meeting of Conservatives will be held in King Edward hotel, Monday evening, for the purpose of considering the advisability of holding openair demonstrations of the Conservatives of Canada about the latter part of August, immediately preceding the Dominion elections.

Herbert F. Gardiner, editor of the Hamilton Times, will, it is understood, be appointed superintendent of the institute for the blind at Brantford, in succession to the late Dr. Dyment.

Meat Pool At Dawson

Largest Dealers Combine Their Interests to Keep Up Prices.

Restaurants and Hotels Join Hands to Fight the Merger.

The Pacific Cold Storage Company of Dawson, and P. Burns & Co., the largest meat dealers in the North, have pooled their interests to keep up the prices of meats, says the Seattle P.-I. Meats will be no cheaper here next winter than last winter. The announcement is made by Louis Troughton, manager of the Pacific Cold Storage Company, who has just returned from a visit to the headquarters of the company in Tacoma. The Pacific Cold Storage Company, Troughton also announces, has secured the contract to supply the United States military and telegraphic posts in the Yukon basin with fresh meats. Two thousand cattle will be brought into the Yukon basin by the company this summer by the White Pass route, and three loads of refrigerated meats will be brought up the Yukon River by way of St. Michael on the steamer Robert Kerr.

The P. Burns & Co. establishment is the heaviest cattle and meat dealer in Western Canada, and has branches in Dawson and White Horse. The company has re-organized its northern service under the name of the British Yukon Meat Company, Limited. The Pacific Cold Storage Company has an interest of 10 per cent. or less in the British Yukon company, and thus a sympathy is created which ensures the two concerns working in harmony for the maintenance of prices in the field they occupy.

The only opponents these two companies have in the Yukon basin are individual dealers who ship herds of cattle at intervals, and have not extensive refrigerator plants for the keeping of stocks. Yet these individual companies do much toward helping the camp oppose monopoly.

The Pacific Cold Storage Company has five or six branch shops in the Klondike creeks, where retail and wholesale trade is carried on with heavy mining companies and the smaller operators and individuals. Mr. Troughton says the meat companies will have to hold the price of meat as high as last winter in order to protect themselves against loss.

Capt. Constantine, who has been appointed to establish the first Northwest Mounted Police posts at the mouth of the Mackenzie river and on the Peel river, is the man who established the first post of the organization in the Yukon. It was established at Forty-Mile a few years before the Klondike strike was made. It is said that the posts on the Mackenzie are designed to check lawlessness of American whalers at the mouth of the river.

Five or six of the largest restaurants in Dawson are combining to fight the Dawson meat pool. They declare the prices asked by the members of the pool for meat is out of reason, as compared to prices of other commodities they consume. They intend to import cattle or dressed meat themselves. The statement is made by the restauranteurs that they can land meat here for 20 cents a pound. The meat companies ask 20 cents, wholesale.

It is possible to bring fresh meats in private shipments from Seattle to Dawson by cold storage in the summer. The coast steamers have refrigerators, the White Pass has refrigerator cars from Skagway to White Horse, and refrigerator accommodation for several tons of meat on some of its steamers plying between White Horse and Dawson. If they choose, the restaurant men can do as some other importers, and bring their live stock to Dawson on the hoof.

The Dawson restaurant men who intend to do their own importing say they may also bring in cream, butter and some such other staples. They claim to consume a third of such articles, and a third of the meat consumed in Dawson.

MIRACULOUS ESCAPE.

Train Smashes Into Loaded Trolley Car and Injured But One.

New York, June 27.—While standing in semi-darkness on the bridge over Coney Island creek, a trolley car, containing 60 persons, was smashed into splinters by a five car third rail train. Plunging headlong into the creek, leaping the side rails of the car, or rolling in under them, 40 persons escaped serious injury, and of the remainder, only one, Policeman O'Rourke, with a broken rib, and possible internal injuries, is considered in any danger.

FRENCH MINISTER RETURNS.

Belgrade, June 27.—Count De Vauvine, the French minister to Servia, who recently withdrew from Belgrade, returned here this evening.

FROHMAN'S NEW STARS.

London, June 27.—In connection with the contract recently made for the joint appearance for three consecutive seasons of E. H. Sothern and Julia Marlowe, under the management of Charles Frohman, it is said to be highly probable that Mr. Sothern will appear in London in Justin Huntley McCarthy's "A Proud Prince," prior to his appearance in America with Miss Marlowe. The terms of the contract will probably be amended in order to allow Mr. Sothern to produce the new play here.

CANADIAN TUG SEIZED.

Wreckers Abandon Great Lakes to Try Work on Atlantic.

Ogdensburg, N. Y., June 27.—The Canadian tug Davis, owned by William Davis & Son, of Ottawa, was seized here today while entering the harbor for fuel. The owners hold a contract for enlarging Cardinal canal, and subcontractors permitted a scow to collide with the steamer Dean of Ogdensburg in passing through the canal. The seizure was made the first time the Davis is found in American waters, to force a settlement of damages.

The steel wrecking steamer Petrel coaled here today, en route to the Newfoundland Coast, with the Collin's Bay Wrecking Co.'s plant, having abandoned wrecking on the Great Lakes for the ocean. The schooner Neelon, equipped with 200 tons of pumps and machinery is in tow.

Slaughter Of British Soldiers

Mad Mullah Crosses Line of Communications and Wipes Out Patrols.

Thirty Nine Officers Killed Two Thousand Blacks Captured.

London, June 27.—A despatch from Jibutil, says the Mad Mullah has destroyed five British posts between Burso and Bohotle in Somaliland.

Thirty-nine British officers out of 42 white men were killed in the engagements.

Two thousand native soldiers were made prisoners.

The War Office despatch, received today, was sent by Gen. Manning from Behotle on June 26, and announced his arrival there unopposed. He captured a number of the Mad Mullah's camels and sheep, while on his way to Bohotle.

The general said the Mullah, with his fighting men, had crossed the British line of communications, half way between Damot and Bohotle. The Mullah's move was due to the British hold on the Mudug district and to the pressure of the Abyssinians, who are advancing from the south. Gen. Manning added: "This flight of the Mullah would have been turned into a rout if it had been possible to send a column of sufficient strength from Bohotle. The prisoners captured say the tribes are disorganized."

The last news of the Mad Mullah was that he was marching eastward on the British forces, threatening the lines between Oburn and Bohotle, which were the only British means of communication with the coast. Gen. Manning was expected to reach Bohotle on June 26 with reinforcements.

WHY JAPANESE ARE SMALL.

Recently the editor of Chôuo-Karon, a journal published at Tokio, determined to find out why the Japanese, as a rule are of lower stature than the natives of other countries, and, after spending considerable time at the task he arrived at the conclusion that the reason is because from time immemorial they have been accustomed to squat on mats in Japanese fashion, instead of sitting down on chairs, as the American and European do. The Japanese method of sitting, he says, interferes with the free circulation of the blood, And naturally prevents the limbs from being thoroughly developed.

As a proof that he is right he draws attention to the fact that the boys in Japan at the present day are taller by five of six centimeters than their ancestors were at a similar age, and he maintains that the reason is because the former, when they attend school are obliged to sit on benches, whereas the latter squatted while they learned their lessons. That the Japanese ought to be taller than they are is the editor's opinion, and he has appealed to the government to prohibit the use of mats pointing out that until that is done the soldiers of Japan will neither be as tall nor as vigorous as the soldiers of other Countries.—Washington Times.

A GUARANTEED CORN CURE FOR 25c.

Putnam's Painless Corn Extractor is guaranteed to remove hard, soft or bleeding corns in twenty-four hours without pain. Take only Putnam's; it's the best.

Charles Stachling, an Alsatian, who died recently, left by his will a sum of $2,000 to Auguste Bebe, Socialist member of the German Reichstag, as a tribute of gratitude for the protest which he made in the Reichstag against the annexation of Alsace-Lorraine.

ABSOLUTE SECURITY.

Genuine

Carter's Little Liver Pills.

Must Bear Signature of

Brent Good

See Fac-Simile Wrapper Below.

Very small and as easy to take as sugar.

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS. FOR HEADACHE. FOR DIZZINESS. FOR BILIOUSNESS. FOR TORPID LIVER. FOR CONSTIPATION. FOR SALLOW SKIN. FOR THE COMPLEXION

Price 25 Cents. Purely Vegetable.

CURE SICK HEADACHE.

Granby Company's President Speaks

Great Improvements During the Year and Further Betterments Planned

Ranchers Fall Out and Quarrel Leads to Serious Shooting.

Grand Forks, June 27.—S. H. C. Miner, president of the Granby Smelting Company, prior to leaving here for Victoria, made an interesting statement. He said:

"I inspected every inch of the new work done at the Granby mines since my last visit a year ago. I found five mines as a whole have improved very materially in that period. We have large and extensive plans still in view. Coke continues to be the 'burning' question. We have been handicapped for a year and averaged a fraction less than two furnaces in operation, while we actually had four available for use. And this state of affairs," said Mr. Miner, with emphasis, "cannot continue. We are making arrangements and shall have coke of our own in the near future. The new equipment for the additional furnaces now being installed, making six in all, will be ready for work within a few weeks. Our policy is for constant and modern expansion all the time, but in the meantime again consider the interests of our shareholders. Notwithstanding the lack of coke, thus greatly restricting operations, we have added $300,000 worth of equipment to the mines at Phoenix and the smelter at Grand Forks. All of which has been paid for out of earnings."

A case of attempted murder occurred yesterday at Curlew lake, on the Colville reservation, about 20 miles south of here. A settler, whose name the victim refuses to disclose, rode on horseback to the shack of Daniel McLennan, a fellow-homesteader, and without a minute's warning pulled a gun and commenced firing. The first bullet struck McLennan in the abdomen, passing out at the back, fortunately escaping the vital organs. While McLennan was reaching for his revolver the rancher fired again, the bullet striking the former in the forearm passing between the bones of the forearm. McLennan's wife, who is a half-breed, rushed from the cabin when she first heard the firing. Realizing the situation at a glance, she rushed back for a weapon. Seizing a revolver she returned and blazed away at the man as he was riding. None of her shots took effect. The ranchers, it seems, had trouble over the ownership of a horse. The assailant returned to McLennan's house this morning, and after expressing sorrow for the deed, fled as soon as the woman reached for a rifle. Mention of the affair is here receiving treatment from Dr. Northrup. He will recover, unless complications set in. The aggressor is still at large.

RELIGIOUS OPINION.

"Some one who thought his conception of the Church necessary to her existence drew attention to the late Bishop Wilmer of Alabama given to, contrary to the signs of the times, saying that he "trembled for the ark." With characteristic vigor the Bishop replied, 'You had better tremble for yourself. God will take care of the ark.' Is not the Christian world learning something of this?" asks the New York Churchman (P. E.) "Is it not more and more appreciating what are the questions of first importance? Are not the very things which are the desire of so many the best evidence of this? There was a time when Christians were divided by clearly marked lines, and it was little short of a tragedy when any one crossed those lines. But the lines are not so clearly defined today, and the borderland is traveled by more and more every day than ever before. Whatever individuals may feel, it does not cause widespread or tragic anxiety if some of our own go to Rome and others to our Protestant brethren about us. Nor do our brethren of Rome or Geneva seem to feel that their downfall is near if some of their adherents enter our communion. It is still true that the danger signal of 'tendencies' is raised by some whenever there is a departure in either direction. But what means this transformation that is coming over Christendom in its attitude toward changes of allegiance from one communion to another, unless it be that Christians are realizing that the questions of supreme importance are, after all, the questions that are profoundly true alike to all everywhere?"

"The final evidence of religion is always the fruit it bears," says the New York Outlook. "No conformity to creed, no rigidity of observation of ritual, no devotion to any church as an organization, no ritualistic act of service, can be the final test of the value of Christ in a man's heart. The final test of the presence of that love is always the disposition to treat others as Christ has done unto us, and to illustrate in our relations with others the charity, kindness, and sacrificial spirit which gave the life of Christ and his death their beautiful and supreme significance. In the clamor of contending interpretations of the Christian faith, in the tumult of antagonistic claims of authority from this church or that, in all the uncertainty of thought, of practice, or of organization which prevails throughout the world today, the spirit of Christ manifested in our relations with our fellows is the definite and fixed thing which any man or woman may learn and which every man or woman ought to practice. Better a thousand times heterodoxy of opinion than heterodoxy of spirit; better a thousand times the imperfect ritual than the selfish heart. It is best to think right and worship God wisely and nobly; but if the Bible teaches anything definitely, it teaches the great fundamental fact that what the infinite cares for supremely is not correctness of opinion or of ritual, but the right spirit, not only towards man, but towards every creature He has made."

"Just as surely as the machine must have a maker, so surely must the man and the material and the forces have a Maker," says the Living Church, (P.E.), of Milwaukee. "We are not constituted to believe in reason at one end of the series and in unreason at the other end. It makes no difference how many millions of years you put between reason and unreason, the one cannot be gotten out of the other by any conceivable process. By no possible concurrence of atoms, without intelligent direction, could even the roadbed of steel and stone come into existence; much less the intricate railroad system of which the steel ribbons are the simplest element. Shall we imagine, then, that man whose whole career is a working out of plans and purposes, is the product of an evolution in which there was no plan or purpose? The locomotive could not possibly 'come by chance'; how can we imagine that the maker of it came that way? The fact is, there is no proposition more satisfactory and sure, to the unbiased mind, than this: Adaptation to an end is evidence of intelligent design. The more complex are the elements of that adaptation, the more overwhelming must be the conviction of plan and purpose. It is equally evident to the ingenious mind, that plan and purpose must originate in a free personality, and that no potentiality less than the Almighty and Omnipotent God is sufficient to account for the plans and purposes which we see accomplished in the Cosmos."

HEALTH AND SUCCESS.

Weakness and disease cause discouragement, failure and unhappiness, but with the use of Dr. Chase's Nerve Food there comes new vigor and energy, new hopes and new confidence, stronger determination to succeed and the ability to apply one's self mentally and physically. Health and success go hand in hand. By restoring good health, Dr. Chase's Nerve Food helps to success and happiness.

Sir Thomas Johnstone Lipton, who is spending $500,000 annually in his efforts to "lift" the America's cup, is said to be worth about $50,000,000. Twenty-three years ago he stood behind a counter waiting on customers. Thirty years ago he worked in the rice fields of South Carolina, and was so poor that he slept with the negroes in the woods. Today he employs 2,000 persons in his various establishments and is the pet of the king of England.

Craigflower School—The Fiftieth Anniversary of Its Foundation.

PRESS COMMENT.

There is a good deal of preaching nowadays about the irreverance of young people and their impatience with religious life. The people who have children are more to blame for this than anybody else. If they would look after the training and education of their own people, instead of adopting machine methods of kindergarten and Sunday school instruction in piety, probably there would be a very marked change in public sentiment toward the things which used to be regarded as sacred.—Charleston Courier.

Quickly following the cyclones in Missouri and Iowa, the floods at Kansas City, Topeka and other points, the cyclone at Gainesville and the flood at Spartanburg, involving an aggregate loss of 416 lives, comes the news of a cloud-burst and consequent flood at the little town of Heppner, Ore., by which it is thought between 400 and 500 lives have been lost. The fact that 105 bodies had been recovered at an early hour yesterday morning indicates the loss of life has been large. Fatalities of this kind have been so common during the last four weeks that they almost have ceased to attract more then passing attention. The world is becoming familiar with horrors, so fast do they tread upon each other's heels. It is only when the suffering becomes so great as to call for outside help that the sympathy of the public is aroused. It is then extended in such a generous and material manner as to show that charity is still a living virtue, and that "fellow feeling makes us wondrous kind."—Chicago Tribune.

They who forever sigh for the good old days of yore should find solace in contemplation of the existing situation in Servia. The King is reported to have powers to punish the army for the assassination of his immediate successors; but if he attempts to do this the army will take him off the throne, possibly leaving his head behind him, and elevate thither another ruler of its own selection. Here is the praetorian guard of ancient Rome in full sway. It will make and unmake Emperors at its will.—Portland Oregonian.

Mr. J. P. Thompson, an Australian at present traveling in the States, having had his attention drawn to the great floods in the West, is recommending the plan of which mention was made in these columns a short time ago. This is to establish reservoirs to catch and hold sufficient of the surplus to prevent the occurrence of great floods. It has been employed successfully in Australia and India.—Toronto Globe.

A member of the South African Constabulary, writing to a friend in Canada, says that he notices from the newspapers that a lot of Canadians have returned home from the constabulary very discontented with their treatment: "I can safely say from the reports I have heard there is no truth in it. They have either been dismissed or undesirable, or took advantage of a free discharge offered to every man in the corps. The discontented ones were either dismissed or left because they had to clean their own horse and boots. Those who are now in the corps from Canada are very contented and I have an opportunity of being in touch with a majority of them.—Canadian Military Gazette.

It is possible that drawing closer to the other parts of the Empire, and strengthening the ties which bind us together, may involve our bearing some share of the financial burdens of the Empire. An arrangement that gives reasonable guarantees for the protection of our rights and liberties is not unlikely to cost us something. If we took upon ourselves the burdens and responsibilities of independent nationality, we should have to bear them through the blood, and thoroughly eliminates every poisonous matter from the body.

THERAPION No. 3

for nervous exhaustion, impaired vitality, sleeplessness, and all the distressing consequences of early error, excess, residence in hot, unhealthy climates, &c. It possesses surprising power in restoring strength and vigour to the debilitated.

THERAPION is sold by all the principal Chemists and Merchants throughout the World. Price in England 2/9 & 4/6. In ordering, state which of the three numbers is required, and observe that the Trade Mark, which is a face-simile of word 'THERAPION' as it appears on British Government Stamp (in white letters on a red ground) affixed to every package by order of His Majesty's Hon. Commissioners, and without which it is a forgery.

Sold by Lyman Bros. & Co., Ltd., Toronto. Price, $1; postage, 4 cents.

MEN AND THINGS.

In France certain exemptions from taxation are granted to parents with seven or more children.

Six cadets from Peru have arrived to take the course at the United States Naval Academy at Annapolis.

It is one of the peculiarities of travel by balloon that you do not feel anything; sail is still with you, no matter if you are in the teeth of a hurricane.

It is said that the Victoria Falls on the Zambesi, which are to be used to develop electrical energy, have an estimated horse power of 35,000,000, as compared with Niagara's 7,500,000.

There are many forms of nervous debility in men that yield to the use of Carter's Iron Pills. Those who are troubled with nervous weakness, night sweats, etc., should try them.

Rev. Dr. Dwight Hillis aroused some feeling in the south by his remarks discussing the case of an Indianapolis chambermaid who refused to make Booker T. Washington's bed. Dr. Hillis said he would be glad to make Mr. Washington's bed should the colored man be a visitor at his (Hillis') home. In appreciation of this utterance some residents of McKenzie, Tenn signing themselves' Admiring Friends," have sent Dr. Hillis a purse 30 cents.

Piles To prove to you that Dr. Chase's Ointment is a certain and absolute cure for each and every form of itching, bleeding and protruding piles, the manufacturers have guaranteed it. See testimonials in the daily press and ask your neighbors what they think of it. You can use it and get your money back if not cured. 60c a box, at all dealers or EDMANSON, BATES & Co., Toronto.

Dr. Chase's Ointment

THE NEW FRENCH REMEDY

TRADE THERAPION MARK.

This successful and highly popular remedy, as employed in the Continental Hospitals by Ricord, Rostan, Jobert, Velpeau, and others, combines all the desiderata to be sought in a medicine of the kind and surpasses everything hitherto employed.

THERAPION No. 1 in a remarkably short time, often a few days only, removes all discharges from the urinary organs, superseding injections, the use of which does irreparable harm by laying the foundation of stricture and other serious diseases.

THERAPION No. 2 for impurity of the blood, scurvy, pimples, spots, blotches, pains and swelling of the joints, secondary symptoms, gout, rheumatism and all diseases for which it has been too much a fashion to employ mercury, sarsaparilla, &c., to the destruction of sufferers' teeth and ruin of health. This preparation purifies the whole system through the blood, and thoroughly eliminates every poisonous matter from the body.

NOTICE.

Respecting Timber Licenses.

Notice is hereby given that the Order in Council making a reduction for the survey of timber limits before the issue of special licenses to cut and remove timber from Crown lands, notice respecting which was published in the British Columbia Gazette and dated 26th March, 1903, has been rescinded.

W. S. GORE,
Deputy Commissioner of Lands and Works.
Lands and Works Department, Victoria
26th June, 1903.

PUBLIC SCHOOLS.

Desks.

Sealed tenders, superscribed "Tender for School Desks," will be received by the undersigned up to the 6th July, 1903, for supplying and delivering the following school desks ready for shipment to places to be hereafter designated, to the order of the Department at Vancouver or Victoria, B. C., on or before the 1st August next:

Double Desks.

Size No. 4	300
Size No. 3	200
Size No. 2	100

Double Benches.

Size No. 4	40
Size No. 3	30
Size No. 2	10

The desks shall be of the most recently approved design. Sample of desk to be submitted to the Department.

No tender will be entertained unless accompanied by an accepted cheque on a chartered bank of Canada, payable to the undersigned, in the amount of one hundred and fifty ($150) dollars, which will be forfeited if the party tendering decline to enter into contract when called upon to do so, or if he fail to complete the contract. Cheques of unsuccessful tenderers will be returned upon signing of contract.

The Department is not bound to accept the lowest or any tender.

W. S. GORE,
Deputy Commissioner of Lands and Works.
Lands and Works Department, Victoria,
B. C., 25th June, 1903.

MANY PROMINENT CANADIANS

Have Recently Testified to the Great Tonic Properties of Ferrozone.

Public men of recognized standing and importance, embracing many well known doctors, ministers and lawyers continue to endorse Ferrozone as a health-giving tonic of unusual merit. Certainly no remedy has ever showed such marked results in curing nervous diseases, rheumatism, stomach troubles, and general debility.

Dr. Owens, the well known authority on nervous diseases, has this to say of Ferrozone: "I have treated many severe cases of nerve exhaustion with Ferrozone. It supplies nourishment to the nerves in a concentrated form, and quickly restores lost strength. I consider Ferrozone a valuable preparation to prescribe for weak, over-worked nerves."

The Rev. W. D. Waltham writes: "When I think of the misery I endured before being cured by Ferrozone I feel it a duty to help in making its merits known as widely as possible. By this grand tonic I was cured of stomach trouble and continual headache. My wish is that many others will be benefited by Ferrozone."

Ferrozone strengthens the organs that are overworked and out of repair. It uproots disease, and maintain such healthy conditions that sickness need never be feared. Price 50 cents per box, or six boxes for $2.50, at all druggists, or by mail from The Ferrozone Company, Kingston, Ont.

Ferrozone Assures Health.

STRAW HAT

BLEACH 10c

makes an old straw hat look like a new one. Doesn't turn the straw yellow Sent by mail upon receipt of price.

CYRUS H. BOWES

Chemist.

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