

McMurdo's Store News.

WEDNESDAY, July 17, 1918.

All domestic animals, horses, cattle, sheep and hogs, occasionally need condition medicine, and Stockman's Renovator forms a convenient method of giving the alternatives and spices that go to make up a good condition powder. As a general remedy for domestic animals when suffering from loss of appetite, poor condition of the skin, loss of weight, kidney and stomach troubles, Stockman's Renovator will nearly always give the best possible results. Price 25c. a pkg.

Here and There.

When you want Steaks, Chops, Cutlets and Collops, try ELLIS'.

SAGUNA FOR LABRADOR.—The s.s. Saguna is scheduled to sail this afternoon.

GOES ON ERIK.—Robert Pierson, late chief engineer of the S. S. "Gordon C." is taking a similar position on S. S. Erik.

NO FISH.—Neither trap nor hook and line men who went outside last evening were rewarded for their trouble, fish being very scarce.

When you want Sausages, why get ELLIS'; they're the best.

NOT MUCH DOING.—The Military Tribunal have not been busy the past few weeks and few have claimed the Board's attention since last month.

ERECTING LARGE TENT.—Men are engaged erecting a large tent in Buckmaster's Field. It is said, for the Adventist congregation, where service will be held during the warm weather.

ANOTHER CASE OF DIPHTHERIA.—A case of diphtheria was reported yesterday from a residence on Long Pond Road. The patient was removed to hospital.

Just Received: A large shipment of Moir's Chocolates for Stafford's Drug Stores, Duckworth Street and Theatre Hill. July 13th.

RECOVERY IN DOUBT.—It is feared that no hope can be held out for the recovery of Mr. P. C. O'Driscoll, the popular auctioneer, who lies seriously ill at the hospital.

LIME JUICE!—Many people are wondering what a West End tobacco seller, in the shape of drinks, in the evenings, and are also wondering if it happens to be lime juice.

INLAND FISHING.—A number of gentlemen from the city who left on Saturday on a fishing trip to the inland waters along the Southern Shore report having secured some fine catches on Monday.

LEAGUE FOOTBALL.—Saint George's Field, this Wednesday evening, at 7.15 sharp. B. I. S. vs. Collegians. Admission 5c.; Stand 10c. extra. Boys must keep off the field.—July 17, 11.

MANY BERGS NORTH.—Capt. Parsons of the Saguna was compelled to stay on the bridge most of the way from Groa Island to Bonavista, which route was covered with great icebergs, some of them more than 200 feet out of the water.

ANOTHER VICTIM OF FLORIDA WATER.—Last evening the police were called to Quidi Vidi to arrest a young man who had imbibed too freely of the newest temperance drink, Florida water.

AMATEUR FISHERMEN.—There are a great many amateur fishermen who go outside, in the evenings, and are being well rewarded for their industry. Besides paying all expenses many of them will probably make tidy little sums.

DEFAULTERS AT LABRADOR.—We learn from parties who arrived from Labrador by the Saguna that there is quite a number of defaulters to be found on Newfoundland shores now fishing along the Labrador coast. The military authorities have, in doubt, full particulars of the parties in question and as a consequence a large number of arrests may follow.

Don't forget the Kilbride Garden Party this afternoon, July 17th, at LeMessurier's field, in aid of Church Fund. Elaborate preparations made. Teas and Refreshments served on the field. Amusements in galore. T. A. Band in attendance. Come by Bus, Buckboard or train leaving town at 2.30 p.m. and returning to city at 8.30 p.m.

MARRIED.

At St. Patrick's Church, on Wednesday, July 10th, by the Rev. Fr. Sheehan, Miss Patricia (Rita) Kennedy, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. James Kennedy, to Mr. George Martin.

DIED.

This morning Margaret, aged 98 years, widow of the late James McDonald, leaving one daughter, one sister and several grandchildren to mourn their loss; funeral on Friday, at 2.30 p.m., from 19 Simms' Street, friends and acquaintances please accept this, the only, intimation.

CABLE NEWS.

THE OFFENSIVE—LITTLE CHANGE IN THE SITUATION.

LONDON, July 16. Advice received in London up to noon today said that little change in the situation has been created by the German offensive. The attacks which continued throughout yesterday were conducted by the forces of General von Buelow and General von Boehm, who were directing the operations of the two armies on the left wing of the German Crown Prince's group.

GERMAN LOSSES.

LONDON, July 16. Great numbers of German corpses are hanging on the tangle of barbed wire in front of the French positions and all the reports state that the losses of the Germans must have been exceedingly heavy. The main attack to the east of Rheims continued up to seven o'clock last night. The fighting was extremely severe in the vicinity of Sonon and at Brunay where the Germans captured a wood south of the village. This, however, was an exception, the German attack elsewhere being repulsed with heavy losses. The French line of resistance remains practically everywhere intact.

FAILED AT THE START.

PARIS, July 16. That the Germans failed at the start is the common view of all French military critics, and even the most cautious are unable to conceal their satisfaction over the results of Monday's fighting. It would be silly, says Colonel De Thomassin, to prophesy after one day's fighting, but one can certainly say that the beginning was altogether encouraging for us. Nowhere have the Germans made any particular advance. East of Rheims they lost heavily and made practically no progress. West of Dornum they crossed the Marne, but we hold the bridgehead and mean to defend it from the left bank. They, however, soon lost the few miles gained south of the river. There, besides our men, were American regiments who bore themselves so that German newspaper men can hardly continue the usual twaddle about their new adversary. Writing in the same tone, Henry Bidu, of the Journal Des Debates, says, whatever local advantages the Germans may have gained, one already has the feeling that the first shock, so redoubtable in an affair of this sort, and in which lies the best chance, for the assailant, has been parried and one has the right to look ahead with confidence.

ATTACKS REPULSED.

LONDON, July 16. The Germans this morning continued their attacks against the French line in pursuance of their offensive, according to information that has reached here. The information received indicates that the offensive remains held up, attacks up to this morning having been nearly everywhere repulsed with heavy losses.

GERMAN RESERVES.

PARIS, July 16. The Germans will continue their offensive as they have concentrated strong reserves in the region of Reims, northeast of Rheims, says Marcel Hutin, in the Echo de Paris. The reserves, he adds, undoubtedly would be put into the fighting line, probably extending the front of attack toward the Argonne.

HOLDING THE GERMANS.

WITH THE AMERICAN ARMY ON THE MARNE, July 16. (By the Associated Press.)—Word received this

morning from the battlefield to the east of Rheims, show that the Allied defence is not only still holding the Germans, but appears to have broken the enemy's spirit.

RECAPTURE TOWNS.

LONDON, July 16. American troops have recaptured the towns of Possey and Cresancy, on the south bank, which were taken yesterday by the Germans when they crossed the Marne.

ENEMY ATTACK IN CONSIDERABLE STRENGTH.

LONDON, July 16. West of Rheims the enemy attacked in very considerable strength at two places by way of the Marne railway, and in the country south of Dornum. In this neighborhood they succeeded in throwing six bridges across the Marne between Neuilly and Dornum, but at no other point on this 25 mile front has the enemy penetrated more than four miles into the French positions.

BATTLE CONTINUES VIOLENT.

PARIS, July 16. (Official.) The battle continues violently especially south of the Marne and in the region of Chailillon. Except for one sector south of the Marne there is no change in the situation. American and French troops are counter attacking magnificently and are taking many prisoners, according to the statement issued by the war office today. South of the Marne the Germans have not been able to advance their line beyond Stagnon, La Chapelle, Monthidon, Bouquigny. The French in this region have taken a thousand prisoners on the front east of Rheims. In spite of terrific fighting during the past day and night the enemy has not been able to penetrate the French zone of defence. The German loss in prisoners during the first day of the battle was extremely heavy. The text of the statement reads: The battle continues with redoubled violence. Between Chateau Thierry and Rheims the enemy is launching furious attacks. The combats are particularly violent south of the Marne and in the region of Chailillon. French and American troops are resisting magnificently and with utmost vigor.

In the south of the Marne the Germans have not been able to advance their lines beyond Stagnon, La Chapelle, Monthidon, Lieures, and south of the forest of Bouquigny. In this region the French have taken one thousand prisoners. Marsul le Part, on the Marne, south of Chailillon is held by the French. North of the Marne the French have held up the enemy in the outskirts of Chailillon and southeast of the Rodez Wood. In this region there is no appreciable change on the rest of the fronts. All German attacks during the course of the night failed. On the front east of Rheims the fighting while of the utmost violence was unfruitful and the enemy during the past day and night has not been able to penetrate the French zone of defence which runs to the eastward of Brunay. The battle positions of the French are intact. The enemy losses in prisoners during the first day of the battle has been extremely heavy.

VIGOROUS COUNTER-ATTACKS. WITH THE FRENCH ARMY IN PARIS, July 16. The defence by both the French and American troops was magnificent, and a number of vigorous counter-attacks marked the fighting. A German carrier pigeon that was captured bore a message saying the fighting for the passage of the Marne is worse than an inferno. It was here that the Americans and French constantly counter-attacked with gallantry, succeeding in driving at least some of the Germans back across the river, while others were

drowned in trying to escape. Among the units which attacked the Allied lines on the front S. W. of Rheims were several of the famous Guards divisions, and these advanced in such overwhelming numbers that the Allies, although fighting with the utmost tenacity and courage, were forced back slightly in the vicinity of Marfau, Couchy and Bouilly. The Italians fought shoulder to shoulder with the French on this front. The line bent a little here, but it didn't break.

BERLIN REPORT.

BERLIN, To-day. On the Marne front the enemy has delivered violent counter-attacks, says the official report issued this evening. There was some local successes to the southwest of Rheims. To the east of Rheims the situation is unchanged.

COMPLETE FAILURE SO FAR.

WITH THE AMERICAN ARMY ON THE MARNE, July 16. (By the Associated Press.)—Reports from one end of the battle line to the other say that except for a few minor localities the German offensive so far has been a complete failure.

HIGHLY SATISFACTORY.

LONDON, July 16. A despatch from the French army headquarters Monday night, says the news from the battle front is highly satisfactory. The fighting was hard, the correspondent says, but preparations had been made weeks beforehand and this prevented the Germans making any serious progress on any point of the front. The attack along the whole front east of Rheims was shattered in the French advance zone.

FRESH DIVISIONS CALLED UP.

WITH THE FRENCH ARMY IN FRANCE, July 16. (By the Associated Press.)—The Allied resistance to the Germans in the present offensive has been so great and the German losses are consequently so heavy, that enemy divisions which the German staff had not intended to utilize until to-morrow, had to be thrown in to the line by noon yesterday.

THE PLANS FAILED.

LONDON, July 16. (Via Reuters's Ottawa Agency.)—A despatch from a Reuters correspondent at the French Headquarters states that the Germans had planned for the first day of their offensive an advance of twelve miles along the whole front. In crossing the Marne the enemy losses were appalling. They finally threw half a dozen pontoon bridges, two of which were 35 feet in width, and flung numerous troops across. The French airmen rained bombs on the concentrated troops waiting on the opposite bank of the river, two of which were destroyed altogether. The gains of the enemy were far less than on the 21st of March or the 27th of May. It is not at all clear that this is the main attack. It may be a diversion intended to draw the Allied Reserves from Flanders to prepare the way for a German attack in that region of the front. Paris must be the enemy's final aim, consequently he will probably throw his whole strength in the attack between Chateau Thierry and Rheims with a view to enlarging his base between the Aisne and the Marne for his advance on Paris.

THIRTY DIVISIONS IDENTIFIED.

LONDON, July 16. From a captured map it is evident the German main attack was intended to be down to the Marne valley into Eperay. There is every indication the enemy intended the attack should be a really big one. Thirty divisions so far have been identified. Some of them come from the army of Crown Prince Rupprecht of Bavaria, for it is believed there is little likelihood of the Germans launching another attack while this is on. The French military authorities are quite satisfied, and they say they have the situation well in hand.

OFFENSIVE EQUAL TO MARCH 21.

PARIS, July 16. The German offensive has taken on great scale equal to that launched on March 21, says a despatch filed from the Marne battlefield to-day at noon by the correspondent of the Temps. Fighting continued this morning, the despatch says in a great storm of thunder and lightning. The weather was clearing at noon. An impression of confidence throughout the armies is indicated by the latest despatch from various parts of the battle front.

PENETRATED TWO MILES.

LONDON, To-day. The French this afternoon were entrenched at Purney, behind the river Vosle, two miles back of the original line, the Evening Standard said. This is the deepest penetration the enemy has effected in the region east of Rheims.

ON THE BRITISH FRONT.

LONDON, July 16. The text of the official statement reads. Yesterday New Zealand troops carried out a successful raid in the neighbourhood of Hoburne, capturing over 30 prisoners and several machine guns. During the night a further slight improvement was effected in our lines in the Villers Bretonneux sector, after sharp fighting. A few prisoners were taken by us in the

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PRICES RIGHT.

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July 8, 31, w

neighbourhood of Locon. The hostile artillery was active southwest of Albert and showed some activity at different points on the northern portion of the British front.

THE ELITE GERMAN ARMIES ENGAGED.

PARIS, July 16. The Elite German armies are engaged along the sixty miles of fighting front. The correspondent adds, they include their divisions of the Imperial Corps Guards with picked regiments from Bavaria, Wurtemberg, Saxony and Silesian Prussia. The battle has been baptised "Friedenstrum," or storm of peace the correspondent reports.

BIG EXPLOSION.

JACKSONVILLE, July 16. Fire caused by the explosion of nitrate early to-day destroyed the fertilizer plant of the American agricultural chemical company near here, entailing a loss of a million and a quarter dollars.

SLIGHT PROGRESS EAST OF RHEIMS.

LONDON, July 16. A statement issued this evening by the Centre says.—The only progress the Germans have been able to make since yesterday has been to the east of Rheims in the Brunay sector, where in spite of terrible losses the enemy has compelled the French to retire to the southward behind the river Vesle.

JAPANESE BATTLESHIP BLOWN UP.

TOKIO, July 16. The Japanese battleship Kawachori, 21,320 tons, blew up and sank in Takoyama Bay, 150 miles northeast of Nagasaki on July 12. Five hundred members of the crew lost their lives.

CONVICTED OF MURDER.

SAN FRANCISCO, July 16. An order committing Thomas J. Mooney to San Quentin penitentiary to await execution there on Friday, August 23, was given the Sheriff here today by the Superior Court Judge Griffin, before whom Mooney was convicted of murder in connection with a preparedness day bomb explosion here. Mooney was granted until to-morrow to arrange his affairs.

TAKING OVER TELEGRAPHS AND TELEPHONES.

WASHINGTON, July 16. Preparations for taking over the Trunk Line telegraph and telephone systems already have been made by the post office department and the understanding is that President Wilson will entrust the government control to Postmaster Burleson. Officials there think that action will be ordered very early.

ITALIAN OFFICIAL.

ROME, July 16. There was lively fighting activity yesterday in the northern region of the Grappa says to-day's Italian detachment gained ground and captured 24 Austro-Hungarian troops, 7 machine guns. Astride the Brenta valley two Austro-Hungarian posts were driven back and a few prisoners were taken. Artillery activity was continuous throughout the day and night. 12 hostile machines were brought down.

GERMAN GUNS BUSY.

LONDON, July 16. (Official.) The German guns were busy during the night in the region south of Albert and Soeurs. There was some activity at various other points on the northern part of the British front.

GERMAN AVIATORS DROP BOMBS.

PARIS, July 16. German aviators at 11 o'clock last night dropped bombs on the American Red Cross hospital at Jouy. Two enlisted men here were killed, and among the personnel nine nurses were wounded. Miss Jane Jeffery, an American Red Cross nurse, was among those wounded, though her injuries are not serious.

BRITISH OFFICIAL.

LONDON, July 16. The British official communication issued this evening says: Early this morning the enemy attacked and suc-

ceeded in entering two new posts established by us in the neighbourhood of Hoburne, but was immediately counter attacked and driven out. We secured a few prisoners. Hostile artillery was active to-day in the Locon sector, and also shown some activity on other parts of the front.

JAPANESE CABINET MEET.

TOKIO, July 16. A special meeting of the Japanese Cabinet, which was attended by army officers, was held to-day, and the newspapers attach much importance to it. It is believed that some communication was received from the American Government concerning intervention in Russia.

LINES ADVANCED.

PARIS, July 16. The war office announces the recapture of St. Agan La Chapelle-Monthidon to-day and the advance of the Franco-American lines to the heights dominating the Marne valley at various places. Desperate fighting is reported in several sectors of the new battle front, particularly south of the Marne, where ground was given only foot by foot, when the Allied line had to bend back. The statement follows: To-day the Germans who have not been able to resume their general attack broken by us yesterday, made vain efforts to increase their local successes. Both in the morning and afternoon the battle was desperate. South of the Marne the enemy forces tried to ascend the river. Our troops retarded the advance of the enemy and defending the line on the line of Otteley-Lehurveign. On our part we counter attacked the enemy on the front of Stagnon-La Chapelle Monthidon. Our troops captured these two places and carried their line on to the heights which dominate the Marne valley in the region of Bourdonnere and Clomillon. Between the Marne and Rheims the Franco-Italian troops repulsed several enemy attempts. To conserve their positions east of Rheims, the Germans this morning began violent artillery preparations, followed by attacks at many points on the front. A powerful effort in the direction of Beaumont-Sur-Vesle failed to debouch from Brunay. In the sector of Sulpeux two attacks made to the west of the river came to naught under our fire. The struggle was not less spirited in the regions north of Croisnes and east of Tanhre, where the enemy also attacked. Everywhere his efforts were vain and his assaulting troops were repulsed with heavy losses.

AMERICANS FIGURE LARGELY.

WITH THE AMERICAN ARMY ON THE MARNE, July 16. (By the As-

sociated Press.)—French and American forces fighting together have recaptured the village of St. Agan and Hill 223, to the northwest of La Chapelle-Monthidon. In co-operation with the French the Americans launched a heavy counter attack this morning between these villages, driving the enemy back. On the American right the French made rapid progress and all through the section the Germans were fiercely attacked by the Allies, with the result that they have withdrawn for some distance. Comparatively large forces of Americans have been engaged, especially in the region of Deserve, where they were brought up to support the attacking French.

To-Night's Players.

The third game of the football series will be played this evening at 7.15 sharp, the Collegians and B. I. S. contesting. The line-up will be:

COLLEGIANS.—Goal, Heath; backs, Jolliffe, Chancy; halves, Quick, Elton, Foster; forwards, Goble, Smith, Butler, Pearcey, Bartlett.
B. I. S.—Goal, Phalen; backs, Power, Duggan; halves, Thompson, Fox, Burke; forwards, Devine, Brien, Simms, J. Kavanagh.

Do You Want to Go to Germany.

If you are in a position to buy Victory Bonds and do not intend to do so, go to—Germany. You will be welcomed in Germany with open arms if they are assured you are a Slacker in the Victory Bond Battalion. They know it would be an easy matter to win the war if our people were not behind our soldiers and sailors. They realize that if you shirk your duty in the present crisis you are a friend and ally of the Central Powers. The trouble with a lot of people is that they always put it up to the other fellow. Every house in their town or street may burn down, but theirs will escape. Accidents may happen others, but they are immune. Why, there are some people who think they are never going to die. That is the kind of spirit which helps the enemy. If you do nothing and let the other fellow shoulder all, you are simply befriending your foes. And then, suppose everyone else took the same attitude as you. What would be done? Nothing. And that would be the surest method of losing the War. Awake to the reality of the situation which is even now staring you in the face. Realize that this War is YOUR War, and that a great deal depends upon the attitude which you adopt, and the share you take in the conflict. If you cannot fight, make your dollars fight. Invest in the Victory Loan and do your duty

French Red Cross.

The large number of people that attended the Red Cross Band Concert which was held in Bannerman Park last evening was delighted with the splendid music rendered by the C. I. B. and C. C. C. bands. Among the many popular airs played were "La Marseillaise," "The Star Spangled Banner," "The Banks of Newfoundland," "Rule Britannia" and the National Anthem. It is calculated that some thousands of citizens attended and a goodly amount for the fund was realized. A popular feature of the evening was the serving of refreshments, cigarettes, etc., which were sold by the ladies, and their sales greatly augmented the proceeds of the evening.

The Sea Harvest.

The following figures show the catch of codfish for last and the present year up to July 5th, as compiled from returns to the Board of Trade:

Quis.	1918.	1917.
District.		
Ferryland.	9,950	14,250
Placentia & St. Mary's.	12,820	33,125
St. John's.	24,990	90,870
Fortune Bay.	29,025	56,180
Burgoe & LaFolle.	33,855	29,250
St. George's.	3,610	
St. Barbe.	10,040	16,755
Twillingate.	1,035	10,020
Fogo.	1,500	16,100
Bonavista.	15,950	24,855
Trinity.	4,540	5,850
Carbonear.	240	330
St. John's.	80	90
Strait.	3,000	17,620

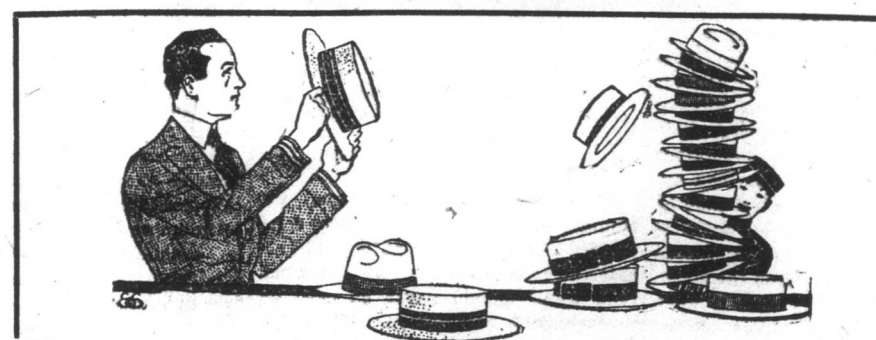
When you want something in a hurry for tea, go to ELLIS'—Head Cheese, Ox Tongue, Boiled Ham, Cooked Corned Beef, Bologna Sausage.

Will Be Ostracised.

In a little settlement not far from St. John's, which has responded nobly to the call of Empire, there is said to be two young men who are attempting to evade the M. S. A. Should they not come forward within a reasonable time the people of the place are seriously considering taking the law in their own hands and banishing them from the settlement. As all the other eligible young men offered long before conscription became law there is no room for a slacker in that place.

PERSONAL.—Mr. W. H. Parsons, buyer for Marshall Bros., left by yesterday's express for the Canadian and American markets to purchase goods for his firm.

YOUR SUMMER HAT!



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A STRAW or a PANAMA

can be easily chosen from our well selected stock. NOTICE how

OUR HATS stand out in a crowd.

Come and see The Bon-ton Ivy Straw Hat, with the improved adjusting band inside; fits the head like the old one.

Same Hat as worn by H. M. King George V.

That alone ought to speak stronger in favour of this Hat; all sizes.

PANAMA HATS

need no boosting from us. 'Twill suffice to say we are well stocked in these. The above range in price from

\$1.75 to \$12.00.

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The Latest Boot Style



No. 2183. "The Gotham." Price \$7.00. Made of finest grain kid stock, 15 Buttons, High Leg, Plain Toe, Straight Cuban Heel.

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It pays to buy shoes here because you get more than just shoes. You get shoe fit and shoe satisfaction.

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