

**Cured His Rheumatism In Three Weeks.**

James LeB. Johnstone, a prominent member of the Citizen's Band, of Chatham, writes:

"I contracted Rheumatism by exposure, five years ago, and was ailing for two months and in great pain all the time. I got Father Morrissey's No. 7 Tablets and took them for about three weeks, when the Rheumatism all left me and I have had no return of the pain since."

**Father Morrissey's "No. 7" Tablets**

Rheumatism is generally brought on by exposure, but is really caused by Uric Acid in the blood. This Uric Acid is an irritating poison, formed from the waste matter of the body. The kidneys should remove it, but when they fail it poisons the blood, and, settling in the joints, causes Rheumatism.

"No. 7" Tablets clear out the clogged-up Kidneys and stimulate them to perform their task of filtering the Uric Acid out of the blood. When this is done the Rheumatism simply and naturally vanishes.

"No. 7" Tablets cost 50c. At your dealer's. 28  
Father Morrissey Medicine Co. Ltd. - Chatham, N.B.



Rev. Father Morrissey

**Sad and Sudden Death**

OF DR. WM. M. ALLAN.  
"The kindly eye, the skilful hand, the brave yet tender heart  
How will we miss thee, friend beloved, how mourn with thee to part!  
Thy very presence seemed to soothe the dying and distressed  
And peace and joy and comfort brought to many a weary breast."  
—Selected.

Dr. Allan is dead! This sad intelligence passed quickly from one to another of our citizens this morning, and many were doubtful of the truth of the report, as the genial doctor had been about yesterday as usual. But, alas, it proved only too true, and the town generally was plunged in mourning owing to the sad affair. From a friend who was at the railway station at the time we gather the following particulars of the doctor's death. Dr. Allan was seen coming up Garland Street and along Military Road with his usual steady step. He entered the Railway Station about 7.45 with his customary "good morning" to those present. He entered the ticket office and had asked for a ticket for his sister who was to go out on the train, when almost immediately he was seen to fall heavily, and expired in a few minutes. Dr. Strapp was quickly on the scene, but too late to render any assistance, as the doctor was dead when his brother medico arrived.

Dr. Allan was in his 67th year, was a native of this town, and spent his life here administering to the wants of the people. No man was better known in this district than the deceased, his practice being a very large one indeed. Skilful, kind and attentive were among the good points of this much-lamented medical man. He was a member of the Masonic Fraternity, and that body's flag floated at half-mast on their hall to-day, as did also flags on a number of business places and residences. The funeral takes place on Saturday after the arrival of the express, which will bring his brother, Rev. J. M. Allan, to be present at the funeral. Three brothers and four sisters are left to mourn their loss, with whom and with the other members of the family the sympathy of the citizens goes out to in their sad and sudden bereavement.

Harbor Grace, July 21, 1910.

**Abbey's Effervescent Salt**  
It's often a little thing that puts a deranged digestive system right—if taken in time.  
25c and 60c.  
Sold everywhere.

**EVENING TELEGRAM FASHION PLATES.**

The Home Dressmaker should keep a Catalogue Scrap Book of our Pattern Cuts. These will be found very useful to refer to from time to time.



**8682.—A New and Practical Play Dress.**

Combining bloomers and dress in one, this design will prove most practical and popular. It does away with the necessity of wearing petticoats, and is cool and comfortable for summer wear. It may be developed with square or round neck opening, and may be worn with a guimpe in cool weather. The pattern is cut in 3 sizes—2, 4, 6 years, and requires 2 1/2 yards of 36 inch material for the 4 year size.

A pattern of this illustration mailed to any address on receipt of 10 cents.

**PATTERN COUPON.**

Please send the above-mentioned pattern as per directions given below.

No. ....  
Size .....  
Name .....  
Address in full:— .....

N.B.—Be sure to cut out the illustration and send with the coupon, carefully filled out. The pattern cannot reach you in less than 15 days. Price 10 cents each, in cash, postal note, or stamps. Address: Telegram Pattern Department.

**The Morris Loan.**

Editor Evening Telegram:  
Dear Sir,—I have read with some surprise during the past few days the fulsome praise in the Government papers of the feat of Sir E. P. Morris in placing with bankers in London at 96 his railway loan of four million dollars. That this has been done may be deemed by the Premier's supporters to be cause for congratulation, but more should be learned about the matter before that congratulation becomes general.

Further, there is a side of the matter that the Government press has of course quite overlooked, and, while it may seem at present that our bonds are being placed at a better figure than heretofore, I wish to draw attention to the former issues of railway bonds and the method of handling them.  
In the first place, under a Liberal Administration — an Administration deemed by many to be violently opposed to the Railway Contractors— it was not necessary to raise any loan, in the ordinary acceptance of the term, to pay the Contractor for the construction of Railways. As I understand it, the Liberal Government of the day agreed to pay the Contractor \$15,000 per mile for the construction of the trans-insular line, and the Contractor, on his part, accepted in payment our 3 1/2 per cent. debentures at par, though other issues of our bonds, bearing a similar rate of interest, were selling in the London market at prices varying from 90 to 93, or from \$7 to \$10 per 100 below the value at which the late Sir R. G. Reid agreed to accept them.

Now let us look into the present position. The Morris Administration — an Administration also deemed by many to be unduly favourable to the interests of the Railway Contractors — agrees to pay said Contractors \$15,000 per mile for the construction of branch lines, or apparently \$600 per mile less than the figure at which the main line was constructed. But, it

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EVERY BOTTLE NUMBERED TO PREVENT FRAUD.

**White Horse Whisky**  
A CENTURY OLD. AGE. QUALITY. BOUQUET.  
INSIST ON HAVING IT.

**The Finest Whisky Exported From Scotland.**

**MACKIE & CO., Distillers, Ltd.,**  
GLASGOW, ISLAY and LONDON.

It is important to note also that the Government of Sir Edward Morris releases the Contractors from the obligation of accepting in payment at par, bonds for which the Colony can obtain but 96 at this time. In other words, the Liberal Administration, in making payment for the main line at \$15,000 per mile in bonds at par — though they were only worth 90 to 93 — saved the Colony from seven to ten per centum of the value of the total issue. The Contractor had to bear this apparent, though perhaps not to him very real, loss, though the loss would have been real enough had the Colony been obliged, as in the present instance, to dispose of them in London. It is apparent, then, that in comparison with the present Government's method of paying Reids for railroads—placing the bonds in the open market at 96—that the Liberals saved to the Colony, by their wisdom, from \$102 to 1660 per mile of line.  
On the other hand, Sir Edward Morris, in placing his bonds on the market at 96, assumes a direct loss of four per centum, which, had the Liberal precedent been followed, would have saved to the Colony. That is to say, instead of the new branch lines costing the Government \$15,000 per mile, they are costing four per centum over that figure, or Fifteen Thousand Six Hundred Dollars Per Mile—A Figure Precisely the Same as That Paid the Reids for the Construction of our Trans-Insular Railway.  
Looking at the matter, then, purely from the point of view of the purpose for which the new loan is raised, and accepting at their face the statement which the Premier sets before us, what becomes of Sir Edward Morris's great triumph (?) so boastfully heralded in the Government press? It is clear that he and his "People's Party" have not handled the matter nearly as well as a Liberal Administration could have done.

Yours truly,  
EXAMINER.  
St. John's, July 22, 1910.

**Cheap Lime Wanted.**

Editor Evening Telegram.  
Dear Sir,—In the Daily News of July 16th there is a letter from Mr. J. F. Downey showing up the causes of the high price of lime, and he puts our position in the matter very plain. I think his letter should be reprinted in some other paper, for certainly he has taken a lot of trouble to collect that information he gives us in his letter.

Mr. Downey says we have waited to be told by outsiders that we possess all the natural conditions to enable us to profitably supply our own market with lime. Well, I can't agree with him in that, for there are numbers of farmers around St. John's and other parts of the country that did not wait to be told. They went in on the land and cleared and cultivated it and laid the foundation for agriculture. The city has to be supplied with lime from the farmers around St. John's, then we have a market for all the vegetables we grow, and still on market days we can see the wagons coming in from the country and the nearby outports with fresh meat and poultry. It would be very interesting to know what number of cattle, sheep, lambs, pigs and poultry is sold in St. John's annually.

Whatever has been done this year could be doubled in two years, and trebled in three years, if properly fostered. We all like to be advocating good breeds of cattle and poultry, but the important point to begin with is to improve the fertility of the soil. We have large tracts of land lying idle for the want of manure. If that land had a dressing of lime, seeded down with clover and hay seed, it would produce good crops for many years. Our red land is made that color with the oxide of iron, the phosphoric acid and the potash is dissolved by the lime and made available for plant food.

I hope the men in power won't wait for strangers to come and tell us that we want lime to improve the fertility of our soil. Cheap lime on the market will be number one for the advancement of agriculture; number two will be the making of our own superphosphate with all the waste bones lying about this country. Some one should make a good paying business of it.  
Hoping to see Mr. Downey's letter appear in some other paper,  
Yours truly,  
SAMUEL RUBY.

**Burned to Crisp.**

Was Held Against Great Electric Feeder.  
Washington, July 15.—Joshua F. Myer, an assistant engineer in a street railway power house, fell against a big electric feeder to-day, and while the magnet gripped him tight 600 volts coursed through his body. His fellow workmen saw Myer's form enveloped in sparks and flames, and the big machine as if he had been fastened there for electrocution. When they pulled down the power, lead his charred body fell away lifeless.

**No more Torture from Rheumatism**

Relief quick and cure certain when Dr. Bovel's Herb Tablets are used. Read the following letter.

Sault Ste. Marie, Ont.  
Dear Sirs:—  
I have used three boxes of Dr. Bovel's Herb Tablets. They have done more to relieve my rheumatism than anything I have ever used. I have been a martyr to this disease for years.  
Gratefully yours,  
D. M. PELLOW.

For sale by all Druggists or Dealers at 25c. per box. If your Dealer cannot supply you send 25c. (in stamps) to us direct.  
**BOVEL MANFG. COY.**  
St. John's, Nfld., or Montreal, Can.

**Anxious About School.**

Editor Evening Telegram.  
Dear Sir,—As each one has his own ideas going through life, I wish to make a remark in favor of Miss Kathleen Condon, the school teacher here for the past six months. Miss Condon was asked last December to take charge of the school here by the Rev. M. F. McGuire, who is at present absent from the diocese on a visit to Europe.

Miss Condon gave up teaching and closed the school the 25th of June. The people, and parents of children especially, regretted this very much, because Miss Condon was truly respected by the people and loved by the school children, who have improved more than they have done for some time past. Not only did she prove satisfactory as a good teacher, but she was an improvement in training the church choir both in music and singing.

It will be some time before the vacancy is filled by a teacher that will have the talent, excellent manner and good training qualities of Miss Condon.  
Miss Condon was educated at the Presentation Convent, Trejussey, and at the Mercy Convent, Military Road, St. John's. She was not obliged to teach for a living. Her father, Mr. M. Condon, is an independent man and has a beautiful home at Admiral's Cove, Cape Breton, where we now hope her parents will have her company and valuable services.

It is now nearly a month since the resignation of Miss Condon and no teacher yet fills the vacancy. Time is fast passing; good days for the training and teaching of those little boys and girls we see every day walking around the roads, the stages and flakes, all idle and so bewildered looking for want of a school. The writer of the above few lines often looks with pity on those little boys, especially losing their valuable time running around in danger oftentimes and left neglected of learning in their happy school days, when we know no care, only take our books and run with happy, gleeful minds to school.  
Yours truly,  
ANXIOUS.

St. Bride's, July 18th, 1910.

**Opening of Parliament**

Places to be Reserved for the High Commissioners.

London, July 18.—Hitherto on the opening of Parliament by the King no official provision has been made for the reception and accommodation of representatives of the self-governing dominions, though the foreign ambassadors have been assigned a seat and appear in uniform. When, however, King George opens Parliament next spring, places will be reserved for the four high commissioners. It is stated that this action is taken on the direct initiative of the King.

**SELF CURE NO FICTION! MARVEL UPON MARVEL! NO SUFFERER NEED NOW DESPAIR.**

THE NEW FRENCH REMEDY  
**THERAPION**  
A complete revolution has been wrought in the treatment of medical science, whilst thousands have been rescued from suffering, who for years previously had been merely dragging out a miserable existence.  
**THERAPION No. 1**—A Sovereign Remedy for Rheumatism, neuralgic affections, the use of which does irreparable harm by laying the foundation of stricture and other serious diseases.  
**THERAPION No. 2**—A Sovereign Remedy for debility, nervousness, impaired digestion, all those complaints which mercury and arsenicals are popularly but erroneously supposed to cure. This preparation purifies the whole system through the blood and thoroughly eliminates all noxious matter from the body.  
**THERAPION No. 3**—A Sovereign Remedy for debility, nervousness, impaired vitality, sleeplessness, distaste and incapacity for business or pleasure, loss of appetite, indigestion, pain in the back and head, and all disorders resulting from dissipation, early excesses, and which the ordinary remedies are powerless to cure or even relieve.  
**THERAPION** is sold by principal Chemists throughout the world. Price in England 7/6 and 4/6. In ordering, state which of the three numbers required, and observe that the word "THERAPION" appears on British Government Stamp (in white letters on a red ground) affixed to every package by order of H. W. H. H. Co., Compagnie, and without which it is a forgery.  
Therapion may now also be obtained in Droge (Tasteless) form.

**The Evening Chit-Chat**

By RUTH CAMERON



If a man drew out the money he had been putting into the bank for his child's bringing up and education, and lavished it in buying all sorts of unnecessary things for that child in its babyhood, you would hardly be inspired to look upon that man as an exceptionally self-sacrificing and unselfish father, would you?

On the contrary, you would probably consider him decidedly selfish in his reckless squandering of his provision for his child's future, wouldn't you?  
Yes, what you are thinking is quite true—that is all nonsense, and no father would think of doing such a thing.  
But mothers do.  
Lots of them.  
No, I don't mean literally.  
How, then?  
Well, let me explain by telling you the way one woman I know did it.  
Through the hot summer months this mother's baby—like a good many other mothers' babies—was not well; not sick, just bothered with the heat and rather different from his usual happy self.  
Baby's mother, always of the passionately devoted kind, the kind who regard it as a disgrace to allow any one else to do anything for their offspring, with baby ailing became ten

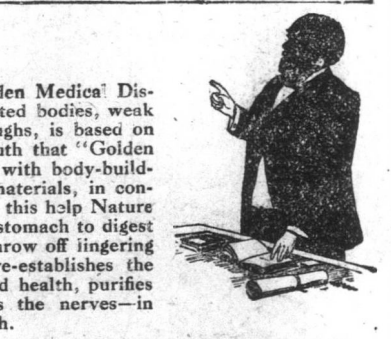
times as devoted.  
"You can't keep it up," warned the family doctor. "You aren't strong. You are wasting strength that you may need very badly some day."  
"Let me take care of him occasionally while you get a bit of rest," pleaded baby's grandmother.  
"I'd rather see to him myself. I just can't bear to have anyone else touch him when he feels this way," protested baby's mother.  
And so she did. And in the fall, having overdrawn her account at the bank of strength, baby's mother gave out completely.  
The entire care of the baby had to pass into the hand of well paid but careless help. Baby fell ill—in earnest this time—and the mother who had recklessly squandered herself in times of plenty was absolutely poverty-stricken in strength in this time of need.  
No, the baby didn't die. God was good. But wouldn't it have been partly the fault of that mother's reckless and shortsighted devotion if he had?  
There is undoubtedly such a thing as selfish devotion—selfish in its shortsightedness and recklessness.  
"I would rather," is not always the best criterion even of self-sacrifice and devotion.  
"Will it be the best in the end?" is a safer one.  
There is a self-economy as well as a financial economy and it's just as important a thrift to acquire.  
Or, rather, infinitely more so.

Harbor Grace, July 21, 1910.

**Abbey's Effervescent Salt**  
It's often a little thing that puts a deranged digestive system right—if taken in time.  
25c and 60c.  
Sold everywhere.

**Aids Nature**

The great success of Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery in curing weak stomachs, wasted bodies, weak lungs, and obstinate and lingering coughs, is based on the recognition of the fundamental truth that "Golden Medical Discovery" supplies Nature with body-building, tissue-repairing, muscle-making materials, in condensed and concentrated form. With this help Nature supplies the necessary strength to the stomach to digest food, build up the body and thereby throw off lingering obstinate coughs. The "Discovery" re-establishes the digestive and nutritive organs in sound health, purifies and enriches the blood, and nourishes the nerves—in short establishes sound vigorous health.



If your dealer offers something "just as good," it is probably better FOR HIM—it says better. But you are thinking of the cure, not the profit, so there's nothing "just as good" for you. Say so.  
Dr. Pierce's Common Sense Medical Adviser, in Plain English, or Medicine Simplified, 1608 pages, over 700 illustrations, newly revised up-to-date Edition, paper-bound, sent for 31 one-cent stamps, to cover cost of mailing only. Cloth-bound, 50 stamps. Address Dr. R. V. Pierce, Buffalo, N. Y.

**Fads and Fashions.**

There is a tendency at present to use either very light or very heavy laces, with a considerable preference for those of the Russian and Armenian or Oriental hand-made varieties.  
While much neckwear is shown, which includes valenciennes and fine chuney. It is noticeable that in high class lines Irish and other crochet effect laces are almost exclusively used.  
A characteristic feature of some of the lingerie gowns is the touch of black velvet shown in the girdle or run through the eyelet of the em-

brodery with which many of these frocks are trimmed.  
Ruffles of plaiting of net, lawn, batiste and other sheer material stitched to a banding or insertion may be bought by the yard. These are used for cuffs or collars or for frills for the shirtwaist.  
Paris notes tell of pretty hats of pale blue misty gray basket straw, trimmed with white gathered frills of wide valenciennes lace, above which is a thick roll of gray satin and an immense bunch of marguerites on one side.  
The effect of the late King Edward's death will undoubtedly be felt here during the summer in thin fabrics, and in the fall with street and house gowns. It is a general strengthening of the vogue for subdued colors.  
Hats bizarre in shape are made

Very handsome buttons are in demand by high-class garment manufacturers, especially outside coat makers. The variety embraces lines made of metal, imitation gems, cut steel, crochet and combination effects that are really works of art.  
Now that all the summer blouses are cut low, the Dutch collar is again with us, but mounted on a neck band so as to avoid the unpleasant exposure of the whole neck, so frequent last summer. No jabot is worn with these collars, but they are fastened by means of a large cameo or some other pin in the same quaint fashion.

LARACY'S have just received direct from the manufacturers per "Dronning Maad," from Antwerp, Tumblers, Glasses, Decanters, Goblets and Fancy Glassware. Selling at our usual low prices at LARACY'S, 345 and 347 Water Street, opposite Post Office, may 14.4f

**MINARD'S LINIMENT CURES GARGET IN COWS.**