



# The Union Advocate



VOL. XLVIII

NEWCASTLE, N. B., WEDNESDAY, APRIL 14 1915

NO. 16

## "Perfection" Tea Kettles

Made of heavy copper, nickel plated. One-piece handle, no rivets. Spouts are double seamed to body and cannot melt off. All sizes.



## "Model" Tea Kettles

Made of heavy gauge, best quality copper, nickel plated. The handle is absolutely rigid, which makes it easy to handle. A tight fitting side cover prevents steam from scalding the hands.

These Kettles are much superior to Enamelled Kettles, both in appearance and durability, and cost very little more. Get our prices.

**D. W. STOTHART**

## THE "PENSLAR" STORE

### Penlar Compound White Pine and Spruce Balsam

In the later stages of bronchitis, the mucous membrane of the respiratory tract often becomes inflamed and thickened, the secretion of mucus is abundant and cough excessive. In this early stage this compound White Pine and Spruce Gum meets its best indications.

IN SIZES 25 TO 50 CENTS

THE "PENSLAR" STORE, E. J. MORRIS, Prop.

## War Revenue Act In Force April 15

### Checks, Promissory Notes, Letters and Other Paper Affected—Penalty for Violation of Act is Heavy

Ottawa, April 8—The Special War Revenue Act received the royal assent today, and is now the law of the land. Its provisions, by the terms of the act, come into force on Thursday, the 15th inst., so that on and after that date a war tax postage stamp of one cent, or a one-cent postage stamp, in lieu thereof, will have to be affixed to all letters and post cards mailing. The extra cent will not, however, have to be placed on circulars, because a circular is not a letter within the meaning of the post office act.

On checks, drafts and promissory notes, issued after the 15th and negotiated through a bank, a two-cent stamp will have to be affixed.

Any person sending a telegram will have to pay an extra cent to the telegraph company for his majesty's treasury.

Purchasers of railway tickets will have to pay five cents extra for the treasury on all tickets costing over \$1 and up to \$5; and an additional five cents for each \$5, or part of \$5, of the cost of the ticket.

Druggists selling proprietary or patent medicines and perfumery, will have to affix a one-cent stamp to each bottle or package sold. If the bottle or package costs more than fifty cents, then one cent will have to be affixed for each twenty-five cents or part of twenty-five cents of the selling price. On every bottle of wine and champagne sold special stamps will have to be affixed.

There are heavy penalties for any violation of these regulations, except in the case of the war tax on letters and post cards. If the stamp is not affixed to a letter or post card, the only penalty is that the letter or card goes to the dead letter office.

While special inland revenue stamps with the words "war tax" upon them have been prepared, and will be found on sale with inland revenue officers and with postmasters in many centres, postage stamps will serve the purpose, if the war stamps are not readily available.

In the post office the changes of the act will involve the imposition of one cent stamp to every letter and postcard mailed in Canada for deliv-

ery in Canada, the United States, and Mexico and for every letter mailed in Canada for the United Kingdom and the British possessions and wherever the two-cent rate of postage now applies. It will not be necessary to add these stamps to letters for France and Russia among the Allies, nor to letters for Austria and Germany, though of course these are under other restrictions. The higher rates of postage to many other countries which is always in force gives them a sort of exemption but then only very few letters are sent from Canada to these countries in any event.

A special war tax stamp will be on sale for this purpose but their use, while advisable, is not compulsory so long as an extra postage stamp for one cent is attached to the letters and postcards. They should be placed alongside the ordinary stamps in the right hand upper corner so as to be cancelled by one movement at the post office.

For money orders issued in Canadian post offices there is a two-cent stamp duty irrespective of the amount of the order, and for postal notes the amount is one cent irrespective of the amount of the order. In neither case will the orders be paid unless the stamps are put on though the two cents for money orders may be paid by the payee of the order should any error occur in the issuing.

Newspapers, circulars and parcels, etc., are not affected by the new regulations, while it is scarcely necessary to add that the war stamps will not be accepted in place of the regular postage stamps for the prepayment of postage.

The following shows the position at a glance:

- Checks—War tax, 2c; responsibility, drawer; penalty for violation of act, \$50.
- Bills of exchange—War tax, 2c; responsibility, drawer; penalty for violation of act, \$50.
- Promissory notes—War tax, 2c; responsibility, maker; penalty for violation of act, \$50.
- Foreign checks, notes and bills—War tax, 2c; responsibility, bank; penalty for violation of act, \$100.
- Money orders—War tax, 2c; res-

## Evangelistic Services In Presbyterian Hall

Meetings Well Attended and Subjects of Much Interest

The special mission being conducted under the auspices of the Presbyterian Methodist and Baptist churches, in the New Kirk Hall, have been well attended, and the people of Newcastle have shown a degree of interest in the services, as each night has witnessed a larger audience and deeper interest.

On Sunday night the capacity of the whole hall was taxed with the large congregation. Mr. W. R. Andrew, the reader of the praise service has been assisted by a large union choir which has greatly appreciated his leadership and training. The choruses, as well as his solo work, have been inspiring.

The Rev. J. G. Potter of MacVicar Memorial Church, Montreal, brings to Newcastle the ripe experience of a busy and varied pastorate, and in a sympathetic and practical way seeks to give a message to the varied conditions of the townspeople.

The services, which are open to everybody, are being continued every night this week from 7.45 to 9 o'clock. In view of the public meeting on Friday night at 9 o'clock the meeting in the Kirk Hall will begin at 7.30. There will be a Mass Meeting for all boys and girls on Friday afternoon at 4 o'clock sharp. Mr. Andrew will sing and will be aided by a children's choir.

Mr. Potter's subjects of address are as follows:  
Wednesday—"An Unexpected Surprise."  
Thursday—"The Victorious Life."  
Friday—"The National Crisis—Great Heroism—Let us Play the Man"

Mass Meeting, Sunday at 8.15—"The Great Festival."

## ACKNOWLEDGMENT

W. J. Jardine, Treasurer, acknowledges receipt of the following contributions to the Canadian Patriotic Fund:  
Received from Kiah Copp, Treasurer, Trout Brook, Parish North Esk Branch, as per list published elsewhere \$106.05  
Previously acknowledged 2504.52

\$2610.57

responsibility, bank; penalty for violation of act, non-delivery.  
Postal notes—War tax, 1c; responsibility, preparer; penalty for violation of act, non-delivery.

## Town Improvement Executive Meeting

### Constitution Drawn Up—Organized for the Social, Moral and Economic Good of the Town.

The Executive Committee of the Town Improvement League met in the Town Hall on Thursday evening, 8th instant. There were present J. M. Troy, president, in the chair; Ald. G. G. Stothart, 2nd V. P.; H. H. Stuart, Sec.; Revs. P. W. Dixon, Wm. Harrison, S. J. MacArthur and M. S. Richardson, Cart. Forbes, (S. A.), and Ald. A. H. Mackay, Ald. D. P. Doyle, and Messrs. C. C. Hayward, A. P. Giles, E. O'Donnell, T. A. Scribner, F. E. Locke, J. R. Lawlor, Matthew McCarron, Geo. F. McWilliam, H. R. Moody, John H. Ashford, H. Williston, J. J. Ander, James Stables and Edward Benson, of the Committee, and Ald. S. W. Miller.

Rev. S. J. MacArthur, secretary of the special committee (J. J. Ander, and Revs. Dixon, Harrison, MacArthur and Richardson) appointed at the last meeting to draft a constitution for the Society, reported the findings of the Committee.

The report was received and taken up section by section, and with very little change was adopted.

Section 1 was adopted as read. Re Section 2 Rev. Mr. MacArthur explained that there had been some difference of opinion in the Committee as to whether any reference should be made to financial matters. Rev. Father Dixon thought that as this Executive represented the town in general there should be added to the words "socially and morally" the word "economically." He moved this, seconded by H. H. Stuart, and it was carried.

Sec. 3 was adopted. Over section 4—"That this Committee should nominate a civic ticket"—there was much discussion. Ald. Stothart moved, seconded by H. H. Stuart that Sec. 4 be struck out.

Mr. Stables thought that the committee should nominate a civic ticket. Rev. Mr. MacArthur pointed out that there had been a difference of opinion on this matter at the last meeting.

Rev. Mr. Richardson said that he did not agree with some people's opinion that the Executive was too small to fully represent the town.

Ald. Doyle endorsed the section as proposed. It showed good judgment. It was his opinion that if this Committee nominated a ticket they could not elect them.

The President did not favor the section as it stood. It might not be wise to nominate a full ticket, but the Committee should have power to nominate if it wished. This Town Improvement League was in part a result of the non-enforcement of the C. T. Act. The non-enforcement had started the agitation that had produced this League.

Rev. Father Dixon said that a section further on provided for a public meeting after nomination but before election, at which candidates would be requested to appear and explain what they stood for. This League should consider every public interest as well as Scott Act. The nomination of a ticket by this Committee might be taken to indicate sectional action and might possibly prejudice public feeling against us.

Ald. MacKay agreed with the proposed section as it stood. It was rather difficult to get a full temperance ticket.

Rev. Father Dixon said that the main thing was to get those nominated to promise to support the act.

J. R. Lawlor wanted the section struck out.

Mr. Stables asked if it was not every alderman's duty to see that law was enforced? What had the committee accomplished, if a ticket were not to be nominated?

Mr. Stuart said that the enforcement of law depended very largely upon the men elected and force of public opinion behind them. Taking pledge from candidates would, of itself, be of little use, for the average candidate would promise anything. Although each Alderman had sworn to carry out the whole law to the best of his ability, yet the dissatisfaction with the enforcement of the

Scott Act by the present Council had been so great as to produce these Town Improvement meetings and this Town Improvement League.

The President—One of the strong points of the platform we are adopting is the enforcement of the League.

Rev. S. J. MacArthur said that Mayor Morrissey had at last meeting left the impression that he (Morrissey) did not believe that the man who took an occasional drink could be a sincere temperance man. His own (MacArthur's) position had altered since coming to Newcastle. Then he had thought that a man had the right to take a drink if he wished. But seeing the wrecks caused here by liquor he had come to the conclusion that no man could safely touch liquor at all. But there were many men who did touch it who were nevertheless perfectly sincere in wishing to have liquor banished. He would consider such as temperance men. These meetings had thrown much light on the local temperance situation. We now could say that we know and can prove what once we only thought. Ex-Alderman McMurdo's recent letter was a perfect and frank confession to the full of the charge made in the past against certain members of the Council.

Rev. Father Dixon—He interfered with Policemen.

Rev. S. J. MacArthur—Certainly, and with regard to the present Council two men are prepared to go on the stand and swear—one, that an arrangement was made with him personally; the other, that he was informed by the party that made the arrangement that such an arrangement would be made.

C. C. Hayward—If the whole Council went to enforce the Scott Act they can. If all work together to elect good men we can name our ticket and elect them. If you don't name a ticket what object in this meeting?

President—This Committee must work. If liquor is taken away, a substitute must be provided for young men. They must have amusement. A newcomer had told him that he had noticed more young girls on the Newcastle streets than in any other town he had known. The Committee should select some candidates.

On vote, section 4 was struck out. On motion of Revs. MacArthur and Dixon, a new section 4 was substituted, as below.

In section 5 the words "good business men" were changed to "competent" man, if being feared that some people might think that "good business men" meant only merchants.

Ald. Doyle wanted nobody nominated by the Committee. Let the people nominate.

Rev. Father Dixon said he understood that Scott Act Inspector had been interfered with. Chairman Kethro and Ald. Doyle denied that they had interfered. Ald. Sargeant was not here. Who did interfere with him? He had asked the Police Magistrate why he had never sent people to jail for selling liquor, and had been told that the indictments had always been made for first offence. Why did the Inspector not bring 3rd offences? If nobody had lied about interference, then the conclusion was that of his own free will the Inspector was bringing only 1st offences. Why not ask the Inspectors to state their own case? Why did Magistrate accept indictments for first, when he knew the offence was not actually the first?

County Court Judges made recommendations on all sorts of questions. Couldn't the Police Magistrate call the attention of the public to the administration of the Scott Act?

Rev. S. J. MacArthur said he was sorry that the Inspector was not here to speak for himself; but if he were here he would scarcely be free to speak. He had been asked to speak at the last meeting, but someone alongside him advised him not to say anything—he didn't know how things would go yet. This committee, continued Mr. MacArthur, now had evidence. There were men in

Newcastle who would rather have the mountains fall upon them than face an investigation.

Fred Locke said that the committee could induce men to run and stand behind them and elect them.

Section 5 with words "good business men" changed to "competent men" was adopted.

Secs. 6, 7 and 8 were adopted. On motion Edward Benson was added to the Executive Committee.

Sec. 9 was adopted after the date was changed from the 13th to the 16th instant.

The platform was then adopted as a whole.

## THE CONSTITUTION

The constitution as adopted reads as follows:

1. That this committee be known as the Newcastle Town Improvement League.

2. That its object shall be the promotion of all interests looking towards the welfare of the town socially, morally and economically.

3. That all citizens interested in town welfare and town improvement be eligible for membership.

4. That this Town Improvement League reserve the right to nominate or not nominate a civic ticket.

5. That we give our support to any competent man who will support the enforcement of our laws.

6. That members of committee and citizens be urged to induce suitable men to offer as Mayor and aldermen.

7. That this committee again affirm the motion passed at the meeting on Thursday night, April 1st, which is as follows: "That this Town Improvement Committee place itself on record as favoring the strictest enforcement of the Canada Temperance Act and guaranteeing to stand behind the proper authorities in the enforcement of the said law."

8. That in the event of any member dropping out of this committee his clergyman be asked to nominate another to take his place.

9. That a public meeting in interests of civic matters be held on Friday night, 16th inst., and that candidates and other leading citizens be asked to attend.

Following were elected a permanent membership committee and also a special committee to arrange for next Friday's public meeting: Ald. Stothart, Mayor Morrissey and Messrs. C. C. Hayward, J. R. Lawlor and J. J. Ander.

The Membership Committee were also appointed as a Special Committee to arrange for the public meeting on the 16th.

Adjourned.

All who believe in the principles of the Town Improvement League as set forth above are invited to become members. As stated in Section 2, its aim is the improvement of the town in all ways—socially, morally, and economically. The League is a permanent institution which will meet frequently—probably once a month—and afford a forum for the discussion of all matters relating to the public welfare and, it is hoped, find a means of seeing that not only the Scott Act but all salutary laws are properly enforced.

## Acadiaville Items

April 10—The weather the past few days has been very pleasant, but the roads are in bad condition.

Mrs. Nathaniel Beck, of Doaktown, who has been spending a few days with Mrs. Joseph Rushton, has returned home.

Postmaster Geo. Perry's many friends will be pleased to know he is recovering from his recent illness.

Mr. Chesley Rushton has returned home to Moncton after visiting friends here.

Mrs. F. Rushton received a letter from her husband in England (1st Contingent) and he states they are having a good time. He does not know when they will be sent to the front, but hopes it will not be long before they are given a chance to do their share.

## ADDRESS AND PRESENTATION

Mrs. Mary Orr Presented With Address and Purse of Gold.

Yesterday afternoon the members of the Newcastle branch of the Red Cross Society met, by invitation, at the home of Mrs. W. A. Park, for tea, at which an address and presentation was tendered Mrs. Mary Orr, who is leaving today for Halifax from whence she will sail for England as Red Cross nurse.

Mrs. Orr is the first from Newcastle to be called by the government to take up the duties as nurse, and the best wishes of her many friends will follow her throughout her noble work. Following is the address, which was read by Mrs. Bate, and the presentation was a handsome purse of gold:

Dear Mrs. Orr:

We, the members of the Red Cross Society and a few others, rejoicing to know that the Government of Canada has offered you a position at the front as nursing sister, do hereby tender you a slight token of our estimation and esteem, to be used as you think best.

Many of our Newcastle men have already gone to uphold the King's cause, but you are the first to be called as a Red Cross Nurse.

Your duty to care for the sick, and help alleviate the suffering of those who may be wounded; and for this work we know you are fully qualified.

When you go from us tomorrow you will depart with our heartfelt congratulations and all best wishes for a bon voyage, and when the war is over and peace has been restored, a safe return.

Signed on behalf of the Members of the Red Cross Society,

Sgd. ALICE C. BATE,

Honorary President

## Supper and Dance Successful Affairs

Catholic Ladies' Club Supper and Bachelor Boys' Dance Well Patronized

The tea and sale held by the Catholic Ladies' Club in the town hall on Wednesday evening, and the dance given by the bachelor boys of Newcastle, same evening, turned out very successful in both instances.

A splendid supper served by an efficient staff of waitresses, was patronized by a large crowd of all denominations, and a very social evening was spent. The sales tables were well patronized, and the sum of \$267.69 including \$72.00, the proceeds of the dance, was cleared.

The dance at which there were about sixty couples, was one of the most enjoyable affairs of its kind held here for a long time. Everybody thoroughly enjoyed themselves, and the music which was furnished by McEachern's orchestra of Chatham, (the local orchestra having an engagement in Campbellton. All are unanimous in pronouncing it one of the best social functions held in a long while.

## Chatham Loses Respected Citizen

Mr. A. C. Woods, Long Associated with the J. B. Snowball Co., Died Thursday

The death of Mr. A. C. Woods occurred at his home on Wellington street, Chatham, Thursday morning. The late Mr. Woods has long been associated with the milling business of the J. B. Snowball Co., Ltd., and was the last surviving member of the staff associated with the late Hon. J. B. Snowball, when the latter first launched into the milling business.

For a number of years the late Mr. Woods has been a valuable member of St. Luke's Methodist church, his interest being especially in the work of the Sunday School, of which he has been Secretary for many years and by his death a very valuable member has been lost. He was 65 years of age, and is survived by his wife, Mary Dower, and one brother, William, of Chatham, Mrs. Richard Walker, also of Chatham, and Mrs. H. C. Creighton, of Darnmouth, N. S., are sisters. The funeral was held on Saturday afternoon and was attended by a large following of friends.