STATISTICAL ABSTRACT FOR JUNE 30TH, 19C6, OF THE CHARTERED BANKS OF CANADA.

Comparison of Principal Items, showing increase or decrease for the month and for the year.

Assets.	June 30, 1906.	May 31, 1906.	June 30, 1905.	Increase or Decrease for month.	Increase or Decrease for year.
Considered Deminion Notes	C	\$ 60,526,859	\$ 53,786,504	Dec. \$ 2,809,328	Inc. \$ 3,931,067
			24,488,773	Inc. 1,161,473	Inc. 1,010,355
Notes of and Cheques on other Banks	25,499,128	24,317,655	3,359,472	Inc. 105,933	Inc. 146,795
Deposit to Secure Note Issues	3,506,267	3,460,334	960,281	Dec. 688	Dec. 70,258
Loans to other Banks in Canada secured	890,023	890,711			Inc. 610,092
Deposits with and due from other Bks. in Canada	6,998,230	648,415	6,382,138	Inc. 5,763,890	Dec. 1,35,080
Due from Banks, etc., in United Kingdom	10,437.917	4,674,027	11,787,997		., ., ., , ,
Due from Banks, etc., elsewhere	15,236,832	17,607,404	15,982,891		
Government Securities	9.537,253	8,926.769	8,479,903		, 31.03
Canadian Municipal and other Securities	20,282,398	20,488,619	19,272,601	Dec. 256,381 Inc. 611,464	
Railway Bonds and Stocks	41,180.347	40,568,883	39,976,563		
Total Securities held	70,949,978	69,9*4,271	67,729,067	Inc. 965,707	Inc. 3,220,911
Call Loans in Canada	56,024,697	53,129,606	41,746,702	Inc. 2,895,091	Inc. 14,277,995
Call Loans outside Canada	53.476,822	55,886,119	43,067,558	Dec. 2,409,317	Inc. 10,409, 264
Total Call and Short Loans	109,501,519	109,015,275	84,814,260	Inc. 486,244	Inc. 24,687,259
Loans and Discounts in Canada,	501,621,979	493,505,634	437,470,445	Inc. 8,116,345	Inc. 64,151,534
Loans and Discounts outside Canada		33,585,615	23.793,189	Dec. 426,370	Inc. 9,366,056
Total Current Loans and Discounts	33,159,245 534,781,224	527,091,249	461,263,634	Inc. 7,689,985	Inc. 73,517,590
Aggregate of Loans to Public	644,282,743	635,106,974	546,077,894	Inc. 8,175,769	Inc. 98,204,859
aggregate of Loads to Public				D	Dec. 601.000
Loans to Provincial Governments	1,410,076	1,520,110	2,041,825	Dec. 110,034	Dec. 634,749
Overdue Debts	1,691,553	1,408,127	1,689,487	Inc. 223,426	Inc. 2,066
Bank Premises	12,460,214	12,393,956	10,499,482	Inc. 066,248	Inc. 1,960,532
Other Real Estate and Mortgages	1,280,093	1,287,775	1,258,312	Dec. 07,682	Inc. 31,781
Other Assets	9,191,501	7,569,796	5,941,110	Inc. 1,621,705	Inc. 250,391
Total Assets	861,602,330	848,476,612	757,988,531	Inc. 13,125,728	Inc. 103,613,799
Liabilities.					
Notes in Circulation	69, 366,505	63,295,054	61.587,560	Inc. 6,070,551	Inc. 7,778,945
Due to Dominion Government	7,691,164	5,968,827	4,373,094	Inc. 1,722,337	Inc. 3,318,010
Due to Provincial Governments	6,762,985	6,54,660	6,995,463	Inc. 208, 325	1 ec. 235,178
Deposits in Canada parable on Jamand	157,992,133	154,983,952	134,804,501	Inc. 3,008,181	Inc. 23,187,632
Deposits in Canada payable on demand	37×.777,386	377,608,583	313,767,147	Inc. 1,168,803	Inc. 25,610,239
Deposits in Canada payable after notice Total Deposits of the Public in Canada	536,769,519	532,592,535	463,571,648	Inc. 4,166,984	Inc. 68, 197,871
		46,284,312	44.039,320	Inc. 1,059,900	Inc. 3,304,892
Deposits elsewhere than in Canada	584,113,731	578,876,847	512,610,963	Inc. 5,236,884	Inc. 71,502,763
	890,032	890,510	953.525	Dec. 478	Dec. 163,493
Loans from other Banks in Canada					Dec. 524,971
Deposits by other Banks in Canada	4,434,474	4,221,917	6,905,066		
Due to Banks and Agencies in United Kingdom	7,431,645	6,146,711	1,372,686		Inc. 655,457
Due to Banks and Agencies elsewhere	2,028,143	2,759,108			Inc. 5,757,063
Other Liabilities	15,995,551	17,177,969	-		
Total Liabilities	698,714,302	686,813,961	609,989,375	Inc. 11,900,341	Inc. 88,724,927
Capital, etc.					
	01.074.505	02,006,240	82,199,900	Inc. 1,068,165	Inc. 8,874.605
Capital paid up	91,074,505	90,006,340	82,199,900 56,408,680		
	91,074,505 63,755,287 8,921,270	63,295,954	56,408,680	Inc. 459.333	Inc. 7,346,607

The figures in the Bank Statement under this head seem incorrect,

NEW YORK AND THE FINANCIAL SITUATION.

The existing financial situation is quite abnormal. It has been asked why New York should be the present storm centre of the United States? The question seems to us not to be very relevant to the conditions. When money in New York is procurable for an average of 2½ p.c., it is absurd to speak of its being the centre of a financial storm.

That New York is the financial, reserve centre of the United States is an established fact. But though this is a never ending source of pride and of no little boasting by American publications and public speakers, the money market in that centre is wholly disorganized. There is no one powerful

institution that is able to give tone to the market and keep it steady when excitable conditions arise.

When stormy indications arise the financial vessels lay all exposed to the gusts of wind blowing all around, there being no breakwater to prevent their being tossed about. The banking and currency system which ought to be a perpetual source of strength to the financial interests of the country is a perpetual source of weakness and disturbance.

The frequent meddling with the National Bank currency by the Treasury Department keeps those institutions in a continuous state of unrest and uncertainty.

On July 14, the Secretary of the Treasury sent