The Chatham Paily Planet.

VOL. XIV

CHATHAM, ONT., SATURDAY, JUNE 10, 1905

NO. 135

MILLINERY FOR SATURDAY

Now is your opportunity for a Summer Hat. We not only offer you substantial reductions on our trimmed Hats but we will make up any style you choose to select at very low price. Our milliners have made extra effort to secure and produce the very newest things in Summer Millinery and give you the excellent styles at a cost much below the ordinary. Saturday Special Trimmed Millinery at:

:-\$2.50, 3.25 and 3.75-

PRINTS FOR SATURDAY

Heavy Candian Prints, just the Prints you want most of, in the newest desirable colorings, good washing cloth, in a variety of designs suitable for any purpose, sold here and everywhere for 12½c a yard. On Sale Saturday for:—

-10c-

MUSLINS FOR SATURDAY

The daintest range of fine American Muslins you ever saw in spots, stripes and small figured effects in White and Black and Black and White, and Pink, Sky, Green, Linen, Etc., the very shades you want in absolutely new designs, regular price 20 and 25c a yd., On sale Saturday very special

-14c-

LADIES' HOSIERY FOR SAT'DAY

Ladies' Black Cotton Hose, fine even weave, full fashioned, warranted absolutely fast Black, very special value at a pair:-

1-12%c-

SATURDAY \$5!SKIRTS FOR \$3.25

Fine Mohair Lustre Skirts in Black, Navy and Brown, made in the most correct style, yoke, wide side pleats, button trimmed, made of extra quality Lustre, regular price \$5.00 each, on sale Saturday very special at: -...\$3.25...

CARPETS AND WALL PAPERS

TO GET A

Nobby Summer Suit VISIT US

at your earliest convenience, and we will be sure to SATISFY YOU.

ALBERT SHELDRICK

Tailor and Woolen Merchant King St., Near Garner House

WATER SPORTS CANOES - - - -FISHING TACKLE . BATHING SUITS

BRISCOS



BISSELL'S STEEL LAND ROLLER

The heavy steel axle gives it a good back-bone. Then the roller bearings with the draw bracket for low hitch are improvements that please shrewd farmer's who want only the best. Built in lengths suitable for all Pro-vinces.

Enquire of Chatham Agency for full particulars. The good points can't all be told here.

None genuine without the name BISSELL.

GEO. STEPHENS & CO., Chatham Agents Manufactured by T. E. BISSELL, ELORA, ONT.

OUR ADVERTISEMENTS PAY.

SENT TO BOTH CAPITALS

Recsevelt's Identical Peace Note to Russia and Japan.

For the Sake of the Civilized World the President of the United States

Understanding—Assurances That Hist initiative for Peace Will Bs Welloamed by Both.

Washington, June 18.—An Identical acts, the text of which by suthority of the President, was made public late last night at the White House by Secretary Leeb, has been forwarded to the Governments of Russia and Japan by President Roosevelt. In the interest of humanity the President urges the warring nations to conclude peace. It is augressed by the President that the megotiations for peace be conducted, "directly and exclusively" between the beligarent nations. The nots indicates the President's willingness to de all that he preperly may do to promote the preliminary arrangements for a time and place of meeting of the representatives of the Russian and Japanese Governments.

Welcome To the Russian and Japanese Governments well as the mint antimistical and places of the Russian and Japanese Governments yesterday afternoon. It is rendered expectation.

Welcome To the Russian and Japanese Governments well as the mint atthusiation of the presentatives of the Russian and Japanese Governments yesterday afternoon. It is rendered expectation.

Major Massey in a few words assurances had been received from Tokic and St. Petersburg that such a proposition would be welcomed. While both Count Cassini, the Russian Ambassador, and Mr. Takahira of Japan were comizant of the nature of the stock it was not sent to their respective for the control of the president to St. Petersburg and Tokic, and the respective for the control of the control of the President to St. Petersburg and Tokic, and the respective for the control of the president is plainly preparing the public for the announcement that the Emperor has decided to conclude peace, and that negotiations have been begun by permitting the publication of all the foreign despatches bearing on the subject to the announcement that the Emperor has decided to conclude peace, and that negotiations have been begun by permitting the publication of all the foreign despatches bearing on the subject to the

lic for the amouncement that the Emperor has decided to conclude peace, and that negotiations have been begun by permitting the publication of all the fereign despatches bearing on the subject. The newspapers and the Russlan public, however, until now have only had a suspicion that important moves were going on behind the scenes. In well-informed circles it is believed that Inpan has already instructed. Tield Japan hae already instructed Field Marshall Oyama to stay his hand pend-ing the result of the present tentality negotiations, and that Gen. Linevitch also has been confidentially advised of the situation. Novertheless the fireconclishe remains of the war party are believed to be urging the Com-mander-in-chief to assume the offen-sive in the hope of achieving a victory.

CZAR THANKS ROJESTVENSKY.

Includes Those Who Have "Honorably Done Their Duty." St. Petersburg, June 10.—Emperor Nicholas has cabled the following message to Admiral Rojestvensky:

"From my heart I thank you, and all the officers of the squadron who have honorably done their duty for your unselfish work for Russla and for me. By the will of the Almighty success was not destined to crows your endeavore, but your boundless bravery will always be a source of pride to the country. I wish you a speedy recovery, May God console you all. (Signed) Nicholas."

orably doing their duty is faming the ugly talk regarding the surrender of ships and the cenduct of some of the

The messages of Admiral Enquiet and Capt. Chagin of the Russian cruiser Almas did not centain any intimation of misbehavior on the part of officers and crews, and added that the officers and men may be consoled by the thought that they performed their sacred duty.

and men may be consoled by the thought that they performed their sacred duty.

All Attacks Repulsed.

Tokic, June 10.—Army headquarters has given out the following:

"A detachment of our forces which advanced from Lianshulchnan, two miles east of Chenchangtsu, dislodging one company of feot and fifty horse of the enemy holding the hills north of that place, at 3 o'clock on the morning of June 7, excupied an eminence east of Chapengan, and four miles northeast of Chenchangtsu.

"At 6 o'clock on the same morning the enemy attempted an attack on Soufaugtao, ten miles morth of Changtu, and on Tactun, five miles northwest of Chapetu, and on Shihtfull, two miles north of Laotun. All attacks were repulsed."

100 Shot at Minsk.

London, June 10.—The Times St. Petersburg correspondent reports that there have been severe rioting at Minsk, during which nearly 100 persons were shot.

Railway Sues the Crown.
Ottawa, June 10.—The Exchequer
Court yesterday heard the claim of the
Atlantic and Lake Superior Railway
Co. against the Crown for a million
and a half dollars. The company
claims that twelve years ago the Dommion Government guaranteed an issue
of railway bonds, but that in 1895,
when the bonds were offered in London,
the bonds were rapudlated. The Crown
deniles that any guarantee was ever
given by the Government. Negotiations had been begun, but no final contract made. Railway Sues the Crown.

Peace is the offspring of power.

FESTIVE FIGHTERS

B" Company of the 24th Regimen Enjoyed the Good Things Prepared by Caterer Thompson.

The "thin" red line is thin no longer. The boy of B Company evidently considered that to be called "thin" was to have a "alight" cast upon them. They, therefore assembled at Thompson's restaurant Thursday evening after drill and delivered a merelless attack upon the wands

QUORUM HAND TO GET. mmoners Playing Truent—Only Members Present at \$15—West Indies Tries Lief.

Ottawa, June 10.—Sir Wilfrid Laurier, after one day of the autonomy bill, has dropped the burning question like a red hot brick. He could bring forward nothing more exciting yesteday than committee of supply. There was scarcely been a day when the attendance was so this. When the Housement there were exactly thirty members present out of some 20, and the warning bell had to be sounded again and again last night at \$15 in order that the requisite quorum might be obtained. At that time there were 14 members present including the Speaker.

West India Service.

The first item to come up in committee of supply was the appropriation of \$80,760 for steamship service between St. John and Halifax and the West Indies and South America. Mr. West Indies and South America. Mr. Fielding explaines that Pickford & Black, the contractors, wished to abanden the pert of St. John in order that the veyages might be shortened. This did not meet the views of H. B. Ames (Montreal), who urged that this would diminish the usefulness of already far toe inadequate a service, and contended that the service should be extended to Montreal. Under existing conditions were of the shipments from conditions most of the shipments from Toronto and Montreal went to the West

conditions most of the shipments from Toronto and Montreal went to the West Indies via New York. Mr. Fleiding gave it as his opinion that if Montreal were to be made the terminus for the trade it could only be done by an independent line.

Advocates Larger Subsidy.

Mr. Foster thought that as there was a possibility of a union between Canada and the West Indies some time in the future, every effort should be made to encourage trade. He even went the length of advocating a larger subsidy, and in the end the lines could become self-sustaining. Mr. Foster said that in his opinion ne change should be made this year, but next year the Government should have a conference with the Boards of Trade of Toronto, Montreal, Kalifax, St. John and other cities on the problem. The Item was finally laid ever in order that the Ministre might have an opportunity of getting further information.

The House then had an illuminating description of Chinese immigration from Six Wilfrid Laurier in segmention.

The Mause then had an illuminating description of Chinese immigration from Sir Wilfrid Laurier in coancetion with the vote for \$4.000. The revenue derived from iscoming laundrymen last year was \$3,200. This led Mr. Fester to object to the continuing of the services of an interpreter at \$1,999 per year.

"All this comes," declared Mr. Foster, "of having a department, which ought to be in truth a live department, ought to be in truth a live department, administered from the dead house." This reference to the dignified old grentlement of the Senate caused a smile, in which Sir Wilfrid joined.

During the discussion of an item of \$125,000 for the Facific cable the Finance Minister explained that this represented Canadas share of the loss incurred in the speration of the all-British Pacific cable during the year. The project was likely to improve financially. He expected some good would result from the approaching cable conference at which Sir William Mulock would represent Canada.

UNION FLAG CAMEDOWN

Norwegian Tricolor New Floats Everywhere in Its Place.

Historic Event at Christiania - 30,000 People Join in Patriotic Demonstration at Akershus Fort-People Un covered and Cheered Wildly and Sang With One Accord, "Yes, We Love This Country" - Diplomate Resigning. Christiania, Norway, June 10.-The

forwegian tricolor was holsted yesterday morning over Akershus Fort and throughout the country in place of the Union flag. The substitution was attended by great ceremony at the fort, where the members of the Storthing were the members of the Storthing were assembled, and 30,000 of the pub-lic witnessed the event from points of vantage. The sarriess was paraded in front of the quarters of the com-mandant of the fort, and the commandfront of the quarters of the commandant of the fort, and the commandant read she resolution of the Storthing dissolving the union with Sweden.

As the clock in the tower of the fort chimed 19 the Union flag, which had loated there since 1814, was hauled down, the troops presented arms, the hand played the patriotic sty, "Sons of Norway." and after only a momentary interim the first gun of a national satists boomed, the new flag was broken sit, and the troops again presented arms. The people then uneverted and cheered wildly, the band adding to the general enthusiasen by playing the popular sit, "Tes, We Love This Country." First one and thes snother took up the words of the song until the whole crowd is the chering again greated the flag. Three sheers were next given for the tatherland, and the singing of the National Anthem concluded the ceremony.

Diplomats Resigning. Baron Von Wedel-Jarisberg, who has been the Minister of Sweden and Norway at Madrid, and who is a Nor-Norway at Madrid, and who is a Norwegian, left the Spanish capital yesterday for Christiania. He has telegraphed asking to be immediately relieved of the post owing to the dissolution of the union. His example will be followed by the Ministers at Washington and Rome, both of whom are Norwegians.

A Blessing For Entire North. A telegram from Bjornstjerne Bjornsen, the Norwegian dramatist, published here yesterday, sums up the popular feeling as follows: "The address to the King is an expression of the will of the antire Norwegian people. The dissolution of the union is a blessing for the entire forth."

for the entire forth."

Crown Prince Welcomed.

Steckholm, June 10.—Crown Prince Crustave of his return from Seria guesterday was met by the Royal family, the Manisters and a large growd of people, who cheered him entitusiastically. The city is decorated with flags.

Hungary Congratulates. Budapest, June 10.—The memb the Parliamentary Opposition party are sending an address to the Norwegian Storthing wishing it success in any constitutional fight, and saying that Hungary, encouraged by the example of Norway, will fight with redoubled strength to secure her national rights.

No King, Then Republic.

Copenhagen, June 10.—All hope that King Oscar or Crown Prince Gustave will yield to the request of the Norwegian Storthing to place a Prince of the house of Bernadotte on the throne of Norway has now disappeared, according to a high authority. The Danish reyal family has also set the stamp of disappreval on the acceptance of the throne by a Danish Prince. It is understood that arrangements are actually being made for a national convention in Norway, and this will inevitably result in the declaration of a republic, Dr. Nansen, the Arctic explorer, is mentioned for the Presi-No King, Then Republic. plorer, is mentioned for the Presi-

WOMAN TO BE ARRESTED.

Mrs. Wm. Diamend Accused of Pelson ing Daughter-in-Law.

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Belleville, June 10.—Inspector Murray will to-day lay an information
against Mrs. Wm. Diamond of Queensboro, charging her with having
caused the death of her daughter-inlaw, Mrs. Harry Diamond. It is fliely
that the prisoner will be brought here
to the county jail.

Mrs. Diamond died on Feb. 28. She
and her husband lived with the latter's
mother and the women did not agree.
Diamond complained of feeling unwell
and his wife prepared a dose of salts
which however he did not take. His
wife placed the mixture in the paniry
to take herself next morning. After
breakfast she was taken ill, selzed
with convulsions and died, after expressing the belief that someone must
have put something in the salts.

The provincial analyst has reported
that strychnine was found in the woman's stomach.

Mrs. Wm. Diamond has sworn that
she naver purchased strychnine nor
had any on the premises. W. J. Atkins
of Madoc, druggist, has an entry of
July 19, 1902, showing a sale of five
cents worth of the poison to her.

As the magistrate is away, the preliminary inquiry will not begin until
June 17.

SAWED BARS

Some Interesting Light on the Escape of Mrs. Rimeau from the Jail Three Year Ago

The County Council made a very interesting discovery yesterday afthe jail-a discovery which showed very clearly that at some time in the past someone, evidently a woman, has been almost successful in filing her way through a number of the iron bars which cover the outside windows of the jail.

In examining the bars of the window that faces the street from the women's ward, they found one bar almost sawed through, one a quarter through and the other one just started. This coming closely upon the discovery of a bent file, two keys, a saw and a piece of wire. nooked at one end, in one of the women's cells, caused a chain of cirstances from which a few deductions may be drawn which would tend to throw some light upon the mysterious disappearance of a woman from the jail a few years ago.

Maggie McCarthy, who was re-cently confined in the jall, occupied one of the cells in the women's ward. When she left, the cell was cleaned out and these articles found. The woman who last occupied the cell was a Mrs. Rimeau, who broke out of the jail about three years ago, and

of the jail about three years ago, and whose mysterious disappearance has never been explained away.

It is now supposed that some one provided her with these articles to enable her to break her way out; and she is suspected as the woman who tried to break the bars.

Mrs. Rimeau, however, evidently gave up the task of sawing the bars and made good her escape some other way.

HABEAS CORPUS CASE. Pere Marquette Officials' Counsel Con-clude Their Argument—Lawyer Shepley In Rebuttal.

Toronto, June 10.—In compliance with a writ of habeas corpus James G. Gilhula, despatcher, and Everett E. Cain, trainmaster of the Fere Marquette Raliway, appeared before Justice Anglin in chambers at Osgoode Hall yesterday. This is a test case brought by the Attorney-General to inforce the allen labor law. Thirteen efficials were found by the Commission, appeared to the act, but purpose, to have been employed contary to the provisions of the act, but only these have been employed contrary provisions of the act; but only two cases have been presented. J. A. Rebinson of St. Thomas, behalf of James G. Gilhula, adva-

such employment does not come under the provisions of the Alien Labor Act the provisions of the Alien Labor Act. There must be some musele used in the work. The employment of his client, therefore, did not come under the act. The court had no jurisdiction in this case. There had been no hearing before the Attorney-General, nor had any notice to be heard as to whether his client comes within the act or not, been received by him. It was contrary to the habeas corpus act for a man to be condemned unheard. He must be brought in to answer the charge and be prejudged according to law. Notice must be given to the parties, and the Attorney-General must be satisfied that there is a breach of the law before he can sat. This is a question of whether the law is not calculated to make a breach between the culated to make a breach between the two countries, and the power sought in this act could only be vested in the sovereign power, Great Britain. Mr. Robinson also ebjected to the arrest as irregular. Col. Sherwood was a justice of the peace as well as chief of the Dominion police, and quoting Dalton as an authority read, that "a justice of the peace cannot act as con-

ten as an authority read, that "a justice of the peace cannot act as constable."

J. B. Mackensie, counsel for Mr. Cain, addressed the court for two hours, and quoted copicusly from a long list of legal volumes before him. His main arguments were that the allen labor law is ultra vires, and that the Dominion Parliament had no power to pass it because it is an invasion of the sovereign power. There was also the possibility that the United States might refuse to receive these persons. If Canada passed a law to deport all Americans it might lead to war.

Mr. Shepley desired to say something in rebuttal to the number of authorities quoted, and will give his argument at 12 o'clock to-day.

Mr. Shepley relies on the inference that because the Privy Council in the British Columbia Chinese exclusion case decided that a Province had not the power to pass a law excluding any person from inunigration or residence within its borders, it inferred that the Dominion Government had that power. He also argues that because the Dominion Parliament has seen fit to impower the Attorney-General to deport any person he is satisfied is in Canada in violation of the Allen Labor Act, and as no judge has the power to demand the Attorney-General is sinal.

We first make out habits and then

We first make out habits and then our habits make us.

The rich man doesn't need a large vocabulary so long as money talks.

Happiness has many strange ways of making its presence apparent.



One dollar in American money although it is foreign currency will go farther in the purchase of a Hammock at our store than the same amount of any kind of money will do at any other store in the city. We buy only the best quality of Hammocks and sell them at a smaller margin of profit. If you need a Hammock this year you might as well have one of ours and be sure of getting the

worth of your money. We have Hammocks at 50c but they are not much good.

We have Hammocks at 75c that are a little better.

We have Hammocks at \$1.50 which are good. We have Hammocks at

\$2.50 which are first class. We have Hammocks at \$3.00, \$3.50 and \$4.00 that cannot be duplicated at

the price in Canada. Come and see us about Hammocks.

Sulman's Beehive

Corner of King and Sixth Str MAKE IT LOOK SERIOUS

How Will France Accept Germany's Morocco Policy. Paris, June 10.—Germany's note to

openly in appealing to the powers net-withstanding the official statement from Berlin that Morecco invites the conference. The officials here interpret the German note as showing that Ger-

the German note as showing that Germany is the real upholder of the conference.

A Cabinet Council to-day will consider the note. The nature of France's official answer is still in doubt, owing to Premier Rouvier's desire to avoid widening the breach between Germany

and France.
London, June 10.—The correspondent of The Times at Tangier reports that Germany has notified her acceptance of the invitation to the proposed con-ference on the Moroccan situation. This is believed to mean that no negotiations.

Accused of Selling Stolen Furs.

Amheretburg. June 10.—James C. Gibbs, a prominent farmer of this township, has been taken to Windsor by Provincial Detectives Campau and Mahoney for examination on the charge of receiving stolen property. Last fall the Bishop Fur Co. of Wyandotte, Mich., lost a quantity of furs. It is allesed they were stolen by restdents of Wyandotte, who brought a quantity of them across the rives and left them with Gibbs, who disposed of them to farmers in Malden and Anderson townships.

Hotelman Hit in the Head.

Peterboro, June 10.—Fred Hudson, proprietor of the Royal Hotel, who was hit in the head by Patrick McAuliffe of Emily Township, is in a very low condition and may not live till morning. He has been in a semi-conscious state for some days. His assailant was before Magistrate Dumble yesterday morning and remanded until the 16th, ball having been refused. If Hudson dies McAuliffe will have to face a charge of murder,

Patrick is Adjudged Guilty.
Albany, N. Y., June 10.—The Court of Appeals yesterday sustained the lower Court of Appeals in adjudging Albert T. Patrick, the New York lawyer, guilty of murder, first degree, in causing the death of William Marsh Rice. On April, 1902, Patrick was convicted on an indictment charging him with the murder of Rice by chloroform and mercury, administered to him during his stokness in 1900.

He who wishes to be happier than others must first consider others.