

The Semi-Weekly Telegraph

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ST. JOHN, N. B., SATURDAY, MARCH 23, 1901.

LOOKS FAVORABLE FOR GRANTING OF REQUEST OF ST. JOHN DELEGATES.

Premier Impressed With Case for Dredging St. John Harbor, and Asks Delegates to Wait to See Mr. Tarte--Probably No Deckload Bill.

Ottawa, March 21.—(Special)—The St. John delegation had a long interview with the government today, respecting matters which brought them to the capital.

Probably No Deckload Bill. The interview took place in the premier's office and there were present, besides Mr. Wilfrid Laurier, Hon. A. G. Blair, Hon. W. S. Fielding, and Hon. Mr. Robell.

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Disturbances in the Church. It is claimed that the message relating to the disturbances in the church is particularly distorted, manifestly, it is said, to prejudice the devout masses against the students, the intellectual element and the factory workmen.

For Mayor of Calais. Calais, Me., March 21.—At the Republic can caucus this evening James L. Thompson was nominated for mayor.

Canadian routes and at Canadian seaports. Large sums of public money had been expended in this direction. The city of St. John, for instance, was made a free port, and there were facilities there for accommodating and handling a very large traffic.

Dredging Our Harbor. The third and last subject taken up was the dredging of the entrance to St. John harbor. The delegation pointed out the importance of having this work done, the premier was so much impressed with the manner in which the case was presented that he asked them to remain over until tomorrow and lay their views before the minister of public works. They agreed to do this. Mr. Tarte expected to be here to day, but was snowed out west of Toronto.

Hon. Mr. Emmerson, Col. Tucker, M. P., Senator Ellis and Mr. Logan, M. P., accompanied the delegation to meet the ministers. The delegates have spent a very pleasant time here and are well satisfied with the way the members have received them. They were entertained to luncheon today by Col. Tucker, and Messrs. Blair and Fielding have been assistants in their attentions to the visitors. They leave for home tomorrow afternoon and will arrive in St. John on Saturday afternoon.

McKinnon's Election Was a Clean Sweep. MAJORITY WAS 385.

Conservatives Say Martin Committed Political Suicide --- Island Legislature—Compliment to Dominion Government—Advice to Opposition.

Charlottetown, March 21.—(Special)—Conservatives contend that Mr. Martin committed political suicide yesterday. Since his election with Welsh, in 1896, Martin has lost 700 votes. Full returns just received make McKinnon's majority 385.

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WITH AXE AND CLUB MAINE INNOCENT LIVES TAKEN BY FRENZIED PARENTS.

Mother in Massachusetts Murders Her Six Children and Then Attempts Suicide—Father of Maine Family Kills His Three Little Ones.

Oakham, Mass., March 21.—One of the most fearful and heartrending tragedies that has ever occurred in Massachusetts was enacted in the little village of Oakham, sometime about noon today, when Mrs. Lizzie Naramore, in a wild frenzy, slew with axe and club her entire family of six little children, the eldest not quite ten and the youngest a babe of ten months.

As usual in such cases, the crazed mother sought to complete the bloody work by taking her own life, but was unsuccessful, although she inflicted a deep gash in her throat. Each child, after yielding up his life, was laid on a bed in the house until four little blood-drenched bodies reposed side by side in one room, while two more rested together on a bed in another.

Frank Naramore and his happy family lived on the Balcock farm, so-called, a short distance from the village of Oakham, but in the town of Barre, on the road to Hartsville. Mr. Naramore left his home at the usual hour this morning to go to his work at the sawmill of the Parker Lumber Company, in Oakham, and at that time his wife did not attract his attention by acting strangely. It is supposed the crime was committed shortly after noon.

He made a noise, but was unable to raise anyone about the premises, and he looked in a window and noticed blood lying on a bed. He was somewhat surprised also in the discovery being made by whom he was accustomed to see playing in or about the house and the circumstances made him suspicious that something wrong had happened.

When Mr. Naramore returned to this village and of what he had seen and what he had suspected. A party was made up consisting of Clarence H. Parker, Frank Cole, Walter Ballard and Byron Butterfield, and a last visit was made to the Naramore house. An entrance was made without much difficulty, and the mutilated bodies of six children in two beds were found. Mrs. Naramore was alive, but was very weak across the bed on which were four bodies.

Medical Examiner Walcott, of Barre, was summoned and took charge of the bodies, while physicians attended to the woman. Mrs. Naramore, she was removed to the village hotel where an attempt is being made to save her life. At a late hour tonight it was reported that she was dead.

The Mother's Story. At the time of the village found Mrs. Naramore she was asked how she did the deed and she said that she took the lives in four different rooms, and as fast as she killed one child the body was put in every other room.

The children were three boys and three girls, Ethel, ten years of age, being the oldest, while the age of Walter, Charlie, Cecely, Bessie and Lena ranged from eight years to ten months. Lena being the baby. Mrs. Naramore told her most intimate friends tonight that she first killed Ethel and then followed with the five others, each time taking the eldest. Five were killed by being struck on the head with the neck of the axe, while little Lena was killed with a club. She says she fully expected that the gash in her throat would cause her death and that when her husband returned it might be found all the bodies in the two beds. She appeared rational this evening and displayed no signs of remorse, although she had committed, although she is unable to give any reason why she killed the children.

When Mr. Naramore reached the house he was prostrated with grief in the loss of his family.

Each of the children had evidently received several blows as their heads were terribly bruised and blood was scattered in all directions about the rooms. The two beds were saturated with blood from the wounds on the six children and the self-inflicted gash in Mrs. Naramore's neck. She had evidently made preparations for the deed as the doors were all locked and barred with sticks of wood.

When the men first reached the house, Mrs. Naramore presented all appearance of being dead, but she was soon revived and she has not been sick of late, and while her husband now remembers that she has not acted just right during the past few days, he did not entertain any suspicions that she would do any harm.

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CHARLES MARCIL'S CAPITAL SPEECH IN DOMINION BUDGET DEBATE.

Showed That Conservative Charges of Liberal Victory on Race Cry Were Untrue—Mr. Roche of Halifax Emulates Dr. Russell, and Tells a Story.

Ottawa, March 21.—(Special)—The budget debate was resumed by Charles Marcil, of Bonaventure. He is a French Canadian, but holds a prominent position in English newspaper circles. He is also an orator of rare power and speaks English with a flow and perfection that few members of the house can boast of. He speaks without any French accent.

Mr. Marcil opened with a review of the Conservative policy as enunciated in the amendment moved by the leader of the opposition and its relation to the policy of the Liberal party. In passing, he said the favorite policy on his riding was reciprocity with the United States, and he said that nature surely intends there should be close relations between Canada and the United States.

Before leaving the tariff question, Mr. Marcil referred to the efforts of the Liberal administration to build up trade with Britain and said the efforts should not stop there, but should be extended to Germany, France and other countries. Mr. Marcil devoted considerable attention to the denial of Conservative charges that the last election had been won on the race and religion cry. He said that Quebec constituencies had elected 18 English-speaking representatives, 13 of whom were Protestants. In almost every one of these cases the French or Catholic vote, had it been used as such, could have elected any one it chose, but the electors in these ridings did not divide on race or creed lines, but voted with regard to the political merits.

Incidentally, Mr. Marcil made some reference to race and creed charges by Mr. Clarke Wallace, and dilated on the action of the electors of the French and Catholics in Bonaventure, where had been elected an English Protestant over Mr. Bergeron, a French Catholic, who had linked his fortunes with Mr. Wallace.

Mr. Wallace interrupted to say that Mr. Bergeron had bitterly attacked him (Wallace) in Montreal and that that explained his defeat. (Laughter.)

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friends of the Union Jack are not those who have exploited it." (Liberal cheer.) He added in his most fervent remarks for Canada that the premier was a French Canadian when the opposition for political purposes raised the cry of sending contingents to South Africa. He had been in Manitoba during the provincial elections and was able to say that Catholics there never before had such efficient schools as they had today. Mr. Marcil concludes by repeating the plea of his speech in accordance with the address in reply to the speech from the throne for peace and good will in Canada. He said that on a pillar of stone on the Plains of Abraham, the names of Wolfe and Montcalm were engraved. He urged that all should point to that silent witness of understanding reached between nations and inculcate it on the present generation and perpetuate it on those to come after. (Cheers.)

Mr. Roche, of Halifax, made an excellent speech which was here and there brimful of humor. He opened his remarks by telling a story of Diogenes and Plato, which he applied to the Conservatives with respect to the national policy. He said that on one occasion when Diogenes visited the prime minister he showed his beautiful Persian carpet and Diogenes trampled on it and said: "I trample on the pride of Plato." When the visit was returned Diogenes trampled on Plato's dog, and Diogenes said: "I see the pride of Diogenes through the hole in his carpet." Mr. Roche said the prime minister had shown his beautiful carpet of gold and silver, with a surplus as a centre piece. The Conservatives had trampled on it and brought out their national policy carpet, full of holes, and Diogenes said: "I see the pride of Diogenes through the hole in his carpet." Mr. Roche said the prime minister had shown his beautiful carpet of gold and silver, with a surplus as a centre piece. The Conservatives had trampled on it and brought out their national policy carpet, full of holes, and Diogenes said: "I see the pride of Diogenes through the hole in his carpet."

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DANGER OF CLASH AT TIEN TSIH HAS NOW BEEN AVERTED.

Britain and Russia Agree to Withdraw Troops from Disputed Territory--Will Be Done This Morning.

London, March 21.—In the House of Lords today Lord Lansdowne announced that Russian and Great Britain had agreed to withdraw their troops from the disputed territory at Tien Tsin and reserve the question of title and proprietary rights for subsequent examination.

Pekin, March 22.—(2 a. m.)—Count Von Waldersee, General Barrow and General Wogack have been in consultation and General Wogack has agreed to withdraw the Russian troops, provided the British also withdraw. He insisted also upon a guarantee that work on the railway siding should not proceed until the matter had been diplomatically adjusted. This proposal and stipulation were satisfactory to General Barrow and were accepted by him.

Consequently the British and Russian troops will be withdrawn at 5 o'clock this morning (Friday).

Orders have been issued, however, that no British officer shall leave, or even "sleep" out at night, or go to dinner without furnishing his address to the adjutant. The Russians have ordered a regiment to proceed from Port Arthur to Tien Tsin. Pekin, March 21.—There are many observers of the peculiar scenes. Every kodak at Tien Tsin has been unspooling and one interesting individual prevailed upon a Cosack to pose with his uplifted sword about to fall on a Sepoy's head.

BOTH DECLINED TO RECOGNIZE BLACKS.

Question of Their Citizenship a Reason for Refusal to Surrender—Discredited Report of General French's Capture and Death.

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Writs for Alleged Libel. INJURY AFFIRE.

North American Life Assurance Applicant--Amount Large. Falling Walls Make People Rush for Safety and Some Are Hurt.

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