UNITED STATES SENATOR TELLS OF VILLA'S CAREER

Henry Cabot Lodge of Massachusetts Reads in U. S. Senate London Telegraph's Scorching Arraignment of Constitutionalist Leader — Guilty of Nine Murders.

(Boston American, May 6.)

In order to give the public the most acurate possible picture of Francisco Villa, rebel general, on whom Secretary Bryan is prepared to cast the toga of power in Mexico, the American today prints the folowing story of Villa's career.

This article was read by Senator Henry Cabot Lodge, of Masachusetts, in the United States Senate yesterday; and the full Senate listened to it with the closest attention.

The article appeared in the London Daily Telegraph of April 15. The Telegraph is a reputable London newspaper. Senator Lodge in introducing the article, said it is valuable as giving names and dates of Villa's life in more accurate fashion than ever before.

The article from the Telegraph lists eleven murders by Villa's own hand, and 889 under his direct order. In addition innumerable cruelties and atrocities are cited.

Senator Lodge said he had been at some pains to learn what he could of Villa, as one of the men likely to come into power in Mexico, and that he offered his biography of Villa for comparison with one the State Department is said to be preparing.

Senator Lodge's quotation from the Telegraph was as follows:

Ignorant; He Cannot Read.

Francisco Villa was born at Las Nieves in the State of Durango about the year 1868. He is wholly uneducated, being unable to read and barely able to sign his name. About the year 1882, when only fourteen years of age, he was sentenced to a term of imprisonment for cattle stealing. On his discharge he settled in the mining camp of Guanacevi, where a few months later he underwent another sentence of imprisonment for homicide. When he came out of prison for the second time he organized a band of robbers, which had their headquarters in the mountainous region of "Perico" in the State of Durango, and were the terror of all thatd istrict.

In the year 1907 he was in partnership with one Francisco Reza, stealing cattle in Chihuahua and selling them in the United States, and then stealing mules and horses in the United States and selling them in Chihuahua. In consequence of some disagreement he shot and killed Reza in broad daylight, while sitting in the plaza in the city of Chihuahua. During the early part of November, 1910, he attacked the factory of a Mr. Soto, in Allende, State of Chihuahua, and killed the owner. By threatening the latter's daughter he forced her to show where she had hidden a sum of $11,000 which he stole and used for arming a considerable force.

He then joined Madero's revolution, uniting his band with Urbina's column. In January, 1911, he was at Casas Grandes, Chihuahua, where he killed Carlos Alatorre and Luis Ortiz for refusing to pay him the money he demanded for their ransom. At Batopilas, State of Chihuahua, in February of the same year he tortured a lady named Senora Maria de la Luz Gomez until he made her pay him $30,000. She died from the effects of the barbarous treatment she received.

Outrages at Juarez

When Ciudad Juarez was taken from the Federals in May, 1911, he killed Senor Ignacio Gomez Oyola, a man of over sixty years of age, under the following circumstances: Having sent for him, Villa asked whether he had any arms in his house, and on saying he had not, Villa, "who was seated on a table," drew his revolver and shot him dead. After rifling the corpse of money and valuables it was thrown into the street.

After the triumph of the revolution, Villa, in November, 1911, obtained a monoply from the then governor of Chihuahua for the sale of meat in the city of Chihuahua, which he procured by stealing cattle from neighboring farms. Suspecting one of his subordinates, Cristobal Juarez, of stealing on his own account, he killed him one night in the latter part of November in the Calle de la Libertad.

In the early part of May, 1913, Villa, with seventy-five men, assaulted a train at Baeza, State of Chihuahua, that was carrying bars of gold and silver valued at 100,000 pesos, killing the crew and several passengers, including Messrs. Caravantes and a Senor Isaac Herrero of Ciudad, Guerrero.

Later in the same month he entered the town of San Andres, Chihuahua, and assaulted the house of Senor Sabas Murga, a hasendado, who, with his two sons, tried to defend themselves. Two of his nephews were killed, but the Murgas got away. Villa then got hold of two sons-in-law of Murga who had not taken any part in the fight, and after torturing them to say where their father-in-law had hidden his money, he had them killed.

Sacks Town; Shoots Prisoners.

Toward the end of the month Villa's band took the town of St. Rosalia, Chihuahua, shooting all prisoners and treating the principal officers with terrible cruelty. Colonel Pueblesita was shot and his body dragged along the streets of the town. The commercial houses of Messrs. Visconti, Sarlia, Cia Harinera, Sordo y Blanco (Spaniards) and many others were totally sacked. Many private persons were murdered, one of the worst cases being that of a Spaniard, Senor Montilla, cashier of the house of Sordo y Blanco, who was shoe over the head of his wife, who tried to defend him. Villa personally kicked her in the face as she lay on the dead body of her husband. He also himself killed a Senor Ramos, secretary of the Court of First Instance.

He arrested more than twenty of the principal people of Sta. Rosalia torturing them and taking them out to be shot, until he obtained from them 70,000 pesos, which were collected by several people in order to save their lives. One of these was a lady, Senora Maria B. Coviero, who was herself also tortured until the sum Villa wanted was forthcoming.

In July, 1913, Villa took Casas Grandes, Chihuahua, and shot more than eighty non-combatants, violating several young girls, amongst them being two young ladies named Castillo.

He also attacked and took the town of San Andres, which was held by the Federals, in September, 1913, shooting many peaceable residents and more than 150 prisoners, many of these being women and children. In shooting these people, in order to economize cartridges, he placed one behind the other up to five at one time, very few of them being killed outright. The bodies of the dead and wounded were then soaked with petroleum and thrown into bonfires prepared for the purpose. The prisoners were forced themselves to make the bonfires and cover with petroleum the rest of the victims.

Kills Old Man with Own Hand.

After this he went to the small town of Carretas, where he took prisoner an old man of more than seventy years of age, named Jose Dolores Moreno, demanding from him a ransom of $200. As he could not pay Villa killed him with his own hand.

On September 29, 1913, Villa, having overpowered a force of over 500 Federals commanded by General Alvirez at Aviles, fifteen kilometres from Torreon, had every prisoner shot.

Toward the end of November he took the city of Juarez by surprise. Nearly all the Federal officers who were taken there were shot, as well as some sixty non-combatants, most of them inferior employes and servants. The higher employes had managed to escape across the river to the American city of El Paso, Texas.

On December 8, 1913, Villa took possession of the town of Chihuahua, which had been abandoned by the Federals since November 28, seizing all the commercial houses of Spaniards and Mexicans down to the smallest bars and drug stores besides some owned by other foreigners.

Moreover, Villa expelled all the Spaniards, obliging more than 500 Spanish families to leave within three days. Only two Spaniards disobeyed this order—namely, two brothers, Martinez, owners of a small eating house. Villa thereupon ordered them to be beaten to death.

Children Held for Ransom.

Senor Pedro Olivares, an old and very infirm man, whose shop, under the name of Jose Ma Sanchez, Successor, had been already plundered, is being held until he pays $50,000 ransom. He has already paid $10,000 for two of his children, these also having been held for ransom. Villa also took prisoners two children of fourteen years of age.

RIOT AT BALL GAME

Erie, Pa., May 7—The opening game of the Canadian League season, won by Peterboro, three to one, wound up in a riot here today when a crowd of 1,000 fans attempted to assault Umpire Miller. A policeman with drawn revolver held back the crowd until reinforcements arrived.

Nervous Trouble Followed by Locomoter Ataxia

Treatment From Doctors Proved of No Avail — Was Fully Restored by Dr. Chase's Nerve Food.

It has been said that "nervous people are the salt of the earth." You only have to look around you to prove this. You find the nervous, high-tensioned, active-brained men and women in the highest positions in the land.

The enormous expenditure of nervous energy made by such natures too frequently leads to nervous breakdown. Worry, excessive mental work and shock such as referred to in this letter are often the immediate cause of nervous collapse. Recovery is often slow and tedious, and doctors, as well as the sufferers, lose patience.

There can no longer be any doubt that Dr. Chase's Nerve Food is the most effective of nerve restoratives. There are many thousands of cures on record similar to the one described in this letter:

Mrs. T. F. Tweedie, Brighton, Ont., writes: "For years I was troubled with the stomach, and have always been of a nervous temperament. The death of my husband was a great shock to me, and a few months later I was prostrated by nervous trouble. Locomotor ataxia developed later, and I was in a bad condition.

"I took treatment from different doctors, but did not gain until I began the use of Dr. Chase's Nerve Food. When I had used five boxes I was so fully restored that I was like a different person. I am sure that the Nerve Food is a good medicine, and have told many people about the remarkable way in which it has restored my health."

Dr. Chase's Nerve Food, 50 cents a box, six for $2.50. All dealers, or Edmanson, Bates & Co., Limited, Toronto.

BOOTH LINER ON THE REEFS, EFFORTS TO RELEASE HER FAIL

Duluth, Minn., May 7.—The Booth line pasenger steamer America remained on a reef near Two Harbors, Minn., today despite all efforts to release her. It is said the America is punctured below her boilers and that her pumps are with difficulty keeping the water out of the fire room. The cargo is being removed.

MONTREAL CONTRIBUTES TO NFL'D DISASTER FUND

Montreal, May 7—It is expected that the different funds and donations for the relief of sufferers by the Newfoundland sealing disaster will bring Montreal's contribution up to about $25,000. The Board of Trade fund stands at $2,900 and that of the local Newfoundland Society at $1,700. The Bank of Montreal and Royal Bank sent $5,000 each. Sir William MacDonald $1,000 and other commercial houses have contributed direct. Several church collections and benefit performances have not been made up yet.

DISCOVER AUTHOR OF MAIL LETTER

Halifax, May 7.—Three weeks of desperate fighting to conceal the identity of "Ian McLean," who wrote the letter attacking the legislature and published in the Evening Mail on April 16, came to an end today when the investigating committee discovered that J. McL. Fraser, assistant agent of the marine and fisheries department, was the man who brought this communication to the Herald office. It was dragged into the light of day, through the agency of a telegram sent by W. H. Dennis to Senator Dennis, through the Western Union office.

REPUDIATES PROSPECTUS

London, May 7—A prospectus bearing the name of the Canadian Pacific Railroad Trust Company and inviting application for £1,200,000 shares has been repudiated by the C. P. R. here. The announcement has also been made that G. M. Brown, European manager, is contemplating legal action against the new company.

ROYAL WEDDING SOON.

Madrid, May 7.—King Alfonso today authorized the marriage of the Infante Ferdinand of Bavaria, widower of the King's sister, Maria Thersa, with Luisa Silva Fernandez De Henestrosa, daughter of Count De Concha.

It is understood that the bride, who is a lady-in-waiting to the Queen Mother, Maria Christiana, will be given a title by King Alfonso.

DOGS EAT DEAD BABY

Cochrane, Ont., May 7—Two dogs were discovered late yesterday eating the body of a newly born female child. Francis Chapeskia, a Polish woman, was placed under arrest. The accused woman made a confession shortly after midnight on Monday at her place of employment. The child was stillborn and she wrapped up the body in paper.

KILBANE AS LIGHTWEIGHT

Cleveland, Ohio, May 7—The intention of featherweight champion Johnny Kilbane to campaign in the light weight division was evidenced today when he signed articles to fight Johnny Griffith of Akron, Ohio, at Canton, Ohio, on July 4. Griffith, lightweight champion of Ohio, has fought most of the leading lightweights of the country. He and Kilbane will weigh in at 133 pounds ringside.

Try Ungar's Laundry for carpet cleaning.

SIR FREDERICK W. TAYLOR.

London, May 8.—Sir Frederick Williams Taylor is the subject of the second of the series in the portrait gallery appearing weekly in "Canada," the first of which was Sir Hugh Allan. In addition to a capital full length colored portrait there is a page of text dealing with the career of the Manager of the Bank of Montreal.

SPAULDING OFFICIAL BALL GUIDE

Many little features of Spalding's Official Base Ball Guide are lost sight of in the mass of averages, schedules and statistics, etc., contained in that year book. The Editor's chapter on why the Reserve Clause is necessary calls attention to the situation in 1889 when there came into the game an influence which was nono-creative and was destructive; an influence ready to tear down that which others had built up, which was not up to the task of supplying a better structure than that which it was undertaking to demolish. A long war followed, in which it is figured the loss to the players was greater than one and a half million dollars. The situation at that time he compares in a way with that which now exists in the base ball world, and strongly upholds the reserve rule.

Deaths in 1893 is a section reviewing the lives particularly in base ball, of Wm. H. Locke, former Secretary of the Pittsburg Club; the popular old timers Chris Von der Ahe of St. Louis; James B. Billings of Boston fame and John F. Kilfoyle of Cleveland.

The world's tour of Base Ball players now being shown in pictures in various places is described and many interesting instances given. A full page half tone picture shows King George V., of England and Ambassador Page at the game between the Giants and White Sox on February 26th, 1914.

— SEE —
Consumers' Coal Company Ad.
On Page 5
HARD COAL AT Summer Price

HON. SAM HUGHES FLAYS CARVELL, KYTE AND CO.

(Continued from page 1)

he was a little nervous in presenting his estimates, (Liberal cries of hear, hear), owing to the fact that they were drawing near to the celebration of one hundred years of peace on this continent, and a poor fellow who was trying to keep up the militia was regarded as a blood-thirsty chap. He pointed out that despite the cry of peace during the first thirteen years of this century there had been the South African war, the Philippine war, the Cuban war, the Russian-Japanese war, the Italian-Morrocan war, the German-South African war, the Balkan war and now the Mexican war.

"Don't forget the Ulster war," said Hon. Rodolph Lemieux.

"That is not on yet," said Col. Hughes, "but when it does occur the hon. gentleman will watch it from a long range. I would like to mention that the Ulster men are the same men who followed Stonewall Jackson. If he wants to find out if Ulster men can fight let him read the records of Stonewall Jackson and his men."

Col. Hughes pointed out that the American peace organization as soon as the first shot was fired between Mexico and the United States wired President Wilson endorsing his policy and saying that they did not believe in "peace" at any price. The country must either pay for preparations for victory or later on an indemnity for defeat. Just as eternal vigilance is the price of liberty he declared so is eternal preparations the price of peace. The minister declared that in case of war the farmers and the people generally would lose more than it would cost to prepare for war. The idea that the raising of a militia force was breeding militarism, was a falacy. Some times wars were started by clerical fanaticism, sometimes by legal controversy, sometimes by newspapers, but never by the soldiers.

Col. Hughes declared that even were eternal peace the rule he would still stand by his cadet system, his armories and his military training. In the past year 44,600 cadets ranging in age from sixteen and upwards have been equipped and trained, whilst 12,000 school teachers are now able to give the children military instructions. Since he assumed office 17,000 certificates had been issued to officers and teachers. There had been much criticism of the construction of drill halls. Nevertheless the demand for halls was on the increase, the requests coming in many cases from farming constituencies. The department at the present time has before it applications for 1,000 drill halls only 25 of which can be built this year. The minister added a moment later in replying to some questions as to the use of drill halls "if I could get the money I would erect them all right away." He said that he had allowed drill halls to be used for politcal purposes by either party.

The amount spent in drill halls since the Conservatives came into power was $2,360,000. Fifty drill halls had been constructed. The cost had been criticized, but he would draw attention to the fact that the cost of every mile of the N. T. R., would have been enough to pay for ten drill halls and the total cost of the railway would have placed one every 170 yards across the continent.

Col. Hughes commended the military training work that was being undertaken at Canadian universities at Dalhousie, McGill, Laval, Queens and elsewhere.

Turning to the appointment of honorary colonels he pointed out that his predecessor in office, Sir Frederick Borden, had appointed 104 honorary colonels without previous rank and 70 with previous rank, a total of 174. He himself had appointed 45 without previous rank and forty with previous rank, a total of 85.

Col. Hughes said that when he took office the equipment and stores of the department were exhausted and had to be replenished. Many things had since contributed to the cost of running the department including the increased pay for horses and men, and development of the cadet movement, the payment of Fenian raid grants, but nevertheless the department was responsible for spending only four and a half per cent. of the revenue.

The minister dealt at length with the cost of sending officers to England for training. He quoted figures to establish that between 1907 and 1911 the annual expenditure for this item had been $32,899. For the first year he was in complete charge, this dropped to ten thousand dollars, due to the fact that militia officers were sent while officers of the permanent force were trained in Canada.

"The member has blackguarded the St. George's Society behind its back," said Col. Hughes replying tonight to a criticism by Mr. McCrae, that the officers' mess quarters and meeting place of the St. George's Society in Sherbrooke was not conducted upon lines calculated to encourage good or straight shooting.

Mr. W. E. Knowles rose to the point of order. He demanded that the minister be compelled to withdraw.

Chairman Blondin explained that the minister mantaned that he had not used the word 'blackguard' regardng any member.

"The minister cannot get up and say he did not say what every member just heard him say," declared Mr. Knowles. The expression must be withdrawn and it is your duty Mr. Chairman to compell him to withdraw it."

Mr. Carvell stated that if the minister were even a manly man, let alone an honorable soldier, he would withdraw an offensive and unwarranted expression.

Col. Hughes attempted to proceed with his remarks, but Dr. Clark pressed for the chairman's ruling.

"I did not apply it to the member for Sherbrooke,' declared Hon. Col. Sam Hughes.

"Every one here heard you and knows you did," retorted Mr. Knowles. The Moose Jaw man asked Premier Borden what he thought of the propriety of his minister's language.

"The minister has stated that he did not apply it to the member," replied Mr. Borden.

"And did you believe him when he said so?" queried Mr. Knowles directly.

Mr. Borden replied that the word of the minister as to his intention should be taken.

Carvell Blusters as Usual

F. B. Carvell criticized the sending of twenty-one officers to Europe to see the manoeuvres. They had scooted about Europe, he said, with a fleet of automobiles, which alone cost $7,000. He said it was impossible to learn anything about war in such a manner. It was only an excuse to take a lot of his Tory officials and friends on a jaunt.

Col. Hughes said that he had never inquired as to the politics of the officers of the men which accompanied him. He was told there was one more Liberal than Conservative.

Mr. Carvell declared that the latest hobby of the minister of militia was to go around addressing W. C. T. U. meetings, and to tell the ladies what he had done to banish liquor from the camps and from the canteens. The minister was sailing under false colors, said Mr. Carvell.

George Kyte of Richmond, wanted to know by what authority a Halifax regiment band had been allowed to take part in a Tory demonstration on behalf of Mr. McCurdy, the newspaper man recently imprisoned by the Nova Scotia legislature.

Col. Hughes said that a regimental band is free to play for anyone who hires it, provided the consent of the officers in charge has been secured.

Mr. Kyte said that the minister assumed a different attitude some years ago when he objected to soldiers participating in a religious parade in Montreal.

Col. Hughes said he had never objected to a band doing this, but it was not proper for soldiers carrying arms to take part in religious processions.

DEATHS.

LOWELL—At his residence, South Bay, May 8th, James Lowell, aged forty-seven years, leaving a wife and three daughters to mourn.
Funeral from his late residence on Sunday at 2.30. Coaches leave King square at 1.30.

GROSS—In this city on 7th inst at her residence, 14 Chipman Hill, Ella M., beloved wife of Albert J. Gross, aged fifty-nine years, leaving her husband and two daughters to mourn.
Funeral service on Saturday, the 9th inst at the late residence at 11.30 a. m. The remains will be taken on the 12.40 train to Hillsboro, Albert county, for interment.

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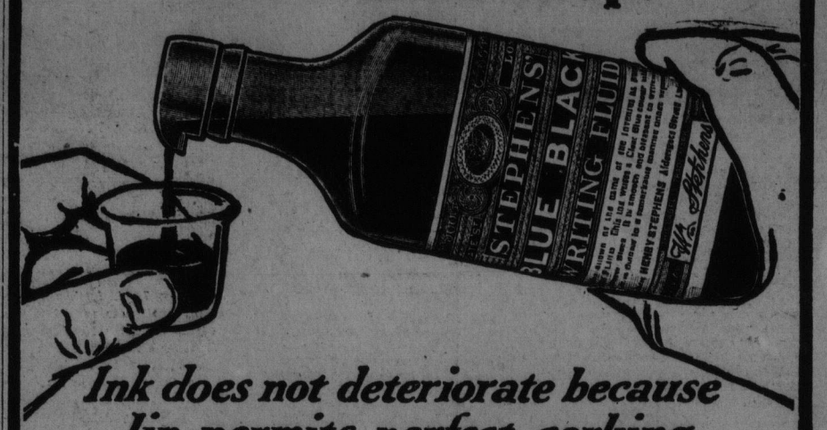

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