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Eight Pages—Friday Morning  
October 19 1900—Eight Pages

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# CHARLTON WITH SIR CHARLES ON PREFERENTIAL TARIFF

## Says the Laurier Government Should Have Made Greater Effort to Obtain Mutual Preferential Trade With Britain.

### Canada's Wave of Prosperity Is Not Due to the Present Canadian Government, as Claimed by the Liberal Leaders—A Manifesto Just Issued to the Electors of North Norfolk.

Simon, Oct. 18.—(Special.)—The following are extracts from an address just issued by Mr. John Charlton, M.P., to the electors of North Norfolk:

"The present Administration, which appeals to the people, has a record of something over four years to present. This record, in some respects, falls short of the expectations entertained by those who endorsed the principles enunciated by the platform of the Liberal party convention held in 1896. It is, of course, difficult to put in practice the ideals of Opposition. Exceptional cases, such as the enlargement of the St. Lawrence Canal, the opening up of the Yukon district, and the expenses of sending a contingent to South Africa, have undoubtedly increased the debt, and while I do not say that satisfactory reasons cannot be adduced for the large increase of controllable and capital expenditure, and the considerable increase of the public debt, I feel called upon to announce to my firm conviction that no public improvements are now so far advanced as the necessities of the country in the near future are likely to require, and that the time has arrived more fully to redeem the pledges of the Liberal party, by practicing greater economy in public expenditure, and by reducing the public debt. The expenditure should not, in any case, in my opinion, exceed the amount of the revenue, and the public debt should be reduced each year to at least the extent of the sinking fund. Canada should have made greater effort to obtain mutual preferential trade with Britain.

"While holding that Canada is not likely to be able to get preferential treatment for her food products in the British markets, owing to the relatively small amount of our trade with that country, as compared with her export and import trade with foreign nations, I am free to confess that I may be mistaken in this view. Canada now discriminates in favor of the British importer to the extent of 13 1/2 per cent, and this discrimination is purely gratuitous and sentimental, for Great Britain gives to Canada not the slightest tariff concession that does not equally apply to all other nations. In addition to this discrimination, we have put forth great efforts, spent much money and sacrificed many valuable lives for the purpose of maintaining the cause of the Empire in South Africa. All this has been done without a return, and has been done ungraciously, and perhaps there may be some force in the assertion that under the circumstances it would have done no harm if a greater effort had been made to obtain

from Great Britain some trade concessions in our favor, and it is not unreasonable to suppose that at least some slight advantage, such as the removal of the restriction upon the importation of our cattle, might have been obtained from the British Government.

**Will Urge the Opening of Negotiations With the Home Government to Obtain Trade Concessions for Canada.**

"I shall, if again permitted to sit in the House of Commons, urge the opening of negotiations with the Home Government, for the purpose of obtaining, if possible, trade concessions from that nation, which will put us in a more favorable position in her market than that enjoyed by the foreign states.

**LAURIER DID NOT DO IT!**

"The Government was fortunate in securing office just at the beginning of a period of prosperity which not only applies to us but to all commercial nations, and which it is well to realize has been due to the blessings of Providence, and to causes beyond the control of the Canadian Government. It is the duty of a Government, under such circumstances, to follow the example of a wise ruler of old, and in years of plenty provide for meeting the exigencies of succeeding years of scarcity. The increased prosperity has caused a very large increase in the public revenue, under the stimulus of overflowing coffers, a scale of expenditure has been set that it will probably be found necessary to reduce from, when a period of bad times comes, with its decreased receipts, and it is desirable that action in this direction should be taken at once.

**SIFTON BROKE THIS PLAN.**

"The Liberal convention of 1896 declared in favor of selling the public lands to actual settlers only. The restriction of the convention relating upon this question was as follows:

"That, in the opinion of the convention, the sale of public lands in the Dominion should be to actual settlers only, and not to speculators, upon reasonable terms of settlement, and in such areas as can be reasonably occupied and cultivated by the settler.

"And the honor of first introducing this publicly by Mr. Sifton in Parliament in 1890. Since the Liberal party came into power no legislation has been placed upon the statute book, to give effect to this statutory policy, the observance of which would have been the settlement of the Northwest and protect the settler from the greed of the land speculator. I shall, if again elected to represent you, press for legislation in this direction.

**Grants to Railway Corporations.**

"The policy of making grants of public lands to railway corporations has been carried beyond prudent limits in the past, and I think the time has arrived when the making of grants to such character should be either ceased entirely or be made to a very limited extent, and with careful regard to the interests of the public.

### GREAT SUCCESS FOR NAT BOYD.

Monter Political Meeting in His Interests Held at Tre-Nerac, Man., Oct. 18.—(Special.)—A monster political meeting was held in the Town Hall in the interests of the Liberal Conservative candidate, Mr. N. Boyd, tonight. It was a great success for Boyd.

Meeting of Cortes Postponed.

Madrid, Oct. 18.—The Cabinet has decided to postpone the opening of the Cortes until Nov. 20, on account of the Spanish-American Congress which meets Nov. 22 and lasts until the 20th. The Spanish Government will take an active part in the Congress, and an exceptional welcome will be given to the delegates from Central and Southern Republics.

### THAT SUTHERLAND LETTER.

Ireland: Canadian: The Globe gave editorial prominence on Monday to an interview with Hon. James Sutherland, in which that gentleman denied having written "any letter or any sentence" such as that which is charged by the World. The denial is merely a subterfuge. It only serves to make it more than ever clear that Mr. Sutherland did write some letter seriously affecting the matter of Catholic representation, and that the letter is of such a kind that he will not venture to place it in the public, leaving Catholics to place their own construction upon it. The more important it becomes. The name of the person to whom it was written is freely mentioned on the streets. The recipient is known. It deals with the subject of Catholic representation. Why not be done with candor and let the letter speak for itself?

### NEW SEA SERPENT IN JAPAN.

One Twenty-Three Feet Long Was Caught at a Depth of 250 Fathoms.

Yokohama, B. C., Oct. 18.—A new sea serpent has been discovered on the coast of Japan 100 miles from Tokyo. It is classed by scientists as a constrictor and one of the most gigantic ever seen. It was caught by a long fishing line at a depth of 250 fathoms. It was a magnificent specimen. A large disk surrounded a long stalk which evidently fixed the animal on the sea bottom. A circle of numerous graceful tentacles, each with a sucker at its end, surrounded the disk, while on its upper surface arose an appendage and having a second by slender tentacles around the upper edge. The total height of the animal was 700 millimeters (28 inches) and the prevailing color was a mottled brown. The specimen was entirely fresh, but not living.

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# CHINESE PEACE PROPOSAL

## Has Been Drawn Up By Prince Ching and Li Hung Chang and Sent to the Powers.

### IS SAID TO REQUIRE ALTERATION Before It Will Prove Acceptable—A British Diplomat of Rank Asked for China.

London, Oct. 18.—A representative of the Associated Press learns that Prince Ching and Li Hung Chang have finally succeeded in drawing up a joint proposal for a settlement. This has just been received by the powers. Beyond the fact that it is likely to be the basis of a settlement, nothing is known, and it is probable that it will require some alterations before it will be acceptable to the powers.

### WHAT THE CHINESE OFFER.

Will Hand Over the Boxers to the Court to Be Judged and Punished Under Chinese Law.

Paris, Oct. 18.—The Havas Agency has received the following despatch from Peking:

"The diplomatic corps has received a joint note from Li Hung Chang and Prince Ching saying that it is time to end the present situation and to treat for peace. The note says that the Boxers were accomplices of the Emperor and that the Emperor and Ministers were handed over to the courts to be judged and punished according to the law. It is their quality of plenipotentiaries, Li Hung Chang and Prince Ching offer to treat for peace and accept the principle of indemnity for the damage done to the foreigners. The losses are to be estimated by delegates of the powers.

"European nations can be accorded fresh commercial advantages on the old treaty modified, but as the requirements of the powers vary each demand must formulate its own.

"The plenipotentiaries demand an immediate cessation of hostilities, because of their offer, and request an interview with the Emperor and Ministers on Oct. 21.

"Replying to the note of Prince Ching, the French Minister, said that, having recognized that she had violated the law, she was bound to accept, for that reason, her full responsibility for the present situation, and that she was prepared to accept the principle of indemnity for the damage done to the foreigners. He demanded that exemplary punishment be inflicted upon the principal guilty, namely, Prince Tuan, Prince Ching, and Li Hung Chang.

"No Success in Negotiations.

"The success of our experiment in attempting to create a nation with, in a considerable measure, depend upon the attitude of the different races composing our population. The perpetration of the cleavage will be disastrous. To all races of our population, the protection of law and the enjoyment of life, liberty and property will be secured. In this respect no special favors are made, and there is no favored race. For all these benefits we owe loyalty in return. The effect likely to be produced by the utterance of certain French-Canadian members of Parliament in the Province of Quebec, in their attack upon the policy of incurring expenses and sending men to defend the British Empire, and in their assertion that Canada is not warranted in acting in concert with other colonies for the maintenance of British power on the world's broad field of action, is, in my opinion, deeply to be regretted.

"I have thus briefly set forth my views upon some of the important questions of the day, and I broke for them your cordial and favorable judgment. I have to express my deep gratification for the unstinted and generous degree of confidence which has been given me by the electors of this grand old riding during the 20 years. I have sought to represent not the interests of one party but of all the electors of my riding, and have been heretofore, as I shall be hereafter, ever prepared to act as the agent and servant of any elector who requires my services as his representative. I beg most respectfully to thank the members of the party in this riding, and to pledge myself to be honored with your confidence by again being elected as your representative, to stand firmly for the interests of the true interests of Canada."

(Signed), J. Charlton.

### FIELD DAY MANOEUVRES AND RIFLE SHOOTING ON SUNDAY.

Lieut.-Col. Peters, D.O.C., Makes the Proposition at the Garrison Dinner at the Armouries—Lieut.-Col. Mason Endorses It, But Canon Formert Dissents—Col. Peters' Argument.

Sunday field day manoeuvres and rifle shooting for the militia! After all it is not a great departure from the present Sunday gunnery practice, and moreover it is proposed to inaugurate the innovation by a corps service at the ranges or wherever the arena of the manoeuvres may be located.

**Col. Peters' Proposition.**

This in brief is the substance of the proposition as advocated by Lieut.-Col. Peters, D.O.C., at the Garrison dinner at the Armouries last night, and supported by Lieut.-Col. Mason, R.O.

Col. Peters is essentially a military man, and moreover a good one. He is a soldier who has seen active service, and who has done his duty in the service of our country. I know these things, and I think it is something which we are all proud to do. I hope there are other officers who agree with me, and I think they will be. I hope there are other officers who agree with me, and I think they will be.

### NEED A DIPLOMAT OF RANK.

Manchester Chamber of Commerce Wants British Interests in China Looked After.

London, Oct. 18.—The Manchester Chamber of Commerce has sent a special mission with a diplomat of rank to be sent to China to deal with British interests there.

### M'KINLEY TO THE EMPEROR.

Sends a Reply to China for Thanks Tendered, Owing to the Attitude of the U.S.

Washington, Oct. 18.—Secretary Hay said today that the reply to the Emperor of China thanking the President for the attitude of the United States, and expressing hope of a speedy settlement, had been received by the State Department.

### ANOTHER MESSAGE FROM CONGER.

Gives the Propositions Advanced by Prince Ching and Li Hung Chang.

Washington, Oct. 18.—For the first time in three days Minister Conger was heard from at the State Department today. He communicated by cable the substance of certain propositions advanced by Prince Ching and Li Hung Chang as a basis for the conduct of negotiations for a settlement of the Chinese trouble.

### PAO TING FU EXPEDITION.

Has Arrived at a Point Six Miles South of Chi Chow Without Any Opposition.

Peking, Wednesday, Oct. 18.—Vina Tsin and Shanghai, Oct. 18.—The Peking column of the Pao Ting Fu expedition arrived at a point six miles south of Chi Chow yesterday without encountering any opposition. They found the heads of fourteen Boxers on the walls at Chou Chou and they killed seven of the Imperial troops.

### BRITISH MASTERS KICKING.

About the Reported Intention of Girouard to Give the American Preference.

Birmingham, Oct. 18.—The Midland Iron masters are equipping in official quarters about the reported intention to offer American manufacturers to British in awarding contracts for the railway and bridge construction contemplated in South Africa.

### MAY CAPTURE CANTON.

Sun Yat Sen, the Reformer, Said to Have Captured Hat Chow on Monday Last.

Hong Kong, Oct. 17.—Advices from Canton say it is reported there that Sun Yat Sen, the reformer, captured Hat Chow last Monday. The Cantonese assert that if Hat Chow, which retained the insurgents in the Tai Ping rebellion, falls into the hands of the rebels, leaving 200 troops to protect Sun Yat Sen, and leaving 200 to garrison the Mandarin Station at Nao Tai, on the western arm of Deep.

### RUSSIAN LEGATION TO RETURN TO PEKING.

Beilin, Oct. 18.—M. De Giers and the Russian legation, according to a despatch from the Tsin Tsin, to the Koinischei Zeking, have been ordered to return to Peking within a few days.

### FRANCE TAKES THE INITIATIVE.

Paris, Oct. 18.—Russia, Austria, Germany and Italy are all waiting for France to take the initiative in the settlement of the Chinese trouble.

### HEADACHE CURED IN 45 MINUTES.

Headache cured in 45 minutes. Headache cured in 45 minutes. Headache cured in 45 minutes.

# SHAW BATTLE WON BY BOER REEFERS HEAD

## Force That Attacked the City Yesterday Was Successfully Met by the Defenders, Who Were Strongly Entrenched.

### The Invaders Were Often in Untenable Positions, But Fought Away After They Had Been Killed According to the Rules.

The attack upon the city has been made, and the invading army has been held at bay, thanks to the Boer tactics of Col. Mason, in command of the defensive forces, so that citizens may rest in peace and continue to pursue their ordinary avocations.

Just before the march past at the conclusion of the fight, Col. Peters, chief of the attacking party, gave his declaration in favor of the defending force. He said the attacking party were to be effective, and that the non-combatants were to be moved a little to the south. On the whole, he thought the attacking party had been unsuccessful.

The distribution of the forces under Lieut.-Col. Mason, to the civilian observer, seems to have been eminently satisfactory. He had under his command the 12th Regiment of Hamilton, the Royal Grenadiers, a section of the 9th Field Battery, one troop of the G.B.G. and a 2nd hospital company of the A.M.S.

### THE BATTERGROUND.

The scene of operations, roughly speaking, was High Park, or more exactly, the district between the 12th and 13th Regiments on the north and south, Indian-road and Roncesvalles-avenue on the east and Grand River on the west.

The invading army, under command of Col. Delamere, was at Lambton Mills, and was not permitted to move until 11 o'clock. The defensive force was supposed to have been later on the Lake-shore-road front, and their object was to work north and protect this district.

Col. Mason's plan was to post two companies of the 12th Regiment, under Capt. Brock and Capt. MacInnes, at the southeast corner of the district, to protect the approach along the Lake-shore-road. The cavalry and pioneers had previously been sent out and blown up the bridge over the Humber River at Bloor-street and the Lake-shore-road. The southwest corner was so well protected that the position there was never in danger.

### DEFENDERS WERE ENTRENCHED.

At the southwest corner of the district, outside of the 12th Regiment, was the main body of the 12th well entrenched within the Park. An entrenched body can hold their position against a force of 1000 men, and Col. Mason considered that this position was invulnerable. The Grenadiers were entrenched in rear of the 12th. The weak points of the defensive line were the right flank, at the corner of Indian-road and Bloor-street, where two companies

### THE DUKE OF YORK'S VISIT.

H.R.H. Will Be Accompanied to Australia by a Guard of Honor of Every Branch of the Army.

London, Oct. 18.—It is officially announced that the Duke of York will be accompanied to Australia, where he is to open the Commonwealth Parliament, by a guard of honor composed of details of men from every branch of the British army, including volunteers. The Indian troops sailed for Australia Oct. 14.

### EAST YORK.

W. F. Maclean's Meetings.

Oct. 19, Friday, St. Paul's Ward, St. Paul's Church, 8 o'clock.

Oct. 20, Saturday, St. Matthew's Ward, Dignam's Hall, 8 o'clock.

Oct. 21, Sunday, Victoria Square, 10 o'clock.

Oct. 22, Wednesday, Ringwood, 8 o'clock.

Oct. 23, Thursday, Unionville, 8 o'clock.

Oct. 24, Friday, Wexford, 8 o'clock.

Oct. 25, Saturday, Big Hall, Malvern, 8 o'clock.

Oct. 26, Sunday, Batters' Hall, Tottenham, 8 o'clock.

Oct. 27, Wednesday afternoon, Y.M.C.A. Markham, 8 o'clock.

Nov. 1, Thursday, Town Hall, Markham, 8 o'clock.

Nov. 2, Friday, Highland Creek, Markham, 8 o'clock.

Nov. 3, Saturday, St. Matthew's Ward, Dignam's Hall, 8 o'clock.

Nov. 4, Sunday, St. Paul's Ward, St. Paul's Church, 8 o'clock.

### MUST DEPORT ALL THE BOERS.

Their Attacks Have Become Intolerable—The Hon. Mr. Laurier Must Have Recourse.

Pretoria, Oct. 18.—The Boers are daily tearing up portions of the railroad and cutting the telegraph and telephone wires. Their attacks are intolerable. The only remedy seems to be to compel all the burghers and deport them, as apparently now can be trusted.

### LOWER LAKES AND GEORGIAN BAY.

Whales, shifting to easterly; does not much change in temperature.

Ottawa Valley, Upper and Lower St. Lawrence—Fog; not much change in temperature.

### PROBABILITIES.

Lower Lakes and Georgian Bay Whales, shifting to easterly; does not much change in temperature.

Ottawa Valley, Upper and Lower St. Lawrence—Fog; not much change in temperature.

### DEATHS.

CLEGGHORN—At the residence of her son, 34 Haver-st., Jane Clegg, widow of the late James C. Clegg, and mother of Thomas H. and Robert W. Clegg, died 70 years.

Funeral Friday, Oct. 19, at 3:30 p.m., from her late residence, 34 Haver-st., to St. Michael's Church, 2:30 p.m., to St. Michael's Cemetery.

WIFE—At the residence of her son-in-law, 140 St. George-st., east, on Wednesday, Oct. 17, Anne W. Wife, widow of the late George D. Wife, and mother of Norman H. J. Wife, died 85 years.

Funeral Saturday, Oct. 20, at 2:30 p.m., from her late residence, 140 St. George-st., east, to St. Michael's Church, 2:30 p.m., to St. Michael's Cemetery.

### STAMPAIR MOVEMENTS.

At 12 o'clock Saturday night, the following steamships will be in port:

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