

delade 6100

and Men

ffering to fall and

year

ear, fall and

ations, made

Exceptional

ng and fall

all weight,

no, \$3.00.

ce-lined

ned — light

uring your

at a moder-

binations,

cotton ma-

— winter

\$2.25.

ent 95c

y low price

m weight,

s and ankles

today, gar-

Floor.

ay

33c.

FOR SALE—\$125,000

ROSEDALE APARTMENT HOUSE

PROBS: Moderate northerly winds; mostly cloudy and cool.

PARLIAMENT HEARS IMPORTANT SPEECHES ON PEACE RATIFICATION

DIRECT ACTIONISTS AT LABOR CONGRESS

Delegates Vote to Refer Back a Portion of the Preliminary Committee's Report Despite President's Warning.

Glasgow, Sept. 9.—Co-operation with international laborers in their campaign to procure Germany's admission to the league of nations, and for an immediate revision of the harsh provisions, which are inconsistent with the statements made on behalf of the allies at the time of the armistice, was overwhelmingly pledged today by the Trades Union Congress in session here.

Williams and Frank Hodges, the "big three" of the direct-actionists, Mr. Smillie accused the committee of denying to organized labor the opportunity of expressing its attitude on the question. He declared that the government was holding power under false pretences, as it was elected on policies it had since repudiated, and the committee had lost the confidence of the trade unionists in Russia today," he added, "are fighting battles in behalf of socialists for the whole world."

CARDINAL MERCIER REACHES NEW YORK

Received by Mayor and Welcoming Committee, and Heartily Cheered by the Crowd.

New York, Sept. 9.—Cardinal Mercier, Belgium's gallant churchman, arrived here today, bringing to America the thanks of the little country in whose tragic history he has played a heroic part. As the venerable prelate stepped for the first time on American soil, he was asked for a message to the world's people. "I can only say, 'thank you,'" he replied, his voice quivering with emotion. "What else is there for me to say?"

Daylight was fading when the United States army transport Northern Pacific steamed slowly to its pier in Hoboken. Long before it docked the watchers on the wharf had caught his tall, black figure standing on the bridge gazing eagerly at American shores.

BELL'S BOAT MAKES SPEED OF 71 MILES AN HOUR

Halifax, N.S., Sept. 9.—Alexander Graham Bell, his laboratories at Boln Breagh, Baddeck, C.B., some years ago, carried on extensive experiments with tetrahedral kites and he was one of the pioneers in investigations that led to the airplane of today. A despatch from Baddeck today states that his new hydroplane boat, H.D. 4, made a trial test when a speed of 71 miles an hour was attained.

PREMIER BORDEN RECOVERING.

Ottawa, Sept. 9.—Sir Robert Borden was so far recovered this morning as to be able to sit up in his room. It is unlikely, however, that he will be able to resume his duties before the end of the week.

WILL REORGANIZE CANADIAN MILITIA

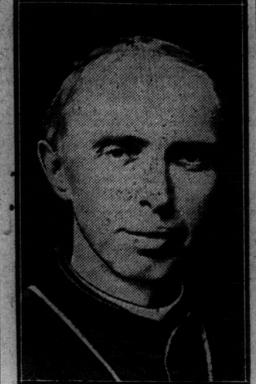
Montreal Meeting Plans Program to Rebuild the Forces.

Montreal, Sept. 9.—Preliminary steps, which are expected to lead to the long-hoped-for reorganization of the Canadian active militia, cavalry, artillery and infantry, were taken today at one of the most important meetings of overseas and home service officers ever held in Montreal, possibly in Canada. On the results of this meeting, it is thought likely that a whole program for the re-birth of the Canadian militia, following its disorganization during five years of war, will be put on the agenda of the meeting.

BATTLE ON MONDAY IN U. S. SENATE

Washington, Sept. 9.—The German peace treaty, six months in the making, will be returned to the senate tomorrow by the foreign relations committee, along with a majority report containing additions to the treaty, and reservations to its league of nations covenant. The treaty will go back to the senate exactly two months to the day from the date it was laid before the body by President Wilson.

Pending this move, which will hasten the final consideration by the senate of the whole question of peace with Germany, advocates and opponents of the league generally rested today in anticipation of the big battle to begin next week.



CARDINAL MERCIER. The metropolitan of Belgium, arrived in America today, being given an enthusiastic reception. He is expected he will visit Canada soon.

MINERS MUST PRESS FOR FULL DEMANDS NOW WAR IS OVER

Acting-President of United Workers Warns His Hearers Against One Big Union.

Cleveland, Sept. 9.—Demand for wage increases and shorter hours, strong insistence that these claims which had been deferred during the war could no longer be delayed, but must be forced thru to a successful issue, dominated the deliberations of the opening session of the convention of the United Mine Workers of America here today. Over two thousand delegates from the United States and Canada, constituting the largest miners' convention in the history of the organization, applauded the declarations of Acting-President John L. Lewis, that with the war practically over, the miners could no longer be bound by wage agreements, concluded for the period of hostilities, but must press demands which would have been pressed to a decision long since had it not been for reluctance to embarrass the government during the war.

Nationalization of Mines. The question of the nationalization of coal mines, on the other hand, was evidently a question of less burning interest to the delegates, who listened to references in which it was declared the present congress would be unable to give serious consideration in the presence of more urgent problems. No dissent was heard when President Lewis denounced the I. W. W., the one big union, and similar movements as based upon "fantastical ideas of misguided enthusiasts and mercenary enemies of the trade union movement" and "day dreams of visionaries."

President Shea of the Brotherhood of Locomotive Firemen and Engineers, as expected, brought in the question of the nationalization of railroads, evoking rounds of applause, showing that the miners' sentiment was in accord with his demand for united support to force thru the Plumb plan for nationalization. He declared that in some form or other, the Plumb plan was ultimately bound to be accepted.

BRITISH COLUMBIA HAS OWN COMMERCE BOARD

Vancouver, Sept. 9.—The mayors and reeves of 27 British Columbia municipalities met here yesterday with Hon. J. W. Defarias, attorney-general, to discuss measures for relieving the cost of living, and adopted a resolution suggesting the appointment of a provincial board of commerce for British Columbia. It was argued that the existing board of commerce, working from Ottawa, was too far away to be fully effective on the Pacific coast.

Invite King and Queen Of Belgium to Canada

Ottawa, Sept. 9.—The Canadian Government will extend an official invitation to the King and Queen of Belgium to visit Canada incident to their forthcoming visit to the United States.

SOMEBODY'S HEARTY GRIP NUMBED PRINCE'S RIGHT HAND

Royal Visitor Has It X-Rayed With Reassuring Result—Soreness Developed After Toronto Reception—Mayor Church Not Officially Blamed.

Winnipeg, Sept. 9.—While visiting the Tuxedo Military Hospital today, H. R. H. the Prince of Wales actually became a patient for 15 minutes. His right hand, which had been badly numbed as a result of the hearty grip of Canadians in the east when shaking hands with him, was put under the X-ray on the advice of the doctors. The result of the examination was declared satisfactory and the prince was assured he would be able to make free use of the member very soon, the they pleasantly warned him against the Western Canadian grip, indicating that he might find it to be even heartier than that he had experienced in the east.

DATE FOR ELECTION SAME AS REFERENDUM SAYS ALD. RAMSDEN

Announcement Not Given by Prime Minister, But From Source Beyond Doubt—Hartley Dewar Urges Speedy Organization of Liberals.

"I have an important announcement to make this evening. It is true, I have not the sanction of the prime minister, but I make it in all good faith, coming from a source that cannot be doubted. I tell you that the provincial elections will be held on Monday, October 20. So that if the premier does not desire to announce the date we already know what is going to happen."

This prophetic utterance was made by Alderman G. Ramsden at a Liberal meeting held in Oddfellows' Hall, 404 Bathurst-street, last night. There was a large attendance, including a number of ladies.

One of the new commissioners of the board of commerce is coming to Toronto, remarked H. Hartley Dewar, the speaker, who urged the party to make it a political football. Leader Encouraged.

Mr. Dewar said it was proposed to have a series of meetings in the various constituencies. They were face to face with the prospects of an early general election, and it was felt with the reviving spirit of Liberalism throughout the province that there should be complete organization. He spoke of the encouraging results of his tour of the province, and that the people were determined for a change at the polls.

Mr. Dewar deplored the attempt to have a real policy platform.

PREMIER HEARST BACKS VETERANS

Message to Ottawa Says Ontario is Willing to Bear Share of Cost.

Ottawa, Sept. 10.—The following message from Premier Hearst is published in the Ottawa papers this morning.

"Toronto, Sept. 9. The soldiers are making strong representations for a gratuity and urging that immediate action be taken to ascertain what further financial aid can be given them. Speaking for Ontario, home of almost half of our army, and the province from which the Dominion secures nearly half of the public revenue, I feel confident that our people are prepared to bear willingly their share of any additional grant the circumstances may demand and the financial position of the country warrants. (Signed) "W. H. Hearst."

G. W. V. A. Executive to Meet Premier Borden on Saturday

Ottawa, Sept. 9.—Members of the government and members of parliament are being flooded with telegrams from soldiers' organizations all over the country insisting upon the appointment of a commission to enquire into a broader and better scheme of civil re-establishment for the returned men. The executive of the G.W.V.A. were here today and saw a number of the ministers and have arranged for a meeting with Sir Robert Borden next Saturday. While there is a strong demand for the gratuity, the point now pressed upon the government is the appointment of a parliamentary commission to reconsider the whole question of civil re-establishment and financial aid to the veterans.

PARLIAMENT CONSIDERS THE STATUS OF CANADA IN DEBATE ON TREATY

NOTED LABOR LEADER IS DEAD IN NEW YORK

New York, Sept. 9.—John Mitchell, former president of the United Mine Workers of America, and one of the most widely known labor leaders in the United States, died at 5 o'clock at the Post Graduate Hospital.

Winnipeg, Sept. 9.—Winnipeg, at ease with color by day, splendid in the brilliancy of its electrical illumination by night, and pulsating with the enthusiasm of the thousands of its citizens, welcomed today H. R. H. the Prince of Wales. It was an immense greeting.

Never in the history of Western Metropolis Have Such Scenes Been Witnessed.

Canadian Press Dispatch. Winnipeg, Sept. 9.—Winnipeg, at ease with color by day, splendid in the brilliancy of its electrical illumination by night, and pulsating with the enthusiasm of the thousands of its citizens, welcomed today H. R. H. the Prince of Wales. It was an immense greeting.

Never in the history of the city have such crowds been seen as those which packed Main street from the Canadian Pacific Railway station to the city hall, and overflowed beyond, or those which thronged Broadway and packed itself a seating matter of humanity, on to the university campus.

Winnipeggers of all grades of society, of all classes and conditions were determined to see the prince, the heir to the throne, who has endeared himself to every Canadian since the day he set foot on the soil of the Dominion by his lovable, unassuming disposition, and they flocked in their thousands to every point that afforded opportunity to witness the personality of the youthful heir to the mightiest empire of modern days that was the attraction.

All honor to him, as the future head of the great combination and peoples, but associated with this there were those persons characteristic of the prince which made him a follower of Sir John A. Macdonald, and no man had ever more jealously guarded Canadian autonomy than the great Conservative chief.

Messrs. Lucien Cannon and Charles Gauvreau, Liberal members from Quebec, and the conservative speaker of the day's discussion and Captain Peter McGibbon, Unionist member for Muskoka, addressed the debate.

Mr. Lapointe in resuming the debate this afternoon resented the charge that the Liberals had been taking up too much time. He said he believed that the members on both sides should read the treaty before voting for its ratification. As the same time he did not believe that ratification by the Canadian parliament was necessary. It would be, in his opinion, an idle and unimportant ceremonial. He admitted that the treaty was not and would not be submitted to the British parliament for ratification. Could it be seriously argued that the consent of the Canadian parliament was necessary but not the ratification of the imperial parliament?

Mr. Lapointe said that on the whole he approved of the treaty and the league of nations, also some articles of the covenant, but the league might be open to objections.

Debate is important. The present debate, he said, was important mainly because the important claim that the status of Canada had been changed by the ratification of the peace treaty. "If signing the peace treaty," Mr. Lapointe continued, "changes a colony into a nation then India must be a nation because the same time the treaty and the self-governing colony of Newfoundland is not."

Referring to the coming constitutional conference, Mr. Lapointe contended that the government should first consult parliament. It was not fair for the prime minister to bring back a cut and dried agreement. He did not think any change should be made in our constitutional arrangements with the mother country until such changes were approved by the people at a referendum.

Admittance by Rowell. Hon. N. W. Rowell admitted that the ratification of parliament was not necessary. The treaty-making power was in the King, but there could be no objection to the King asking that the treaty be had direct approval by parliament. He could not understand why Liberals should object to a democratic step forward. They seem to think we were still a colony and Judge D. D. McKenzie was the Rip Van Winkle of Canadian politics.

Mr. Rowell called upon him to explain how he would improve the status of Canada, but the latter replied that when the government is prepared to go to the constitutional conference he would be glad to give them the benefit of his views. At present they were claiming that some change in Canada's status had been accomplished, and they should do the talking at this time.

Hon. Jacques Bureau: "It's up to them to explain." Are Three Courses? Mr. Rowell said that there were three courses open for Canada. The first was to cut the painter and be-

FOR SALE—\$25,000

ROSEDALE APARTMENT HOUSE

VOL. XXXIX.—No. 14,182 TWO CENT