provisions of this section, besides being liable to any other penalty prescribed in that behalf, shall incur a penalty of one hundred dollars, and any person who induces, or attempts to induce another to commit an offence under this section, shall incur a like penalty. See also Rev. Stat. c. 10, s. 170.

SECT. XXVIII.—The penalties mentioned in the three next proceeding sections may be recovered with costs of suit by any person suing for the same in any Court of competent jurisdiction.

SECT. XXIX.—To prevent the creation of false votes, where any person claims to be assessed, or claims that any other person should be assessed, as owner or occupant of any parcel of land, or as possessing the income which may entitle him to vote in the Municipality at an election and the Assessor has reason to suspect that the person so claiming, or for whom the claim is made, has not a just right to be so assessed, it shall be the duty of the Assessor to make reasonable enquiries before assessing such person.

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The warning here given to Assessors might seem to come rather late, as all their duties are finished long before the Clerk's duties under this Act commence, were it not that this Section is repeated verbatim in "The Assessment Act." (Rev. Stat. chap. 180, s. 40.)

The propriety of its insertion here will be evident when we come to consider the section following.

SECT XXX.—Any Assessor who wilfully and improperly inserts any name in the assessment roll, or who assesses any person at too high an amount, with intent in either case to give to any person not entitled thereto an apparent right of voting at any election, or who wilfully inserts any fictitious name in the assessment roll, or who wilfully and improperly omits any name from the assessment roll, or assesses any person at too low an amount, with intent in either case to deprive any person of his right to vote, shall, upon conviction thereof before a Court of competent jurisdiction, be liable to a fine not exceeding two hundred dollars, and to imprisonment until the fine be paid, or to imprisonment in the Common Gaol of the County or City, for a period not exceeding six months, or to both such fine and imprisonment, in the discretion of the Court.

The word "improperly" will cover a case of disobedience to Section 29,