

Business East.

ONTARIO.

Daniel Rice, hotel, Orwell, is burned out.
 J. Campbell, tailor, London, is burned out.
 H. G. Ruby, fruit, Midland, is burned out.
 Wm. Rogers, hotel, Midland, is burned out.
 D. T. Gillis, general store, Duart, is burned out.
 J. W. Hastings, jeweller, Midland, is burned out.
 Phillips & Co., tins, Midland, are burned out.
 H. A. McCartney, drugs, Midland, is burned out.
 J. A. Stafford, butcher, Midland, is burned out.
 J. W. Slaven, drugs, Midland, is burned out.
 D. Howis, hotel, Midland, is damaged by fire.
 C. A. Phillips, hotel, Midland, is damaged by fire.
 J. Swift & Co., dry goods, Watford, has sold out.
 T. Lewis, sash factory, Trenton, is burned out.
 Richard Scott, hotel, Minden, has sold out to A. Brooks.
 Samuel Beemish, hotel, Bothwell, is about closing up.
 C. Ernst, general store, New Hamburg, is burned out.
 Geo. Strathern, jeweller, Midland, is damaged by fire.
 D. H. Williamson, tailor, Midland, is damaged by fire.
 E. D. Grundy, baker and grocer, Ridgetown, has sold out.
 George Bilton & Co., soda water, Hamilton, have assigned.
 Robt. McKenny, hotel, Kincardine, has sold out to Roo Bros.
 W. K. Murphy, painter, Toronto, has assigned in trust.
 Chas. Clark, grocer, Thessalon River, has given up business.
 J. W. Lawler, general store, Thessalon River, has assigned in trust.
 Marrion Bros., general store, Stoney Point, have assigned in trust.
 Hugh D. Rutherford, general store, Millbank, has assigned in trust.
 Moreau & Leger, clothing, Ottawa, have dissolved. J. B. Moreau continues.
 J. S. Lambert, furniture, Aylmer, has changed style to Lambert & Lowe.
 R. Sylvester, agent implements, Lindsay, his store has been damaged by fire.
 Partley and Welsh, general store, Stoney Point, has removed to Tilbury Centre.
 W. G. Van Staden, & Co., Pubs, etc., Strathry; the sheriff is in possession.
 Campbell and Robb, general store, Wallace town, have dissolved. Robb continues.
 A. Astmus, tailor, etc, Tavistock, his stock is advertised for sale by auction on the 30th inst.
 J. F. McAllister, dry goods, Napanee and Deseronto, has sold out his Deseronto business to W. H. Meagher.

Levi McCormick, wagons, Kilwin, is out of business, and is succeeded by Wm. Jarvis.

McCandless & Crawford, grocers, Toronto, have dissolved. Crawford continues under style of G. W. Crawford.

QUEBEC.

Bedard & Co., boarding house, Montreal, have dissolved.

Morgeon & Fils, general store, St. Adore, have dissolved.

J. B. Carhonneru, dry goods, Montreal, has assigned in trust.

L. N. Bertrand & Frere, hardware, Quebec, have assigned in trust.

Napoleon Proulx, general store, potash and P.M., Namur, has assigned in trust.

Poirier, Galt & Co., the Montreal mailing and delivery and general agency, have dissolved.

Dixon, Sons & Co., commission agents, Montreal, have admitted Thos. W. Elam as partner; style is now Dixon Sons & Elam.

NOVA SCOTIA.

Henry C. Fixott, physician, Arichat, is dead.
 Thos. Gough, liquors, Halifax, has sold out.
 Watt & Fraser, harness, Pictou, are burned out.

A. C. Redden, organs, Wolfville, is burned out.

Prirose Bros., Drugs, Annapolis, have sold out.

Anthony Dobson, tinware, Guysboro' is away.

Mack & Flendel, lumbermen, Lehave, have assigned.

A. E. Dauphinee, grocer, Lunenburg, is out of business.

D. N. Murray & Co., harness, Pictou, are burned out.

J. R. McDonald, grocer, Pictou, was damaged by fire.

A. C. Hutchinson, Yarmouth, has sold out to John A. Craig.

Bigelow & Donalds, mineral waters, etc., Amherst, have dissolved. J. E. Bigelow continues.

NEW BRUNSWICK.

Thos. F. Granville, grocer, Indiantown, has assigned.

Hungary's New Export Route,

From late issues of Austro-Hungarian mil-ling journals we compile the following in relation to the new Arlberg railway:

Dealers in grain in the chief towns of Switzerland, Southern Bavaria, Vorarlberg and the Tyrol are busy in devising plans to accommodate themselves to the expected increase in business on the completion of this new railway.

This line, in a word, will bring Switzerland and Hungary into direct business communication, and by divergent routes the towns of the Tyrol and some of those in Bavaria will become the chief grain and flour storage and distributing point for south Germany, Feldkirch for west Switzerland and Vorarlberg, Innsbruck for the Tyrol and Romanshorn for Switzerland. This road will connect with lines extending into and through France, and thus a trade route to western Europe will be formed. Lindau, in Bavaria, and Bregenz, in Vorarlberg,

standing on or near Lake Constance, are western termini of this Alpine route, and from thence, across the lake, merchandise will be transported by shipping to the town of Constance, from whence, westerly, railway traffic is again resumed. Cheaper tariff rates are hoped for than by old routes. All the towns interested have of late been very busy in erecting elevators to aid in carrying on the expected increase of business, and a good trade is confidently looked for. Many towns in South Hungary, that have until now been prominent in grain dealing, are likely to lose at least some of their prestige, since so much trade will run into new channels.—*Northwestern Miller.*

False Representations.

The case of Newell vs. Randall, decided by the Supreme Court of Minnesota, arose upon an action brought by the plaintiff to recover certain goods which had been seized by the defendant, as sheriff, as the property of one Bauman. It appeared that Bauman applied to plaintiff's traveling agent to purchase certain goods on credit, that the agent requested Bauman to state how he stood, and that the latter answered that he had \$3,000 in his business, consisting of merchandise and book accounts and \$300 in cash. This statement being submitted to the plaintiff he upon the strength of it shipped to Bauman the goods which he had ordered. It appeared also that at the time the statement was made Bauman was indebted in his business to the amount of \$2,100, a fact which he omitted to state. The question was whether the property in the goods passed to Bauman or whether the sale was voidable at the election of the plaintiff. The latter view was taken by the court, which in affirming judgment against the defendant said: It is doubtless the general rule that a purchaser, when buying on credit, is not bound to disclose the facts of his financial condition. If he makes no actual misrepresentations, if he is not asked any questions and does not give any untrue, evasive or partial answers, his mere silence as to his general bad pecuniary condition or his indebtedness will not constitute a fraudulent concealment. But this was not a case of passive non-disclosure. The object of the agent's inquiry clearly was to ascertain Bauman's financial condition and ability to pay. Bauman's statement was in response to that inquiry, and when he undertook to answer he was bound to tell the whole truth, and was not at liberty to give an evasive or misleading answer, which, although literally true, was partial, containing only half the truth, and calculated to convey a false impression. . . . Concealment of this kind under the circumstances amounts to a false representation.—*Bradstreet.*

The first case of quarantine under the new regulations occurred last Tuesday at Emerson. Forty-six head of young cattle belonging to Jackson and Roberts, of Regina, came through the States from Ontario, and after being inspected by Dr. McFadden, were admitted and placed in quarantine at the government farm, three miles down the river, where they will have comfortable quarters and the doctor's best attention. They will have to remain in quarantine sixty days.