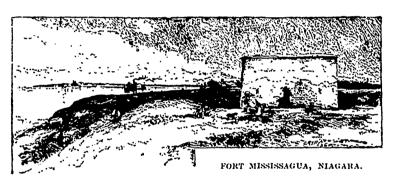
glican Church in Canada has ever possessed. It is one of the finest specimens of perpendicular Gothic architecture in America. The spire, rising to the height of 306 feet, is gracefully proportioned, and the most lofty on the continent, exceeding that of Trinity Church, New York by twenty-one feet. The tower contains a chime of bells and the celebrated clock manufactured by Benson, of London, and which obtained the highest prize at the Vienna Exhibition.

"Toronto," says an able writer, "commenced business as a city sixty years ago with a population of less than 10,000. To-day that population aggregates some 200,000. Should the

will be easily seen, too, from the position of Toronto that she must continue to extend her borders, reaching out within a comparatively short time to embrace all the present suburbs.

"In the matter of architecture, Toronto is in advance of any city of equal size in the Western Hemisphere, and the arts and sciences are cultivated and encouraged in a most praiseworthy manner, while in every department of industry, commerce and trade, the activity prevailing hereabouts is especially worthy of note. But above and beyond all other features of progress, Toronto is a city of homes, numbering amongst its citizens more actual



rate of increase not diminish, another few decades will see in the site of the present Toronto a city of upwards of 500,000, prevailing conditions now enabling Toronto to take rank with the cities of the second class as to population throughout the British Empire. There are only forty-seven larger cities in the British dominions, and England herself can only boast of eighteen which have a greater population.

"Toronto is larger than Aberdeen, Cork, Derby, Greenock, Halifax, Iluddersfield, Northampton, Norwich, Plymouth, Preston, Southampton or Stockport. There are only seven larger cities in Germany; nineteen in the United States; seven in France, and seven in Russia. It householders and more prospective owners than any community of the same area and population in the entire country; and to this highly gratifying fact, the people—for the workers, the men of energy and enterprise, are the people here—point with pardonable pride and pleasure.

"Working people in Toronto, as a rule own their own homes, and are interested in the preservation of order and property rights. People so situated are not prone to precipitate unnecessary strikes and disturbances. Workingmen, who in other places would be compelled to crowd their families into unhealthy tenements, here own their homes and feel that they are citizens in every sense of the word.