Prof. McCoum, of the Central Experimental Farm, Ottawa, writes the following description of it: "Origin, Europe; height, I foot; begins to bloom first week in July, and continues in flower a long time. Flowers, a bright, purplish red, borne in compact heads. One of the prettiest dwarf shrubs yet tested at Ottawa."

The members of the Ontario Fruit Growers' Association will be pleased to learn that these two plants, the Cumberland Raspberry and the Spiræa, Anthony Waterer, have been selected for the plant distribution in the spring of 1901, and our subscribers will have an opportunity of testing them.

To REMOVE FRUIT STAINS from enamel saucepans use chloride of lime. Fill the saucepan with cold water, add one teaspoonful of chloride of lime to each half gallon, and boil until the stain is removed.— *Rural New Yorker*.



FIG. 1893. SPIRÆA, ANTHONY WATERER.



FIG 1894. VERSAILLAISE (REDUCED).

CURRANTS IN 1900.

OR a few years past Currant growing has gone somewhat out of favor owing to the low prices prevailing. Fortunately for the grower a much more encouraging state of things prevails, and instead of 3 or 4 cents a quart, they are now worth in our best markets 5 and 6 cents, which leaves a good margin to the grower, even after expenses of sale are deducted. The acid of the currant is counted very wholesome, and in summer season the free use of currants, either fresh, spiced, or in jelly, is worth far more to the human system than most people imagine.

In our grandfathers' gardens currants were usually grown against the fences and often left unpruned or uncultivated, and the old Red Dutch was almost the only variety