PATENTS PROCURED
In Canada, Great Britain, United States and Foreign Countries.
PRELIMINARY ADVICE FREE.
C. H. RIDOUT & CO.
Canada Life Bldg room house Com 1Jan96

The Toronto World.

Fire Hose
AND ALL LINES OF
FIRE PROTECTION SUPPLIES
THE TORONTO RUBBER CO., LTD.
28 KING-ST. WEST (MANNING ARCADE)

SIXTEENTH YEAR. WEDNESDAY MORNING MARCH 6 1895. ONE CENT.

URGES NON-INTERFERENCE.

MR. M'CARTHY'S ARGUMENT IN THE MANITOBA SCHOOL APPEAL.

The Privy Council's Judgment, He Argues, Does Not Compel the Council to Give Remedial Legislation, Which If Granted Would Mean That Separate Are Superior to Public Schools.

Ottawa, March 5.—For four hours today D'Alton McCarthy endeavored to show that the Government ought not to take steps towards redressing the grievances of the Roman Catholic minority of Manitoba. Mr. McCarthy admitted that they had grievances, but that it would be bad policy for the ministry to do anything in the direction of establishing separate schools in Manitoba. The address of the leader of the Third Party sounded very much like a stump speech to an Ontario audience rather than a carefully-thought-out argument in support of the case of the Manitoba Government. The meeting of the Privy Council was again largely attended by the general public, much interest centering in the proceedings.

At the outset Mr. McCarthy said, while appearing as the representative of the Manitoba Government, he did not wish it to be understood that the Government recognized by his presence the jurisdiction of the Privy Council and the judicial powers that they might exercise. Mr. Ewart had a right to appear here, but it must be remembered he did not represent the Catholics in general, he only represented a portion of the Catholic minority. No poll had been taken to ascertain the wishes of the Catholics as a whole. A portion of the history which Mr. Ewart had given had no bearing on the case. The Manitoba Act must be interpreted by itself, independently of what had happened between the settlers and William Macdougall and others. Nevertheless, he thought he ought to show that the "bill of rights," submitted by the Manitoba settlers to the Government envoys, does not contain any reference whatever to Separate schools. There was, however, a reference to education. Again in the list of rights submitted to Sir Donald Smith by the "Council of Forty," and sent to Ottawa, no reference appeared to Separate schools. The question under consideration should be dealt with on its merits solely.

Hearing the Appeal Optional.

There was nothing in the judgment which could be treated as having dealt with or disposed of this matter. Neither had the course to be followed by the Governor-in-Council been determined. No court had determined that you must hear appeal, the court had said you may do so.

Mr. Dickey: Do you contend that there would have been a constitutional option on the part of this council to hear the appeal?

Mr. McCarthy: I go that far. The hearing of the appeal was one thing; disposal of it another. He hoped that it would be held to be the wiser and better course and in the best interests of the country to let the matter rest where it was. There was not a word in the questions submitted as to whether or not if the council had power to hear the appeal they ought to exercise it in any particular way.

He proceeded to cite from the argument before the Judicial Committee last December, to show that the judges fully recognized that their only duty was to decide the right of the Governor in Council to hear the appeal. If they had ventured to give instructions as to what the council should do the Judicial Committee would have been stepping beyond their jurisdiction.

In reply to Sir C. H. Tupper, who asked if, in the Judicial Committee's decision some action on the part of the Government was not implied, Mr. McCarthy replied: It is an anomaly.

Admits Grievances Exist.

Here Mr. Curran remarked: "They state distinctly the rights of the minority have been affected." This led to Mr. McCarthy's admission that a grievance existed, and that is the ground of appeal. How those rights should be redressed is the question to be decided, if at all. In event of the remedial order being made it would be an order in council. Under our system all judicial functions had been withdrawn from the Crown. He was proceeding to argue on this line when Sir Mackenzie Bowell interpellated: "We admit this is a political body, not a judicial one."

Mr. McCarthy proceeded to quote the statements of certain Ministers as to their views of appeal. Quoting Hon. Mr. Ouimet, he said the Minister of Public Works had said if a constitutional course was not adopted he would have to retire from the Ministry.

There was much laughter when Sir C. H. Tupper remarked; "Surely, you would not have him remain in if an unconstitutional course was followed."

At 1 o'clock an adjournment took place.

The Question Purely a Political One.

Resuming his argument after luncheon, Mr. McCarthy said that whether the Government interfered or declined to interfere, the result would be to displease one set of persons or other in the country. Thus, it was purely a political question. To show that this view was generally held throughout the country, he quoted a speech of Mr. Pelletier, who urged strongly that the matter be settled before a general election, pointing out that Mr. Laurier had only promised to interfere if it were found that the Roman Catholic population were obliged to send their children to Protestant schools. If the schools were purely neutral he would not interfere, therefore Mr. Pelletier condemned him.

Mr. McCarthy admitted that a refusal to entertain the minority's petition would certainly cause the Government to lose some of its supporters in the country, but even defeat in defence of liberty would be more glorious to them than victory otherwise.

Hon. E. Blake, he said, was careful in his argument before the Privy Council to impress on Their Lordships this view of political responsibility, and Mr. McCarthy would impress it on the council now that the question had come before them, not as one determined by any decision of the Judicial Committee, but as one in which they were charged with political responsibility.

As for the statement that the pledge of separate schools was renewed to the French Catholics of Manitoba at the abolition of the provincial senate, Mr. McCarthy argued there was no power in the then Manitoba Government to bind subsequent legislatures in that respect. Further, he was instructed by Attorney-General Sifton that the alleged bargain between Mr. Greenway and the late Archbishop had been repeatedly denied. He was also authorized to say that Mr. Joseph Martin had no authority to make the promises he was declared to have made at St. Francois Xavier in 1888, in the name of the Liberal party of which he was a member.

The Appeal an Attempt to Coerce Manitoba

Coming to the question of the petition of the minority, he would remind the council that while the legislature of Manitoba might refuse this session to pass remedial legislation, next session it might change its mind. Meantime the authority to pass remedial legislation would also be within the power of the Dominion Parliament. Thus, there would be concurrent legislative jurisdiction. And there being thus the right with the Government of the Dominion to set this machinery in motion, it became necessary to enquire what considerations should prevail in order to induce the Government to act. Now, what the Government was asked was to change the school laws of the province, to establish a Separate school system against the will of the majority. Surely this was a serious question; and yet in the hasty manner of present procedure the Government of Manitoba was to be called upon suddenly to defend or alter its school system. The council was being asked to coerce a great province of the Dominion. Not a member of the council but had already made up his mind for or against Separate or Public schools. He knew there were members of the Cabinet present who, unless they had changed their minds, favored Separate schools. In a country where, except in the Province of Quebec, we have no state religion it was a hackneyed argument to say that public money should not be used to propagate denominational teaching. The state simply owed the children of the country an elementary education, and the council could not act in this case one way or other without declaring itself either in favor of a public or Separate school system. Moreover their decision would stand as an example.

Not Analogous to Ontario.

Sir Mackenzie Bowell asked whether, applying that argument to Ontario, Mr. McCarthy would undertake to say that anyone by refusing to sanction or sign a petition for the abolition of Separate schools would thereby be declaring in favor of the Separate school system.

Mr. McCarthy had no direct answer to make. The cases were not analogous, he remarked. Later on Mr. Ives observed that he thought the question was this: The Catholics of Manitoba claimed they had a right to Separate schools, which right had been taken away, and they asked to have these schools restored by a remedial order.

"In making that remedial order, you argue, then, that we would be pronouncing in favor of Separate schools?" inquired Mr. Ives.

Mr. McCarthy: "What I urge is this, that this council cannot assent to the prayer of a petition for the re-establishment of Separate schools in Manitoba without declaring thereby that the Separate school system is preferable to the system of public schools."

This assertion evoked a general laugh all over the room, and an incredulous shaking of many heads.

Mr. Haggart: "What do you consider our powers, the extent to which we could go in making a remedial order?"

Mr. McCarthy: "To restore, I suppose, the rights which have been said to have been taken away."

Mr. Haggart: "Suppose we go beyond that; is there any power of remedy?"

Mr. McCarthy: I should suppose the course of law would correct that.

Continuing, Mr. McCarthy argued that the Manitoba Government had not had to deal with the question of Protestant vs. Catholic, or English-speaking vs. French, but with a polyglot community which could only be dealt with by common school system. Now he found that only French names appeared on the petition for separate schools. The French were confined mostly to the district of Provencher. The Roman Catholic population of the province was 20,500 out of a total population of 152,500 and 9000 of these Catholics were in Provencher. Speaking of the policy of the Manitoba Legislature to render its population homogeneous, Mr. McCarthy said it was surely a laudable one in a province whose population was of such diverse origin—the majority being concerned, of course, in the assimilation of the population—to have the people cease to be French.

Hon. Mr. Ouimet: So the object of the law of 1890 was to do away with the French?

Mr. McCarthy: Yes.

Hon. Mr. Ouimet: And Catholics?

Mr. McCarthy: Oh, no. A man can be a Catholic and not be French. It was the various national distinctions which it was desired to obliterate.

Mr. McCarthy was commencing to cite the refusal of the Dominion Parliament to interfere with the school legislation of New Brunswick in 1873, when the hearing was adjourned.

Studies of Canada.

A series of valuable and interesting letters on Canada, contributed by G. R. Parkyn, to The London Times last year, are to be published by Messes. MacMillan in their Colonial Library Series. The title of the work is "The Great Dominion: Studies of Canada." On many points the articles have been much enlarged as the result of Mr. Parkyn's visit to Canada last summer, when attending the Ottawa Conference. A new chapter has been added on "Northern Canada, the Great Fur Country," in order to make the book more fully representative of the various aspects of Canadian life. It was at first intended to bring out the volume in an illustrated form, but this plan was abandoned.

Canadian Stud Book and the U.S.

The answer of United States authorities to the representations of the Dominion Government for recognition of the Canadian herd and stud books by the Treasury Department at Washington not having proved conclusive, Hon. Mr. Angers is again moving to secure the desired object. Until 1893 these stud books were recognized in the United States, but in the latter year the Treasury Department insisted on entry in the United States herd and stud books, in order to obtain admission of pedigreed stock from Canada to the States. Last session the Agricultural Committee of the House of Commons took official cognizance of the matter.

The Marine Department has received a communication from Mr. Smith, deputy Minister, stating that the Imperial Committee on the manning of ships has completed taking evidence, and is now considering its report. Mr. Smith sails for Canada on April 6.

Notes.

Hon. Mr. Daly leaves for Winnipeg the end of this week. Mr. Boyd, M.P., will accompany him.

Sir Charles Tupper leaves for Dunnville to-morrow night. Dr. Montague will go up with him.

A local deputation waited upon the Minister of Railways yesterday and urged that Canadian cement should be used upon all public works, instead of foreign cement, as at present.

The annual meeting of the Macdonald Club was held to-night, and was largely attended. Encouraging reports were presented and steps taken towards securing club rooms. A resolution was passed, congratulating Sir Mackenzie Bowell upon his accession to the Premiership.

"Salada" Ceylon Tea is delicious.

California Tokay, for sale at all first-class hotels and clubs at 10 cts per dock glass.

Clearing the Bonds.

To make room in their bonds for their spring importations, Michie & Co. are offering special value for a few weeks in Burgundies, clarets, etc. For example, a fine claret, bottled in Bordeaux, is offered at from $3.50 per case of quarts at 5 1-2 King-street west.

THE PILLOWS DISCHARGED

BUT THEY MAY BE BROUGHT BACK AS WITNESSES.

No Evidence to Prove That the Woman Impersonated Mrs. Hyams in the Application for Insurance on Her Life in the Equitable and Sun Insurance Companies.

County Crown-Attorney Curry and Detective Cuddy will return to Toronto from Montreal this morning, but they will not bring with them J. M. Pillow, manager of Hyams Bros. Chemical Works, and his wife, who were arrested on Monday night, on a charge of conspiracy with Harry P. Hyams to defraud the Equitable and Sun Life Insurance Companies out of $120,000, through Mrs. Pillow impersonating Mrs. Hyams.

When Curry and Cuddy arrived in Montreal yesterday they drove at once to the Central Police Station, where they had a long interview with Mr. and Mrs. Pillow, and as a consequence the pair were released from custody.

Mr. Curry obtained a promise from the Pillows to come to Toronto and give evidence, and it was upon this condition they were released from custody.

"MINNIE, MINNIE," SHE CALLED

Plaintive Cry of a Deranged Girl Who Strolled Thinly Clad on the Ice of the Bay.

Workmen engaged at the foot of Berkeley-street have each evening for some days past watched with anxiety and wonderment the peculiar actions of Josie Langley, a 20-year-old girl, who lives with her mother at 55 Taylor-street. At almost the same moment each evening Miss Langley has appeared at the foot of Berkeley-street but thinly clad, apparently unconscious of the presence of those who were watching her movements. She would step upon the ice and walk slowly about half way across the bay, calling softly, as though seeking a lost friend, "Minnie," "Minnie," "Minnie." This pleading, plaintive cry would be continued until she returned to the shore, when a look of deep disappointment would spread over her features, and she would return sadly to her home.

The ice harvesters have been at work in the vicinity of her customary walk, and the workmen sometimes dared to disturb her reverie to warn her of her danger. The warnings were unheeded, and when Miss Langley was a short distance from shore yesterday the ice gave way beneath her. With some difficulty she was rescued, and the ambulance being summoned she was removed to the General Hospital. The unfortunate girl has been slightly deranged since the death of a friend a year ago.

MANITOBA BUTTER FOR BRITAIN.

Mrs. Parrott Dead of Asphyxiation—An Ex-M.L.A. Arrested for Forgery.

Winnipeg, March 5.—Winnipeg producemen to-day dispatched to England a carload of Manitoba butter as an experimental shipment. It is believed that an extensive and profitable trade can be built up.

Mrs. George Parrott of Winnipeg, who was found unconscious in her bed Sunday morning, having inhaled coal gas from a stove in her room, died this morning. She never regained consciousness.

Sensation has been created by the arrest for forgery of John Crawford, ex-member of the Manitoba Legislature. He is alleged to have defrauded local grain men out of large sums by forging wheat cheques.

WHIRLED TO DEATH.

Harry Hilts of Humberstone, Ont., Killed at Buffalo.

Buffalo, March 5.—Henry Hilts, who came here a few years ago from Humberstone, Ont., was yesterday caught in the belting attached to a buzz-saw frame and carried around several times, each time the body striking the ceiling with tremendous force until it was horribly mutilated. Hilts was 56 years old and leaves a wife and several children. He had several brothers who reside in Toronto, Parkdale, Port Colborne and in Pinkerton, Ont.

Child Perished in the Flames.

Rochester, March 5.—Mrs. Byron Birdseil of 55 Hawley-street went away this morning leaving her three children alone in the house. Fire broke out and one child was burned to death.

Fell Into the Bay.

Joseph E. Langley, age 20, residing at 55 Taylor-street, went out on the bay at the foot of Berkeley-streedt yesterday afternoon to find a mysterious friend named Daley. Several working on the water front advised him not to go on the ice, but he persisted in doing so, and in consequence was soon immersed in the waters of the bay. He is now in the General Hospital suffering from the effects o fhis bath.

Sword's Snap In Shirts.

This is a genuine snap and cannot be repeated: 10 dozen open front or back English cambric shirts, 2 collars and separate cuffs, for $1 each; 10 dozen colored fronts and cuffs attached, 50c each (unlaundried). The above goods were bought at a sacrifice. The manufacturers' loss is your gain. Sword, 55 King-street east.

His Wound Still Bothers Him.

An old Ridgeway veteran was admitted to the General Hospital yesterday. His name is James Cole, and by trade he is a trunk maker. At the Battle of Ridgeway on June 2, 1866, Cole received a bullet wound in his hip, for which he received a pension for four years and a gratuity of $250. The wound has been troubling him for years, and, owing to its having again opened up, Cole applied to the Hospital for relief, and was admitted as a patient.

"Salada" is the King of all Teas

Drug Smuggler Pettengill Skips His Bail.

Boston, March 5.—Special Treasury Agent Smith received word to-day that W. B. Pettengill of Salem, Mass., who was arrested in Philadelphia some time ago and indicted for smuggling phenacetine, has skipped his bail, and is now in Montreal. Special Agent Stokes J. Stokes of Plattsburg, N.Y., has another warrant for his arrest. Pettengill is a clever smuggler.

Salada Ceylon Tea is delicious.

Important to Typewriters.

Ribbons for all machines 45c., usual retail price $1. Blight Bros., 65 Yonge-street.

Ask your grocer for Salada Ceylon Tea.

Clarets, Clarets.

Excellent table clarets at $3.50, $4, $4.50, $5 and $5.50 per dozen, quarts. Wm. Mara, 79 Yonge-street.

Turkish baths, bed for all night bather.

A reduction in price of Gibbons' Toothache Gum to 10c, sold by all druggists.

W. K. VANDERBILT DIVORCED.

Decree Issued Against the Well-Known Millionaire—Mrs. Vanderbilt to Receive $250,000 a Year.

New York, March 5.—Judge Barrett of the Supreme Court this afternoon granted a decree of absolute divorce in favor of Mrs. Alva E. Vanderbilt from her husband, William K. Vanderbilt, the well-known millionaire. As all the testimony and the report of the referee have been sealed, no facts can be ascertained as to the parties who are implicated with Mr. Vanderbilt. Although a liberal allowance has been granted Mrs. Vanderbilt, there is no record of the sum which her husband has agreed to give her. The only paper the public can examine is the decree of divorce. Mrs. Vanderbilt is to have the care and custody of her three children.

The decree is granted upon the report of Edmund Kelly, who was appointed to hear and determine all the issues involved. The referee made his report Feb. 5, in which he found all the allegations in the complaint to be true; that Mrs. Vanderbilt was entitled to her decree of divorce, and that she shall also have the custody of the three children—Consuelo, William K., jr., and Harold Vanderbilt. The parties were married on April 20, 1875.

The decree provides that it is lawful for Mrs. Vanderbilt to marry again, but declares that it will not be lawful for Mr. Vanderbilt to again wed.

Mr. Vanderbilt is to be allowed to visit the children at all proper times.

The two sons, William K., jr., and Harold, are to receive their education in the United States. This last provision is made upon the consent of both parties, through their counsel.

William K. Vanderbilt sailed for England Jan. 17. He came here from Europe just one month previously. His stay was almost entirely devoted to arranging his family affairs. It is understood by friends of both parties that he left behind him papers, signed and sealed, by which Mrs. Vanderbilt is to be receive an annual income of $250,000 for the rest of her life, and the use of the Fifth-avenue and Newport houses during the minority of their children.

The Woman in the Case.

The woman in the case is said to be Nellie Neustreeter, a native of Eureka, Nevada, the daughter of a Hebrew clothier. She is said to have met Mr. Vanderbilt at Paris, and immediately afterwards established herself in grand style in a suite of elegant rooms with many servants. After the suit for divorce was begun Mr. Vanderbilt offered to compromise. If Mrs. Vanderbilt would consent to a separation he would give her $3,000,000, custody of her children and possession of three houses at Newport, Islip and New York. Mrs. Vanderbilt declined the overtures and insisted upon an absolute divorce.

THEIR EXCELLENCIES HERE.

Lord and Lady Aberdeen in Toronto to Start a Boys' Brigade.

His Excellency the Governor-General arrived in the city from Ottawa last night on the 7.20 train. The Countess of Aberdeen went through to Hamilton with Secretary Erskine, where she addressed a meeting under the auspices of the National Council of Women, returning to this city on the 10.40 train.

Lord Aberdeen spent the evening at the Victoria Rink, where he was engaged in a curling match.

The object of His Excellency's visit is to inaugurate a movement in Toronto for the establishment of a boys' brigade similar to those in Great Britain. In this connection he will preside at a meeting in the theatre of the Normal School to-morrow afternoon.

To-day Lord Aberdeen will watch curling matchat Victoria Rink between the Hamilton Thistles and Oshawa. Their Excellencies are staying at the Queen's.

ROBBERY BY ROASTING.

$6000 in Cash Secured by Torturing an Old Couple.

Toledo, Ohio, March 5.—News of a robbery, accompanied by torture, inflicted on Mr. and Mrs. John Schonbrich, residents of the little town of Ai, west of this city, has reached here. Between $5000 and $6000 in cash was taken by the robbers. A demand was made on the old man for his money, and upon his refusal to tell the hiding-place the robbers roasted his legs over the flames. When the agony became unbearable he told where $1200 was concealed. His wife was subjected to the same treatment and she finally told her torturers where $4000 to $5000 more could be found.

The Speaker's Dinner.

Mr. Speaker Balfour gave his first official dinner last evening. Those present were: The Lieutenant-Governor, Sir Oliver Mowat, Sir W. P. Howland, Bishop Sweatman, Sir Casimir Gzowski, Hon. Justice McLennan, Hon. John Beverley Robinson, Mr. Marter, M.L.A.; Mr. Hoyrock, M.L.A.; Mr. J. S. Willison, Mr. Mulock, M.P.; Col. G. T. Denison, Prof. Rand, Mr. Gibson, M.L.A. Huron; Principal Caven, Hon. John Dryden, Mr. Robert Jaffray, Col. Davidson, Col. Clarke, Chancellor Burwash, Mr. W. F. Maclean, M.P.; Mr. Caldecott, President of the Board of Trade; Hon. James Young, Hon. A. S. Hardy, Hon. J. M. Gibson, Mr. William Christie, President Loudon, Hon. R. Harcourt, Mr. Howland, M.L.A.; Hon. E. H. Bronson, Mr. G. W. Monk, ex-M.L.A.; Mr. Awrey, M.L.A.; Col. Mason, Sheriff Mowat, Mr. E. E. Sheppard, Commander Law, Col. Hamilton, Mr. Wood, M.L.A.; Dr. Willoughby, Mr. Currie, M.L.A.; Capt. Kirkpatrick, Sergeant-at-Arms Glackmeyer.

ASSESSMENT SYSTEM.

The mortality of commercial travelers must be exceedingly low, when we find that in their Mutual Benefit Society the average cost per $1000 per year is under $11. 461

Cabinet Photos.

Mr. J. Fraser Bryce, photographer, 107 King-street west, cabinet photos a specialty. Appointments if desired. 246

Ask your grocer for Salada Ceylon Teas

A Thousand a Day.

The spring crop of roses at the great conservatories of H. Dunlop is now beginning. A thousand of the choicest roses are cut daily. They are delivered at his salesrooms twice every day, and are always absolutely fresh. His violets are now in the greatest abundance.

Billiards—English 40c, American 30c per hour; pool 10c game at Sutton's Billiard Parlor.

Personal.

Mr. H. Bourlier is in New York.

Mr. C. A. Burrows, proprietor of The Northwest Farmer, Winnipeg, is in town.

Mr. John B. Henderson of Lyman Bros. is confined to his house from a ruptured blood vessel in the leg. He will be out in a day or two.

Mr. Frank Smith of Lombard-street Fire Hall will to-day take charge as senior foreman of the eastern district of the fire department, taking up his quarters at Wilton-avenue Hall. Much regret is expressed by the firemen at Lombard-street owing to Mr. Smith's removal. He is one of the most popular men in the brigade.

Turkish baths, day and night, 204 King st

HENDERSHOTT MURDER TRIAL

EXPECTED TO COMMENCE TO-MORROW MORNING.

Chief Justice Meredith in His Address to the Grand Jury Upholds the Newspapers in Securing and Publishing All Facts in Connection With Such Cases—The Canadian Jury System.

St. Thomas, Ont., March 5.—The Assizes at which W. D. Welter and John Hendershott will be tried for the murder of the latter's nephew opened this afternoon. It is not thought that there is any possibility of the case being postponed. It will likely be set for Thursday morning.

The case was before the grand jury to-day, which is expected to return a true bill in the morning.

In his address to the grand jury, speaking of the Hendershott murder, Chief Justice Meredith said it was not necessary for a person to be present at a murder to be guilty of the crime. There may be a promoter and an actor, and the one who procured the other to commit the murder is just as guilty as though he committed it himself.

Newspapers and Murder Cases.

After reviewing the facts of the case His Lordship said: "No doubt, a great deal of publicity has been given to the facts, or supposed facts, in this case. In these modern days, with the newspapers anxious as they are, and very properly, to get all the information and facts in regard to a case of this kind, sometimes it turns out, and through no fault of the newspapers, that statements given as facts are not wholly correct, and people are thus prone to form erroneous conclusions, pro and con, from what they read in the columns of the newspapers. It should be the duty, and it is important that it should be so, of grand and petit jurors to feel that they form a part of the judicial system just as much as the judges.

Our Judiciary Unstained.

He might properly say, having recently been appointed, that the judiciary of this country was one upon which no one thought of casting the slightest suspicion. In this respect our country stood pre-eminent on this continent. This was because the judges do their duty in accordance with the oath they had taken, and were not influenced by circumstances, which they should not allow to influence them, or to which they should not pay attention.

It should be the jurors' firm desire to free themselves from any prejudice, and discharge their duty between the public and the prisoner, and between one litigant and another according to the facts given in evidence. He believed that this was the course of the juries in this country, and that they did not pay any attention to what they heard outside of the court room. If any one had formed an opinion from what he had heard or read, it was his duty to remove his prejudice and come with his mind clear to the discharge of his duties.

The first case taken up was an action for damages for injuries received, brought by Robert Ferguson against the Townships of Southwold and Yarmouth. It is in progress.

A FIRE ENGINE DEAL.

Two True Bills Against J. D. Ronald for Attempted Bribery.

Belleville, March 5.—The grand jury have returned two true bills against J. D. Ronald of Brussels, Ont., on the charge of attempting to bribe R. T. Houston, a member of the council of the village of Tweed, to purchase a fire engine in which he is interested.

One Good Result.

The value of standard life insurance is strikingly illustrated by the case of Mrs. Harriet Strong of Los Angeles, Cal., who had seven exhibits of oranges, lemons, walnuts and other agricultural and mining products at the World's Columbian Exposition. Ten years ago her husband, Charles L. Strong, died, leaving his wife and four daughters a life insurance policy and an interest in an entirely uncultivated ranch. With the proceeds of the policy to supply immediate needs, Mrs. Strong set to work to cultivate the ranch. Today she has two hundred and twenty-five acres under cultivation; 75 acres are in English walnuts and seventy-five in oranges of the finest kinds; thirty-five acres are waving with pampas grass, hundreds of dollars' worth of which she sells in Europe every year. Mrs. Strong is a member of the Chamber of Commerce in Los Angeles, and her financial ability may be judged from the fact that she has recently given bonds to the amount of $100,000 as treasurer of an irrigation district.

The Mutual Life Insurance Company of New York, Richard A. McCurdy, President, has helped thousands. Ask an agent to show you the continuous instalment policy, or write for particulars to Henry K. Merritt, manager, 31, 32, 33 Bank of Commerce Building, Toronto.

Fresh From Rotten Row.

It is with pleasure we chronicle the advent into Toronto of the latest aspirant for public favor, the Trilby scarf. This is Buckingham's latest creation, and the popular price, 50c, which Quinn is selling it at, will doubtless accord it a brilliant reception.

Fetherstonhaugh & Co., patent solicitors and experts. Bank Commerce Building, Toronto.

Conductor Stone's Bail Estreated.

Montreal, March 5.—John Stone, G.T.R. conductor, defaulted in the Court of Queen's Bench this morning and Judge Baby forfeited his bail bonds and issued a bench warrant for his arrest. The other three answered and pleaded not guilty. Mr. McMaster, Q.C., moved that more particulars be furnished of the charges.

Turkish baths, open all night, phone 1286

Seven Years for Counterfeiting.

St. Catharines, March 5.—Charles Bower, the Queenston counterfeiter, was yesterday sentenced to seven years in Kingston Penitentiary. He pleaded guilty.

"Salada" Ceylon Tea is delicious.

Important to Invalids.

Almoxia wine is the only wine known to contain natural salts of iron produced by nature, on account of the ferruginous soil in which the vines are cultivated. See analysis of Prof. Heys. Sold by all druggists and wine merchants.

A cold in the throat is cured by using Adams' Horehound Tutti Frutti. Refuse imitations.

Arlington Hotel.

This elegant, comfortable hotel offers every inducement to those desiring permanent winter accommodations.

Beaumont Jarvis, Architect and Superintendent, Traders Bk. Bldg., Toronto. Phone 2274

The Plantation Blend.

This is a combination of fine coffees, so blended as to yield a strong, rich flavored beverage, This coffee is one which Michie & Co. recommend, above all others, to those wanting a good medium-priced coffee. They are offering it at 37c lb. ed

OVERSHADOWED AND THRUST IN THE BACKGROUND.

While Sectarianism with its unseemly wrangling monopolizes the political stage the one great issue is forgotten.

MINISTERS AT GUELPH

Christian Kloepfer Nominated by South Wellington Conservatives.

Guelph, Ont., March 5.—The Liberal-Conservative Association of South Wellington, at a convention this afternoon, nominated Christian Kloepfer as their candidate. With a Patron and Liberal in the field the Conservatives think Mr. Kloepfer will be elected.

A public meeting was held in the new Opera House, when addresses were made by Hon. Mr. Haggart, Hon. Dr. Montague, Hon. Clarke Wallace and Hon. J. F. Wood.

East Durham Reformers Doubtful.

Millbrook, Ont., March 5.—East Durham Reform Association met here today. There was a divided opinion as to the advisability of placing a candidate in the field, as already the Conservatives and McCarthyites have chosen their standard-bearers, and many thought it best to leave the fight to these two. Several nominations were made, but each candidate thought it would be better to await the result of the Patron convention, which is to be held here next week.

In Manitoba.

Winnipeg, Man., March 5.—The Conservatives of Manitoba are arranging to hold a big convention at Winnipeg about the 20th. At least three of the Dominion Ministers will attend, and 200 delegates, representing every section of the province.

James MacDonnell was chosen Liberal candidate for Selkirk at a convention held in Winnipeg to-day.

Petit Candidate in Terrebonne

Montreal, March 5.—Hon. Mr. Laurier, Mr. Tarte, M.P., and others addressed a Liberal convention at St. Jerome today. Mr. H. E. Petit, notary public, was selected as a candidate to contest Terrebonne with Mr. Leclair, M.P., the Conservative member.

Burnham, M.P., Re-Nominated.

Norwood, Ont., March 5.—At a mass meeting of the Conservatives of East Peterboro, John Burnham, M.P., was unanimously chosen as the candidate, and accepted in a short speech. The Hon. J. C. Patterson, Minister of Militia, delivered an address.

Bennett to Again Contest East Simcoe.

Orillia, Ont., March 5.—At the convention of East Simcoe Conservatives W. H. Bennett, M.P., was unanimously tendered and accepted the nomination.

North Perth Conservatives.

Milverton, Ont., March 5.—At a most enthusiastic convention of North Perth Conservatives here to-day, Alexander F. McLaren was nominated for the House of Commons in the Conservative interest.

Speak Now, Mr. Laurier.

Prince Albert Advocate: Members of both political parties, and those also who are not members of either party, are deeply interested in the question as to whether Hon. Mr. Laurier will accept the nomination of Saskatchewan Liberals. Every Conservative you meet is firmly convinced that Mr. Laurier will not come; while the Liberals almost to a man are willing to gamble that he will.

The Horrible School Question.

The Northwest Baptist, the official organ of the Baptists of Manitoba and the Northwest, says in a recent issue:

"The position of The Northwest Baptist on the school question, all along, has been that our legislation is not on such an adamant basis of righteousness and ungainsayable principle that it can turn its teeth to the storms until they blow their cheeks empty. When rights or supposed rights of a legal sort have been peaceably enjoyed for a term of years, sufficient generally in civic affairs to quiet titles and give undisturbable possession, it is impossible to allay feeling and heal wounds, when such rights are confiscated by a pretence at reverting to fundamental principles. Had the clean straight thing been done in 1890, eliminating from our public school system every vestige of so-called religious instruction, the unnecessary presence of which has confirmed Roman Catholics in the opinion that it was not common schools we were after, but Protestant schools, no doubt our legislation would have outridden the storm, although it is to be doubted that there would have been anything like the storm that has been experienced during these last three years. But now where are we? Politics, aside, what should be done? He is no friend of Canada or Manitoba who says: "Oh, it is not our funeral, let the Dominion Government settle it. In all soberness, we ask, can politics ever settle this question? We believe not. Neither courts nor cabinets are the right place to adjudge this matter. The Privy Council, without determining what rights of the Roman Catholics have been invaded, clearly indicates that there is a case for intervention on the part of the Dominion. Let Manitoba recognize this decision. We are a part of the Empire. We cannot antagonize Great Britain or even the Dominion, when the Dominion's authority in such a matter is established by the highest court in Great Britain. There ought to be a readiness on the part of Manitoba—we mean the Provincial Government—to be a party in discovering where our legislation has wronged our Roman Catholic fellow-citizens, and, upon discovering, willingly make every endeavor to do them justice."

Political Pickups.

North Grey Prohibitionists are expected to put a candidate in the field.

Sunbury and Queen's, N.B., Reformers will select a candidate at Gagetown, March 7.

Frank Oliver of Edmonton will be the Liberal candidate in Alberta, and J. A. Richard Liberal candidate for Provencher.

British Columbia Liberals are in great fettele, because at the convention in Victoria 900 delegates were present.

In Burrard, B.C., Rev. T. R. Maxwell, Presbyterian, is spoken of as the combined candidate of the Labor party, McCarthyites and Reformers.

The Montreal Witness says Hon. Mr. Chapleau will resign the Lieutenant-Governorship of Quebec and take part in the contest. "He is still the people's conception of the popular tribune."

At the South Ontario Reform convention at Whitby, March 9, Fred L. Fowke of Oshawa is expected to be nominated in opposition to William Smith, M.P. Leonard Burnett of Greenbank is a possible Patron candidate.

Hon. F. Langelier has stated his intention of not seeking re-election in Quebec Centre. Mr. Laurier has personally requested him to run, and petitions are being signed to that end.

The following is an official list of McCarthy League candidates now in the field: North Simcoe, Mr. D'Alton McCarthy; Muskoka, Col. O'Brien; North Bruce, Mr. Potts; North Perth, Mr. Freeburn; East Durham, Col. McLean; Dundas, Mr. Reveler; West Lambton, Mr Dewar; Cardwell, Mr. Stubbs; West Wellington, Dr. Groves; Halton, Mr. P. T. Scott. There will be a candidate in East Lambton, full ticket in Toronto, and two candidates at Hamilton.

"Salada" Tea is sold in lead packets only.

Dropped In to Die.

At about half past eleven on Monday a woman entered St. Michael's Hospital and stated that she had just suffered from a hemorrhage of the stomach. She was admitted as a patient and shortly after had another hemorrhage, which caused her death. She gave her name as Mrs. Rogers of 74 Louisa-street.

California Tokay.

California Tokay is the most delicious, red, sweet, pure wine ever sold in Canada. Price $2.50 per gallon, $6 per dozen 50 cts per bottle, The demand for it is unprecedented. Wm. Mara, 79 Yonge-street.

Cures a cough—Adams' Licorice Tutti Frutti. Allow no imitations to be palmed off on you.

DEATHS.

HENDERSON—At 259 Arthur-street, on March 4, Esther Henderson, wife of James Henderson, G.T.R. constable, in the 65th year of her age.

Funeral from her late residence on Thursday, 7th inst., at 2 p.m.

DID HE INTEND SUICIDE?

STRANGE SEQUEL TO A SECRET MARRIAGE.

The Son of a Wealthy Regina Merchant Studying Medicine at Toronto Marries on the Sly—He Is Now Under Treatment at the General Hospital—His Father Expected Here To-Day.

The students of Trinity Medical College are much excited over the secret marriage of one of their fellows and his rumored attempt at suicide subsequently. The student in question is Hugh E. Kerr, a young man from Regina, N.W.T., who came here in October last to study medicine and boarded with Miss Fox of 375 Parliament-street. Miss Fox had a niece named Miss Charlotte Lamb living with her, a sprightly young lady to whom all her boarders were more or less attached. Kerr and Miss Lamb became great friends, and on the 21st of January they went to the residence of Rev. John A. Morrison, at 255 Carlton-street, and were quietly married. Mr. Morrison, who is pastor of Oak-street Presbyterian Church, did not know Kerr, but performed the ceremony pursuant to license in the presence of witnesses. The marriage was kept a close secret from all their friends and relatives by the young couple.

The Green-Eyed Monster.

In the meantime an old affection of the spine, caused by a kick received from a horse when Kerr was on a ranch in the Northwest Territories, had showed itself, and the young man became subject to epileptic fits attended by hallucinations and attacks of moroseness. On the night of the fire of Jan. 6 he was seized with one and they recurred from time to time. He showed considerable jealousy of Miss Lamb and two weeks ago to-night was particularly morose, imagining that everyone was slighting him. He went to the bedroom of Miss Lamb, who was not then known to be his wife, and dragged her out of bed reproaching her for not coming to sit and talk with him in his room as had been usual with her.

Did He Attempt Suicide?

Later in the night a fellow boarder named Dunn was aroused by very heavy breathing in