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THE HERALD.

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OUR SECOND VOLUME.

With this number THE HERALD enters upon its second year. Without desiring to boast, it may fairly claim to have kept its promise to give its readers a paper reliable in its news, elevated in its tone—a paper that may safely be taken into the family circle. It has avoided sensationalism. It has preferred always the bright, the cheerful, the inspiring side of life. In its political work, it has endeavored to soften the roughness of party warfare as much as possible, and if at at any time it has been necessary to indulge in severe criticism, care has always been taken to discriminate between the public and private capacity of individuals. THE HERALD hopes that in its second volume, it will improve upon its good features and remedy any faults which experience has disclosed.

ABOUT CREEDS.

The Rev. Lyman Abbott, in giving his reasons for being a Congregationalist, lays stress upon the point that questions of creed occupy a subordinate place in that church organization. Creeds are valuable only, he says, as a means to an end, the end being purity of life. There is much in this position to commend itself to persons not associated with churches, as well as to many who are. One reason why the churches do not make more progress is that they insist in nearly every case upon belief in some creed, which is usually elaborated with a pretence of scientific accuracy. A somewhat noticeable instance has lately come to light. A number of persons associated with the Free Baptist church embraced what they call the doctrine of entire sanctification. Strictly speaking it is not a doctrine. It is a fact, if anything at all, capable of demonstration just as insanity or any other mental condition is demonstrable. Around this central fact, of the existence of which they were convinced, a number of persons grouped themselves into a church organzation. A member might believe in anything provided he admitted the necesssity and possibility of entire sanctification. A meeting for organization was held and a gentleman, Rev. Mr. Wiggins, was appointed to draw up a creed, "Articles of Belief" they call it, and he has produced something which it is safe to say many of the organization did not and never will accept; but to what they had bound themselves in advance. What will be the outcome of it cannot at present be foreseen. The incident is interesting. The Holiness people, as they call themselves, recognized that religion was not a series of theories, but a fact capable of proof. They therefore cast all theories to the winds and rested upon the fact alone. Probably like many others before them they misunderstood the fact and were not very happy in selecting a name for it; probably they thought they had discovered more than they really had found; but such errors are human, and the man who strives after perfect holiness is apt to be a good man, even if he makes the mistake of thinking that he has reached an unattainable ideal. Not content with this they must establish a creed. Well there is this to be said about it, that the primitive church did the same thing, not in its earliest days, perhaps, but as soon as it was found more convenient to accept a certain belief than to live a good life—as soon as rich and influential men began to want to be christians, but found self-denial irksome. Then the divines fell to creed making, and it came to pass that a man might be everything vile and cruel, but be sure of salvation provided he believed, or said he believed, what the church prescribed. The Reformation was a revolt against a belief in the sufficiency of creeds, and it was not the last movement of the kind within the Roman Catholic church, though most of those which have succeeded it have been allowed to work out within the church itself. The Wesleyan movement was of the same class. So is the Salvation army; so was the old New Light movement, and so was the Holiness movement and many others. They were all due to the same inspiration—that religion is a fact not an elaborate theory. Like the other great facts in nature, it adjusts itself to human progress, or rather, it is adapted to all phases of human progress. A man may be religious in the truest sense and yet be abreast of the foremost in all that makes our nineteenth century the best century the world has yet seen. He will not feel bound by the conceptions of men far more ignorant than he. He will not be misled into the notion that there was a time when heaven was much nearer earth than it is now and some subtle and lost means of communication existed between the seen and unseen worlds. He will not worry himself to reconcile things which are in their nature diverse, to comprehend things not understood by those who propounded them, and failing this to blindly believe what the mind is incapable of appreciating. He needs no council of clerics to tell him that the teachings of the Great Master are divine.

POLITICAL VISITORS.

Hon. Messrs. Laurier and Davies are to speak in St. John on Monday next. They will present the liberal platform for the consideration of the people of that constituency. Both gentlemen possess a deserved reputation for eloquence and doubtless their addresses will be of more than ordinary interest. Reciprocity will probably be a prominent feature in their speeches. Reciprocity is the coming question. Erastus Wiman, in a private letter to a friend in this city, says: "Reciprocity is in the air here (New York) to an extent not dreamed of by politicians and newspaper men." There is not much doubt but that the democratic victory in the United States is only the beginning of an important change in public sentiment. Our neighbors did not adopt protection for its own sake. They adopted a high tariff because the war made a great revenue necessary. This tariff was necessarily protective, and the protected manufacturers have been strong enough to prevent a return to sound economic principles. Something like this has taken place in Canada. Increased demands on the treasury compelled higher tariff—a tariff which was not to be protective. Of course it was protective and the protected manufacturers were prompt in demanding the adoption, as a plank in the conservative platform, of a line of policy which was not at first contemplated. Perhaps it was sound economic policy, in view of what was being done in the United States, for Canada to adopt protection; but it is not worth while discussing that now. Appearances indicate that we are soon to be face to face with new conditions.

THE American trotting association by expelling the great horse Nelson and his owner from all tracks under its supervision have shown an independent sense of justice that will do much to clear race tracks of "crooked work."

THE MONEY MARKET.

The stress in the United States money market continues. There does not seem to be money enough to meet the requirements of business, and congress is asked to take some steps to provide relief. One suggestion is that the amount of bonds, which must be deposited in order to establish a national bank, shall be greatly reduced, and that banks shall be allowed to issue bills to the par value of their deposited securities instead of only 90 per cent as at present. The increase of ten per cent would itself afford considerable relief. The free coinage of silver is another security proposed. It seems a strange thing that money should be scarce. It is quite intelligible that money should only be forthcoming on prime securities; but that the banks should be compelled to refuse to advance on these seems to indicate a serious flaw somewhere in our monetary system. The circulation of money is governed not by the value of property in the state, but by the amount of gold in the vaults of financial institutions. Hence the London Times calls on the banks of the continental capitals to join with those of London in sending the needed gold to New York. This condition of things will greatly strengthen the hands of the bi-metallists. It is somewhat singular that in a great crises the gold standard is generally abandoned. We are accustomed to speak of gold as the basis of the circulation of the bank of England. In reality it is the national credit. The government had borrowed the bank's money and could not pay it back; but allowed the bank to issue bank notes to the amount of the loan. The United States relied upon non-redeemable currency to carry them through the greatest crisis of their history. France, when burdened by its enormous indemnity to Germany, issued an irredeemable currency for domestic purposes, gathered up its gold and sent it to Berlin, and prospered as she never prospered before. Without discussing whether or not the gold basis, or bimetallism, or the greenback system is the more correct, there is this to be remarked, that we are accustomed to take our financial ideas from persons interested in maintaining the existing condition of things. Banking institutions may be expected to oppose any innovations. They have their methods of doing business; their managers have been trained in certain ideas, and they will naturally discountenance theories inconsistent with these. Nevertheless the developments of the last few months have shown the insufficiency of the present system.

A VISIT to the settlements of Glassville and Johnville demonstrates what can be done on our best farming lands. These are two out of a number of fine settlements in the same district, and the oldest of them has only been twenty-nine years in existence. These settlements were established under conditions which do not now exist—conditions much more unfavorable than those prevailing now. The settlers were sent into the forest in advance of the roads. We had no railways, except two partially completed lines near the Bay of Fundy. The first Glassville settlers were upwards of a week in going from St. John to their new homes. They had to go through ten miles of forest, after reaching the limits of the then existing settlements. Nearly all the people who are located in the district referred to are comfortable; some of them are quite well-to-do; none of them are indigent. Taking them all in all, they have probably done very much better in the twenty years, which would be about the average length of time they have been there, than any similar number of people who have remained in the cities or have gone to seek homes elsewhere. Allowing for all the hardships, there is reason to claim that a good new farm is about as sure a start in life as an industrious, economical man can ask. The work is hard; but the reward is sure; which cannot be said of all hard work.

REFERRING again to the condition of the river channel at the Oromocto shoals, it may be stated that an appropriation of $1,000 was made last winter and the reason it was not expended at the shoals was that the tug boat men represented that, owing to the very large amount of lumber to be handled on the river this year, the placing of the dredge on the shoals would cause much inconvenience and expense. It was claimed that it would compel the dividing up of rafts. In consideration of this claim the money was spent elsewhere. An appropriation is expected this winter, sufficient to complete the work at the shoals, which is a comparatively small matter. The people of York and Sunbury will expect their expectations in this matter to be fully met.

COMPLAINTS are made that the snow plough does not get around soon enough, and that in fact it does not go into some streets at all. A suggestion is made that the contractor has undertaken too much. There are over nine miles of streets in the city and to plough the snow from both sides of these means eighteen miles of ploughing. It is not easy to see how this can be satisfactorily done even by two ploughs. The citizens want the snow removed promptly. This could be better accomplished if the contract were let by wards, a plough to be run in each ward. It would cost a little more no doubt; but the citizens would not complain if the service was satisfactory. Doubtless the contractor is doing the best he can; but he has a large job in hand.

IF the American public believes the sort of news that is telegraphed from Canada they must have curious ideas of this country. The latest story circulated by the telegraph is that Quebec will shortly have to borrow between $300,000,000 and $400,000,000, and that the consequence will be a repudiation of the Quebec indebtedness by the dominion. It would not be easy to get things much more astray than this.

IT IS understood that C. W. Weldon, acting for himself and some other St. John liberals, has purchased the St. John Daily Telegraph. The reported price is $35,000. If the new proprietors have courage equal to the opportunity, they can fill "a long felt want." There is room in the maritime provinces for a much better paper than is published in them, and the Telegraph would be a grand basis to build on.

NAPIERVILLE has been "redeemed," so the conservatives say. The fact is that at an election between two strong advocates of unrestricted reciprocity the conservative succeeded. It is not easy to measure the size of such a "redemption" or to say how many more such would have to be achieved to oust the government.

THE Canadian egg seems to suit the English market very well and a large and profitable trade will likely be developed. Test shipments of poultry are being made; but it is said that the outlook is not quite as favorable for this line of produce. In that event our farmers will not kill the fowl that lays the golden egg.

Adam Brown M. P. Dominion commissioner to the Jamaica exhibition, states that sixty eight Canadian cities and towns will be represented at the exhibition, and the Dominion will show up well in the extent and variety of the exhibit.

SANTA CLAUS.

The Rosy Cheeked Old Gentleman Pays A Visit to Our Advertisers.

Oh! Santa Claus has been to town to have a holiday, and poked his nose in all the stores to see the features gay. To see the features gay my boys, to have a merry time, for work without the play my boys aint worth a single dime. He shook THE HERALD by the hand, he murmured projects wise, and said "I've come you'll understand my goods to advertise." He left his pointers great behind all solid truths revealing, and with a laugh merry and kind he vanished through the ceiling.

Just on Hand.

Just on hand at A. Lottimer's an immense stock of moccasins which we would like to put on a good footing. Those low shoes too are something good to boot, and the Bell's laced boots will walk right into your little affections. Solid concern, those skating boots, they bear the weight of inspection. We have some warm pointers also on mitts and stockings, and the influence of the latter is felt. Popular prices in boots and shoes from 80 cents to $6, and the perfection shoe will not pinch at the latter price. If you want to foot it featly you must call at this popular Queen street store.

Head Quarters for Xmas.

At Christmas the head quarters for a general line of grocery goods is to be found at Stewart L. Morrison's, corner Queen and York streets. The stock of Xmas fruits is most complete, and his Nova Scotian apples are immense. His grapes, nuts and confectionary are tasty and choice. Prompt attention, popular prices, and quality guaranteed. Do not forget to make your head quarters this Xmas at Stewart L. Morrison's general grocery store.

A Perfect Xmas Dinner.

Have you ever thought of the effect of an ordinary oven upon a ten pound roast of meat? If you have not would you be surprised to hear that 40 per cent. shrinkage occurs in 60 pounds of meat roasted in the ordinary tight stove and that the loss in juices amounts to three pounds? Contrast these results with the charter oak wire guaze oven door, and notice the effects on the same size piece of meat. The loss of juices is only 1lb or 13½ per cent. This great saving is caused by the fresh air entering the oven, and combining with the food. Meats roasted in the charter oak never need basting as they cook in their own juices. Bread is lighter and sweeter, and the saving in fuel is immense. Every stove or range is guaranteed, and a special broiling grate supplied with each order. So if you wish a perfect Xmas dinner you must call on R. Chestnut & Sons, Queen street, and inspect these wonderful stoves.

Business is Rushing.

This season marks the close of a four years successful business conducted at Joseph Walker's west end tailoring establishment, and in thanking the public for their patronage in the past and for the future, the proprietor would call attention to his latest fashionable importations from Huddersfield, England. There is a select line of fancy trowserings, a choice selection of melton overcoatings, and the patterns are superior. Business is rushing and parties desiring a good suit of clothes, style, fit, and workmanship guaranteed, should place their orders early at Joseph Walker's west end establishment. Latest fashions, correct styles and popular prices.

A Christmas Card.

If you want to do your heart good, steady your nerves, and please the youngsters, you must get a few pointers from M. S. Hall's book store on Queen street. Those elegant Xmas cards are something new. Then there are some novel work baskets in various styles. A desirable present is a richly bound bible. But what about that large assortment of purses, and those fancy autograph albums? Have you looked over the portfolios, and the screen albums? If not, you will find them very superior articles. Again, those mechanical toys, stereoscopic views, and juvenile books are bonanzas for the children. Those standard works are to be had from a nickle up. Surprising is it not? But you must come and see for yourself, and you will be agreeably entertained.

Can't do Without Them.

In bustling sharp December the thermometer warns us to be in readiness against the searching winds. Those capes, muffs, boas, collars, cuffs and fur trimmings at Dever Brothers' store on Queen street are the very thing for you. You can't do without them this winter, comfort must be attended to. Those dress silks are very choice and will bear inspection. Call and see them. Prices to suit every one's purse.

An Age of Quotations.

This is an age of quotations, and that famous one "Know all men by these presents" is a familiar one at George H. Davis' store on Queen street. The Xmas belles are fond of these quotations on perfumery, brushes and soaps, and it is not good for man to be without a scent. We don't fill our advertisements with common-place extracts, those established favorites the phosphorized emulsion, quinine and wine, together with the proprietary and patent medicines are fine "make ups" for any paper. Only the purest and the best of drugs are dispensed here. If you want a smoke just inspect our tobacconists goods. Walk right in.

Solid Xmas Facts.

Don't believe in solid facts do you? Nothing like being up to the time of day though, and those solid gold and silver Waltham watches are paragraphs in themselves. To add more value to the argument just look at those elegant charms, solitaire pins, fancy gold rings and rolled plated bracelets. By way of illustration you may put down those marble clocks, silver tea services ple knives, berry spoons, napkin rings, card receivers and cutlery as perfect pictures. Those gold headed canes are too handy for anything, fact! and those lady fob chains are bound to rivet your attention. Links, studs and cuff buttons, silver thimbles, in all designs. The bronze clocks are Scotch novelties; don't overlook them. They are sure to go. So call on R. Blackmer, Queen street. Be up with the times and take home a present with you.

They Will Do It.

Yes, those pipes will burst. Can't expect anything else this weather, they will do it, especially if you forget to turn off the water. The next thing to do is to send to Limerick & Duncan, on York Street. They will put matters to rights, as they are practical tinsmiths, gasfitters, and plumbers. The kitchen will be sure to require furnishings at Xmas times and they are the men to do it. Their hot air furnaces too are fitted up in the most approved style. Don't forget to give them a call through telephone 166.

Have you been There.

Been there? Oh! yes, we have all been there, and we mean to go again. Can't possibly do without it this Xmas. Those German preserves in strawberries, raspberries, pears, plums, grapes, and mixed fruits, with a Xmas hamper extra nice and tight will enable us to get there any time. Nothing like bringing the solid comforts home from G. T. Whelpley's on Queen street. So if you have not been there you had better go at once, and be sure you will be well treated.

Xmas Feed.

You cannot always make hay while the sun shines but you can get it all the same. We all indulge in Xmas feed this season of the year. Good cheer for man and beast is what is most desired, and don't forget the wants of the latter but give G. R. Perkins on Phœnix square a call at his well known feed store. You will find him amongst the middlings, smoking a corn cob pipe and singing "Oh! John Barleycorn."

The Country Trade.

The fine sledding of the past few days has given quite an impetus to the country trade and large numbers of orders have been received at the well known establishment of A. F. Randolph & Son. A full line of general groceries, Xmas fruit, lemon and citron peels and spices of all kinds. No better goods were ever put on sale. There teas and coffees too are the very thing and of the best quality. Their canned goods are in great demand, first class brands only are kept. Bring along your sleds and your orders, and take away the finest complement of the season.

Quite Complete.

We intend to make the winter season quite comfortable for you. Our opera, jersey, dutch, tennis, and homespun flannels are specialties. Then again those velvets, cloths, dress goods, and furs are most complete. Call at John Haslin's Queen street store, and inspect the fine stock of fashionable goods. They are quite complete.

The Latest Styles.

We would advise our readers to give Lucy & Co. corner Queen and Regent streets a call before making their Xmas purchases. They keep a very fine stock of footwear including American and Canadian overboots fancy slippers, felt wool lined skating and walking boots, and the finest stock of moose moccasins we have seen this year. Here is where you will also find a very large stock of fur, cloth and scotch knit caps. The latest styles of hard and soft hats. Men's, boy's and children's clothing in suits, overcoats, ulsters, reefers, cardigan jackets, shirts and underclothing, also a fine stock of rubber and waterproof coats, trunks and travelling bags, etc. The leading feature of this establishment is all customers get the very best value for their money. You can find hundreds of useful articles suitable for Xmas presents among their elegant stock.

Police Intelligence.

The preliminary examination of George Boone the forger took place at St. John on Saturday last. Messrs. Rodgers, Emmerson, and Fisher gave evidence respecting the forged order, and the prisoner was remanded for eight days.

All has been quiet in police circles this week the only break occuring on Friday when a young man, who had been on a protracted spree, was required to make the usual deposit with the magistrate.

A Good Appointment.

Moses H Pickard who paid a flying visit to his old home at Fredericton a few days ago, and who was formerly station agent at Caribou, has been appointed to a lucrative position on the Maine Central railroad. All his friends in this city will wish him prosperity and continued success in his new undertaking. Mr. Pickard leaves Caribou in a short time to enter upon his new duties.

Accident on the Ice.

While Odbur Morgan, of this city, was driving across the ice with a load of wood on Monday morning last, his team broke through near the Phœnix square landing. It was twenty minutes to eight and very few people were about to render aid. However with the assistance of two friends the animals were rescued from their icy bath, very little the worse for the accident.

Dr. J. H. Bridges who is about leaving the province will hold an auction sale at his residence, St. Mary's, Thursday, Dec. 18th, consisting of horses, colts, cow, heifer, sleighs, sled, harness, surgical instruments, books, furniture, groceries, etc. The horses and sleighs will be sold at 11 o'clock. See posters. H. G. C. Wetmore, auctioner.

EXCURSIONS.—The Canada Eastern offer special rates over their line during the holiday season, good from the 23rd of this month until the 7th of January, at one single class fare for the round trip. School teachers on presentation of their certificates are granted an extension of time until the 17th of Jan.

CANADIAN NEWS.

The Week's Events in Brief—The Cream of our Exchanges.

The governor general in council has decided to commute the sentence of death on Morin, the Montmagny murderer, to imprisonment for life.

W. R. Brock, a leading dry goods man and president of the Empire newspaper, has been selected by the citizens committee as mayoralty candidate at Toronto.

The funeral of the late Dr. Henderson, past grand master of the grand lodge of Masons of Canada, took place Wednesday at Kingston, Ont., and was largely attended by the craft. The services were conducted by Grand Master Robertson and R. W. G. Chaplain Craig, of Deseronto, of grand lodge.

A large meeting of workmen was held at Ottawa a few days ago on what is know as "The Flats" to consider the distress existing among mill hands, owing to low wages and want of work. Teamsters only get eighty cents a day and about three days work per week, the wages of shippers and other hands being equally low. Men with large families are offering to go to the woods for $12 a month. A large number can get nothing to do and the prospects for winter are gloomy.

The jury on the South Bay disaster returned a verdict at 3.50 p. m. Wednesday as follows: That Henry Baird came to his death from wounds received in the boiler explosion, and that boiler number 2 was short of water and overheated this causing the explosion. The jury recommend to the government that the inspection of mill boilers be compulsory. The jury were locked up from 1.10 until 3.50.

At the regular meeting of the Canadian Pacific board a supplementary dividend of one per cent was declared for the half year to be paid with the guaranteed half yearly payment of one and one half per cent, making a total payment of two and one half per cent for the half year. It is estimated that the surplus earning for the year, after paying the two supplementary dividends, will leave a balance of $925,000 to be added to the dividend reserve fund.

A petition will be shortly forwarded to the Imperial government from the people of the west coast of Newfoundland, asking for annexation to Canada. The petitioners say that they are geographically united to the Dominion, from which they are only 40 miles distant, while they are separated from the main colony of Newfoundland by a wilderness 500 miles wide. They further say that they now receive no protection against French aggression, while they are taxed to the last cent.

At Quebec on Monday there was a phenominally small tide in the river, the difference between high and low tide being but a very few feet only. Old river men are unable to account for the phenomen on, which, they say, has never in their knowledge been noticed here before They also predict that it will be difficult to prevent the formation of an ice bridge on the river this winter. Never, so far as known, in the early part of December has so much floating, heavy ice been seen in the river here.

At Victoria Bridge Thursday afternoon, Francis DesJardines, a French-Canadian belonging to Gaspe, Que., had three ribs broken, left thigh broken and badly hurt inwardly by earth falling on him while working in a cut on the Digby and Annopolis railway. Drs. Ellison, of Bear River, and Jones, of Digby, were despatched for, but were unable to do anything for him, so badly was he hurt. Death relieved the poor fellow from his pains during night. Rev. Thos. J. Grace was sent for and arrived in time to administer the last sacraments of the Catholic church to the dying man. Deceased was a fine stalwart-looking man of about 40 years of age and is said to be married, leaving a large family. He had been working on the railway ever since the present contractors took hold of it.

In order to bring the advantages of Manitoba before the people of Europe, fifty practical farmers from various sections of the country have been selected to go to Great Britain and other European countries, where they will spend the winter in advertising Manitoba and the Northwest.

Married in a hurry separated five minutes after marriage and both anxious to have the ceremony annulled. Such is the experience of William Abbott and Ella Wilson Abbott, two young people who got married in Montreal in October, 1888, and have not lived together since. Mrs. Abbott who brings suit for annulment of the marriage, was only 15 years of age when it took place. She now claims that she did not know her mind at the time and was under the legal control of her parents. She is a member of the "Penalty" company, and is now travelling through the south and west under the stage name of Miss Wilson. Young Abbott, who is in business in Montreal, is good looking, of good manners and the son of a well-known Canadian politician. The husband disappeared suddenly after his marriage.

Constable Springspeed of Stoney Creek brought an interesting prisoner into Hamilton, Ont., on Monday morning. The man in custody was none other than the long-haired recluse, who had been living in the woods of Saltfleet for some time. He is about 60 years old. He has about two feet of matted grey hair and a long beard growing thickly on his face. His only shelter in the woods was composed of the trunks of trees put together like an inverted V and a lot of brushwood thrown over. He was clad in clothing that he had begged from time to time. When taken before the Magistrate he admitted that he depended for his living upon what he could get by begging. He talked little about himself, but was quite willing to sing and dance. He has lived in the wilds for many years. The Magistrate sent him to jail for five months.

On Monday last complaint was laid before Justice Thos. R. Cameron of Andover that M. J. Egan (shoddy cloth peddler) had obtained certain promissory notes fraudulently and by false pretense. A warrant was at once issued for his arrest and constable Wilson started in pursuit of him. He traced Egan to Florenceville and having arrested him he took him to Tracey's hotel to wait for the express; but Egan pined for the free air of his native province (Ontario.) One of his confederates in the cloth business drove his team to the hotel door, and placed his hand on constable Wilson's shoulder and entered into earnest conversation with him, Wilson who was standing, in true English fashion, with his back to the fire, looked over his shoulder to see that his coat was not burning, Egan gave him a violent push away from the door, sprangh throug it himself, jumped into the waiting waggon and was driven rapidly towards Uncle Sam's dominions, which he reached in due season and took the C. P. R. express at Danforth for parts unknown.

FOREIGN NEWS.

Summary of the Press Telegrams From all Parts of the World.

The decomposed body of a man, supposed to be Padlewski, the suspected murderer of Gen. Seliverskoff, has been found near Ixelles, Belgium. The deceased had taken prussic aid.

In the German army the Emperor is known as "Alarm Fritz," on account of his habit of rousing the garrisons in the middle of the night. In the navy he is known as "Gondola Billy," from "gondoling" about, as they call it, anywhere and everywhere.

In a quarrel at Paine's Valley, I. T. Tuesday night, between Senator Sam Paul, of the Chicasaw legislature, and his son Jose Paul, the latter was shot in the breast and killed, and his father badly wounded in the thigh. The quarrel it is stated arose over a woman of bad repute.

Healy, on three occasions, was hooted in the streets of Dublin on Tuesday. The last time he tried to address the people when the crowd made a rush for him, hustling him around and smashing his hat down over his eyes. One man was arrested for assaulting Healy with a stick.

One of the saddest incidents connected with the excitement caused by Prof. Koch's lymph discovery is that of the suicide of Martin Mergel, a son of one of Fort Wayne's leading merchants. The boy had been ill of consumption for some time, and became despondent because of his inability to procure any lymph.

News has been received that the Spanish expedition against the rebels in the Caroline Islands took the fortified position of Ketani on the Island of Ponape. During the attack one Spanish officer and 25 soldiers were killed and four officer and 47 men wounded. The natives had two guns. The Spaniards burned all the villages in the Ketani district.

Cornelius Vanderbilt, Chauncey M. Depew and other railroad men passed over the Michigan Central Wednesday evening in an official train en route for Chicago. The run from Clifton to St. Thomas, 115 miles, was made in 126 minutes, actual running time, and to Windsor, 111 miles, was made in 108 minutes, actual running time.

In the senate, Oklahoma, Tuesday, during the discussion of a Kingfisher capital bill, a personal encounter occurred between Senator Brown of Oklahoma and Senator Brown of Logan. The friends of both came to their aid and the greatest confusion prevailed in the chamber for the time. It was impossible to transact any business and the senate was finally adjourned.

Two timber hunters were paddling a canoe on Poke Moonshine lake, one night recently, says the Calais Times, when one of them, in the dark thought he saw a rock ahead. His companion in the stern, who had been warned to sheer out, exclaimed that it was something alive, and grasping his rifle, fired two shots and killed a fine buck, which was quickly towed ashore.

The Franklin bank, of Clarksville Tenn., a private concern with a capital of $50,000, suspended payment Wednesday on account of the recent failure of Henry Seafert, New York, large tobacconists, with whom the Franklin bank had been doing a large credit business. Kendrick, Pettus & Co., a large tobacco firm assigned to day. The firm had a large deposit in the Franklin bank. Their liabilities are $41,000.

Regarding the existing financial stringency, Chauncey M. Depew said Thursday at Chicago the currency of the country was utterly incapable of meeting the demands of legitimate trade. People lock money up and the government does also in times of a general scare by buying bonds. He thought the postponement of the foreign import tax until next July would very materially help to restore confidence and stimulate trade.

The new remedy for diphtheria, which was discovered by a peasant named Reiger, whose son is to be allowed to experiment with it under the supervision of Prof. Koch, is stated, on the best authority, to be a fluid which is painted on the ulcers and causes them to burst open. It also produces vomiting and violent diarrhœa, and the patient at the same time becomes exceedingly thirsty, but on no account is he allowed to drink any fluid for an hour after his throat has been painted.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Clothes Wringers.

1 DOZ. Bench Clothes Wringers; 2 doz. Wooden Frame Wringers; 3 doz. Iron Frame and Steel Spring Wringers.

For sale very low by

R. CHESTNUT & SONS.

Bells. Bells.

JUST RECEIVED, a lot of **Sleigh Bells**, various kinds and styles. We have a special Bell (all nickel frame and Bell) which we are offering remarkably low in price.

R. CHESTNUT & SONS.

Business Notice.

THE undersigned have this day given Mr. WALTER S. FISHER an interest in their banking, insurance and general business, and the firm's name will hereafter be Fisher & Fisher & Co. The legal business of the firm will continue under the present firm name of Fisher & Fisher.

C. H. B. FISHER.
G. FRED. FISHER.

Fredericton, Dec. 1st, 1890.

Ready Mixed Paints.

14 CASES READY MIXED PAINTS in one and two pound cans, half gallon and gallon tin cans; 12 gallons Light Oil Finish; 12 gallons Light Oak Varnish. Just received and for sale low by

R. CHESTNUT & SONS.

Notice to Farmers.

THE undersigned, who intends proceeding to England as Special Emigration Agent, on behalf of the New Brunswick Government, to lay the advantages of the province before English farmers who may propose emigrating, will receive applications until December 20th, from owners of farms who may wish to sell. Full particulars required with usual fee for entry and advertisement in my register.

WM. H. BOYCE,
Real Estate Agent,
Fredericton.

3 ins.

SKATES.

JUST RECEIVED:

300 PAIRS Acme Club Skates;
12 Do. Long Reach "

For sale low, wholesale and retail, at

NEILL'S HARDWARE STORE.

Just Stored:

PURE CANADIAN LARD

in Tubs and Cases of 5 lb. and 3 lb. tins (very choice).

Pork and Beans,
New Codfish,
CANNED SALMON,
Queen and B. A. Brands.
Armour's Canned Beef
Lemon and Citron Peels,
Spices of all kinds,
and a full line of
GENERAL GROCERIES
FOR SALE LOW.

A. F. RANDOLPH & SON

Nov. 22.

City Dwelling and Lot FOR SALE.

THE subscribers are authorized to dispose at private sale the Dwelling House and Lot on Brunswick Street, City, belonging to the estate of the late George Thompson.

For terms and other particulars apply to

BLAIR & BARRY,
Barristers.

Fredericton, Sept. 11th, 1890.

Notice of Assignment.

NOTICE is hereby given, that CHARLES E. SMITH, of the City of Fredericton, in the County of York, Lumberman, has this day executed a deed of Assignment to me, the undersigned, in trust for the benefit of his creditors, and that the said Deed now lies at the Office of BLAIR & BARRY, Carleton Street, in the City of Fredericton, for inspection and signature. Creditors desiring to participate in the distribution of the trust Estate are required by the said Deed of Assignment to execute the same within ninety days from the date thereof.

Dated this 15th day of September, A. D. 1890.

J. H. BARRY,
Trustee.

3m.

Stop and Read!

This fall's announcement. Between Vanwart's and Mr. Estey's Grocery Stores, Queen St., you will find the Cheapest and Best Tailor in the City.

I have always on hand a Choice Selection of Tweed and Overcoatings, all of which will be made up at a small profit.

Call and examine my stock before placing your orders elsewhere.

JOSEPH WALKER,
Practical Tailor,
QUEEN ST., FREDERICTON.

WILLIAM ROSSBOROUGH,
MASON,
Plasterer, - and - Bricklayer,
SHORE ST., NEAR GAS WORKS,
FREDERICTON, N. B.

JOBBING a specialty.
Workmanship first-class.
Prices satisfactory

JOHN J. WEDDALL,

An Immense Stock of

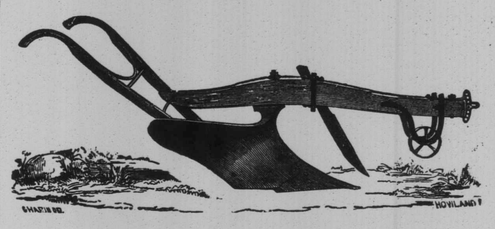
NEW
Fall Dry Goods

TO SELECT FROM

AT

JOHN J. WEDDALL'S.

New Brunswick Foundry and Machine Shop.



McFARLANE, THOMPSON & ANDERSON,

MANUFACTURERS OF

Buckeye Automatic Cut Off Engines,

CELEBRATED

DUNBAR IMPROVED SHINGLE MILLS.

Improved Rotary Saw Mills, Mill Mchinery, Enclosed Gear Mowers, Ithaca Horserakes, Stoves and Furnaces, Railway Castings.

One 50 Horse-power Buceye Engine on Hand.

One Rotary Saw Mill on hand.

FLANNELS.

THIS DEPARTMENT IS NOW COMPLETE IN THE FOLLOWING MAKES, VIZ.:

White Flannel, Grey Flannel, | Red Flannel, Blue Flannel,

Fancy FLANNELS Flannel,

FLANNELS FLANNELS FLANNELS

Opera Flannel, Jersey Flannel,
Dutch Flannel, Tennis Flannel,
Homespun Flannel.

Comfortables — Grey, White, and Colored.

Blankets — Horse Blankets, Etc

JOHN HASLIN.

DEVER BROS.

NEW - - - - FURS

IN

Capes, Muffs, Boas, Collars, Cuffs, and

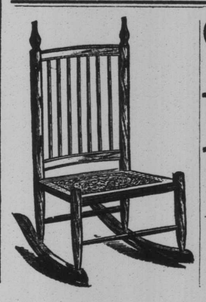
FUR TRIMMINGS,

IN ALL WIDTHS, NOW OPEN AT

DEVER BROTHERS.

INSPECTION INVITED.

October 11th, 1890.



Our assortment of CHILDREN'S CHAIRS and SLEDS is more complete than it ever was.

We are selling a beauty of a SLED at 50 cents.

When you come in ask to see our HANGING LAMPS and BEDROOM SUITES.

Lemont & Sons.