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O'RRIEN LATO July 13th, 1922, 19-26

NOTICE To Our Subscribers

We are revising our Mailing List and all subscribers in arrears are respectfully asked to pay the amounts due on their paper. Look at your address label, and if it dees not read 1925 you owe us something and we would be pleased to have your remittance at

Xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx

UNION ADVOCATE

CASTORIA



Here and There

It is understood a Scottish syndicate has purchased sixteen acres of land adjoining the best residential section of Vancouver, B.C., and will erect he hundred residences there.

Although only three years old the has already become noted for its production of very fine cantaloupes. This year the production is expected to be about 25 to 26 carloads.

The 1,250,000-bushel Government Terminal grain elevator being built at Prince Rupert, B.C., will be completed by November 1st, when a test shipment of ten carloads of grain will be made through it.

Notification has been received by the Hon. John S. Martin, Minister of Agriculture for Ontario, that his showing of white Wyandottes at the New York State Fair at Syracuse, had captured the trophy for the best display for the twentieth consecutive year.

By a recent Order-in-Council of the Lieutenant-Governor, premiums for clearing land, which had previously been set at \$6 an acre, were increased to \$8. The Order also provides that the premium will be paid for a maximum of twenty acres of land and, as a result of it, a settler may obtain a grant of \$160 from the Government as a reward for his work.

Considerable progress has been made during the past few years by R. M. Palmer, at Cowichan Bay, B.C., in the cultivation and propagation of new species of gladioli. In his garden, Mr. Palmer has at present growing about 150 different varieties, bulbs having been secured from all parts of the world, even Central Africa contributing its quota to this wonderful collection.

Having completed their tour of Canada as the guests of E. W. Beatty, chairman and president of the Canadian Pacific Railway, the ten British journalists left Canada early in October for England, to relate there the story of their experiences and to give their readers the impressions they have gained of the

During the month of August 1,132 vessels, comprising 131 trans-Atlantic, 35 coasting and 966 inland tered tonnage of 1,936,945, while in the same period 1.141 vessels went out, these representing 1,932,145 net registered tons. Since the opening of navigation 757 ocean-going ves sels, representing 3,468,965 net tons, have entered the port, are compared with only 649, representing 2,280,072 net tons last year; these figures being up to the midnight of Sep-

F. F. Norcross, a well-known Chicago lawyer, had an amazing experience recently while staying at the Banff Springs Hotel and playing on the golf course there. His approach to the ninth hole was disputed by a huge bull elk which tossed its antlers and stood pawing the ground with evident hostility as the lawyer prepared to play his ball. Mr. Norcross was about to observe the better part of valor when the bull's attention was distracted by the appearance of a cow elk which made an effective substitute for the golfer and both animals disappeared into the neighboring bush.

Travelling in a five-passenger 1926 improved model Ford touring car from Halifax to Vanceuver, J. L. S. Scrymgeous and E. Flickinger are performing a feat unique in the annals of motor travel in this country. From Franz, near Sault Ste. Marie, they travelled on the tracks of the Algoma Railroad to Fort William, having been granted the use of the lines by the Canadian Pacific Railway. The whole run of about 4,500 miles took nearly eight weeks, and a series of still and moving pictures were taken en route to commemorate

SAYS GERMANY WANTS PEACE

cace now, one proce for a cime ..., s desire. The German chancellor Dr. Luther, so informed M. Briand, the French Foreign Minister today in a private consultation of the two statesmen, which stands " conspicuous'y as the biggest sing. event since the opening of the ecurity conference. The two leaders stole quietly away from Locarne and, meeting at a secluded spot on the shore of Lake Maggiore, had a rank talk on European problems as whole and especially how best to consolidate the peace of Europe.

This meeting of conciliation markd by an expression of the determination of both statesmen to do every thing human'y possible to banish the Franco-German war spectre has in jected a new ray of optimism into the political atmosphere, despite the fact that it did not result in the fashioning of a formula whereby France can guarantee in a specia way the territorial integrity of Poland and Czecho-Slovakia, her allies

That problem will require a consultation of the Cabinets at Paris and Berlin, for France and Germany will find it difficult to yield from their original position without the support of their home governments

home parliaments. The conference itser, which met for only ar hour today achieved no substantia progress. The spokesmen of the various delegations admitted this, but they qualified it with the declaration that French suggestions were forth-coming concerning the necessity of a clean-cut understanding that compu'sory arbitration must be the miding principle of the Rhine pact. This is what the affect have been ontending for and the jurists were asked to frame new artistes deal ing with this subject. Presumably these articles will be discussed at the enery session tomorrow which is

od for 2.30 p. m. Compu'sory arbitration is a featof the Geneva peace protocol

ese fundamental principles the each are anxious to keep to the re inflexibly, and which many other nations at the recent league assembly also approved as the only sure safe guard of world peace.

Locarno, therefore like Genevappears on the road where he who refuses to artbitrate and commits warlike acts will be hailed as an aggressor and punished. Czecho-Slovakia, through her foreign minister, Edouard Benes, arrived on the scene today.. Dr. Benes immediately conferred with Austen Chamberlain, steamers, entered the port of Mont-real, these having a total net regis-British Secretary for Foreign Affairs and M. Briand, who put him in touch with the development.





Partridge Are Scarce In The Province

Partridge are scarce in New Bruns this year, according to reports have been received from different sections of the province. In York county alone there is said to be a marked dirth of these valuable game birds...

As the result of the pronounced scarcity of birds, as already indicat y the reports which have been received by Chief Game Warden L. A. Gagnon, it is expected that special teps will be taken to investigate

he causes leading up to the shortage ch is attributed in some sections o the depredations of the parasites which were discovered on numbers of the birds killed last year. These parasites were also found on dead by the representatives of the Ameri- be made to secure specimens for ex partridge in the woods, whose death



co-operate this season with the special commission appointed last year an and Canadian game associations ation in this connection.

had apparently resulted from the to investigate the situation which was Arrangements are being made to that following the opening of the partridge season special efforts will

British Journalists Give Impressions of Canada

Having completed a ten-thousand-mile tour of Canada country to study at first hand the economic, commercial, rom coast to coast and return at the invitation of E. W. industrial and agricultural conditions of the Dominion rom coast to coast and return at the invitation of E. W. leastly, chairman and president of the Canadian Pacific Eailway, ten British journalists representing papers rom London, Western England, Wales, Glasgow and felfast, now brondcast to Canadians their views of the Dominion. These journalists were asked to come to this

reclaration of what is meant by great open spaces. The possibilities of this vact country are enormous, and you have as yet barely scratched the surface of its wealth. It is a land which offers great opportunities to men of the right time, but this great Lownion is.

R. A. COLWILL.

opportunities to men of the right type, but this great Domaion is obviously a young mark constry, and one where every man must work. You ask no questions as to his entecedents. You merely ask him to carve out his own career. You take a men for what he himsoff is worth, not for what his father was. In such a land a man who is a man can work and be happy." "Canada's supreme confidence in her future greatness has thate a deep impression upon the Only men possessed of great whom the Empire. We are greatly indebted to the Canadian Pacific Railway for their invitation to make the tour."

almost overpowering energy viculd have laid so soundly and o such comprehensive lines the foundations which we have everywhere seen for the coming of a great civilization. The nody plant described water powers, electricity schemes, irrigation works, and cities planned out on princely lines, have been conceived for a great 3-p procy. Canada is shouldering fluencial and other burdens in this task of Empire burding which hall for sympathy and admiration. It is the white man's burden in the world. One stands amount in so short a time which encompassed Canada's history."



JAS. F. CHAPTER,

"Since I was here in 1911 there as been great improvement in the roads of Canada. Though the country is said to have passed through hard times recently the enormous number of automobiles

now in use appears to indicate a return or rapidly returning prosperity. Very many more trees are conserved on the prairie landacape, the planting of which and chapter, the planting of which and the more general use of point for the decoration of dwellings suggests an increasing desire to have homes rather than mere houses. This spirit, it seems to me, will do more for the correlations of the correlatio ada as a nation than any great increase if those whose chief desire is get rich quick and quit."

"(1) Canada has laid for founda-

tions on generous lines, worthy of a great future. (2) Her waiting

spaces and Britain's need for room within the Empire for an over-flowing population create a new bond of union. (3) The future

prosperity of Canada rests not only



C.B., E.N.

Morning Post,
London.

Canada's growing exports and imports is becoming better appreciated.

(6) Canada is a land where men must be men indeed, no wasters, agitators, or traitors to King, Flag and Empire, need apply. That is my predominant impression."



"At the end of a long journey, in the course of which we have cross-ed the Dominion twice and travelled nearly ten thousand miles, we are returning to our homes deeply impressed with the immense resources of Canada. We have seen life and conditions of labor in the Maritimes, in the industrial centres of

times, in the industrial centres of the East, on the prairies and at the Pacific Coast. We have set ourselves to tearn something of the twin problems of men and markets which face the Canadian people, and the experience which we have times, London.

Time



"Canada is not a country but a continent boundless in rich re-sources and richer still in the indefatigable energy of a people whose most conspicuous social whose most conspicuous social characteristics is their devotion to characteristics is their devotion to education and research, in wise foresight of the future. For its development the great requirement is population, which can best be supplied by co-operative action of home and Dominion authorities in training would-be immigrants for agricultural work. Training is an essential requisition to rescue men and women from unwilling idleness in the Old Country and put them within reach of the abundant opportunities of the New land is to

"Canada's need is the Old Coun-





"Every province of Canada claims that it is the land of opportunity. I believe that each is entitled to make that claim and that the opportunity is for more people who are willing to work primarily on the land and are determined to succeed. The vast open spaces must be populated. As a Scotchman who has met many eld country of the control of the cont must be populated. As a Scotch-man who has met many old coun-trymen on this wonderful tour via the Canadian Pacific Railway across the Dominion I should like to see a large influx of immigrants

t such a noble part in the ploneer work in the land of promise for the young and vigorous. The Old Country can still produce that type. What prevents them from coming? They lack the means, not the desire. I believe that if our home government and the Dominion Government could agree to assist them to a greater extent than has hitherto been done, the main obstacle to the flow of Scottish immigrants. The people must be found, if not from the Old Land then taken from elsewhere, but I think you would prefer the old stock."



Daily Telegraph, London.

bilities of this great Dominical every day of my tour. From Halifax to Vancouver that impression grew from wonder to amazement. Surely for a man who will work and for the woman who will help him there is no land so rich in resource, so full of opportunities. All honor then, to the brave men who made this possible, to the pioneers who blazed a nation's way through brush and canyon, who adventured over river and lake and adventured over river and lake and prairie, and to the Canadian statesmen whose vision was not that of ordinary men."

"I became more and more impressed with the boundless possibilities of this great Dominion



JOHN SAYERS.

admiration. That a comparatively small population should have occomplished so much in so short a time is marvellous, and from what time is marvellous, and from what I have seen I am convinced that the tapping of the Domin'on's resources, particularly of Alberta and British Columbia, has only begun. If the two urgent needs of men and capital—British if possible—can be supplied, there seems to be no limit to the future of the country. I am impressed by the loytry. I am impressed by the loyalty, the beauty, and the pluck of Canada, and I take off my hat to the courage of the early explerers and settlers. They laid foundatabould be an honor to be to-day.

"Canada fills me with wonder and