

McNAB COUNCIL.

Town Hall, McNab Jan. 20th 1862.
The newly elected Councillors, Messrs. Robertson, Paris, Russell, Fisher, and McCrory, met at the Town Hall and on motion Mr. Russell, Jno. Paris, Esq., was elected Moderator for the year 1862.

The following Petition was read, viz.:
And By-laws were then presented and read, viz.:
A Report of Road Inspector relating to the Burnstown road, a letter from Mr. Chesley regarding the land improvement fund, a Communication from Provincial Council Clerk to levy a County rate amounting to \$218.24, a Communication from the County Treasurer relating to R. R. tax, account of Township Clerk for contingencies for years 1860 and 1861 amounting to £48.34, account of Township Clerk for salary, &c. £23.15, a statement of stationery required for the current year, account of James Poole for advertising amounting to £23.15, account of E. Harrington for spokes for wheelbarrows amounting to £4, account of E. Eady for \$31.75 for said bridge. Petition from James Dickson praying the Council to establish a road between lots 18 and 19 at the foot of his clearance to the 5th Concession, a petition from Neil Robertson praying repairs on a bridge on the rear of the 8th Concession.

Mr. Robertson gave notice to introduce a By-law to insure the Town Hall against fire.

Mr. Robertson gave notice to introduce a By-law to regulate the price to be paid for Shop and Tavern Licences.

Mr. Russell gave notice to introduce a By-law to appoint certain officers for the current year.

Mr. Fisher gave notice to introduce a By-law to authorize the Treasurer to pay certain sums of money therein mentioned.

On motion of Mr. Robertson the By-law to regulate the amount to be paid for Shop and Tavern Licences was read a first time.

On motion of Mr. Russell the By-law for appointing certain officers for the current year was read a first time.

On motion of Mr. Fisher the By-law to authorize the Treasurer to pay certain sums of money therein mentioned was read a first time.

On motion of Mr. Russell the Council went into a committee of the whole and on the 22nd inst. resumed the Chair, presenting the following report:

"The report of the Road Inspector, we recommend that the sum of £17.10 be paid to Mr. John Miller on account of said road."

The letter of Mr. Chesley we recommend that the Treasurer do use his own discretion in the matter.

A Communication from the Provisional County Clerk for county rate we recommend that the Treasurer be authorized to borrow the amount and remit the same.

Account of stationery required for the current year to be approved.

Account of Township Clerk we recommended to be paid.

Account of James Poole to be paid.

Account of E. Eady and J. R. Fitzmaurice to be paid.

Petition of James Dickson we recommend that the Surveyor be directed to survey the said road and to avoid the stoney hill on the right of the line, and that the Clerk do advertise the said road according to law.

On motion of Mr. Robertson we recommended that Messrs. Russell and McCrory do share necessary to secure the said bridge.

We recommended that the Reeve do sign the petition to the three branches of the Legislature, praying that an Act be passed to separate this Township from the Counties of Montreal and Quebec and the same united to the County of Lanark for judicial and municipal purposes.

We recommended that the following By-laws do pass as filled up:—By-law to regulate the price to be paid for Shop and Tavern Licenses; By-law to appoint certain officers of the Township for the current year; and the Treasurer to pay certain sums of money therein mentioned.

On motion of Mr. Russell the foregoing report was adopted.

On motion of Mr. Russell the By-law to appoint certain officers for the current year was read a second time.

On motion of Mr. Russell the By-law to regulate the price to be paid for shop and Tavern Licences was read a second and third time and passed.

On motion of Mr. Fisher the By-law to authorize the Treasurer to pay certain sums of money therein mentioned was read a second time and passed.

On motion of Mr. Robertson the Council adjourned to the third Monday in February next at 10 o'clock a.m.

A. H. DOWSWELL,
Township Clerk.

NEW GYMNASIUM AT MCGILL COLLEGE.

The Gymnasium in connection with the McGill College being completed, the Committee of the Gymnasium Club invited their Governors and Professors of the College and the Editors of the city to inspect it last evening. In accordance with this invitation, a number of gentlemen assembled in the beautiful hall belonging to the college, and from such an institution, a splendid in its spacious and lofty hall—which is fitted up with all the most approved means and appliances for gymnastic exercises, Ladders—perpendicular, horizontal and sloping—inverted the spectators to run up or down them, with their hands raised, to reach the top of the smooth poles suspended from the lofty ceiling by the lower limbs, Parallel bars were traversed with great rapidity on the hands or feet, a series of summersaults backward and forward, the propelling power being exerted by the arms and chest. These exercises are called Grashopper No. 1, 2, &c. Acro, from the likeness of a grasshopper when they jump, The swing, tapez and flying rings were used with great force and agility, and leaping upon stuffed cushions, and resting on the floor after the exercise. There is a machine by which one can have all the labour of the wood sawyer without any of the weight and another by which the exercise of rowing may be enjoyed without moving from the spot or any danger of upsetting the boat.

There are also many other interesting contrivances, and among others a large wooden Jack-of—all which a slender man would flourish two around his head in a manner quite inexplicable to the uninitiated; and there are dumb bells and weights of all sorts and sizes.—Montreal Witness.

The federal spies which had been located in Quebec and Gaspe, under the title of American Consuls, will very soon be permitted to return whence they came. It is reported that the Master Stated

subject of the Congress will form the subject of a diplomatic note between Lord Lyons and the American Government. The latter will be requested to recall the merchants from Canada and if the request is not complied, or a distinct assurance given that the appointees at Quebec and Gaspe will transcend the duties and privileges of consular officials, the consular privileges will be denied to these gentlemen. Secretary Seward has brought the Washington Cabinet into an awkward position. Mr. Seward cannot eat up his own words. He has deceived the country and he transmitted to Congress, thus he stands convicted of his own truth. His reputation for finances has been destroyed by his own awkward admissions of the truth.

"rebels" in Canada have been placed on their guard, and the British government has been furnished with a ready-made cause for complaint.

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"If the British Government furnished a ship which has taken Mason and Slidell to 'Davy Jones' Locker,' will not the United States have a right to demand its return? After their return to the country and the rebellion, we had calculated upon their hanging; as the other rebels would be hung up by the neck." —*Richester Democrat*

The Northern journalists do infinite harm to their cause by the insertion of such paragraphs. They show a malevolent and blood-thirsty spirit unworthy not merely of public teachers, but even of ordinary human beings. We should expect to hear of hanging the rebels in barrooms and such places, but to parade them in respectable newspapers is outrageous. The *Democrat* knows very well that Mr. Lincoln dares not hang a rebel now, and that if the insurrection were put down the North would be only too glad to let bye-gones be by-gones, and grant a general amnesty. It may be that there shall live to see Jeff Davis again in Faneuil Hall exchanging compliments with Mr. Everett and telling how well the South likes the brogess of emancipation.—*Globe*.

On reconsideration of our position in New Brunswick, in the event of hostilities breaking out, government has determined to try the experiment of transporting horses across the Atlantic to a limited extent. The Mauritius transport has been fitted up for 46 horses, and is at this moment embarking the guns of Captain Synath's battery of the 4th brigade. In the event of the experiment succeeding, the guns at any rate, with the officers and non-commissioned officers, can be conveyed in safety, the remaining less important portions of the regiment can be more easily provided.—*Army and Navy Gazette*.

Mr. James Morton M.P.P. for Frontenac has been suffering severely for the past few days, under an attack of influenza. On Thursday he was unable to attend his usual critical condition; but we are happy to announce that he is now convalescent, and will be able to occupy his seat in the House on the assembly of Parliament.

A Washington paper says that a Massachusetts Colonel was attacked on Thursday night by a fit of imaginary rattlesnakes in his boots and had his sword taken away from him on Friday.

The Right Rev. Dr. Lewis, Bishop-elect of the diocese of Ontario, has taken up his residence in the city of Kingston, and now lives in the mansion known as Alwington House, formerly the residence of Lord Sydenham, and more recently the abode of the Baron de Longueuil.

The price of Pork in Montreal is lower than it has been for eighteen years, a grievous fact for farmers, arising from the war between North and South, which shuts West Canada out of the Slave States and excludes Canada and Europe with it.

In the large aristocratic, uptown houses of worship in New York, where the salaries are \$5,000 or \$6,000 per year and the aggregate expenses nearly double this amount, there is financial distress. Most of the pew holders are men of repeated wealth, but the failures and losses of the war exert a powerful influence, and fearfully cripple their resources.

THE PRINCE OF WALES.—Before the Death of Prince Consort it had been arranged that his Royal Highness the Prince of Wales was to spend some months of the winter in the Levant and Syria, visiting, of course, Malta and Corfu on his way. We understood that the programme will be adhered to, notwithstanding the most unreluctantly event which has occurred, and his royal highness will shortly leave for the East, returning in time to take part in the opening of the Great Exhibition.

A statue of Esculapius has been unearthed near Tivoli. It is said to be a masterpiece of sculpture, and when discovered only an arm was emerging and this limb was subsequently found.

THE FINEAL Island Pastoral, Agricultural, and Commercial Association has purchased the island of Kia, which has three good harbors and 15,000 square miles of land. It produces cotton nearly equal to good American, arrowroot, cocoonat, tobacco and building wood. There are only 60 natives on the island, whose labor will be useful in the cultivation of the soil. Naturally the Five Islands are already occupied by Europeans, and preparations are making by them for stocking their settlements with sheep and to undertake cotton growing.

The Court of Russia has just gone into mourning for twelve days, and the ball to be given on the occasion of the *fete day* of the Hereditary Grand Duke has been countermanded as the consequence of the Prince Consort of England.

THE LANGUAGES SPOKEN IN RED RIVER.—There is a curious confusion of tongues in this Settlement. A stranger visiting this country is struck with the variety of our dialects, no less than with the variety of race. For such a secluded, isolated community, with little or no intermingling of foreigners by immigration, the variety is naturally due to find as characterized by uniformity in language, customs and manners, rare also. How different is the actual case! As to language, we have English, French, Gaelic, Chippewa and Cree, and we do not enumerate all, but only those spoken by a larger section of the community.—*Nor-Wester*.

INHABITANTS OF THE OCEAN.—Take up a pinch of the soil over which lies 2,500 fathoms of seawater, submit to the microscope and behold! though it looks and feels like fine clay, it does not contain one particle of sand, but is composed of millions of creatures, thus tells of life and living things, the bed of the Atlantic is strewn with the bones and shells of the myriads of creatures inhabiting its waters—creatures so numerous that figures fail to convey an idea or afford time to embrace their vast profusion. The larvae towering to 10,000 feet are shells of microscopic dimensions—one of the many animals of the sea. Thus each creature in these thousand square leagues of medusa was sucking from the sea millions of these diminutive creatures, and ejecting their shells to fall in a gentle yet perpetual shower, down to the bottom of the ocean, where they form strata of silicious or chalky matter, for future geologists to ponder over. And, remember that upon all these medusae prey legions of bigger creatures, and that into these helpless colonies sails the huge whale with cavernous mouth, and gulphs down as many of them at every feast as they do of the minute distomes.—*Blackwood's Magazine*.

A man is obliged to keep his word when nobody will take it.

SHOCKING AFFAIR—A WIFE ACCIDENTALLY SHOT DEAD BY HER HUSBAND.

A correspondent informs us that on the forenoon of Saturday last, at their residence on the Varian and Washington roads in the township of Stanley, a dreadful calamity suddenly befel the family of Mr. Joseph Callaway, an old and respected resident, resulting in the violent death of his daughter-in-law, a smart active woman of about 30 years of age, and the mother of 5 children, the eldest being now nearly one year old. It appears that her husband, who was engaged in a deer was feeding in his fallow, hastily took his rifle from its usual place, and was rushing with it out of the house, when his sleeve or some other part of his clothing got entangled by the door handle—causing the hammer to descend, when the rifle in consequence went off striking the ball and part of the ramrod into the breast of his unfortunate wife. The ball having penetrated the heart, she instantly dropped dead, while streams of blood gushed from the wound over the floor. The husband is of course inconsolable. The event is a fearful warning to all persons holding fire-arms, to use the greatest caution.

IS THE BLOCKADE EFFECTIVE ?—

The following have been the arrivals and departures of vessels to and from the rebel states at Havana from December 31 to January 9, inclusive.—Arrived December 31, schooners J. W. Wilder, Capello, from Mobile; Zarro Colorado (Mexican), Gourals, from Brasos; February 2, steamship General Miramon (British), Johnston, from New Orleans and Mobile; 4th, schooner Ezra Young, Howland, Pensacola; 5th, schooners Three Brothers, Renaud, New Orleans; Clara, Rogers, Mobile; 6th, steamer Cuba, McConnell, Berwick's Bay.—Sailed January 2, schooner C. F. Perry (British); Lacorty, Matamoros; 3d, schooner Harriet (British); Petrou, do; 4th, schooner Julia (British), late Confederate schooner New Year; Clay do. Clear'd 4th, British schooner Emma [late Confederate schooner onward], Ellison, Nassau. N. P. with 1,206 arribos of coffee—N. Y. World.

The Montreal Transcript, speaking of Mr. Seward's notice of U.S. Consuls in Canada doing the duty of Federal spies, makes the following poor remarks—"The duty of Consul purely that of carrying the mail, and with a commission to watch over the commercial rights and privileges of the nation deputing him." If he transcends that line, it is sufficient reason why the Government to which he is deputed should withdraw its sanction for his execution of the ordinary duties of his office; in other words, should disavow him. The Government of the United States has no diplomatic functions whatever to perform; and he is expressly forbidden to participate in any manner whatever, direct or indirect, in the political concerns of the countries by whose Governments they are severally acknowledged and recognized in Central America. The Consul of the Gen'l of Mr. Seward affords strong ground for a representation on this subject, and a disallowance by our Government of any such acts of espionage as appear to have been countenanced by the United States Government.

ATTEMPT TO ASSASSINATE GEN. MONTGOMERY.—

On Saturday night, Captains Chapman and McHenry of Col. Hay's 63d Pennsylvania regiment, returning from Washington in a state of intoxication, first arrived at the city of Alexandria, and there, under the pretence of drinking a crowd, Gen. Montgomery, the military governor of the city interloped, the captains abused him violently and he ordered their arrest. McHenry pulled out his revolver, and shot at the general twice, but fortunately missed him. The army was not informed until after midnight. The affair was no more than a scuffle, during which McHenry was bayoneted in the left breast by one of the guard. The wound is not serious. Both officers were handcuffed and confined.

MURDER OF AN IRISHMAN AT ALEXANDRIA.

At noon on Sunday afternoon, an Irishman named James Lee murdered his wife, Mary, and then killed himself. He first knocked his wife over, cut her throat with a razor, and then cut his own throat with the same weapon. Two children—a girl aged 9 years, and a boy aged 8, are orphaned by these deeds of blood. Dunn was drunk.

THE TEMPLE OF THE LORD.

The work of building the "Temple of the Lord," at Great Salt Lake City, suspended by the crisis of 1858, has been resumed. The Deseret News goes into raptures over it—avers that "the continued noise made by the many stonecutters by their incessant hammers, the perfume of the incense, and looks forward to the day when this saintly edifice "on the top of the mountains" will be completed, and "heralded to the ends of the earth."

THE DEPARTURE OF THE MISSISSIPPI.

By the way of Port Royal we have a confirmation of the report previously received of the departure of the French iron-clad cruiser at the mouth of the Mississippi. The U. S. steamer De Soto arrived at ship Island and the French war steamer Milan disabled in tow, the De Soto having run into her at mouth of Mississippi, on account of her acting in a suspicious manner. It was generally supposed that the vessel had been sent to France, but the official permission from the United States authorities to ascend the river and take on board several families desirous of leaving for Europe. Mrs Seward we fancy will have to be prompt with his amende. This rough usage on the part of independent Captains, a Lt Commodore will not serve the cause of the Washington government.

LETTERS FROM HAYTI SPEAK OF THE LATE PLOT TO OVERTHROW THE PRESENT GOVERNMENT OF HAYTI.

To have been of a more extensive character than at first reported. Two of Geoffard's associates, who were taken to French head of the Department of Agriculture, and that of Police. It was the intention of the conspirators to place the latter at the head of the government. Both Ministers fled to Jamaica upon the discovery of the plot. The trouble was color—the pure blacks being uneasy under the rule of the mulattoes, though Geoffard, the President, is a black.

THE STATE OF VIRGINIA.

There is such an amount of dampness and mud at Washington that a person cannot walk or ride in the streets without being bespattered. The sacred soil of Virginia audibly shrieks against the hub, and, as the roads have not become better, it is almost impossible to carry on transportation to any extent. People who have seen the state of the roads shake their heads incredulously when the probability of an advance of the army there is mentioned.

A PURSE CONTAINING FIFTY DOLLARS WAS PRESENTED TO REV. WM. BLEASDELL, OF TRONCON, ON NEW YEAR'S MORNING BY THE LADIES OF HIS CONGREGATION, ALONG WITH A COMPLIMENTARY ADDRESS.

An elevator, worked by a steam engine, has been erected at Portland, and is now in operation loading vessels with grain brought by the Grand Trunk Railway, which is discharged by the cars into a bin for that purpose.

FIRE IN THE PREMISES OF MR. LEGER.

Early on the morning of Thursday, the 9th inst., the premises of Mr. Leger, widow of the late Joseph Leggett, of Matamoras, were destroyed by fire. The loss is estimated at \$2,000, upon which there is no insurance.

THE RECIPROCITY TREATY.
(From the *Chicago Tribune*.)

There has been a long and bitter irritation here since the signing of the Canadian treaty which has blistered the Canadian flag in this country, to attempt the abrogation of the Reciprocity Treaty, is altogether indicated by the tone of the journals hostile to that measure. But we trust that the members of Congress from all the Lake country, which is primarily interested in the maintenance of an unrestricted commercial intercourse with the British Provinces, will not allow themselves to forget their duty to their constituents in the clamor which other interests are endeavoring to excite. We put out of sight altogether, though they lay an important part in the business of the West, all advantages which are to be derived from a free interchange of products with our Canadian neighbors, and point our readers to the one fact, which, in the West, should be conclusive. The St. Lawrence route to the ocean, now, by the operation of the Reciprocity Treaty, open to our vessels, channels almost all of the transit of heavy business of western grain, market, and furs, through a bushel if not more. The route would be closed, our western business would be cramped, and in addition to the loss and various delays incident to accumulation of freight, we should probably be called upon to bear an entire freight toll, which would be tantamount to a policy of Non-Intercourse to lay on. We cannot afford to pay a tax which such a calamity would entail upon our industry; and we have no patience with those who are not inclined to submit to the policy which Buffalo warehouse men, transportation agents, bankers, commission merchants and others, who are not in sympathy with the tariff, are trying to force on the country, as a war measure, or if for any cause growing out of our relations with Great Britain and her colonies, it is necessary to abrogate the treaty, the West will make no complaint. When it was asked to give up a considerable fraction of its wheat for the present market, and to consent to a reduction of two or three cents per bushel in the present market price of our wheat, for the gratification of international spite, or to put money in the pockets of any interest in New York, the West will make a protest that the whole country will be sure to hear.

It is not probable that the tariff will be given now, but the abrogation which is sought cannot be made until 1964. It is a work to which we commend them. Let them see, as a preliminary step if the new tariff which Canada has enacted, and in other commercial arrangements, there is not reason for amendment and improving the bargain into which they have entered. The cause of our complaint may be removed, other articles may be taken from or added to the free list, and details may be perfected by agreement, and without touching the point in the maintenance of which the West is vitally concerned. But let it be all the while remembered that the free navigation and commerce of the Western industry, not less dependent than the ownership of the whole Mississippi from St. Anthony to Balize, and that it cannot be destroyed without creating in the most loyal part of our country a feeling of dissatisfaction exceedingly hurtful to the general weal.

NATIONAL RIFLE MATCH.

Arrangements have been made for an annual rifle match between the volunteers of England and Scotland. The prize is a splendid shield, presented by Lord Elio, and the country which gains it will have the honour of retaining for a year, and the names of the successful champions being engraved on the trophy. The first match will take place at the meeting of the National Rifle Association, at Wimbledon in 1862, the competitors on each side being eight in number. The ranges fixed for this great match are 700, 800, 900 and 1,000 yards, each side to fire fifteen shots at each distance. In addition to the honour of having its name engraved on the shield, each of the successful champions will receive a small prize.

THE LAKE MARINE AND SHIPBUILDING.

—According to *The Detroit Free Press*—there are now in service on the lakes 1,445 steamers, propellers, tugs and vessels, which are reclassified as follows: Sideliner steamers, 75; propellers, 219; tugs, 103; barges, 94; briggs, 75; schooners, 892. There have been 50 vessels lost in the past season. Of these losses, there have been 275. The total loss of life has been 275. The lake fleets, a ready-made, will be materially increased by the opening of navigation in the Spring. We notice by exchanges that ship building is being driven at nearly all the prominent yards along the lakes, and many fine vessels will be launched.

Chicago, Jan. 18.

A special to the Times, dated twelve miles from Columbus, on the afternoon of the 16th, says: "The late General Sherman made this afternoon by Gen. Grant and staff with Osband's cavalry, resulting in getting reliable information of all the routes leading out of Columbus towards Blandville and other towns. A distance of forty miles was made in six hours. No rebels were discovered, although at one time a portion of the reconnoitring party were within four miles of Columbus."

WIFE MURDER IN HOWICK.—The *Elora Observer* states that a most infamous murder took place last week in the township of Howick, County of Perth. It appears that a man named Boyce, formerly a workman in the employ of Mr. Glicher's, fanning mill maker, Drayton, went home to his wife and drank, and without any provocation kicked and abused her in such a shocking manner that she died in two hours after the occurrence. We are glad to learn that the rascally fellow was hanged, and is now in the Stratford jail awaiting his trial.

THE CALIFORNIA FLOOD.—Of the extent of this great disaster, the *San Francisco Herald* says:

"It would seem that not one of the counties north of San Francisco has escaped. All the tributaries of the Sacramento have overflowed their banks, and bridges, dams, flumes &c., without number have been swept away by the remorseless current. Even the town of Oroville was threatened with a flood."

The cities of Sacramento and Marysville have suffered severely, but the heaviest loss has undoubtedly fallen to the lot of the miners and the trailing interests of the mountain towns. We fear that hundreds of ditch owners and millwrights have been ruined by the catastrophe, and it is probable that the loss of life will be very seriously estimated. It appears that the agricultural counties of Sonoma and Napa also experienced the effects of the storm. The valleys and the town of Sonoma were partially submerged, and reports reach us that immense numbers of cattle, horses, and sheep have been drowned.

It is reported that Mr. Blackwell has, in consequence of continued ill health, sent in his resignation as General Manager of the Grand Trunk Railway, and that he will leave Canada in spring.

A few days ago a fire occurred in the residence of Mr. Henry Madden, sen. 8, of Trafalgar, which has totally consumed a large building, together with the furniture and a large quantity of leather. No insurance.

A person of gentlemanly appearance and address called lately at the Omsbruker Manse and representing himself to Mrs Dobie as Mr Murray from Galt, a teacher in the St. Andrew's Church Sabbath School, and a gentleman of property, succeeded in obtaining a loan of \$10 to carry him home. The loan was an impostor, and the \$10 are irrecoverably gone. The same individual succeeded in swindling Rev. Mr. Hogt, of Waukegah, out of some \$15 by some pretence of a similar nature.

The United States Government has received as presents from the Emperor of Japan two elephant tusks eight feet in length, a pair of large pearls, and other articles of minor value, including a handsome box, containing a brief address or letter to the President.

The newly-elected King of Madagascar as ordered a "buffal stone house on the south side of Antananarivo, at great expense, to be built." The King, in a letter written in English, says that it is the wish of his Majesty, "where young men and children of all denominations may be taught the English language, philosophy, geometry, geography, chemistry, history, arithmetic, drawing, &c."

It is observed by the *Athenaeum* that the knowledge of the Prince Consort was very limited, and it lay in many unexpected nooks and corners. Of music he knew far more than most of his contemporaries. He was a fine instrument—sang well—and wrote down what he thought in musical works of some length—if not with high creative power, yet with steadiness and sensibility not to be found in the works of ordinary gentlemen who write. It is known to the public that he was a very good ocher.

The *Prescurator* of Palermo states that an unfortunate man, eighty years of age, was found by the carabini in a subterranean vault, where he had been confined in irons for seven years by a relation.

A Skull without a tongue often preaches better than a skull that has one.

BIRTH

At Almonte, on the 18th inst., the wife of Mr. Robert Wilson, of daughter, Mary Smith, A. M., P. W. Near, Esq., the wife of Mr. Robert O'Sullivan of a daughter.

MARRIED.

In Perth on the 14th inst., by the Rev. Mr. Stewart, Mr. E. L. Molntry of Almonte, to Miss Catherine McLaren, of Perth.

At the Residence of the Bride's Father, on the 22nd inst., by the Rev. James K. Smith, A. M., P. W. Near, Esq., of New York City, to Miss Lucy Row, eldest daughter of James Row, Esq., of Elizabethtown.

On the 22nd instant, at the residence of the bride's father, by the Rev. W. McGill, Mr. Walter Percival, to Sarah D. second daughter of Dr. W. Howey, of Oxford.

DIED

At Almonte, on Friday the 17th instant, JULIA, wife of Mr. Joseph Thompson, station master, Carleton Place, aged 41 years.

At St. Catherine's, on the 10th inst., Catherine Redman Prendergast, wife of the Hon. Wm. Hamilton Merritt, in the 69th year of age.

At Dalhousie, on the 21st instant, after a short and aversile illness, Agnes, second daughter of Mr. John McDougall, aged 22 years.

This sudden death has caused deep grief to many relatives and friends. Her kind and amiable disposition made her a general favorite, while in her duties as sister and daughter she was most affectionate and anxious. It is scarcely three months since the death of her mother, and now this loved sister, as she was filling a mothers place to her young brothers and sisters is suddenly taken away. Be this the heavy loss we must, a gain to her, though so young she was ready to die, and died in perfect hope and confidence, expressing her faith in her Saviour. Her end was peace for she slept in Jesus.

PERTH MARKET.

January 22, 1862.

Pot Ashes per cwt.	\$5 00	5 82
Beef, Prime Mess, # 100 lbs.	4 50	5 30
Do, Prime # 50 lbs.	4 40	5 20
Wheat, do.	4 00	4 25
Beef, poor by bushel.	0 85	0 90
Oats do.	0 23	0 25
Pears do.	0 45	0 50
Barley do.	0 45	0 50
Potatoes do.	0 40	0 50
Flour per barrel.	4 50	5 00
Oatmeal do.	3 50	4 10
Butter per lb.	0 12	0 14
Eggs, per doz.	0 12	0 14
Hay per ton.	8 00	0 00

MARKETS.

Brookville, January 22, 1862.

Flour # 100 lbs.	\$2 00	3 00
Spring Wheat.	0 95	1 00
Flour Wheat.	0 95	1 00
Spring Wheat.	0 90	0 95
Buck Wheat.	0 25	0 30
Indian Corn, # 56 lbs.	0 43	0 50
Barley, # 48 lbs.	0 45	0 47
Potatoes	0 55	0 60
Oatmeal, # 56 lbs.	2 00	2 25
Peas.	0 50	0 55
Corn.	0 25	0 30
Hay, # ton.	4 00	7 00
Beef, # 100 lbs.	4 00	5 00
Pork, # 100 lbs.	4 00	5 00
Pot, Prime Mess.	0 25	0 30
Butter	0 12	0 14
Eggs.	0 12	0 15
Turkeys.	0 50	0 60
Hardwood.	2 75	3 00
Fowls by pair.	0 25	0 30

OTTAWA MARKET.

January 22.

Wheat—Spring, # bush.	\$1 00	\$1 05
Do. Fall.	1 05	1 10
Flour—Extra, # bbl.	5 00	5 25
Superfine No 1.	4 00	4 25
Do. No 2.	4 25	4 50
Farmers'.	4 25	4 50
Oatmeal, # bbl. 135 lbs.	4 00	4 25
Rye, # bush. 56 lbs.	0 50	0 55
Barley, # bush. 48 lbs.	0 45	0 50
Oats, # bush. 34 lbs.	0 25	0 30
Peas, # bush. 60 lbs.	1 00	1 25
Corn, # bush.	0 50	0 55
Potatoes.	0 45	0 50
Hay # ton.	8 00	9 00
Straw # ton.	5 00	6 00
Pork # 100 lbs.	4 70	5 50
Beef # 100 lbs.	4 00	5 00
Butter # lb.	0 06	0 10
Mutton per lb by the gr.	0 06	0 00
Ham.	0 08	0 10
Tallow per lb.	0 00	0 10
Lard, per lb.	0 10	0 00
Hides—each per 100 lb	5 00	8 25
Chickens, each.	0 25	0 00
Wool, Scotch washed.	0 25	0 33
Do. "pulled."	0 27	0 30
Apple per bbl.	3 00	0 00
Wood—Hemlock, &c. per cord	1 50	0 00
Hardwood.	2 25	0 00
Turkeys, each.	0 80	1 50
Geese, each.	0 80	1 50
Butter, # bush.	0 13	0 00
Do. "Tab"	0 104	0 12
Onion per dozen.	0 15	0 00
Eggs, per peck.	0 80	0 30

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

HIGHLY IMPORTANT NOTICE.

CREDIT SYSTEM ABOLISHED.

NOTICE is hereby given that from and after this date, the Subscriber will conduct his business on a new principle. The increasing facilities for carrying on a profitable business, and the large demand for money, render it highly important to make the quickest return possible; and as the old motto is a "nimble shence before a slow killing," he will in future do business on the READY PAY SYSTEM, only. An immense reduction will be made in his prices to suit the new arrangement, and all descriptions of produce will be at low values. He also calls upon all parties indebted to him to make immediate payment, and all accounts past due since last January, 1861, must be paid in ten days, will be left with the Clerk of the Court for collection.

JOHN SUMNER.
Carlisle Place, 29th Jan. 1862. 21

AUCTION SALE.

THE whole of the Stock, consisting of 49 Horses, 27 head horned Cattle, and 42 Sheep, Summer and Winter Carriages, Dogs, Wagons, Cutters, Sleighs, Harnesses, &c., &c., of various kinds, belonging to great variety, belonging to the Estate of the late Wm. Simpson, Esq., will be offered for Sale by Public Auction, at SMITH'S FALLS, ON THURSDAY, 6TH DAY OF FEBRUARY, 1862.

The Stock comprises some choice Animals and is worth about \$200; 412 months credit, or \$200, (twelve months) credit, by furnishing approved endorsed Notes.

W. H. BURRITT,
W. O. BUELL, } Executors.

Jan. 21, 1862. 21-a

AUCTION SALE.

TO be sold by Public Auction on WEDNESDAY, the 12th day of February next, on Lot No. 15, on the second concession of the Township of Beckwith. Sale to commence at ten o'clock.

One Mare, 6 years old, 1 filly, coming 3 years old; 5 Cows with calf, 1 Heifer coming with calf, 1 yearling, 1 yearling, 1 Pure Shire Hay and Straw, 1 Wagon; 1 Cutter, 1 Buggy, 1 double Sleigh, 1 Double Cart, 2 Bob Sleighs, 2 double sets Horse Saddles, 2 Ploughs, 1 Harrow, 2 Fanning Mills, 2 Grindstones, 200 Sap Buckets, 1 Horse Rake, a quantity of Sawed Lumber and other articles too numerous to mention, some iron boards of Pine and Hemlock, Carpenter's Bench, and some Carpenter's Tools, 2 BOXES FURNITURE—1 Cook Stove, 2 Box Stoves and Stove Pipes, 1 Book Case, Tables, Cupboards, Chairs, 1 Writing Desk and other articles too numerous to mention.

TERMS OF SALE.—Under One pound Cash, over that amount, -13 months credit, by furnishing approved joint notes.

MRS. DEBORAH KEIRFOOT.

Jan. 22nd, 1862. 21-b

Bible Society Meetings,
1861 & 1862.

THE Anniversary Meetings of the Branch Bible Societies, in connection with the Montreal Auxiliary will (D.V.) take place on each Friday evening of the Gospel in the various localities, and the Rev J. Green Travelling Agent of the M. A. B. S., will give addresses on the Bible mission in various parts of the world. The people are respectfully invited to attend.

Inkerman	" 18 "	7 P.M.
Guthrie	" 19 "	7 P.M.
St. John's Bay	" 20 "	7 P.M.
Franklinville	" 21 "	7 P.M.
Carleton Place	" 22 "	7 P.M.
Boyd's Settlement	" 23 "	11 P.M.
Ramsey	" 24 "	7 P.M.
Parkton	" 25 "	7 P.M.
Mayville	" 26 "	7 A.M.
Mercerville	" 27 "	7 P.M.
Lanark	" 28 "	7 P.M.
Perth	March 2 & 3	
Smith's Falls	" 4 "	7 P.M.
Wolford	" 5 "	7 P.M.
Merrickville	" 6 "	7 P.M.
North York	" 7 "	7 P.M.
North Middlebury	" 8 "	7 P.M.
Morrisburgh	" 9 "	

Collections will be taken up at each meeting.

An Act for the better protection of GAME IN UPPER CANADA.
[Assented to 19th May 1860.]

H EREBY ENACTED, That in pursuance of the Legislative Council and Assembly of Canada, enacts as follows:

That in pursuance of the provisions of this Act, the Act intituled: "An Act respecting Game Laws of Upper Canada," chapter forty-six in the Consolidated Statutes for Upper Canada, shall be and the same is hereby repealed.

No Deer or Fawn, Elk, Moose or Caribou shall be hunted, killed or stolen between the first day of August and the first day of September in any year.

No Wild Turkey, Goose, Partridge, or Pheasant shall be hunted, taken or killed between the first day of August and the first day of September in any year.

No Quail shall be taken or killed between the first day of February and the first day of October in any year.

No Woodcock shall be taken or killed between the first day of March and the fifteenth day of July in any year.

No Wild Swan, Goose, Duck, Wilgion or Teal shall be taken, killed or stolen between the first day of April and the first day of September in any year.

No person or persons shall have in their possession any one of the animals or their hides, or any of the birds heretofore mentioned within its periods above respectively prohibited, without lawful cause, except proof thereof to be on the part of y charged, in this Act any proof of any of the game mentioned in this Act shall be admissible for the purpose of sale or disposal, notwithstanding the several periods heretofore respectively fixed for the killing thereof, nor shall any person be liable for the purpose of sale or disposal, notwithstanding the several periods of sale or disposal.

Every offence against any provision of this Act shall be deemed to be a criminal offence, and every conviction therefor shall be a breach of the Peace, by a fine not exceeding fifty dollars nor less than five dollars, or imprisonment not exceeding two months, or both, at the discretion of the court.

Any person who commits an offence under this Act shall be liable to pay a penalty not exceeding five dollars, or imprisonment not exceeding three months without fine; one half of the fine to go to the Municipality and the other half to the owner of the land.

In all cases confiscation of the Game shall follow conviction, and the game so confiscated shall be delivered to the nearest stationer or institution for the destruction of the convicting Justice.

And whereas it is desirable to prevent the destruction of certain animals at seasons of the year when they are scarce, and to preserve them for the benefit of the fur trade, and to prevent the taking of such animals as Beaver, Muskrat, Mink, Seal or Fisher shall be trapped, hunted, taken or killed between the first day of November and the first day of December in any year; and all offences committed during the said period shall be punishable to the same proceedings and penalties, to be declared and recovered in the same way as are above declared and recovered respect to game.

A beggar by applying to a lady in Boston for money to get a dose of castor oil, was refused in the end of the administered grist, despite his grimaces.

The St. Catherine Journal is informed that a woman and child were found frozen to death near Port Dalhousie a few evenings since.

MISSIONARY MEETINGS.
CARLETON PLACE—Friday, 31st instant, 6½ P. M.
CLAYTON—Tuesday, 4th February, at 6½ P. M.
AGINCOURT—Monday 3rd February, at 6½ P. M.
JOY'S CHURCH—Feh. 6th, at 6¼ p.m.
G. BEYNON.

Dentistry.
ERBERSON & JAMES BOWERMAN.
J. S. BOWERMAN will visit P. Esham
on Tuesday, Feb. 28th, for five days,
and return on Monday, Feb. 30th for six days.

Great International Exhibition!
TO BE HELD AT LONDON, ENGLAND, IN MAY 1862.
NORTH NARANK Agricultural Society
at its Annual Meeting held on the 15th inst., appointed T. Campbell, Treasurer, to select from samples of Grains submitted to them such parcels as they may deem worth sending to the above Exhibition.
Intending Exhibitors are requested to leave their Grain at Mr John Menzies, Almonte, on or before the First Monday in February. Not less than two bushels of each sort.
DAVID CAMPBELL,
Sec. A Treasr. N. N. A. S.
Ramsay, Jan. 1862. 20

Valuable Real Estate FOR SALE
IN THE VILLAGE OF CARLETON PLACE.
ONE of the best Business Sites in the Village. That corner lot formerly occupied by John McGregor, on which is erected a stone building, together with a lot of building materials. Also a corner lot containing 2½ of an acre on George and St. Streets. All of which will be sold on liberal terms. For further particulars apply (if by letter, post paid) to the subscriber.
WILLIAM KELLY,
Carleton Place, 17th Jan. 1862. 20 tf.

Mortgage Sale.
WHEREAS default has been made in the payment of certain Monies secured to be paid by an Indenture of Mortgage, dated the third day of April, in the year of our Lord One thousand Eight hundred and fifty seven, between Alexander Lang, of the Village of Almonte, in the Township of Ramsay, in the County of Lanark and Province of Canada, Blacksmith, of the first part, and Janet Lang, the wife of the said Alexander Lang, of the second part, and David Grant, of the Township of Ramsay, and in the County of Lanark, with, in the County and Province aforesaid, Yeoman of the third part, upon all that certain parcel or tract of land and premises, situated in the Village of Almonte, in the Township of Ramsay, in the County of Lanark and Province of Canada, hereinafter described, and being comprised of Lot Number Eighty Five Hundred and Four laid out on the original plan of the Village of Almonte, formerly Watered and Ventilated and containing by admeasurement one fourth part of an acre, in the same name or less, together with all appurtenances.
NOTICE is hereby given that payment to the power of sale contained in said Mortgage, the above described parcel of land and premises with the appurtenances, will be sold by Public Auction, in the Village of Almonte, in the County of Lanark, aforesaid, on THURSDAY, the 9th day of February, A. D. 1862, at the hour of Twelve o'clock noon, under the authority of said Mortgage, for the sum of £100.
TERMS made known at the time of sale.
Conveyance such as the power contained in the Mortgage, enables the said David Grant to give. The Mortgage may be inspected at the office of John Deane, H. Solicitor at Perth.
Dated this 13th day of Jan. A. D. 1862.
JOHN DEANE, C. of L.
Solicitor for Mortgages.

Promissory Note Lost.
LOST in the Village of Lanark on Monday the 6th inst., a promissory note for \$33 [less an endorsement of \$5] payable to the bearer by J. & C. Mann in favor of the subscriber, due in July next. Whoever may find the same will greatly oblige the undersigned, by leaving it with Mr. Hall at the Lanark Post Office. Payment of the note has been stopped, so that it is of no use to any person other than the subscriber.
JAMES TRODDEN,
Lanark, 14th Jan. 1862. 20 g.

1862. Almanacs 1862.
HART'S CANADIAN ALMANAC, the only Almanac published adapted to the use of the people of Lanark and Renfrew. Containing besides the usual Calendar, and correct Weather Observations, a blank space for noting events for every day of the year. A Weather Table, by which every one can make their own observations; Ellipses, duration of the Seasons, Appearing Planets, Holidays, the Royal Family, Canadian Executive and Departmental Officers, Military and Naval Observations, Law Courts and Post Office Departments of Lanark and U. C. and United Counties of Lanark and Renfrew, the times and places of holding the Division Courts, Offices and Inns, &c.; Census Statistics of County of Lanark, of all the Officers of the Counties, Perth Corporation, Professional Directory, Bank Agencies, Schools, Weights and Measures, Ac. Prices &c. cents each. Sold wholesale by the gross or dozen. Orders by mail attended to.
JOHN HART,
Perth, Dec., 18, 1861. 20.

NOTE
DR. MORTON will be in Carleton Place on THURSDAY, 9th of this month, where he may be consulted for that day.
Brookville, 13th Jan. 1862. 20 a

A CARD.
GEORGE B. LONG writes the pleasant thanks to the ladies of the Anti-Slavery Association for the past year, as well as his friends at Carleton Place and Toronto, who have done some good deeds with their money. He would like to be found at his old stand, on Mill Street, Almonte, where he is prepared to receive all contributions towards the public manly cause. His greatest anxiety is about and with him, saving and raising small amounts of money, and giving them to the cause, as he has made at Retired persons' meetings, and while making in cutting clothes for those who may wish them at their homes. Mark Duffin, owner of the human body and limbs artfully engraved. The Paris, London and New York Fairs reviewed quarterly. All work done punctually and cheaply.
Almonte Jan. 10, 1862. 20 ff

**THIS new Lodge of F. & A. Masons will be held in their Lodge Room at Carleton Place on the 13th of February at 7 o'clock P. M. A full number of members on business of importance will be brought by free lodges.
Carleton Place, Jan. 18th, 1862.**

A dark, vertical, textured strip, possibly a book binding or a piece of fabric, showing signs of wear and discoloration. The strip is narrow and runs vertically, with a rough, uneven surface. It appears to be part of a larger object, possibly a book or a piece of clothing, as there are some lighter, more uniform areas visible on the left and right sides. The overall appearance is aged and worn.