

SEE STILL GREAT DANGER

LONDON, Jan. 15. — The Central News agency declares as a result of the Allied discussions in Paris the whole aspect of demobilization has undergone a sudden and vital change, this being shown in the drastic conditions demanded of Germany for a renewal of the armistice.

"On authority of an unimpeachable character," says the Central News, "it can be stated that a situation exists in Europe under which war may break out again at any moment. The Allied war council has arrived at a decision which means the British people have mistaken the appearance of peace for reality. This decision means that the new British ministry must revise the whole scheme of demobilization."

"The decision is that Great Britain, in proportion to its military strength, must maintain an army of occupation on the Rhine front for many months. If the rapid increase in demobilization recently announced were continued there would, in a few months, be no army in France to undertake the obligations which by common decision of the Allies have been placed upon British shoulders."

CLAIMS OF ITALY

ROME, Jan. 16. — The recent speech of Leonida-Bissolati, in Milan, in which the former cabinet minister expressed the opinion that Italy should not claim the Brenner Pass in the Tyrol or Dalmatia, has caused an outburst of indignation in virtually the entire Italian press.

Among other things the utterance has drawn out the publication of a document setting forth the claims Italy should make at the peace conference, which was drafted in April, 1917, by Senator Leopoldo Franchetti, and signed by 3,000 persons, senators and deputies of all the parties, including followers of Signor Bissolati, Socialists, Clericals, Radicals, etc., which was presented to the premier. Only three copies of these documents are in existence. In it, the Italian claims are set forth as follows:

In Europe, the annexation of the Adriatic lands, namely the upper Etruria, the Trentino, Gorizia, Trieste, Istria and Dalmatia, possession of the natural boundaries with a strong strategic frontier on the Austro-Hungarian side, in the Adriatic, exclusive of Italian domination, with freedom of navigation for all commercial purposes and with the cession to the peoples east of the Adriatic of the outlets to the sea necessary to their commerce.

UKRAINIANS KILL TWO THOUSAND IN PRZEMYSL

GENEVA, Jan. 14. — Two thousand persons have been killed at Przemysl, Galicia, by the Ukrainians, according to a despatch to the Neue Freie Presse, of Vienna, a copy of which has been received here.

The Ukrainians have been bombarding Przemysl for several days, and conditions in the town are described as terrible. The gas and electric plants have been destroyed and there is no light in the town. Water and food also are lacking.

Pogrom in Jewish City

WARSAW, Jan. 14. — A pogrom is reported to have taken place at Breditchew, popularly known as the Jewish capital of the Ukraine, the place deriving its title because of its all-Jewish population. The trouble is reported to have occurred as a result of an attempt by peasants to disarm militia which the Jews were organizing for their protection in all countries.

Bolshevik Forces Move on Warsaw

WARSAW, Jan. 14. — Bolshevik forces are converging on Warsaw over three lines of railroads. They are advancing from Vilna and have passed Zidario and Orani. Southwest of Lida, they have reached Mosty, which is situated on the eastern bank of the Niemen river. Other columns are reported near Brest-Litovsk. The German evacuation of Bialystok is holding up the Bolshevik advance in that region. The number of the enemy is unknown, the Poles not having sent aviators as yet to investigate. It is estimated, however, that the Bolsheviks have 30,000 men. It is feared that Warsaw is in danger of meeting the fate of Vilna. The Poles have a certain number of soldiers in Posen, which may be thrown against the Bolsheviks.

It is officially computed that 41,000 persons died in Egypt outside of Cairo and Alexandria, as a result of the recent influenza epi-

Advertisement for Peps medicine. 'Throat Sore? Take Peps at Once! Peps will safeguard you against more serious ailments of which "sore throat" is usually just the beginning. By keeping a box of Peps on hand, therefore, you can avoid much unnecessary suffering and needless expense. Peps Pastilles, dissolved on the tongue, throw off a medicinal fine vapor, which is such a powerful disinfectant that it destroys all germs and prevents the soreness spreading. At the same time the healing quality of the vapor soothes the inflamed membranes and soon brings relief. Peps are equally beneficial for laryngitis, asthma, bronchitis, coughs and colds. All dealers or Peps Co., Toronto, 56c. box, 3 for \$1.25.'

GERMAN ARMISTICE EXTENDED ONE MONTH

(Continued from Page 1.)

tural machines of various kinds. As a guarantee for the fulfillment of the demands, the Entente also reserves the right of occupying the sector of the fortress of Strasbourg formed by the fortifications on the right bank of the Rhine, together with a strip of territory from five to ten kilometers in front of it.

Paris, Jan. 17. — The Haas agency announces the signature of the new clauses of the armistice as they stood concerning the surrender of German submarines ready for sea and the destruction of the submarines in the course of construction, which the Allied commissioners discovered in German ports in December. The clause placing the German merchant fleet at the disposal of the Allies also was signed.

NEW GERMAN GOVERNMENT

AMSTERDAM, Jan. 17. — The Ebert government has under advisement a draft of a constitution for Germany prepared by Prof. Preuss, according to the Acht Uhr Abendblatt of Berlin and has agreed to the fundamentals of the proposed constitution. The federal character of Germany will be maintained and the country will be composed of a number of free states.

AMSTERDAM, Jan. 17. — The

At the head of the government will be a president elected for 10 years with a government composed of a chancellor and ministers. There will be a national chamber, "volkshaus" elected by all the people and a federal chamber, "staatenhaus" elected by the national representatives and the federal states.

MAY CHECK EXCESSIVE ISSUING OF PRESCRIPTIONS IN OTARIO

TORONTO, Ont. — Sir William Hearst re-affirmed the statement he made to a deputation of the provincial executive of the Dominion Trades congress recently that the Ontario government had under consideration amendments to the Ontario Temperance act, having to do with the alleged excessive issuing of prescriptions for liquor by doctors.

BRITISH SOLDIERS CONVOY FOOD ON VIENNA STREETS

VIENNA, Jan. 14. — A small body of British troops arrived here today as the convoy of a train-load of foodstuffs, a present from the British army in Italy to the women and children of Vienna. Great crowds followed the convoy through the streets.

The British officer in command explained to the burgo-master that the supplies were sent in recognition of the fact that Austria had treated her British prisoners with consideration, in contrast with the inhuman treatment given by the Germans. Three additional trainloads are to follow the first, to alleviate the needs of the women and children until regular shipments begin coming in.

The burgo-master told the British commander that the food had arrived at an opportune time, as the situation was reaching a crisis through the fact that Vienna had not enough flour to last more than

BOLSHEVIKS THREAT TO MASSACRE SWISS

GENEVA, Jan. 14. — The Bolshevik in Petrograd has telegraphed an ultimatum to the Swiss federal authorities, saying that unless thirty Bolshevik, who were arrested and imprisoned in the fortress of St. Antoine, in the canton of Valais are released, Swiss citizens in Petrograd will be shot without trial. There is great indignation here over the situation.

The Bolshevik movement seems to be spreading in the Rhine towns

and in North Switzerland, where Madame Balanova, a Russian who recently was expelled, has returned secretly with several million rubles for the carrying out of Bolshevik propaganda. The police are searching for her.

Railway Employees Treachery

VLADIVOSTOK, Jan. 14. — The evacuation of Ufa, the centre of non-Bolshevik activities, west of the Urals, by Russian and Czechoslovak, was hampered by the treachery of railway employees who allowed the railway engines to freeze when the city was surrounded by 11,000 Bolshevik. There was much fighting in the streets of Ufa on December 30, and it was attended by heavy losses on both sides.

On the afternoon of December 30, after bombarding the city, the Bolshevik advanced on all sides and were joined by the railway men. The retiring forces, however, managed to make good their retreat and blew up a bridge across the river to prevent the Bolshevik from following them.

Bolshevik spies who were captured by the Czechs reported that every member of the Bolshevik army has been promised 1,000 rubles for the capture of the city.

Anti-Bolshevik Armies Are Big

LONDON, Jan. 14. — Large anti-Bolshevik armies are in the field in South Russia, according to the Constantinople correspondent of the Times. He says 180,000 men, 80 per cent of them Kuban Cossacks and the remainder former officers of the Russian army, are operating under General Denikin.

North of this command, is another army of Don Cossacks, under General Kraenoff of 250,000 to 300,000 men. The two armies have practically cleared South Russia of Bolsheviks. Their main purpose is to establish communication with the anti-Bolshevik forces in Siberia.

BRITAIN TO RELEASE REQUISITIONED SHIPS

LONDON, Jan. 15. — The shipping controller announces that British ships completing voyages on and after March 1, at ports for delivery to United Kingdom or in exceptional cases, ports abroad, will be released from requisition except insofar as they are required for government purposes or are ships to which special conditions apply.

Shipowners are now free to make arrangements for employment of their ships from the time indicated, subject to the employment and charters being approved by the controller and the necessary licenses for the proposed voyages being obtained.

Ignace Jan Paderewski, the Polish leader, and General Joseph Pilsudski, the military dictator of Poland, have reached an agreement, according to a statement given out at the Polish national committee headquarters.

WANT TRIAL OF KAISER

BERNE, Jan. 15. — A German commission appointed to determine the former kaiser's responsibility for the war has officially recommended that he be brought to trial, according to information received from Berlin today. The recommendation was presented by Herr Krautzsky, who was appointed by the present German government to direct examination of documents in the archives of the foreign office. "Marginal notes in the kaiser's own handwriting on the most important papers in the foreign office proves he was one of the principal war makers," Krautzsky said. "It is necessary to bring him before a tribunal."

GERMAN BOLSHEVIKISTS HAD POOR SHOWING IN BALLOT BOXES

BERLIN, Jan. 15. — The numerical unimportance of the Bolshevik elements outside of Berlin has again been demonstrated by the city elections. At Chemnitz, in a total vote of more than 117,000, the combined Spartan and Independent polled 6,269 and the majority Socialists 64,534.

A comparison of the Wartenberg results with the Reichstag election of 1912 shows the enormous growth of the democratic vote. Whereas the Progressives polled only 18 per cent, of the total vote in 1912, they received nearly a third of the whole vote Sunday last.

ARMISTICE TERMS HAVE BEEN AMENDED UPON 'RETRIBUTION'

LONDON, Jan. 15. — The new armistice terms to be presented to Germany by Marshal Foch are officially stated here to include the following:

First—Retribution upon the Germans for the murder and ill-treatment of allied prisoners.

Second—The machinery and goods taken by Germany from France and Belgium to be at once given up. It is pointed out that France alone has 500,000 men who will be out of work until this machinery is returned.

Third—German gold, amounting to more than \$500,000,000 to be moved from Berlin to a safe place, probably Frankfurt, and protected from Bolshevism in Germany en route. Certain other property to be surrendered.

Fourth—Germany to give over her shipping of which she is believed to have 4,000,000 tons, to carry food supplies to countries in Europe in need of them.

Fifth—Any U-boats on the stocks to be handed to the allies for their disposal or to be destroyed, and no more submarines should be built.

German Gold Reserve

PARIS, Jan. 15.—German gold reserves which the allies propose to transfer to Frankfurt from the Berlin Reichsbank totalled 2,262,626,000 marks on December 31, according to the last official report of the Reichsbank. Computations made here from German official reports relative to paper in circulation give a total of 31,792,313,000 marks. Besides this there are great quantities of paper which various municipalities have issued.

WAR RESTRICTION WILL CRASH THIS MONTH SAYS GOVT.

It is probable that before the end of the present month most of the war restrictions upon trade and business will have been removed, says an Ottawa dispatch. It is the policy of the government to remove them just as rapidly as conditions will permit. Some have to be maintained by reason of restrictions still in force in the United States and Great Britain, or by reason of the necessity of co-operation of Canadian officials with officials of these countries. It is thought that the operations of the Canadian food board and the war trade board will cease within the next two or three weeks.

IN THE MATTER OF THE Estate of Julius Oberhoffner, late of the City of Regina, in the Province of Saskatchewan, Bookkeeper, Deceased.

NOTICE IS GIVEN that all persons having claims upon the Estate of the late Julius Oberhoffner, who died on or about the 15th day of September, A. D. 1915, are required to send to Doerr & Guggisberg, Barristers, 303 Northern Bank Building, Regina, Saskatchewan, on or before the 20th day of February, 1919, a full statement of their claims and of any securities held by them, duly verified, and that after that date the administrator will proceed to distribute the assets of the deceased among the parties entitled thereto, having regard only to the claims of which notice has been filed with Doerr & Guggisberg.

DATED at Regina this 19th day of January, A. D. 1919.

DOERR & GUGGISBERG, Solicitors for Joseph Oberhoffner, the Administrator.

HUSBAND SAVES WIFE

From Suffering by Getting Her Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.

Pittsburgh, Pa.—"For many months I was not able to do my work owing to a weakness which caused me a headache and headaches. A friend called my attention to one of your newspaper advertisements and immediately my husband bought three bottles of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound for me. After taking two bottles I felt fine and my troubles caused by that weakness are a thing of the past. All women who suffer as I did should try Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound." — Mrs. Jas. Rohrbeg, 629 Knapp St., N. S., Pittsburgh, Pa.

Women who suffer from any form of weakness, as indicated by displacements, inflammation, irregularities, backache, headaches, nervousness or "the blues," should accept Mrs. Rohrbeg's suggestion and give Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound a thorough trial.

For over forty years it has been correcting such ailments. If you have mysterious complications write for advice to Lydia E. Pinkham Medicine Co., Lynn, Mass.



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Regina and District

WALTER SCOTT DOES NOT APPROVE OF SCHOOL ACT AMENDMENTS

Next spring Hon. Walter Scott is coming back to Regina to live among his old friends again. From here he will write editorials for the Moose Jaw Times, of which company he is the president. Regarding his political plans he had nothing to say when asked, but regarding the political situation in Canada he had decided opinions. Mr. Scott was not optimistic regarding the reconstruction period in Western Canada under the tariff barrier. "It is set down with the tariff removed, the west needs no other stimulus to development he said. The country was rich; it should attract a large immigration but it was being held back."

Fears Peace Conference Outcome

He was even less optimistic concerning the future of Canada which, in his opinion, is going to be barred by an economic agreement at the peace conference which, in his opinion, will saddle the country with high protection for its next fifty years, and which from its nature will be a contract in which the honor of the empire will be at stake and cannot be easily abrogated.

On the language question in Saskatchewan, Mr. Scott said he was sorry that the government had touched the matter. Coming so soon after the War Time Elections act it was apt to make bad feeling worse. The hour a day allowed for foreign tongues had been used to but a trifling extent and was not worth legislating against. He was afraid that a difficult situation in relation to the foreign born had been made more acute.

Speaking of the proposal of Hon. W. R. Motherwell to transfer the purely educational work of the department of education to the university of Saskatchewan, Mr. Scott said the idea was worthy of serious consideration. If it ruffled friction it would be a charge for the better as friction made for trouble.

On the whole he thought the advantages outweighed the disadvantages and the suggestion of Mr. Motherwell was worthy of consideration and probably of application.

Mr. Scott is the guest of J. F. Bole, and will be in the city until Sunday, when he will leave for Vancouver Island.

A GRATEFUL OLD COUPLE

Mr. Ove T. Lee of Canora, Sask., writes: "For our part we are very thankful that we have such an excellent medicine as Forni's Alpenkrauter in our home. We are getting up in years; I am seventy-one years old and my wife is seventy-three years. The Alpenkrauter is doing good services and has saved us many a doctor bill." This well-known herb remedy is quite a favorite with old people; it is an excellent tonic, because it keeps up the digestion, regulates the stomach and invigorates the whole system. This remedy can not be had in drugstores, it is supplied to the people by specially appointed local agents, or direct from the laboratory. If you are interested in this good tonic, write to Dr. Peter Fahney & Sons Co., Chicago, Ill.

LAND OPENED FOR SOLDIERS

The Saskatchewan office of the Soldier Settlement Board has been notified that the following lands will be open for entry by returned soldiers on and after January 24: N.E. 2-19-20 W.3M; N.E. 26-18 W.3M; N.E. 7-15-21 W.3M; N.W. 18-2-15 W.3M; S.E. 30-23-19 W.3M.

LITTLE GIRL ANXIOUSLY SOUGHT

A little brown-haired eight-year-old girl, named Annie Tkack, from Sandy Lake, Man., strayed from her home last April and has never been seen or heard of since. The parents have been in hopes that they would hear of the missing child, but neither the neighbors or anyone appear to be able to furnish a clue to the mysterious disappearance. A reward of \$50 has been promised to anyone who can furnish her aged grandfather, Tom Buhay, of Gypsumville, Man., with information of her whereabouts, dead or alive. At the time of leaving home on April 4, 1918, the child was wearing a check dress. Her description is grey eyes, brown hair and medium height.

EXTENSION OF TIME FOR SALE OF OLD POST OFFICE SITE

SEALED TENDERS addressed to the designated and endorsed "Tender for the purchase of site, corner South 28 and 23rd Ave., Regina" will be received at city office until 12 o'clock noon, Thursday, February 4, 1919, for the purchase of old post office site, located corner South 28th and 23rd Avenue, being lots 18, 19 and 20 in block 21 having a frontage on South Street of 28 feet by a depth along 23rd Avenue of 92 feet to a 21st wide lane at rear, in the City of Regina. The old brick building on the site to become the property of the purchaser.

Further particulars can be obtained from W. T. Mulford, Townships Clerk of Works, Regina.

Each tender to be accompanied by an accepted cheque on a chartered bank, equal to 10 per cent of amount of tender payable to the order of the Minister of Public Works, which will be returned if the person tendering declines to carry out the bid.

In addition to a cash payment of 25 per cent of the amount of accepted bid must be made on delivery of agreement of sale. The balance, 65 per cent of amount of accepted tender must be paid in two equal yearly installments with 6 per cent interest, commencing on the day of agreement.

The Department does not bind itself to accept the highest or any tender.

By Order, E. C. Desrochers, Secretary.

Department of Public Works, OTTAWA, January 7, 1919.

IN THE MATTER OF THE ESTATE OF JOHANN K. SCHMIDT, LATE OF THE VILLAGE OF VIBANK, IN THE PROVINCE OF SASKATCHEWAN FARMER, DECEASED.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that all persons having claims upon the Estate of the late Johann K. Schmidt, who died on or about the 20th day of June 1918, are required to send to Doerr & Guggisberg, Barristers, 303 Northern Bank Building, Regina, Saskatchewan, on or before the 20th day of February, 1919, a full statement of their claims and of any securities held by them, duly verified, and that after that date the executor will proceed to distribute the assets of the deceased among the parties entitled thereto, having regard only to the claims of which notice has been filed with Doerr & Guggisberg.

DATED at Regina this 14th day of January, A. D. 1919.

DOERR & GUGGISBERG, Barristers for Johann Schmidt, Executor.

HEAVY SENTENCE FOR SELLING LIQUOR

"I agree entirely with what Mr. Turnbull has just said, the sale of liquor in Regina by druggists, through doctors' prescriptions, has degenerated into nothing short of a public scandal," said Magistrate Heffernan, just before he sentenced Fiesel and Krauss the other day in the police court after hearing the evidence which convicted them of the illegal sale of liquor. The magistrate added a few words of castigation along general lines, and then fined Fiesel \$200 and costs, and sentenced him to three months in jail. From Krauss he exacted a fine of \$100 and costs and passed a sentence of two months in jail. The evidence, he stated, was as clear as could be, and he was fully warranted in finding the accused guilty of the charges against them.

Easy to Get Whiskey

"It seems remarkably easy to get whiskey in the city," were the opening words of Frank W. Turnbull, counsel for Messrs. Fiesel and Krauss, in his statement, which was a sad revelation concerning the conditions attendant on the sale of liquor in the city. A fair, short, interpretation of the condition as pictured by Mr. Turnbull was given by a city official after the court had closed, when he said that some doctors and druggists were driving the bootleggers out of business.

"I have caused an examination to be made," said Mr. Turnbull, "in a certain drug store in the city."

Rushing Business

"The records in that store show that in three consecutive days 21 prescriptions for intoxicating liquor were filled. There are seven or eight drug stores in the city, and if they are doing even approximately the same amount of business along that line it is apparent there is a tremendous traffic in liquor in Regina.

"The spirit of the law, at least, is being broken by certain doctors and druggists. If the letter of the law is being broken, in my opinion,



GIVE ME A CHANCE TO CURE YOUR RHEUMATISM FREE

Mr. DeLance took his own medicine. It cured his rheumatism after he had suffered thirteen years. He spent thousands of dollars before he discovered the remedy that cured him, but I will give you the benefit of his experience for nothing. If you suffer from rheumatism let me send you a package of the remedy absolutely free. Don't send any money. I want to give it to you. I want you to see for yourself what it will do. The picture shows how rheumatism swells and distorts the bones. Maybe you are suffering the same way? Don't. You don't need to. I have the remedy that I believe will cure you and it's yours for the asking. Write me today. P. H. DeLance, 755 M. DeLance Bldg., New York, and I will send you a free package the very day I get your letter. Note—Doctors for DeLance's Rheumatism Cure will be filed from their Canadian Laboratories without delay.

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DATED at Regina this 14th day of January, A. D. 1919.

DOERR & GUGGISBERG, Barristers for Johann Schmidt, Executor.

it is the duty of the authorities to see that they are punished. If the law is such that it is not possible to prevent this traffic then representation should at once be made to the attorney-general to have it altered."

At this juncture Magistrate Heffernan expressed a request in the following words: "I trust the gentlemen of the press—both papers are represented—will give due publicity to what has just been said."

NEW SITE FOR EAST END PUBLIC LIBRARY

A site has been chosen for the new branch of the Regina Public Library in the east end of the city. 150 feet at the corner of Thirteenth Avenue and Winnipeg Street, has been set aside for this purpose. The erection of a suitable library building will be proceeded with on this site as soon as conditions warrant.

LETT'S FARM SELLS AT \$100 AN ACRE

That the value of improved farm land in Moose Jaw district has been maintained and is coming back with good demand, is indicated by a transaction which took place during the past few days. The property which was transferred in that known as the "Joseph Lett" farm, three miles west of Moose Jaw.

It is a highly improved farm with good buildings. The property, which has been owned by J. A. Cameron, of Victoria, for the past year, and consists of a half-section, has been transferred to John Logan, at a purchase price of \$100 per acre, including buildings. The deal was put through by Andrew Wilson.

The Lett farm was purchased by Mr. Cameron a year ago, from Richard Wilson, at \$85 per acre.

The Austro-Hungarian half-ship Saburg, requisitioned by France, has arrived at a French port. She is the first enemy ship to drop anchor in French waters.